

900 MHz Outdoor Wireless RS-232 Bridge

Industrial-grade, long-range wireless systems



Thank you for your purchase of the AW900R2-PAIR Outdoor Wireless RS-232 Bridge.

If you have any questions when configuring your AvaLAN system, the best place to get answers is to visit www.avalanwireless.com. You will also find the latest updates there.

If more assistance is needed, send email to support@avalanwireless.com.

To speak to a live technician, please call technical support at the number below during normal business hours.

Limited Warranty

This product is warranted to the original purchaser for normal use for a period of 360 days from the date of purchase. If a defect covered under this warranty occurs, AvaLAN will repair or replace the defective part, at its option, at no cost. This warranty does not cover defects resulting from misuse or modification of the product.



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Operational summary

RS-232 is a point-to-point serial data connection that requires just three wires: Transmit Data, Receive Data and Ground. Because there is no handshake involved, both ends must be configured for matching data timing and protocol or communication will not occur. Also, it is possible to lose data if the receiving device cannot keep up with the sending device. The AW900R2-PAIR supports data rates from 9600 Baud to 115,200 Baud and has a 4 KB data buffer. When properly configured, this pair of radios behave just like an RS-232 cable but without the length constraint and without a physical wire.

The AW900R2-PAIR is shipped from the factory pre-configured to meet most user's needs. If this configuration works for you, most of the rest of the information in this manual is not relevant. The pre-configuration settings are:

- One radio is the Access Point or master and the other radio is the Subscriber Unit or client.
- The RF frequency channel will automatically change to avoid interference.
- The Network ID and AES Encryption Key are all zeros.
- The serial port settings are 115200 Baud, 8 data bits, 2 stop bits, no parity.
- Tuning parameters are optimized for minimum latency: Next Byte Delay 00, Minimum Packet Size - 01, Maximum Packet Size - 024. These parameters are explained on page 7.

AW900R2 radios may be re-configured by removing the cover and connecting a PC to a USB port on the module inside. A utility program from AvaLAN is then run on the PC that can set the configuration and check the link status. The LED display on the inside module is also a very useful indicator of the condition of the wireless connection.

The access point (AP) automatically scans for the best of the 12 available radio frequency channels, encrypts RS-232 data received, and transmits it wirelessly to the subscriber unit (SU). The AP is constantly monitoring the radio link and can automatically change the channel if performance is degraded due to interference. If two AP units from two different bridges are very close to one another, they may interfere if operating on adjacent frequency channels. Place them at least 10 feet apart or manually select non-adjacent channels for their operation. Also, the two radios in the bridge should be placed at least 10 feet apart to avoid overloading the radio receivers.

At each end of the wireless bridge, the RS-232 device wired to the AW900R2-PAIR must have its transmit signal connected to the radio's receive and vice versa. Miswiring will not cause damage, but will prevent communication.

Electrical Connections

The AW900R2-PAIR 900 MHz Outdoor Wireless RS-232 Bridge contains two each of the following items:

- Outdoor wireless RS-232 radios
- AW2-900 Omnidirectional Antennas
- RJ-45 to Screw Terminal 30 foot cables
- DB-9 Female to Screw Terminal breakout adapters
- 20" USB to Mini-USB Adapter Cables
- 120VAC to 12 VDC Wall Hanger Power Supplies

Antennas or other useful accessories such as pole-mounting brackets may be purchased from AvaLAN Wireless or our distributors.

To power up a radio, make connections to it as shown in this diagram:



Connect both ends of the wireless link to their respective RS-232 devices, power supplies and antennas in similar fashion. The radios use an RJ-45 connector for data because they leverage the weatherproof solution already developed for our Ethernet products. If the length or termination method of the cable supplied does not meet your needs, an inexpensive CAT5 cable can be used by installing an RJ-45 plug on the radio end and terminating the other end however you need.

