SAFETY DATA SHEET

This document is prepared as a courtesy to provide persons us	ing this product with additional safety and regulatory information. Users are also encouraged to access the applicable SDS for the internal components referenced in Section 3 (Composition and Ingredients). Safety Data Sheet following the forma of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) and EC No 2015/830 SDS History: Date of compilation: 22.06.2018, rev. 2
	SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING
1.1 PRODUCT IDENTIFIER:	SkelStart, SkelMod
Synonyms, Other Means of Identification: Product Numbers:	SSA12V; SSA24V; SMA51V117F; SMA102V88F; SMA170V53F;
Description:	Commercial Product
1.2 RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUB	STANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST:
Intended for use:	SSA12V & SSA24V: Engine starting applications in buses, generators, heavy machinery, maritime, trucking. SMA51V117F: Hybrid and electric buses, forklifts and AGVs in material handling, heavy transportation. SMA102V88F: Peak power supply, voltage stabilization, load levelling, frequency regulation systems. SMA170V53F: Heavy-duty applications: heavy electric transportation, rail applications, drivetrains, pulse power supply, regenerative power and peak assistance in power grids and industrial applications, UPS solutions, fusion reactors, hadron colliders.
Uses advised against:	Not determined
1.3 DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFET	Y DATA SHEET:
Manufacturer / supplier:	Skeleton Technologies GmbH, Schücostraße 8, 01900, Großröhrsdorf, Saxony, Germany, Tel. +49 35952 416040 <u>info@skeletontech.com</u> , www.skeletontech.com
	SDS responsible: Product development
1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:	Giftnotruf Berlin, Tel. 030 19240 Poison information centre Estonia, Tel. 166662 (24/7)
	SECTION 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

This assembly of articles is a manufactured electronic product that contains primarily non-hazardous materials, including metal, plastic and rubber. However, the assembly also includes ultracapacitors, which contain hazardous substances sealed within them. The mentioned hazardous substances ARE NOT INTENDED FOR REALEASE DURING NORMAL CONDITIONS OF USE OF THE PRODUCT*. Ultracapacitors are sealed aluminium containers, which enclose layers of activated carbon that are saturated with an electrolyte solution. The electrolyte solution contains a quaternary salt compound (tetraethylammonium tetrafluoroborate) dissolved in solvent (acetonitrile). The assembled layers of activated carbon are inserted into a metal container, saturated with the above-mentioned electrolyte solution and then sealed and stored in electrically non-charged state. If the contents of ultracapacitor remain sealed and kept uncharged, the person handling this product will avoid most of the risks described here for all hazardous components of the electrolyte. As such, precautions should be taken to avoid rupture or overheating of the sealed metal containers.

* Capacitors containing electrolyte are articles under REACH-regulation, because electrolyte is not intended to be released during use. Therefore, substance registration requirements do not apply to the substances contained in capacitors. CLPregulation compliant classification and REACH-regulation compliant SDS are to be provided for substances and mixtures only. The current product is an assembly of articles, therefore classification, labelling and SDS are not a legal requirement.

2.1 CLASSIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Under normal conditions of use, the ultracapacitors are hermetically sealed. Classification according EC regulation 1272/2008 (CLP): not applicable. The product is not a substance or a mixture, but an **article**. Providing the Safety Data Sheet takes place on a voluntary basis for information purposes only.

2.2 LABEL ELEMENTS:

Hazard components for labelling - not applicable. Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] not applicable. There is no legal requirement for the product to be specially labelled.

2.3 OTHER HAZARDS:

The product should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful. Skin contact with the carbon may cause mild irritation. The activated carbon may be combustible and may be ignited if exposed to an ignition source or if subjected to direct flame. If involved in a fire, the chemicals contained in the case may decompose and produce toxic gases (e.g. carbon oxides, propylene glycol, hydrogen fluoride and boron compounds). During a fire involving this product care should be taken to avoid inhalation of fumes. Misuse of this product, such as overcharging, may release these toxic fumes as well.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 SUBSTANCE: not apliccable

3.2 MIXTURE: not apliccable

This product is an assembly of articles. Under normal use and handling, user does not come into contact with the internal materials and capacitors do not emit regulated or hazardous substances. This Safety Data Sheet is provided for informational purpose only. Most of the product is composed of non-hazardous materials: zinc-plated stainless steel, aluminium, plastic, rubber. The product also includes ultracapacitors for which components are given in the table below. In addition, sealants / adhesives are used for the assembly of the product – detailed information is given in the second table. However, the mass of sealants used in the final product is very low and/or sealants / adhesives do not pose the assigned hazards when they are in a cured state, as is the case with the current product.

