The "Learn & Earn" Series™ November 3, 2011

"Creating Effective Metrics and Measures for an Incentive Plan"



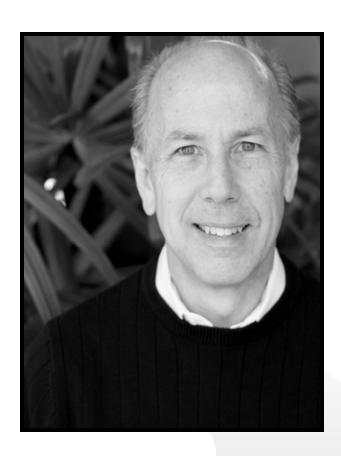




Today's Presenter:

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Course Credit

Per State Requirements:

To receive CPE credit for today's course, you must respond to at least 75% of the monitoring events – given in the form of polls.

Each person taking the course must respond to the monitoring events from their own computer. You may not share a computer when taking the course

We're happy to provide a copy of today's slides, course syllabus/summary, and a CD of the presentation.

Information will be provided at the close of the presentation about requesting these.

For questions during today's presentation:

Use the question panel To the right of your screen

Course Objectives

- Examine what factors influence performance
- Learn the two basic approaches to building metrics for an incentive plan
- Understand the concept of return on total rewards investment
- Analyze how a company determines whether incentives are working

Key Concepts



- The primary purpose of an incentive plan is to:
 - Focus employees on a company's most important goals
 - Create a sense of partnership
- Selecting the right metrics can focus key employees on the right outcomes
- There are two core approaches to selecting metrics – each with pros and cons
- The effectiveness of your client's performance management system should be considered before selecting from the two approaches
- What is VisionLink's "Best Practice" approach?

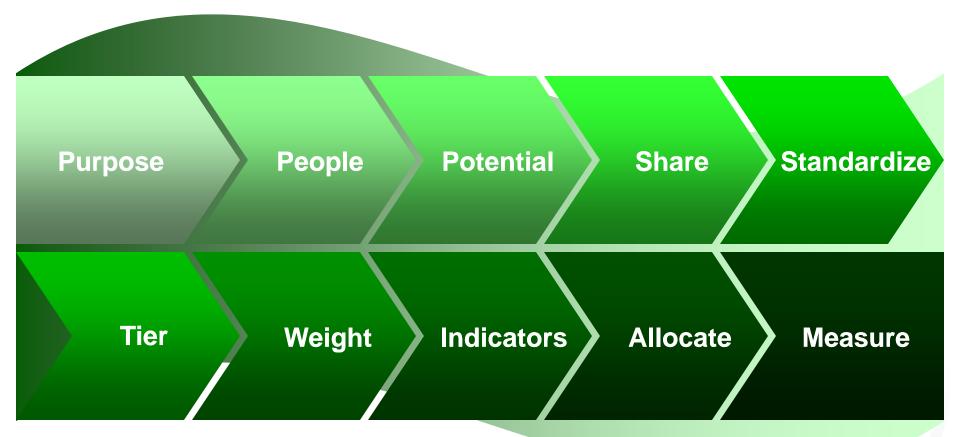
Pay For Performance Objectives



- Recruit and retain highest quality employees
- Communicate and reinforce the values, goals, and objectives of the company
- Engage employees in the organization's success
- Reward contributors for successful achievements
- Communicate a sense of partnership with employees
- Create a unified financial vision for growing the business