Provide some physical separation between two radio module antennas – at least ten feet. If their antennas are in close proximity, the module radio receivers will be overloaded, causing degradation in the bit error rate and slower link performance.

Technical support (650) 384-0000 PAGE 4

Configuration

Setting or changing the configuration (Baud rate, etc.) of the AW900R2-PAIR is done via the USB interface on their internal modules. Follow these steps with both radios:

1. Remove the four screws holding the radio's cover. The screws have a 1/8" Allen hex head. Be careful not to damage the rubber sealing gasket or the lip on the box. A labeled picture of the internal module may be found on page 10.

2. The PC that you will connect via USB to the module must have a USB 2.0 or later port available and be running MS Windows XP or later. In addition, three critical pieces of software must be installed; a driver, a utility and a dll.

3. Your PC requires a virtual COM port driver to allow communication with the USB interface chip in the module. This driver may be downloaded from the chip manufacturer's website, http://www.ftdichip.com. On their site menu, select "Drivers" and "VCP" (Virtual COM Port). Next, choose the driver corresponding to your PC's operating system and our chip, which is an FT232R. We tested Driver Version 2.06.02, dated 31 March 2010. Download the zip file from their site. You would also be advised to download the installation guide for your operating system, available from the link at the top of the driver selection page. Extract the driver zip file to a folder of your choice, connect the module to your PC using the supplied USB cable and follow the instructions in the installation guide. Once you are successful, you should be able to open Windows Device Manager and see something like this in the "Ports" section:



The device labeled "USB Serial Port (COM6) is the connection to the radio module. Windows chooses which COM port number to assign, so yours is unlikely to be COM6. In fact, every time you plug and unplug the USB or restart your computer, the assigned COM port number will probably be different.

4. Next, you will need a configuration utility and its associated dll file from AvaLAN. Go to our website, http://www.avalanwireless.com. Navigate to "Support" then "Downloads." Choose the "AvaLAN Evk Utility Lite" file and download the zip file. This zip archive contains two files, EvkUtilityLite.exe and ZedGraph.dll. Extract both of these to the same folder of your choice. The utility does not use the Windows registry and can be placed anywhere, but the dll must be in the same folder.

5. Run EvkUtilityLite.exe and you should see a window like this:

AvaLAN EVK Utility Lite v1.9.3824			
Boot Configuration Stats & Spectrum			
Boot Config Serial Port: USB Serial Po	Boot Config Serial Port: USB Serial Port (COM6)		
	nfiguration from file on local computer. liguration from target.		
Boot Config AccessPoint Subscriber Unit	01 Number of Subscriber Units Subscriber ID		
Channel 00-12:	00 00 = auto mode		
Network Name (32-bit Hex):	1234-5678		
AES Private Key (128-bit Hex):	0000-0000-0000-0000-0000-ABCD		
Data Terminal Serial Port Settings:	Baud rate: Data Bits: Party: Stop Bits: 115200 ▼ 8 ▼ None ▼ 1 ▼		
Next Byte Delay:	10 Min = 0 Max = 10		
Minimum Packet Size:	60 Min = 1 Max = 5 to 60 Depending on Baud Rate please see manual.		
Maximum Packet Size:	768 Min = Minimum Packet Size + 1 Max = 768		
Send Send boot co	rfig to fie on local computer. rfig to target and automatically reboot. Reboot Target effect after reboot)		
Received stats from target.			

6. Use the dropdown menu labeled "Boot Config Serial Port" to select the virtual COM port connected to your AW900R2 radio. Note that the list is populated only when EvkUtilityLite first starts. If you change your cable connection or plug in another module, restart the utility to see the changes. Next click the "Get" button to fetch the current configuration from the radio.

