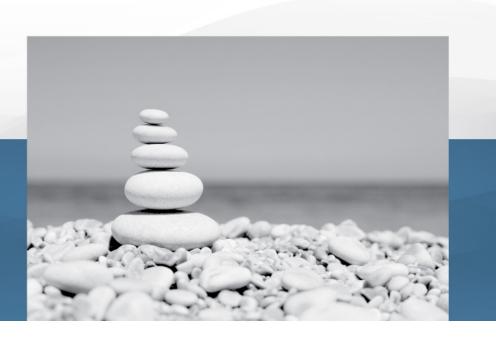


A Strategy consulting firm with unique depth in operations



# **Chief Strategy Officer Summit**

Scalable M&A: Stripping the complexity out of integration

December 2, 2014

# **Agenda**

- Current trends in M&A
- Why M&A has such a high failure rate
- Three companies that buck the trend
- 3 steps you can take to ensure your M&A is successful

# 2014 global M&A activity will be the highest since the recession

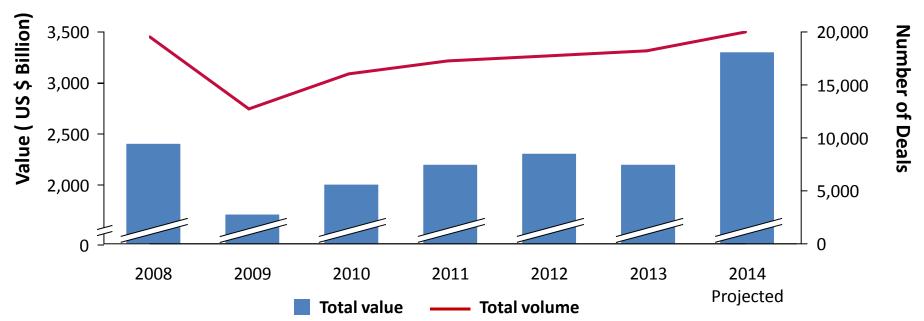
# Favorable conditions have increased the demand for good deals...

- Low cost of capital may increase soon
- Economic recovery
- Less fear of double dip recession
- Large excess cash reserves

#### along with increasing supply

- Opportunity to reduce tax basis
- Large inventory of companies available for sale

#### **Global M&A Trends**



# Executives continue to see M&A as a key component of their growth strategy

# M&A is the primary intended use of excess cash for 30% of corporations<sup>1</sup>

# Invest organically Seek to merge or acquire 30% Buy back stock 11% One-time dividend 8% Other 2%

Not applicable

5%

# Because those who do it right significantly outperform their peers<sup>2</sup>



### Yet the majority of M&A deals fail

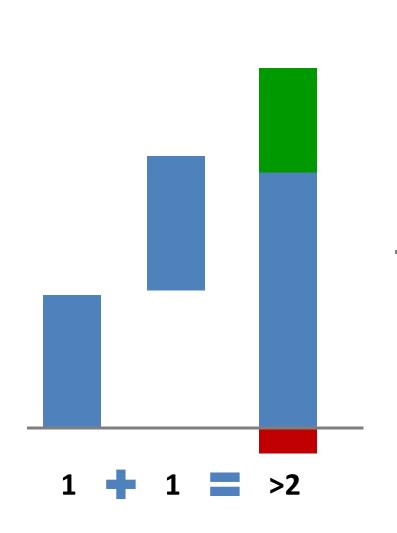
50 – 80%¹
failure rate

With so many deals, you would expect higher success rates

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# Most reasons provided for failure focus on the analytical process of due diligence



### **Overestimate**

- Top line growth: 70% of deals failed to realize top-line sales synergies<sup>1</sup>
- Cost savings: 1 out of 4 deals overestimates cost synergies by at least 25%<sup>1</sup>

#### **Underestimate**

- Customer fall out: average between 2-5% of customers leave<sup>1</sup>
- Transition costs: often overlooked relative to cost savings<sup>1</sup>

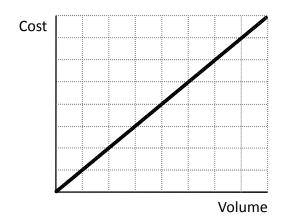
# We believe most of these assessments are missing the key reason for failure of M&A