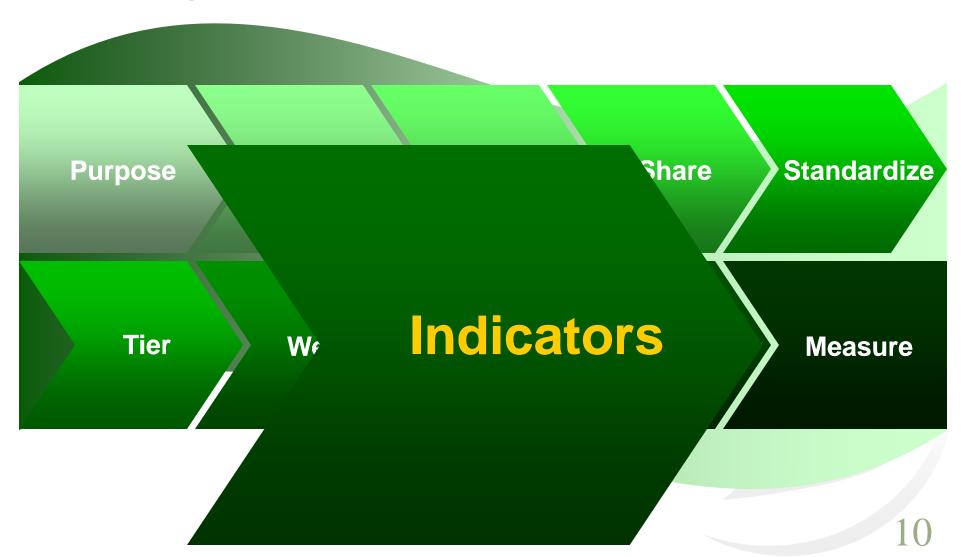
Building an Incentive Plan

A Unique Process



Building an Incentive Plan

A Unique Process



Poll #1



Line of Sight

Sales Growth Margin Improvement

Product Improvements

Cost Improvements

Customer Satisfaction

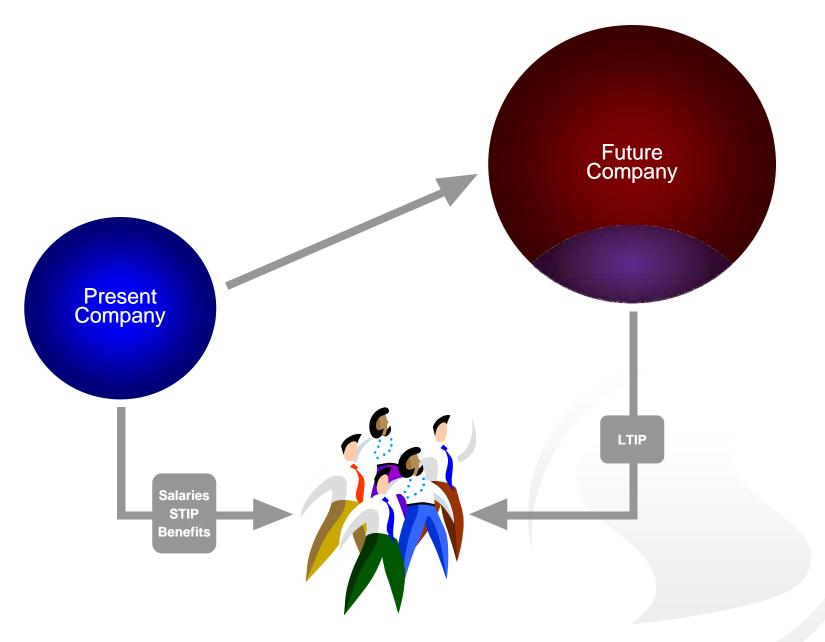
Productivity Improvements

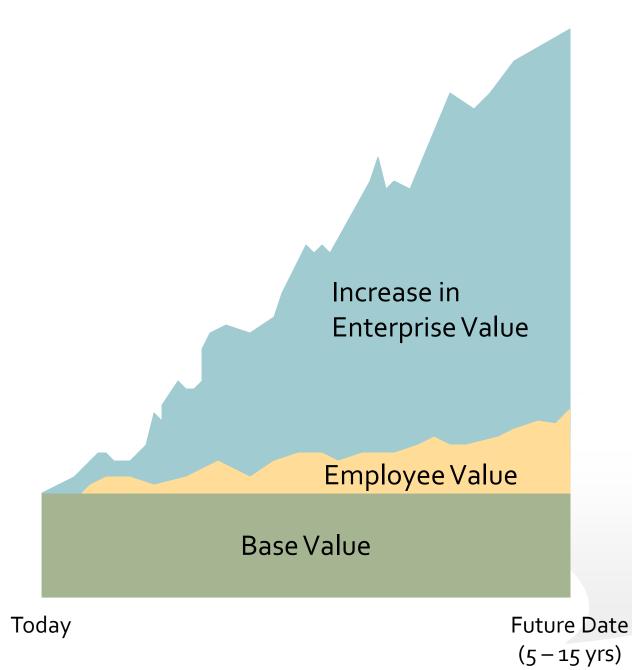
Quality Employee Retention

My Job Responsibilities

\$ New Value \$







Why?

- Treats employees like true partners
- Allows for values to grow and mature
- Creates ownership mentality
- Strengthens both recruitment and retention
- Self-financing





Sustainable Cash Flow Salary / STIP

Security

Benefits

Wealth
Accumulation
Retirement / LTIP

Confidence in Lifestyle

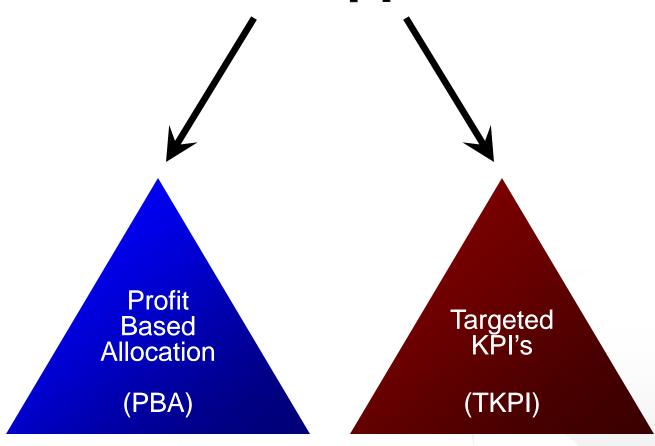
Participation in Value Creation

Ownership Mentality
Line of Sight
Deferred Gratification
Win Talent Wars
Self-financing
Abundance Mentality

Sustainable Growth

Culture is Competitive Advantage

Two Core Approaches



Profit Based Allocation (PBA)