7. Here is an explanation of the parameters that may be set on the Boot Configuration page:

Radio Configuration	Meaning
AccessPoint/Subscriber Unit	Buttons to select whether this radio is the master or the client of the pair. Each RS-232 wireless link must have an Access Point at one end and a Sub- scriber Unit at the other.
Number of Subscriber Units/Subscriber ID	A two digit number, leading zero required, that must be set to "01" for these AW900R2 radios. (Other numbers are needed for multi-drop RS-485 versions.)
Channel 00-12	The RF channel for the radio. The frequencies corresponding to each channel are shown in the table on page 11. Choose "00" for automatic channel selection or set "01" to "12" for a fixed choice.
Network Name	A 32-bit value (8 Hex digits, 0 to 9 and A to F) that must be the same for the two radios of the link. If you have multiple links operating in the same vicinity, give each pair of radios a unique value.
AES Private Key	A 128-bit value (32 Hex digits) that must be the same for the two radios in the link. This key is used to encrypt the transmitted data and decrypt the received data.

Serial Port Settings	These settings must match the RS-232 device wired to the radio.	
Baud Rate	Drop down menu providing 6 choices from 9600 Baud to 115,200 Baud (serial data rate).	
Data Bits	Selectable 7 or 8 data bits (8 is the most common choice)	
Parity	Selectable among "none", "even", "odd", "mark" or "space" ("none" is the most common choice)	
Stop Bits	Select 1 or 2 stop bits (2 is the most common choice)	
Tuning Parameters	These affect the behavior of the RF packet transmissions relative to the incoming serial data. We suggest leaving these at the default values unless the nature of the serial data or the requirements of the protocol being used demand otherwise.	
Next Byte Delay	The amount of time the bus must be idle after the Minimum Packet Size has expired before the radio sends everything in it's serial buffer. Values of 00 to 10 may be chosen, with a default of 00. Each unit of time is the reciprocal of the Baud Rate (e.g. $104 \mu s$ at 9600 Baud).	
Minimum Packet Size	Expected packet size bytes. Values of 01 to 99 may be chosen, with a default of 01. Packets smaller than this will wait to see if additional packets arrive during this time window. If additional packets arrive, they will be combined into a single transmission.	
Maximum Packet Size	Maximum number of bytes per transmission. Values from one more than the Minimum Packet Size to 768 may be chosen with a default of 024 bytes. Packets larger than this size will be sent over the RF as fragments and reas- sembled at the receiver radio.	

8. Here is additional information about the tuning parameters. The data protocol you are using may require certain groupings of the bytes or particular timing of the information:

- If you want <u>minimum latency</u> so that data is received as soon as possible after it is sent, select a Next Byte Delay of 00 and a Minimum Packet Size of 01.
- If you are sending <u>large blocks of data</u>, a Minimum Packet Size of 01 can cause the AW900R2's buffer to overflow and bytes will be lost. The value can be increased to a maximum that depends on the Baud Rate, corresponding to about 5.3 milliseconds:

Baud Rate	Largest Minimum Packet Size	
9600	5	
19200	10	
38400	20	
57600	30	
76800	40	
115200	60	

• Dumping a large volume of data at a fixed high Baud rate runs the risk of data corruption if anything (tuning, noise retries, channel switching, etc.) causes the 4 KB buffer in the sending radio to be overwritten.

9. The AW900R2's chosen configuration can be saved to a local data file for future use by clicking the "Save" button. You might want to do this when configuring both ends of the link since the AccessPoint/Subscriber Unit choice is the only difference. The configuration can then be retrieved using the "Load" button. In each case, a file explorer popup allows you to save and retrieve the config file to a location of your choice. The default filename is EVK.conf.

10. When you are ready to upload the configuration to the AW900R2 module, click the "Send" button. This uploads the configuration and causes the module to reboot. You can reboot without upload by clicking "Reboot Target." Keep straight which COM port belongs to which USB interface. It is common to connect the two modules of a link at the same time to two different USB ports and if you get confused about which port is which, the wrong configuration can be overwritten.

11. After both modules of the link are configured and rebooted, they should successfully find each other and link. The successful accomplishment of this linkage can be determined either by the Stats & Spectrum tab in EvkUtilityLite or by seeing the correct pattern of LEDs on the modules.

