Tariff Timeline

Jan 22: US imposes 30% tariff on solar imports

March 1: President Trump announces 25% tariffs on imports of steel and aluminum

April 2: China imposes tariffs on \$3Bn of selected US food goods

May 29: 25% tariff applied to \$50Bn of Chinese imports including high-tech items

May 31: Agreed exemptions for Mexico Canada and EU expire. Tariffs of 25% on aluminum and 10% on steel imposed

May 31: Retaliatory duties placed on steel and \$3Bn of other US goods

May 31: Retaliatory tariffs placed on \$12.8Bn of US goods

July 6: 25% tariffs imposed on \$34Bn worth of Chinese goods

July 6: Tariffs on \$34Bn worth of US goods, announced on June 15, come into effect

July 11: Additional tariffs announced on \$200Bn of Chinese goods

July 26: US/EU announce intention to work towards zero tariffs

August 3: China warns it could add 5 to 25% to \$60Bn of US goods

August 7: A new round of tariffs on Chinese goods is announced, bringing the total to \$50Bn

August 23: US and China each impose second phase of \$50Bn tariffs

Sept 24: 10%

of Chinese

January '19

tariffs introduced

on \$200Bn worth

imports. Due to

October 11: Canada announces guotas and 25% tariffs on steel imports from China and other countries

October 2: New trilateral trade

agreement announced between

US, Mexico and Canada. USMCA

a commitment to remove steel

expected to be signed in November but does not include

and aluminum tariffs

October 25: Canadian quotas and tariffs on steel imports from increase to 25% in low-cost producers come into effect

2018

Jan

March

April

May

June

June 15: China issues a

retaliation list against

June 22: EU retaliatory

tariffs of between 10%

and 50% imposed on

\$2.8Bn of US imports

goods

latest US tariffs with 25%

duty added to \$34Bn of US

July

August

Sept

Oct

2019

June

June 28-29: US and China are due to meet at G20 summit in Osaka

May

May 17: US lifted aluminum and steel tariffs on Canada and Mexico paving the way for ratification of the USMCA trade agreement

May 30: President Trump announced the planned introduction of 5% tariffs on all Mexican imports. Effective June 10, the tariffs will increase by 5% each month until they reach 25%. The tariffs will remain at that level until, "Mexico substantially stops the illegal inflow of aliens coming through its territory."

May 5: US raised tariffs on \$200Bn of Chinese goods from 10% to 25%

May 13: US begins formal process to impose tranche four tariffs on all remaining Chinese imports

May 13: China announced increased tariffs on \$60Bn of US goods which will come into effect June 1

May 15:, US administration added Chinese tech giant Huawei, and its 68 affiliates worldwide to the 'entities list'; a blacklist of companies whose business relationships with US partners are tightly controlled.



April 8: US threatens to impose tariffs on \$11Bn of EU imports to the US. The EU responded with a retaliatory plan to impose \$20Bn of tariffs on US imports.



January: Proposed

tariff hike to 25%

months as talks

between US and

China continue.

postponed for two

House announced that suspend new tariffs for 90 days while they held talks over a possible trade agreement



December 1: The White November 30-December 1: US and China set to meet at the US and China would G20 summit in Argentina

Nov

November 30: US, Canada and Mexico signed USMCA trade deal



Beijing agreed to 'reduce and remove' tariffs on cars coming into China from the US