A percentage of annual profits awarded to employees

The award amount is divided among employees based on a pre-determined formula

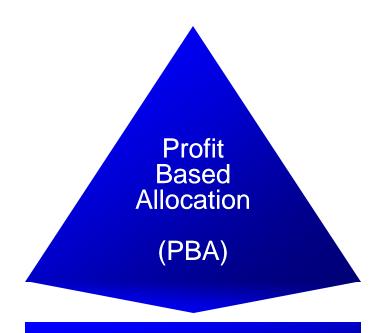
Paid at year-end

Targeted KPI's (TKPI)

Employees assigned a "targeted" incentive value – often based on a percentage of salary

Achievement of award is tied to multiple specific measurements or "metrics." Metrics can vary person to person.

Typically paid at year end, but may be quarterly.



Focus

Solely annual profits

Value

May be open-ended

Design

Relatively simple

Essential

Strong Performance Management System

PBA—Best Practices

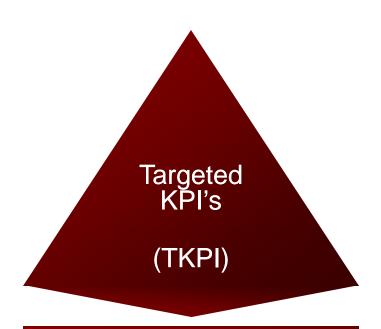
- Define profits
- Select "benchmark" or "growth" approach
- Identify threshold
- Select percentage to share (fixed or tiered)
- Select allocation formula
- Determine whether employee awards will be influenced by personal performance



PBA—Dangers

- Failure to create line-of-sight
- Apathy
- Morale
- Lack of strong performance management system