The packaging of the product is made from plywood.

ULTRACAPACITOR COMPONENTS:						
CAS# / EC #	REACH registration #	Component identification	Classification according to CLP regulation	% w/w		
75-05-8 / 200-835-2	*	Acetonitrile	Flam. Liq. 2 H225;	20-40%		
			Acute Tox. 4 H302; H312; H332;			
			Eye Irrit. 2 H319			
7440-44-0 / 231-153-3	*	Carbon	Not classified	<30%		
1333-86-4 / 215-609-9	*	Carbon black	Not classified	< 12 %		
429-06-1 / 207-055-1	*	Tetraethylammonium tetrafluoroborate	Acute Tox. 4 H302; H312; H332;	0-35%		
69444-47-9/614-970-3		Triethylmethylammonium tetrafluoroborate	Eye Irrit. 2 H319;	0-35%		
		Total tretrafluoroborate	Skin Irrit. 2 H315;	10-35%		
			STOT SE 3; H335			
7429-90-5 / 231-072-3	*	Aluminum	Not classified	Proprietary		
-	-	Paper	Not classified			
-	*	Other minor components that comprise the	Not classified	Balance		
		balance of the capacitor				
		(e.g. binders, rubber, etc.)				

Sealants / adhesives**							
CAS# / EC #	REACH registration #	Component identification	Classification according to CLP regulation	Percent (Weight)			
NA (mixture)	NA (mixture)	NOALOX Anti Oxidant	Aquatic Chronic 2 H411;	Proprietary			
NA (mixture)	NA (mixture)	LOCTITE SI 5699 GY	Eye Irrit. 2A H319;	Proprietary			
			Skin Sens. 1 H317;				
NA (mixture)	NA (mixture)	LOCTITE 243	Eye Irrit. 2A H319;	Proprietary			
			Skin Irrit. 2 H315;				
			Skin Sens. 1 H317;				
			Carc. 2 H351;				
NA (mixture)	NA (mixture)	LOCTITE 542	Eye Irrit. 2 H319;	Proprietary			
			Skin Irrit. 2 H315;				
			Skin Sens. 1 H317;				
			Carc. 2 H351;				
NA (mixture)	NA (mixture)	PENOSIL Premium Greenhouse Silicone	Skin Sens. 1 H317;	Proprietary			
			Aquatic Chronic 3 H412;				
NA (mixture)	NA (mixture)	ELECTROLUBE Polyethane Resin 5608, Part	Not classified	Proprietary			
		A					

NA (mixture)	NA (mixture)	ELECTROLUBE Polyethane Resin 5608, Part	Acute Tox. 4 H332;	Proprietary
		В	Skin Irrit. 2 H315;	
			Eye Irrit. 2 H319;	
			Resp. Sens. 1 H334;	
			Skin Sens. 1 H317;	
			Carc. 2 H351;	
			STOT SE 3 H335;	
			STOT RE 2 H373;	

* Not apliccable for substances imported in articles in case the substances are not intended to be released during normal conditions of use of the article.

** Not all sealants/adhesives ar used in all the articles. Detailed list of sealants used in the articles can be found below:

SSA12V; SSA24V – NOALOX Anti Oxidant, SMA51V117F – LOCTITE 542, PENOSIL Premium Greenhouse Silicone, ELECTROLUBE Polyether/Ester Urethane 5608A & 5608B; SMA102V88F – LOCTITE 243; SMA170V53F - NOALOX Anti Oxidant; LOCTITE 243; LOCTITE 542; LOCTITE SI 5699 GY.

See Section 16 for full EU classification and hazard statements on product components.