# Complexity

### The world has changed

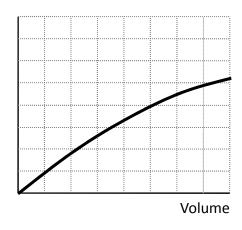
#### **Pre-Industrial Age**

"Individual productivity"



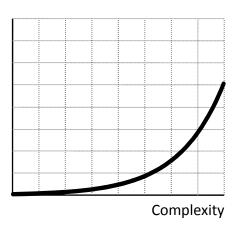
#### **Industrial Age**

"Economies of Scale"



#### **Post-Industrial Age**

"Complexity Costs"



Key competitive advantage = controlling complexity

# Complexity is stretching the capabilities of most companies

#### **TECHNOLOGY IS MORE COMPLEX**



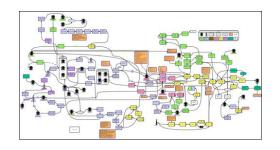




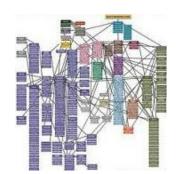


#### PROCESSES MORE COMPLEX

**ORGANIZATIONS MORE COMPLEX** 













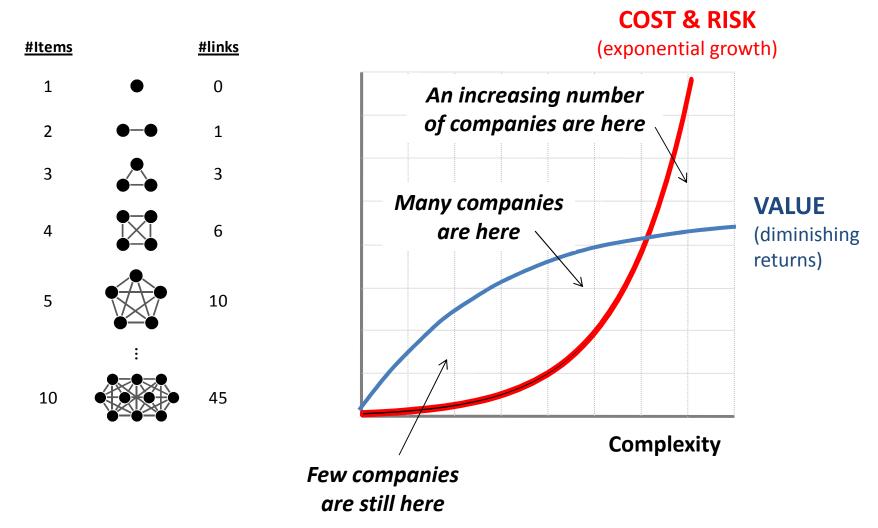




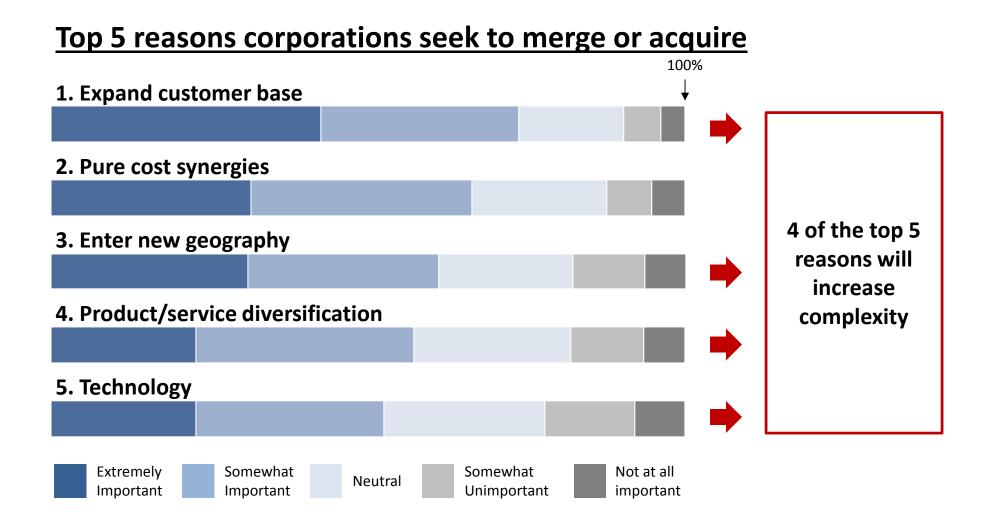


# Many companies are passing a threshold where additional complexity erodes expected value

### Operational risk grows exponentially with complexity



# By definition most M&A activity introduces additional complexity to an already complex system



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# Eaton Corporation strives to be an efficient, safe and sustainable energy provider

