<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Unit</th>
<th>Standards</th>
<th>Major Topics/Concepts</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Early Civilizations | 6.1.CO  
6.1.CE  
6.1.CC | • Comparison of the impacts of the first agricultural revolutions on social systems  
• Influences of natural resources on the development of the early civilizations (China, India, Mesopotamia, Egypt/Kush)  
• Comparison of the development of social systems in the early river civilizations  
• Reasons for and impacts of interactions among early civilizations  
• Influences of environmental factors on interactions within and among early civilizations  
• Results of global exchanges  
• Changes that influenced the organization and advancements of early world civilizations |
| Classical Civilizations | 6.1.CE  
6.1.P  
6.1.CX  
6.1.CC  
6.1.E | • Organizations and transformations of classical civilizations (China, Greece, India, Rome)  
• Analysis of the shift from early civilizations to classical civilizations  
• Influences of environmental factors on interactions within and among classical civilizations  
• Changes that resulted from interactions among classical civilizations  
• Major turning points in the history of classical civilizations  
• Cultural and technological advancements of the classical civilizations and their influences on modern societies  
• Origins and spread of major world religions (Buddhism, Christianity, Confucianism, Daoism, Hinduism, Islam, and Judaism)  
• Basic tenets of the major world religions  
• Enduring influences of the major world religions  
• Changes that influenced the organization and technological developments of classical civilizations  
• Political, intellectual, and social achievements of classical societies |

1st Cumulative Benchmark (covering all content to this point)
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<th>Unit</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Increased Global Interactions</strong></td>
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</table>
| Asian Civilizations   | 6.2.CO 6.2.CE 6.2.P 6.2.CX 6.2.E | • Comparison of the feudal system in Japan with other political systems  
                                 • Comparison of the political structures of the kingdoms in Asia and Imperial China (e.g., dynastic cycle)  
                                 • Characteristics and developments of Chinese dynasties  
                                 • Impacts of global exchanges between Asia and other civilizations (Silk Road, Black Death)  
                                 • Impacts of environmental factors on Asian civilizations  
                                 • Impacts of the expansion of the Turks and Mongols on Asia  |
| European Civilizations| 6.2.CO 6.2.CE 6.2.P 6.2.CX 6.2.E | • Comparison of the feudal system of Europe with other political systems  
                                 • Characteristics of major European empires (e.g., Byzantine, Carolingian, Holy Roman, Ottoman)  
                                 • Impacts of global exchanges between Europe and other civilizations  
                                 • Impacts of environmental factors on European civilizations  
                                 • Role of the Crusades as a major turning point in global exchanges among world societies  
                                 • Impacts of the Crusades on global interactions  
                                 • Evaluation of changes and growth of trade networks  
                                 • Growth of the Ottoman Empire  
                                 • Impacts of the expansion of the Turks and Mongols on Europe  |
| African Civilizations  | 6.2.CO 6.2.CE 6.2.P 6.2.CC 6.2.E | • Comparison of the political and social systems of Africa with other civilizations in the world  
                                 • Characteristics and development of African kingdoms (Mali, Ghana)  
                                 • Impacts of global exchanges between civilizations in Africa and other civilizations  
                                 • Impacts of environmental factors on African civilizations  
                                 • Impacts of interactions between African civilizations  
                                 • Impacts of the Crusades on trade in North Africa  
                                 • Evaluation of changes and growth in trade networks  
                                 • Impacts of the expansion of the Turks and Mongols on Africa  
                                 • Changes and continuities resulting from cultural and economic interactions among West African civilizations  
                                 • Impacts of gold and salt mining on West Africa  |
| American Civilizations | 6.2.CO 6.2.CE 6.2.CC 6.2.E | • Comparison of the political and social systems of American civilizations with other civilizations in the world  
                                 • Characteristics and development of American civilizations (Aztec, Inca, Maya)  