Further Information:

Product does not contain listed SVHC substances > 0,1 % according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Article 59 (REACH)

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

The article is not hazardous under normal conditions of use. Damaged ultracapacitors may release electrolyte containing acetonitrile and Tetraethylammonium tetrafluoroborate. Acetonitrile is moderately toxic by inhalation and/or skin absorption. If necessary, physicians should refer to Section 11 (Toxicological Information) in the event of severe inhalation, skin contact or ingestion exposure to the electrolyte solution. Overcharging, reverse charging, incinerating or heating capacitors is prohibited. First-aid measures applicable to contamination with the electrolyte solution are as follows:

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

- INHALATION: If vapors or fumes from the electrolyte contained in this product are inhaled, remove exposed person to fresh air. If necessary, use artificial respiration to support vital functions and seek medical attention.
- SKIN EXPOSURE: If skin exposure to electrolyte occurs, flush contaminated area liberally with water. Seek medical attention if any adverse effects occur after flushing.
- EYE EXPOSURE: If liquid, vapors or fumes from the electrolyte contained in this product contaminate the eyes, rinse eyes under gently running water. Use sufficient force to open eyelids and then "roll" eyes while flushing. Rinse eyes in running water for minimum 20 minutes. Seek medical attention.
- INGESTION: In the unlikely event that the electrolyte contained in this product is swallowed, CALL PHYSICIAN OR POISON CONTROL CENTER IMMEDIATELY. If professional advice is not available, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never induce vomiting or give (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or unable to swallow. If victim is convulsing, maintain an open and obtain immediate medical attention

4.2 MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Skin contact with the carbon may cause mild irritation. Electrolyte solution will cause burns to mouth and throat. Ingestion of large quantities can cause tissue ulceration of the gastrointestinal tract. Inhalation of electrolyte solution mist will severely irritate the nose and throat. Electrolyte solution will cause irritation to eyes and skin.

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

No specific requirements.

SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

SUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MATERIALS: The following fire extinguishing materials are suitable for fires involving this product:

Water Spray: OK (cooling only and only if products are uncharged)	Dry Chemical: OK	Carbon Dioxide: OK
Foam: OK	Halon: OK	Other ABC Type: OK

UNSUITABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHING MATERIALS: None known.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

If involved in a fire, the materials contained in these articles may thermally decompose and produce toxic gases (e.g. nitrogen oxides, carbon oxides, hydrogen cyanide, hydrogen fluoride and other fluoride and boron compounds). Explosion Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not sensitive. Explosion Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive.

5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS

This product is not flammable under normal operational and non-operational conditions. Due to the small amount of electrolyte solution in each device and the presence of activated carbon, these articles contain little or no freestanding liquid and are not anticipated to pose a significant fire hazard under normal conditions of storage, use and shipment. Sealed devices involved in a fire may rupture explosively if heated for a sufficiently long period of time.

Wear SCBA with a chemical protection suit only where personal (close) contact is likely. Fire fighter's clothing conforming to European standard EN469 should be used.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Personal Protection

Always wear impenetrable gloves and eye protection. Eliminate sources of ignition and ensure good ventilation.

6.2 ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Avoid uncontrolled releases to the environment. Accidental spills of the electrolyte should be kept away from drains, surface and ground water.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIALS FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

ELECTROLYTE LEAKS: In case of electrolyte leaks, keep unnecessary personnel away, neutralize with diluted acetic or hydrochloric acid and then wipe up with absorbent paper towels. Place material into a tightly closed chemical waste container and dispose of as hazardous waste. Contact local regulatory authorities for advice regarding disposal of cleanup materials and cells. Call (+49 30 3080 7458) for emergency assistance.

6.4 REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS

For additional information on protective measures see Section 8 and for waste management requirements see Section 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

If the module is damged, do not breathe fumes and/or vapors, prevent electrolyte contact with eyes, clothing and skin. Wash thoroughly after handling damaged modules. Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion: Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using, do not eat, drink and smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

Store product in a well-ventilated area, keep it away from heat and flame and prevent short-circuit conditions. Do not store at temperatures over 70°C. Do not store together with: explosives, oxidizing solids ang liquids, radioactive substances and infectious substances.

7.3 SPECIFIC END USE(S)

None known.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

NORMAL USE: NOT APPLICABLE. Finished commercial product. Exposure to individual components is not possible with intact, sealed, manufactured article,

FOR OPENED UNITS: If the product leaks, fails, is damaged or is otherwise manipulated in such a way that the contents are released, exposure to the internal components is possible. The only internal component that is dispersible is electrolyte. Therefore, the following information applies to electrolyte solution only.