# FAT•N

- Industrial products manufacturer
- \$22.0B revenue in 2013
- 103,000 employees

### **Business Diversity: High**

#### **Major Divisions:**

- Aerospace
- Electrical
- Filtration
- Hydraulics
- Vehicle
- Industrial Clutches & Bakes
- Plastics Extrusion

#### <u>Global presence</u>:

Sales to 175+ countries

### **M&A Activity**

2010

2002 Multiple, large acquisitions

During the US recession of the 1980s, Eaton focused on European growth

1928 Acquired Perfection Heater 2011-12
Acquisitions in
emerging markets
of Turkey, Korea
and South
America

1994
Acquired
Westinghouse
Electric's distribution
& control unit

1963
Acquired Yale & Towne
Manufacturing

# Eaton outperformed the S&P 500 over the past 10 years

### Financial performance for Eaton vs. S&P 500 over 10 yrs

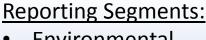


# Danaher endeavors to improve quality of life through serial acquisitions



- Global science and technology innovator
- \$19.1B revenue in 2013
- 66,000 employees

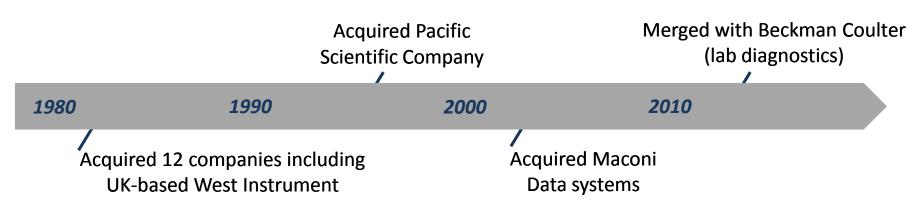
### **Business Diversity: High**



- **Environmental**
- Test & Measurement
- Dental
- Life Sciences & Diagnostics
- **Industrial Technologies**

### **M&A Activity**

Since 1984 Danaher has acquired more than 400 companies.



# Danaher outperformed the market by 2.7X

### Financial performance for Danaher vs. S&P 500 over 10 yrs



# Koch Industries continuously absorbs immense levels of complexity with new products and processes

2000

1980

### KOCH.

- 2<sup>nd</sup> largest private company in the US
- \$115B annual revenue
- Over 100K employees

#### **Business Diversity: Very High**

#### Major businesses:

- Chemicals
  - Refining & Fluid Transport
  - Consumer Goods
  - Dry Bulk Goods, Electronics
  - Ranching, Agricultural Products
  - Environmental Processes
  - Commodities Trading