12. Click the Stats & Spectrum tab at the top of the EvkUtilityLite window. Make sure that you select the right COM port with the dropdown menu at the top. (It will not change automatically to match the port selected on the Boot Configuration tab.) This page will appear:



User's Manual AW900R2-PAIR

13. A snapshot of the module's status can be retrieved by clicking the "Get Stats" button. Here is an explanation of the values returned:

Name	Meaning	
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indication in dBm. This is useful when aligning antennas or evaluating path attenuation.	
Radio Block Error Rate	Percentage of radio data blocks that are incorrectly received.	
Radio Failed Packets	Count of failed data packets since the last reboot. This may remain zero because of retries even when the Radio Block Error Rate climbs because of a poor connection.	
Radio Passed Packets	Count of successful data packets since the last reboot.	
Radio Total Packets	Total packets transmitted since last reboot.	
Radio Average TX Size	Average bytes transmitted per packet, a function of the serial data source and the selected tuning parameters.	
Radio Average RX Size	Average bytes received per packet, a function of the serial data source and the selected tuning parameters.	
Current RF Channel	The RF channel currently in use. If a fixed channel is configured, this number should match. If automatic selection, this number may change from time to time as the radios look for the channel with the lowest block error rate.	
Connected Subscribers/ Subscriber Key	This number should always be 1 for the AW900R2.	
RF Connected	True if the two radios are linked and able to exchange data. False otherwise.	
Radio Active	True if the radio has a valid configuration and is linked or searching for a link. False otherwise.	
Radio Version	900 MHz Full Band for this product.	
Radio Firmware Release	The version of the firmware running in this module. Check www.avalan- wireless.com from time to time to see if a later version is available.	

14. The Spectrum Scan may be used to identify interference issues. When "Get Spectrum Scan" is clicked, the module's transmitter is disabled, interrupting the serial data flow. The receiver is tuned across the 900 MHz band and the RSSI is plotted for each frequency. You can select the frequency step size and the number of samples to be taken and averaged at each frequency. The smaller the step size and the larger the number of samples averaged, the longer the scan will take. If you perform a scan from the Subscriber Unit, you will see large transient spikes caused by the Access Point scanning the channels because the Subscriber Unit has gone off line. Scanning from the Access Point will show a better picture of external interference sources. After a spectrum scan, the radio will resume normal operation.

15. The LEDs on the AW900R2 PC board can be very useful in determining whether the link is operating normally or if not, where the trouble might be. The next page shows where these LEDs are located and the meaning of each. When you are satisfied that the AW900R2-PAIR radios are operating correctly, replace their covers.



Reset Switch:

Press momentarily to cycle power and reboot the module.

DIP Switches (only used during factory testing)

LED	Function	Color
SER RX	Blinks when module is receiving RS-232 data	Green
SER TX	Blinks when module is transmitting RS-232 data	
RF RX	Blinks when module is receiving RF data	
RF TX	Blinks when module is transmitting RF data	Green
CH1	By adding the numbers that are lit, you can determine the cur-	Green
CH2	rent radio channel. Valid channels are 1 to 12, CH16 and CH32	
CH4	are not used. For the frequency of each channel, see the table	
CH8	on page 5.	
CH16		
CH32		
Shows link quality (more	Excellent link quality: no retransmissions	Green
lit the better) or indicates	Very good link quality: few retransmissions	Green
"key exchange mode" if blinking sequentially	Good link quality: occasional retransmissions	Amber
	Fair link quality: some retransmissions	Amber
	Poor link quality: frequent retransmissions	Red
	No link quality: no link available	Red
PWR	Lit when the module has DC power	
USB RX	Located between the USB and power connectors, these LEDs	
USB TX	indicate activity through the USB port.	Amber

If LEDs CH1 to CH8 are cycling in a binary count and only the bottom link quality LED is lit, the radio is active and searching for another module to link to. When link is accomplished, the Channel LEDs will stop, showing the RF channel selected and the link quality LEDs will show the signal strength.