8.1 CONTROL PARAMETERS

Chemical Name	CAS #		Applicable Exposure Limits								
		OSF	IA-PELs	ACGI	H-TLVs		ACGIH-RELs		ACGIH-RELs		Other
		TWA (ppm)	STEL (ppm)	TWA (ppm)	STEL (ppm)	TWA (ppm)	Skin Note	IDLH (ppm)			
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	40 68 mg/m ³	60 (15 min.) 68 mg/m ³	20	NE	20	Skin	500	DFG MAKS (skin) (vacated TWA = 20 ppm (skin) 1989 PEAK = 2.ppm MAX 15 min, average value, 1-hr interval, 4 PEL) per shift DFG MAK Pregnancy Risk Classification: C Carcinogen: EPA-CBD, EPA-D, TLV-A4		
Tetraethylammonium tetrafluoroborate	429-06-1		NE					-			
Triethylmethylammoniu m Tetrafluoroborate	69444-47-9				NE				-		

NE = Not Established

Selection of the DNEL(s) and PNEC(s) or other hazard conclusion for critical health effects of the electrolyte.

DNELs

For Acetonitrile:

	Workers				Consumers				
Route of	Acute effect	Acute effects	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects systemic	Acute effects local	Acute effects systemic	Chronic effects local	Chronic effects	
exposure	local	systemic						systemic	
Oral	Not required					0.6 mg/kg bw/day	No data available		
Inhalation	68 mg/m ³	68 mg/m ³	68 mg/m ³	68 mg/m ³	22 mg/m ³	220 mg/m ³	4.8 mg/m ³	4.8 mg/m ³	
Dermal	ermal No data available 32.2 mg/kg bw/day No data available								
Each of the cells sh	Each of the cells should contain one of the following information: i) DNEL value with unit or ii) hazard identified but no DNEL available or iii) no exposure expected, iv) no hazard identified								

PNECs

For Acetonitrile:

Environmental protection target	PNEC
Fresh water	10 mg/L
Freshwater sediments	7.53 mg/kg sediment dw

Marine water	1 mg/L				
Marine sediments	no exposure expected				
Food chain	no hazard identified				
Microorganisms in sewage treatment	32 mg/L				
Soil (agricultural)	2.41 mg/kg soil dw				
Air	no hazard identified				
Each of the cells should contain one of the following information: i) PNEC value with unit or ii) hazard identified but no PNEC available or iii) no exposure expected or iv) no hazard identified					

Relevant data for Tetraethylammonium tetrafluoroborate is not available as this substance has not been registred under REACH and corresponding chemical safety assessment has not been carried out for the time being.

8.2 EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Appropriate engineering controls: Usually not required. Keep product away from heat and open flame. Store in a cool & dry place

Personal protective equipment:

Eye and face protection - Not ordinarily required. Chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shields should be worn when handling a damaged module.

Skin protection: Not ordinarily required. Wear impervious gloves when handling damaged module. The selected protective gloves must satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it. Suitable material: Butyl rubber. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Respiratory protection: Not ordinarily required during normal operations

No specific requirements when working with non-damaged finished commercial product under normal conditions.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

The product is an article - general provisions of this Section are non-applicable

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) CONTENT: Not applicable. Product not regulated for VOC content.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 REACTIVITY

No hazardous reaction known under conditions of normal use. Prevent manual short-circuiting across terminals in charged state and temperatures exceeding 70°C. Avoid exposure to heat and open flame. Do not puncture, crush or incinerate.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY

Stable under condition of normal temperature.

10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS

Unknown. Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 CONDITIONS TO AVOID

Avoid exposure to or contact with sparks, flames and/or other sources of ignition, extreme temperatures and incompatible chemicals.

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS

Electrolyte Solution: Strong reducing agents, strong oxidizers, strong acids, diphenyl sulfoxide, trichlorosilane, n-fluoro compounds, nitrating agents.

10.6 HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Combustion: Products of thermal decomposition can include toxic gases (e.g. nitrogen oxides, carbon oxides, hydrogen cyanide, hydrogen fluoride and other miscellaneous fluoride and boron compounds).

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is a finished commercial product. It is defined as an "article" and exempt from CLP classification and REACH SDS requirements. The following information is about the hazardous components sealed (AND NOT INTENDED FOR RELEASE) whitin the article and not about the article itself.

11.1 INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

Acute toxicity: Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself. Information about the relevant components sealed (without an intention of release) within the article is summarised in the following table.