#### <u>Global presence</u>:

Active in at least 50 countries

#### **M&A Activity**

Koch reinvests up to 90% of its annual earnings

2011: acquires **UK-based fertilizer producer** 

<u>1995:</u> established **venture capital** firm

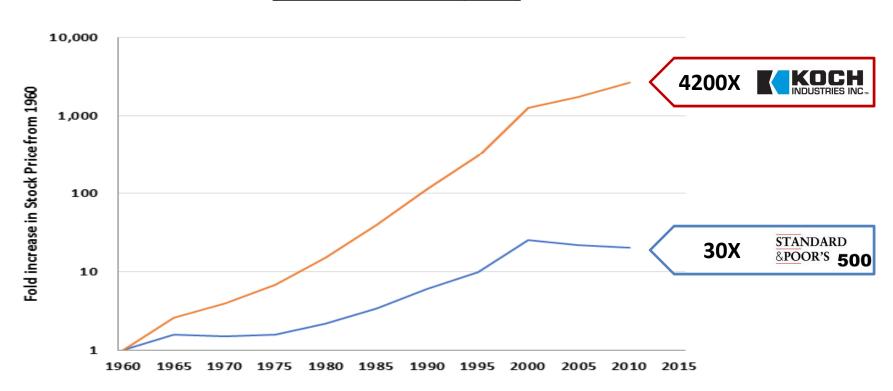
<u>1981-82</u>: acquires **refineries** 

1976: purchase of Chrysler Realty

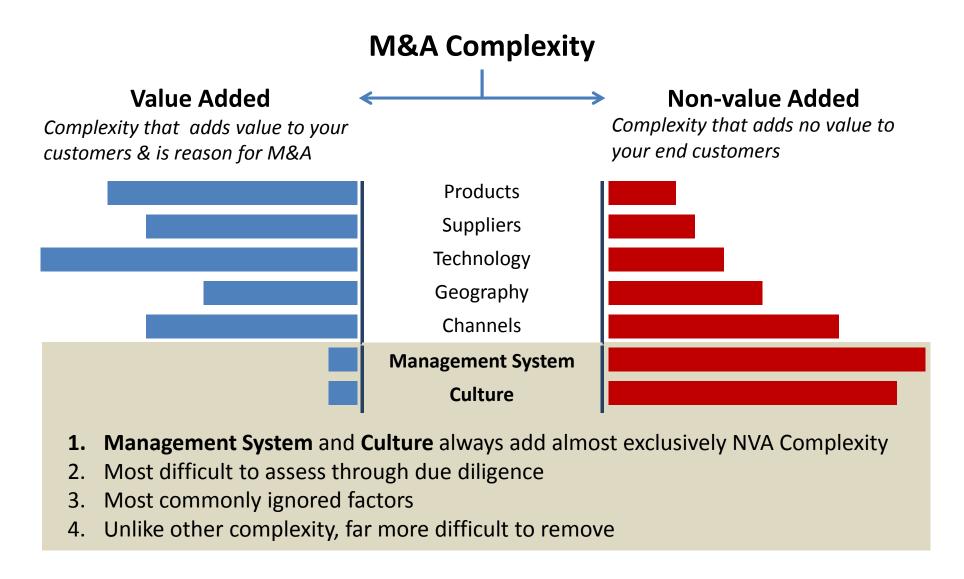
1952: formation of Matador Cattle

# Koch Industries increased 4200X in value over a 50 year period

#### Koch Industries Stock Simulation (based on annual data points)



# These 3 companies are so successful because they eliminate non-value added complexity



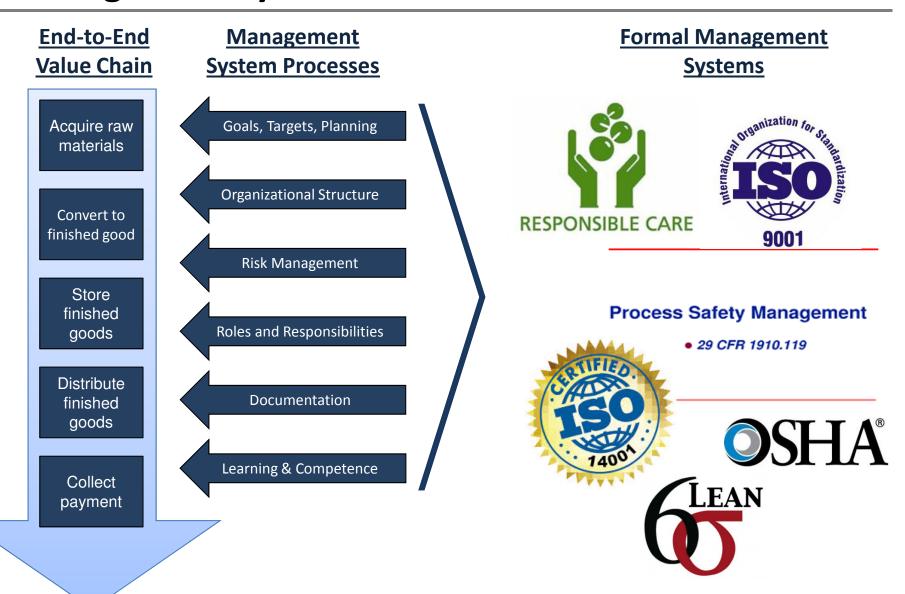
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# 3 steps to eliminate non-value added complexity that arises from your Management System and Culture

- Implement a single Management System and require your acquisitions to adopt it
- Create a well defined culture and purposefully manage it
- Take a top-down approach to integration

