

Tivest

Portfolio Positioning through the Economic Cycle

June 2020

Ryan Basdeo



The Economic Cycle

Asset Allocation through The Cycle

Using ETFs

U or V Shaped Recovery

Recap



the economic cycle

what?



- The Economic Cycle is the fluctuation of the economy between periods of expansion and contraction.
- It is impacted by factors such as GDP, business confidence, employment, consumer spending, inflation and interest rates.
- It is important to know where the economy is in the cycle to better understand portfolio returns and allocations.



economic cycle

Recovery Phase

- Economic stimulus policies
- Inflation low or falling
- Confidence picks up

Early Growth Phase

- Healthy economic growth
- Inflation remains low

Interest rates low to

Stock market strong

Commodities strong

Property prices on

Increasing confidence

Markets

neutral

the up

Bonds stable

-

- Late Growth Phase
- Economic policy restrictive
- Risk on mentality -
- Inflation rises

Start of Recession

- Economy growth slows
- Inflation continues to rise
- Confidence drops -
- Inventory levels increase

Recession

- Economy growth & production falling
- Inflation peaks
- Confidence weak

Markets

- Interest rate low or falling
- Bond yields start to find a bottom

- Stock market start to improve
- Commodity prices start to rise
- Property prices find a floor

Markets

- Interest rates rise
- Bond yields rise
- Stock market peaks
- Commodities sharply rise

Markets

- Interest rates peak
- Bond yields peak -
- Stock market start decline
- Commodities start decline
- Property prices peak

Markets

- Interest rates drop
- Bond yields drop
- Stock market start to bottom
- Commodities remain weak
- Property prices weak

- Property sharply rise

the cycle of market emojis



asset allocation through the cycle

cycle allocation







ETF allocation







possible scenarios





what?



- → V shaped is a short, sharp decline followed by a quick rebound → is the best-case scenario. Lockdowns lift soon and spending surges, driven by pent-up demand and government stimulus.
- U shaped is a sharp decline followed by delayed and sluggish upturn. No severe second wave of infections and production is able to find as footing. Government stimulus is not quick enough or lacks scale.
- W shaped is a 'double-dip recession' is the worst-case scenario that could happen if the easing of restrictions leads to another wave of infections and lockdowns, or the economic damage causes a second downturn.
- L shaped is the 'black swan' scenario, significant permanent damage. Struggle to recovery if lockdowns continues through the year. Insufficient public health response, widespread unemployment, insolvencies, credit defaults and instability in the financial sector.





things to consider

Know the stage of the economic cycle we are in. Investors should question and understand the factors that drive cycles and allocate their investments accordingly. ETFs serve as an efficient vehicle for asset class exposure. Health crisis driving the cycle.

Many recovery states exist and can be projected in various shapes. South Africa does not have the 'fire power' as other developed nations, recovery expected to be prolonged. Ushaped is best outcome. Focus long term investment goals + opportunities enhance returns.



Exchange Traded Funds

	Equity	Property	Bonds
The Simple Range	1nvest Top40 ETF	1nvest SA Property ETF	1nvest SA Bond ETF
	1nvest SWIX40 ETF		
The Global Range	1nvest MSCI World Index Feeder ETF	1nvest Global REIT Index Feeder ETF	1nvest Global Government Bond Index Feeder ETF
	1nvest S&P500 Info Tech Index Feeder ETF		
	1nvest S&P500 Index Feeder ETF		

	Commodities
The Commodities Range	1nvest Palladium ETF
	1nvest Platinum ETF
	1nvest Gold ETF
	1nvest Rhodium ETF





disclaimer

Information and Content

The information and content (collectively 'information') provided herein are provided by STANLIB Asset Management ("STANLIBAM") as general information for information purposes only. STANLIB does not guarantee the suitability or potential value of any information or particular investment source. Any information herein is not intended nor does it constitute financial, tax, legal, investment, or other advice. Before making any decision or taking any action regarding your finances, you should consult a qualified Financial Adviser. Nothing contained herein constitutes a solicitation, recommendation, endorsement or offer by STANLIBAM.

Copyright

The information provided herein are the possession of STANLIBAM and are protected by copyright and intellectual property laws. The information may not be reproduced or distributed without the explicit consent of STANLIBAM.

Disclaimer

STANLIB has taken care to ensure that all information provided herein is true and accurate. STANLIB will therefore not be held responsible for any inaccuracies in the information herein. STANLIBAM shall not be responsible and disclaims all loss, liability or expense of any nature whatsoever which may be attributable (directly, indirectly or consequentially) to the use of the information provided. Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) are generally medium to long term investments. The value of participatory interests may go down as well as up. Past performance not necessarily a guide to future performance. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request the Manager. The Manager does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a CIS portfolio.

Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) are registered Collective Investment Schemes, listed on an exchange and may therefore incur additional costs. Participatory interests in a CIS-ETF cannot be purchased directly from the Manager. A CIS-ETF is subject to exchange listing requirements and settlement cycles for equities and all trading in a CIS-ETF is through an exchange. It may take a few days longer to receive the proceeds of a sale of a CIS-ETF than would be the case for a CIS.

STANLIB Collective Investments (RF) (PTY) Ltd is an authorised Manager in terms of the Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No. 45 of 2002.

STANLIB Asset Management Limited

Registration No: 1969/002753/06. A Financial Services Provider licensed under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 37 of 2002. FSP license No: 719.