Technical specifications ———

Characteristic	Specification/Description	
Serial Baud Rate	9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200	
RS-232 Signal Character- istics	See data sheet for Maxim 3221 chip (www.maxim-ic.com)	
RF transmission rate	1.536 Mbps	
RF Output Power	+21 dBm (4 Watts EIRP with 15 dBi antenna)	
Receiver Sensitivity	-97 dBm at 10 ⁻⁴ Bit Error Rate	
Range	Up to 40 miles line-of-sight with 15 dBi antennas	
RF channels/bandwidth	12 non-overlapping with 2.0833 MHz spacing and 1.75 MHz bandwidth, automatic selection or manual via USB	
Adjacent band rejection	SAW receiver filter attenuates cellular and pager interference	
Error correction	Sub-block error detection and retransmission	
Encryption	128-bit AES, meets FIPS 197 Standard	
Evk Utility Management Tools	Serial port configuration, encryption keys, tuning parameters, QoS statistics, spectrum analyzer	
Status LEDs	power, RF activity, serial data activity, channel, link quality	
Connectors	RF: RPTNC Female; RS-232 and power: RJ-45 weatherproof with cable sealing gland; 30' cable with screw terminals included as well.	
Power consumption	Transmit: 0.54 Watts, Receive: 0.45 Watts	
Voltage	5-45 VDC	
Power regulation	Switching regulator	
Transmit current draw	140 ma at 12 VDC	
Operating Temperature Range	-40 °C to +80 °C	
Enclosure	Die cast aluminum, powder-coated, gasket-sealed connectors and cover. Meets IP66 for water and dust resistance.	
Size	6 by 8 by 20 cm, 0.8 Kg, connectors included Mounting holes on bottom flange, 52 by 190 mm by 4 mm dia.	

900 MHz Channels -

Channel	Center Frequency	Channel	Center Frequency
0	Auto Mode	7	915.62500 MHz
1	903.12500 MHz	8	917.70833 MHz
2	905.20833 MHz	9	919.79167 MHz
3	907.29167 MHz	10	921.87500 MHz
4	909.37500 MHz	11	923.95833 MHz
5	911.45833 MHz	12	926.04167 MHz
6	913.54167 MHz		

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FCC Certification

The AW900R2 OEM RF Module complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules and regulations. Compliance with labeling requirements, FCC notices and antenna regulations is required. **IMPORTANT:** The AW900R2 OEM RF Modules have been certified by the FCC for use with other products without any further certification (as per FCC section 2.1091). Changes or modifications not expressly approved by AvaLAN could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

IMPORTANT: OEMs must test their final product to comply with unintentional radiators (FCC section 15.107 and 15.109) before declaring compliance of their final product to Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

IMPORTANT: The AW900R2 OEM RF Modules have been certified for fixed base station and mobile applications. If modules will be used for portable applications, the device must undergo SAR testing.

Labeling Requirements

In order to inherit AvaLAN's FCC Certification, compliance requires that the following be stated on the device:

Contains FCC ID: R4N-AW900MR

The enclosed device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause harmful interference and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

The Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) must ensure that FCC labeling requirements are met. This includes a clearly visible label on the outside of the final product enclosure that displays the contents shown in the box above.

User's Manual Requirements

In order to inherit AvaLAN's FCC Certification, compliance requires that the following be stated in the user's manual:

Compliance Statement (Part 15.19)

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and

2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation. Warning (Part 15.21)

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

RF Exposure (OET Bulletin 65)

To comply with FCC RF exposure requirements for mobile transmitting devices, this transmitter should only be used or installed at locations where there is at least 20cm separation distance between the antenna and all persons. **Information to the User - Part 15.105 (b)**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television or reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

--Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

--Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

-- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

--Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

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PAGE 12