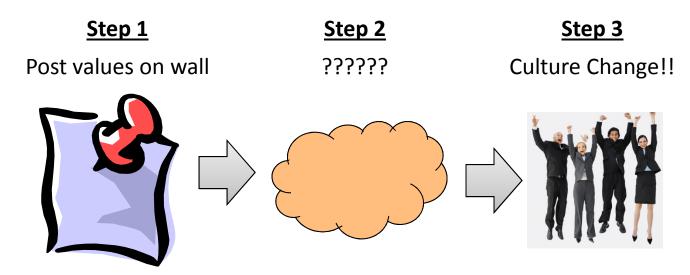
# Whether formally defined or not, all companies have a management system



# Similarly, every company has a culture, whether formally defined or not

"A pattern of shared basic assumptions that the group learned as it solved its problems that has worked well enough to be considered valid and is passed on to new members as the correct way to perceive, think, and feel in relation to those problems." – Edgar Schein

### How some companies view culture change:



# Danaher, Eaton and Koch all require their acquisitions to adopt their management system and culture

### 1 Overarching Management System and Corporate Culture



FATON



Danaher Business
System

**Eaton Business System** 

Koch Market-Based Management

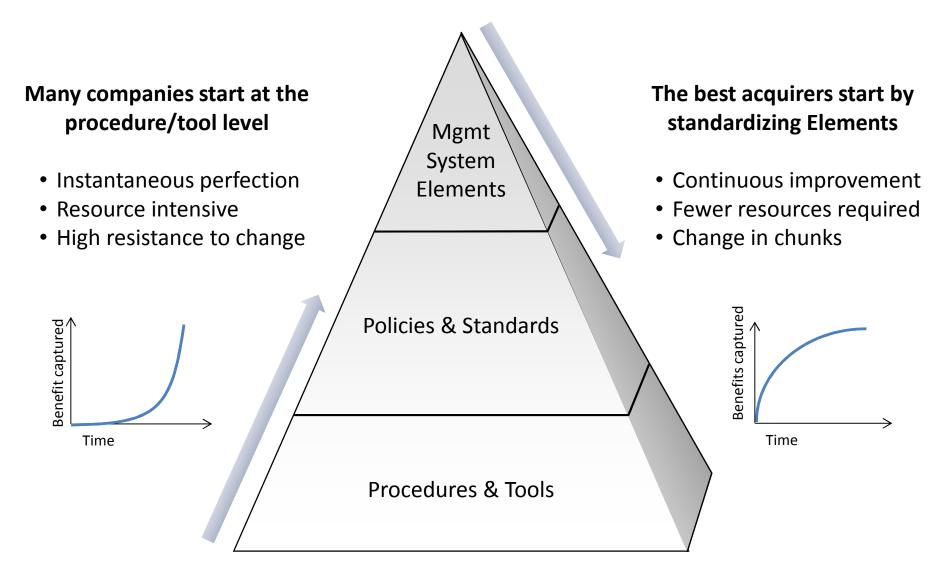
"DBS provides us with the tools and resources we need to shape strategy, focus execution and create value for both our customers and shareholders."

- Danaher website

"The Eaton Business
System is our source of
competitive advantage
and, when effectively
deployed, leads to superior
performance."

A key attribute for acquisition candidates is a culture consistent with Koch's Market-Based Management® business philosophy which encourages employees to think like owners

# A Top-Down approach yields results faster, and has a higher probability for success



# We have seen these same principles pay dividends for our clients

Integrated Energy is the product of the merger between two large oil & gas companies. After their merger, complexity increased dramatically, and their performance suffered.

#### What they did

Merged management systems, attempting to keep best of both

#### What that caused

Overlapping processes with unclear ownership and expectations

#### How we helped

Simplified management system to reduce redundant effort

Talked about culture in broad generalities



Little effort to change employee's beliefs or values

Designed culture based on principles of High Reliability Organization

Took a Bottom-Up approach to implementation



\$30MM annually in implementation costs with little progress



Took Top-Down approach, reducing cost >90% and accelerating progress

### **Key takeaways**

- M&A is likely to be critical part of your company's strategy
- M&A have a high failure rate and the root cause is complexity
- To be successful, M&A must take on value added complexity, while avoiding non-value added complexity
- The most successful companies avoid non-value added complexity by:
  - Standardizing their Management System
  - Standardizing their culture
  - Taking a top-down approach