DANGER



Focus

May include company, dept, team & individual metrics

Value

Typically capped

Design

Can run from basic to complex

Essential

Selecting the right metrics

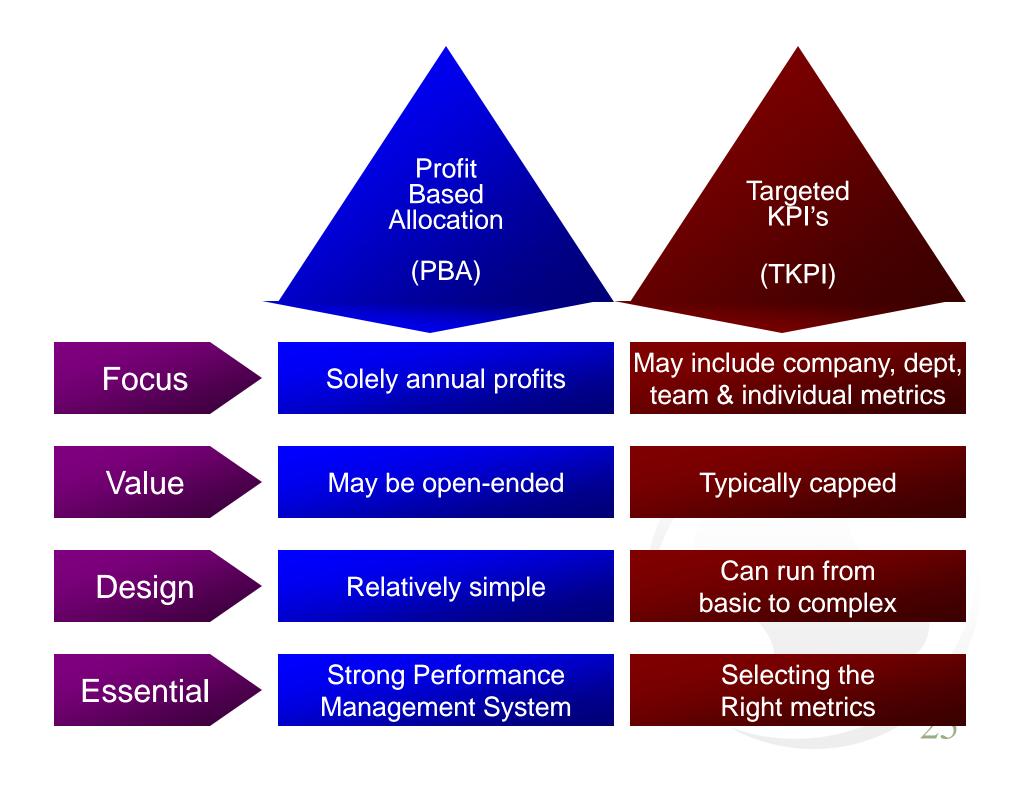
TKPI—Best Practices

- Select range of targets
- Select components
- Select drivers (metrics)
- Select performance tiers (eliminate all-or
 - nothing)
- Set up measurement systems

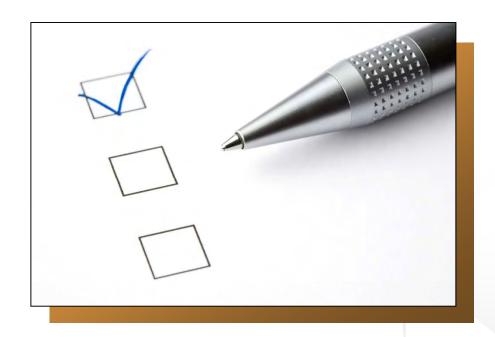
TKPI—Dangers

- Miscalculation
- Gaming
- Sandbagging
- Misalignment





Poll #2



Indicators:

Selecting Indicators for a TKPI Plan



Indicators:

Identify the indicators that will be used to measure performance in each area.