                                 • Impacts of environmental factors on American civilizations  
                                 • Changes and continuities resulting from cultural and economic interactions among American civilizations  
                                 • Advancements of American civilizations  |
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<tr>
<td>Development of the Atlantic World</td>
<td>6.3.CO</td>
<td>• Comparison of European motives for exploration and settlement&lt;br&gt;• Impacts of economic, political, and social transformations in European, African, and American societies&lt;br&gt;• New technologies that supported exploration and settlement&lt;br&gt;• Impacts of increased global exchanges on the development of the Atlantic World (e.g., Columbian Exchange)&lt;br&gt;• Impacts of the Transatlantic Slave Trade on the social, political, and ideological systems in the Atlantic World&lt;br&gt;• Oppression of Africans and other groups in the Atlantic World&lt;br&gt;• Impacts of cultural interactions created by the Transatlantic Slave Trade&lt;br&gt;• Experiences of indigenous peoples as a result of expansion and the conflicts it created&lt;br&gt;• Short- and long-term impacts of the growth of the Atlantic World</td>
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<td>6.3.CE</td>
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<td><strong>2nd Cumulative Benchmark</strong>&lt;br&gt;(covering all content to this point)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Social Revolutions in Europe</td>
<td>6.3.CC</td>
<td>• Analysis of the intellectual, political, and social changes brought about as a result of new ideas and movements (Humanism, Renaissance, Enlightenment, Scientific Revolution, and Protestant Reformation)&lt;br&gt;• Impacts of the Catholic Counter-Reformation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Global Political Changes</td>
<td>6.4.CO</td>
<td>• Comparison of political revolutions that resulted from the Enlightenment&lt;br&gt;• Reasons the expansion of individual rights led to revolutions around the world&lt;br&gt;• Outcomes of various political revolutions (e.g., American Revolution, French Revolution, Haitian Revolution)&lt;br&gt;• Analysis of the economic, political, and social impacts of colonialism and the rise of imperialism&lt;br&gt;• Analysis of the progression of nationalism in the 19th and early 20th centuries&lt;br&gt;• Changes to political systems resulting from revolutions (e.g., limited government, constitutions)</td>
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<td>6.4.CE</td>
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<tr>
<td>Industrial Revolution</td>
<td>6.4.CE</td>
<td>• Analysis of the economic, political, and social reasons for the Industrial Revolution&lt;br&gt;• Local and global impacts of the Industrial Revolution&lt;br&gt;• Social issues created by the Industrial Revolution (e.g., child labor, poor working conditions)&lt;br&gt;• Environmental impacts of the Industrial Revolution&lt;br&gt;• Evaluation of the relationship between the Industrial Revolution and new technologies&lt;br&gt;• Evaluation of the relationship between the Industrial Revolution and urbanization/migration&lt;br&gt;• Impacts of increased global interactions as a result of the Industrial Revolution</td>
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| **World Wars and the Great Depression** | 6.5.CO 6.5.CE 6.5.P 6.5.E | • Impacts of nationalism on global conflicts including World War I and World War II  
• Impacts of nationalism on instances of genocide (Holocaust)  
• Attempts to stop genocide and the abuses of marginalized groups (e.g., Universal Declaration of Human Rights, United Nations)  
• Reasons for and the conflict that resulted from the creation of Israel  
• Impacts of global interdependence on economic issues in the early 20th century (e.g., stock market crash, global depression) |
| **Cold War to the Present**        | 6.5.CO 6.5.P 6.5.CX 6.5.E | • Comparison of global movements that led to advancements or limitations of human rights (e.g., women’s suffrage, Apartheid)  
• Comparison of ideologies that led to the Cold War  
• Reactions to the expansion of the Soviet Union and the spread of communism  
• Major events of the Cold War  
• Political organizations created during the Cold War  
• Comparison of the changes in social hierarchies and human rights around the globe  
• Major environmental concerns around the world  
• Sustainability movements aimed at addressing cultural, economic, and environmental issues  
• Analysis of the technological developments that led to cultural diffusion  
• Impacts of the growth of new communication technologies  
• Analysis of technological advancements on business and government  
• Growth of global interdependence |
| **Final Comprehensive Benchmark**   |           | (covering all content)                                                                                                                                                                                                  |