CAS-Nr.	Designation	Designation						
	Routes of Exposure	Dose	Method	Species	Exposure time	Results		
75-05-8	Acetonitrile	Acetonitrile						
	Oral	LD50 calculated 617 mg/kg for male and female mice combined (with 95% confidence limits of 450-787 mg/kg)	OECD Guideline 401	Mouse	1 administration; observation 14 d.	Harmful		
	Dermal	LD50 > 2 000 mg/kg bw / LD50 980 mg/kg	OECD Guideline 402 / Other: Union Carbide Chemicals Company, 1959	Rabbit / Rabbit	24h / Single exposure	Harmful		
	Inhalation (vapour)	LC50 3587 ppm	OECD Guideline 403	Mouse	4h	Harmful		
1333-86-4	Black carbon		•		•			
	Oral	LD50 >8000 mg/kg	OECD Guideline 401	Rat	1 administration; observation 4 weeks.	Not classified		
	Inhalation	Effect level > 4.6 mg/m ³ air	Research Report no. 104: Health Effects Institute. October 2001, Vincent R, Kumarathasan P et al.	Rat	4h	NA		
429-06-1	Tetraethylammoniur	n tetrafluoroborate	•		•	•		
	Oral	>500 mg/kg	No information	Rabbit	No information	Harmful		
69444-47-9	Triethylmethylammo	onium Tetrafluoroborate						
	Oral	>500 mg/kg	No information	Rabbit	No information	Harmful		

Skin corrosion/irritation: Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself.

Serious eye damage/ irritation: Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself.

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties: Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself. Article does not contain component substances classified for CMR properties.

Specific target organ toxicity single exposure: Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself.

STOT-repeated exposure: Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself.

Aspiration hazard: Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL TOXICITY ENVIRONMENTAL FATE AND TRANSPORT

12.1 TOXICITY:

Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself. Information about the relevant components is summarised in the following table.

CAS-Nr.	Designation					
	Aquatic Toxicity	Dose	Exposure time [h]	Species	Method	Results
75-05-8	Acetonitrile					
	Acute toxicity for fish	LC50 1640 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	No data available	Based on available data not toxic to fish
	Acute toxicity for invertebrates	LC50 400 mg/L	24h	Artemia salina	Acute Toxicity of Organic Solvents on Artemia salina, 1994, Barahona-Gomariz, M.V. et al	Based on available data, not toxic
	Toxicity to aquatic algae and cyanobacteria	LC50 9696 mg/L	72 h	Phaeodactylum tricornutum	ISO 10253	Based on available data, not toxic
1333-86-4	Black carbon					
	Acute toxicity for fish	LC0 >1000 mg/l	96 h	Brachydanio rerio	OECD Guideline 203	Based on available data not toxic to fish
	Acute toxicity for invertebrates	EC50 >5600 mg/L	24 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202	Not toxic within its aqueous solubility
	Toxicity to aquatic algae and cyanobacteria	EC50 >10 000 mg/L	72 h	Desmodesmus subspicatus	OECD Guideline 201	Not toxic within its aqueous solubility

Chronic (long-term) toxicity: Classification criteria are not applicable for the article itself. Based on the acute hazard profile of relevant components further assessment is not required.

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY: Not applicable for articles. Acetonitrile is readily biodegradable - OECD guideline 301C. Biodegradation results after 28 days: BOD - 65%; TOC - 84%; GC - 88%.

12.3 BIOACCUMULATION POTENTIAL: Not applicable for articles. No indication of bioaccumulation potential based on data available for hazardous components. US EPA BCFWIN generated an estimated BCF of 3.162 for acetonitrile based on the experimental log Kow of -0.34.

Partition coefficient n -octanol / water:

CAS-Nr.	Designation	Log Pow
75-05-8	Acetonitrile	-0,34

12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL: Not applicable for articles.

12.5 RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESSMENT: The product does not contain substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6 OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS: None known.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

13.1 WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

The national legislation must be complied with. Waste products should be collected and handed over to a company that owns applicable treatment license. Non-contaminated packages may be supplied to recycling. According to EAKV, allocation of waste identity numbers/waste descriptions must be carried out in a specific way for every industry and process. List of proposed waste codes / waste designations in accordance with EWC (European Waste Codes):

Waste disposal number of waste from residues/unused products

160605 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; batteries and accumulators; other batteries and accumulators

Waste disposal number of used product

160605 WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST; batteries and accumulators; other batteries and accumulators

Waste disposal number of contaminated packaging

150203 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED; absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing; absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing other than those mentioned in 15 02 02

Contaminated packages should be treated like the substance.

	SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION							
LAND TRANSPORT (ADR / RID):								
UN- Number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class		Packing Group	Label			
UN 3499	CAPACITOR, electric double layer (with an Energy storage capacity of more than 0.3 Wh)	9		Classification code:M11Special provisions:361(Es):0Excepted Quantities :E0Transport category :4Tunnel restriction code:E	Label 9			
INLAND WA	NLAND WATERWAY TRANSPORT (ADN):							
UN 3499	CAPACITOR, electric double layer (with an Energy storage capacity of more than 0.3 Wh)	9		Classification code: M11 Special provisions: 361 (Es): 0 Excepted Quantities : E0 Transport category : 4 Tunnel restriction code: E	Label 9			
SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG)			Marine pollutant:		·			
UN 3499	CAPACITOR, electric double layer (with an Energy storage capacity of more than 0.3 Wh)	9	NO	(Es): 0 Special provisions: 361 EmS : F -A , S -I Excepted Quantities: E0	Label 9			
AIR TRANSE	PORT (ICAO)				·			
UN 3499	CAPACITOR, electric double layer (with an Energy storage capacity of more than 0.3 Wh)	9		Excepted (Es) Passenger: ForbiddenSpecial provisions:A186Passenger LQ :ForbiddenExcepted Quantities:E0(Es) Passenger:ForbiddenIATA-packing instructions - Passenger : 971971IATA maximum quantity - Passenger:No limitIATA-packing instructions - Cargo :971IATA maximum quantity - Cargo :No limit	Label 9			

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USER: See section 6-8

Bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code not relevant Remarks:

Maximum stored energy:	SSA12V – 36,1 Wh		
	SSA24V – 36,1 Wh		
	SMA51V117F – 63,9 Wh		
	SMA102V88F – 127,1 Wh		
	SMA170V53F – 212.7 Wh		

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS / LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE: EU-Regulations:						
Information not relevant to the IE - Directive 2010/75 / EU (VOC):	Not relevant					
Information pursuant to VOC Directive irrelevant 2004/42 / EC:	Not relevant					
Information about Seveso III Directive 2012/18 / EU:	Is not subject to the Seveso III Directive additional					
Directive 2012/19 / EU:	Waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)					
Authorisations and/or restrictions on use:						

Substances contained in this article are not subject to authorisation or restrictions under REACH regulation.

15.2 CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT:

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out (nor is required) for this article by the supplier. However, CSA has been conducted for some of the components: acetonitrile, carbon and aluminium.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 TEXT OF H-STATEMENTS MENTIONED IN SECTION 3:

Code	Hazard class and category	Code	Hazard statement
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4	H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensibilisation, category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye Irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin Irrit.2	Skin Irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity, category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
STOT SE 3	Organ toxicity – Single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity, category 2	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Aquatic chronic 3	Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment, category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Aquatic chronic 2	Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment, category 2	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

16.2 CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO REGULATION (EC) NO 1272/2008 (CLP):

Not classified; CLP regulation is not applicable; product is an article.

16.3 LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- 1. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008.
- 2. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 (Annex II).
- 3. Commission Regulation (EU) No 2015/ 830.
- 4. REACH registration dossier and chemical safety report of relevant components of the product as available from ECHA.
- 5. Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets. Version 3.1 ECHA (European Chemicals Agency), November 2015.
- 6. Guidance on application of classification criteria. Version 4.1 ECHA, June 2015

16.4 INFORMATION ON REVISION OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET:

Revised points - none: This is the first version (ver 1.0) of an SDS for product 170 SkelRack.

16.5 LEGEND TO ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS:

- CMR Carcinogen, Mutagen, or Reproductive Toxicant
- CSA Chemical Safety Assessment
- CSR Chemical Safety Report
- DNEL Derived No Effect Level
- LD50 Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose)
- NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance
- PNEC(s) Predicted No Effect Concentration(s)
- PPE Personal Protection Equipment
- RMM Risk Mitigation Measures
- STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity
- (STOT) RE Repeated Exposure
- (STOT) SE Single Exposure
- SVHC Substance of very high concern
- vPvB Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
- VOC Volatile Organic Compounds