For example:

Company - Revenue growth and Net Income;

Department - Improvement in Customer

Retention goal; Collections rate;

Employee Productivity factor;

Individual - performance goal achievement



2009 Performance Matrix

Loans					
36,000	100%	115%	130%	140%	150%
33,000	80%	100%	115%	130%	140%
30,000	60%	80%	100%	115%	130%
27,000	45%	60%	80%	100%	115%
24,000	30%	45%	60%	80%	100%
	\$81,000	\$85,000	\$90,000	\$94,500	\$99,000

Company Indicators

Return on Equity

Return on Assets

EPS

Gross Sales

Net Income

Earnings Before Incentives

EBT, EBIT, EBITDA

Economic Profit (Productivity Profit)

Revenue per employee

Profit per employee

Customer satisfaction indicators

Department Indicators

New Loans

Deposits

Net Interest Spread

Gross Sales

Gross Margin

Overhead Percentage

Average Daily Room Rate

Average Daily Occupancy Rate

Contribution Margin

Expenses to Budget

Production Quotas

Employee Retention Percentage

Registrations

Client Referrals

Alpha

Number of MBOs met

Critical step:

Sensitivity Testing



Sensitivity Testing

- Tie incentive plan to annual budget projection
- Test highs and lows
- Test each matrix
- Show ROTRI™
 - Open up the incentives to be as high as possible



ROTRI™ - Return on Total Rewards Investment

How much is the Total Rewards Investment?

- Salaries
- Commissions
- Bonuses
- Deferred award accruals (LTIP)
- Core benefits
- Executive benefits
- Retirement contributions
- Payroll taxes



What return do you get on that investment?

____%

ROTRI[™] Example:

Capital Account	\$ 2,000,000
Cost of Capital	12%
Capital Charge	\$ 240,000
NOPAT	\$ 1,000,000
Productivity Profit	\$ 760,000
Total Rewards Investment	\$ 4,500,000
ROTRITM	16.9%

(ROTRI = Productivity Profit/Total Rewards Investment)

Poll #3



PBA Allocation Schedule

Productivity Profit	Award %	
First \$500,000	10%	
Next \$500,000	15%	
Amounts over \$1,000,000	20%	

ROTRI[™] **Table**

NOPAT	Productivity Profit	Award Amount	Owner's ROTRI (\$\$)	Owner's ROTRI (%)
\$1,000,000	\$ 760,000	\$ 89,000	\$ 671,000	14.9%
\$1,500,000	\$1,260,000	\$177,000	\$1,083,000	24.1%
\$2,000,000	\$1,760,000	\$277,000	\$1,483,000	33.0%
\$3,000,000	\$2,760,000	\$525,000	\$2,235,000	49.7%

Next CPE Course:

"5 Success Factors Every Compensation Plan Must Fulfill"

To be held on: Thursday, December 1, 2011

If you have three or members that can attend, we will make a specific presentation just for your firm on a mutually agreed upon date.

(Indicate interest on survey.)

Next Public Webinar:

"What Think Ye of Phantom Stock? Does it Work?"

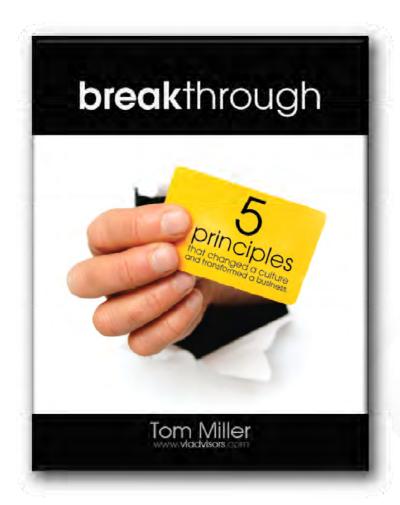
To be held on: Tuesday, December 6, 2011

Check out our website: www.VLadvisors.com



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Express interest on the final survey Or download on our website









Questions?

Thank you for attending

Please complete our survey form immediately following our presentation.

This will be counted as a monitoring event.

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Thank You!



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