

Preparation Checklist & Best Practice Strategies

April 3, 2020

Please review, discuss and share this important checklist / best practices with your teams as appropriate.

Infection Control Strategies:

- Assure staff is aware and competent with two new changes in HealthPRO® Heritage's Policy & Procedures Manual
 - <u>Contingency and crisis strategies for PPE</u>
 - Infection control policy
- Post in office & gym area: Signs to remind staff RE: social distancing and handwashing available <u>here</u> and <u>here</u>.
- Prioritize handwashing and assure appropriate technique is used.
- Wipe down equipment & assistive devices before and after use.
- Leave dedicated equipment and assistive devices on the unit or in patients' rooms if possible. If unable, set up sanitization stations at nursing stations/in hallway to avoid travel to/from therapy department (including laptops and ipads)

PPE Strategies:

- o Staff must check in at the start of each shift to ensure they have what they need.
- Consider tips for preserving masks such as using 2-ply masks (surgical mask with a "handmade" cloth mask or face shield covering).
- o Remember eye protection when needed.
- o Assure staff is familiar with proper <u>don/doff procedures for PPE</u>.
- o Wear scrubs & change clothes/shoes before leaving work.

Scheduling Strategies:

- Limit the number of staff on units with active and positive patients, and avoid utilizing PRN or float staff on these units.
- o Consider scheduling patients at the end of the day.
- As there is a growing number of patient refusals and/or patients are being placed on medical hold, please make sure this is tracked in your EMR. Learn more about accessing the new drop-down box to capture reason for refusals <u>here.</u>

Patient-Specific Scenarios & Strategies:

If: Patient is on isolation + asymptomatic + pending or not pending tests Then: The ideal scenario: Staff should use PPE and continue medically-indicated treatments. (FYI - No need to report this scenario to HR/Task Force, as this is appropriate and requires no additional action.)

If: Patient has active symptoms (e.g.: fever & active cough) Then: Patient will be placed on hold.

If: Patient is +COVID-19 & on isolation. Then: Staff will treat patients but not when patient has active symptoms (e.g.: fever & active cough).

Treatment Strategies:

o Use in-room functional activity ideas outlined here.