

After your Community Health Needs Assessment data are collected and you've identified your community's significant health needs, the next step is to begin your implementation strategy. This entails, among other items, detailing which priorities your hospital facility will focus on, establishing goals and objectives for your programs, identifying evaluation measures, and outlining the steps to accomplish them.

As you move to program planning and development, an important step is to research evidence-based practices to identify any proven programs that might be replicated in your own community. To help with this, PRC has compiled an extensive list of resource links; each of these websites offer a library of evidence-based programs or promising practices, most organized by topic. These innovative approaches will hopefully spur ideas for action in your own community and help you make the greatest impact with your community benefit dollars.



Ideas for action



American Hospital Association Community Connections
<http://www.ahacommunityconnections.org>

Blueprints for Violence Prevention
<http://www.colorado.edu/cspv/blueprints/index.html>

Canadian Best Practices Portal
<http://cbpp-pcpe.phac-aspc.gc.ca>

CDC's Guide to Community Prevention Services
<http://www.thecommunityguide.org/index.html>

CDC's Strategies Snapshot: Community Health in Action
<http://www.cdc.gov/communitytransformation/focus-strategies/index.htm>

ChildTRENDS - Lifecourse Interventions to Nurture Kids Successfully (LINKS)
http://www.childtrends.org/_catdisp_page.cfm?LID=CD56B3D7-2F05-4F8E-BCC99B05A4CAEA04

Community Toolbox, Work Group for Community Health and Development, University of Kansas
<http://ctb.ku.edu>

County Health Rankings and Roadmaps' "What Works for Health"
<http://www.countyhealthrankings.org/roadmaps/what-works-for-health>

Continue on next page.

Find Youth Info

<http://www.findyouthinfo.gov/program-directory>

Health Evidence (free to register)

<http://www.healthevidence.org/search.aspx>

National Governor's Association Center for Best Practices: Health Division, Population Health

<http://www.nga.org/cms/home/nga-center-for-best-practices/center-issues/page-health-issues/page-population-health.html>

National Organization of County & City Health Officials: Model Practice Database

<https://eweb.naccho.org/eweb/DynamicPage.aspx?site=naccho&webcode=mpsearch>

National Registry of Evidence-Based Programs and Practices (NREPP)

<http://www.nrepp.samhsa.gov/#start-content>

New York Academy of Medicine's Compendium of Proven Community-Based Interventions

<http://www.nyam.org/news/docs/Compendium-of-Proven-Community-Based-Prevention-Programs.pdf>

Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Model Program Guide

<http://www.ojjdp.gov/mpg>

Professional Research Consultants Community Health Connection Quarterly Newsletter

<http://www.prconline.com/news-events/prc-newsletters/prc-community-health-connection-newsletter>

Promising Practices Network

<http://www.promisingpractices.net/programs.asp>

SAMHSA's Guide to Evidence-Based Practices

http://www.samhsa.gov/ebpwebguide/appendixB.asp#Health_Treatment

Social Programs That Work

<http://dev.evidencebasedprograms.org/about/full-list-of-programs>

World Health Organization: Interventions on Diet and Physical Activity: What Works

<http://www.who.int/dietphysicalactivity/whatworks/en/>

General Resources

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality: Prevention & Chronic Care

<http://www.ahrq.gov/professionals/prevention-chronic-care/index.html>

Centers for Disease Control & Prevention

<http://www.cdc.gov/>

CDC's Communities Putting Prevention to Work

<http://www.cdc.gov/CommunitiesPuttingPreventiontoWork/index.htm>

Healthy People 2020

www.healthypeople.gov

National Health Information Center (NHIC)

<http://health.gov/>

National Prevention Strategy

<http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/initiatives/prevention/strategy/report.pdf>

Partnership for Prevention

<http://www.prevent.org>

Pew Partnership for Civic Change: Solutions for America (The Guide for Civic Problem Solving)

<http://www.pew-partnership.org/resources>

Prevention Institute

<http://www.preventioninstitute.org/index.php>

Robert Wood Johnson Foundation

<http://www.rwjf.org/en/topics.html>

Trust for America's Health: Resource Library

<http://healthyamericans.org/resources/>

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Prevention

<http://www.hhs.gov/safety/index.html>

U.S. Preventive Services Task Force

<http://www.uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/>

Determine if a program is appropriate for your community

1. Consider the "Program Match"

- Do the program's goals/objectives align with the goals/objectives of your organization?
- Is the target audience similar?

2. Review the "Program Quality"

- Is the program evidence-based, has it undergone rigorous evaluation measures or been replicated?
- Where did you locate the program's information – a registry, scientific journal, etc.?

3. Evaluate your "Organizational Resources"

- Does your organization have the resources and expertise required to implement the program?

Small, S., Cooney, S., Eastman, G., & O'Connor, C. (2007). Guidelines for selecting an evidence-based program: Balancing community needs, program quality, and organization resources. *What Works, Wisconsin—Research to Practice Series*, 3, 1-6. http://whatworks.uwex.edu/attachment/whatworks_03.pdf

Direct links to these sites are available at www.PROnline.com/chna