

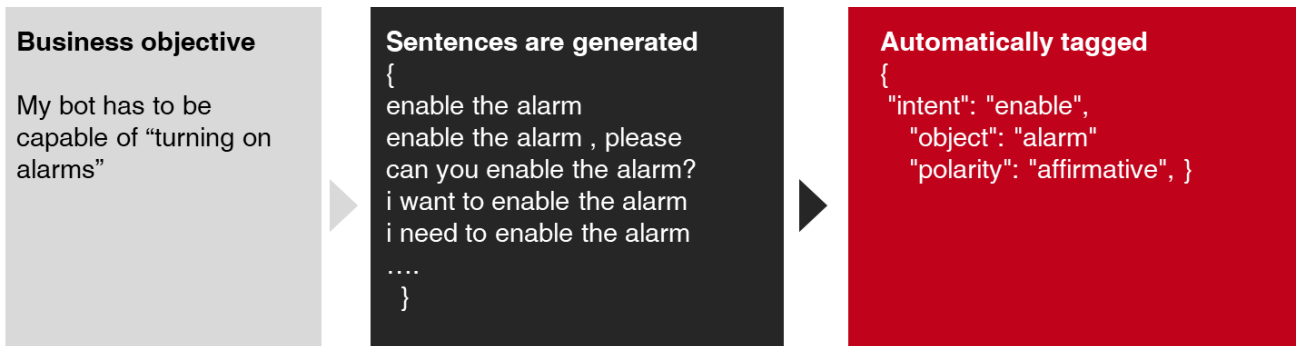
# Bitext NLG Integration with LUIS

## Background on Natural Language Generation

The creation of chatbots requires long development cycles with a lot of man hours and uncertain outcomes. Our NLP Middleware will help you to solve the problem of data sparsity **generating hundreds of relevant queries and automatically tagging** them with the intents and entities you need your bot to recognize.

### Key points:

- Training data quantity and quality has a direct impact on your AI performance. **Improvements of over 60%** in bot understanding.
- Automating the data generation allows to develop bots in days, not months.
- Upload the training data to LUIS through their API and forget about manual inputs.



# Microsoft LUIS integration guide

## How to upload training data in three steps using SSH and the LUIS API

- 1) Get LUIS credentials
- 2) Build the bot JSON
- 3) Upload the bot via SSH
- 4) Train the bot

### 1) Get LUIS credentials

Log in or create an account at [Luis.ai](https://luis.ai) and go to [your account settings](#) to copy your programmatic key.

### 2) Build the bot JSON

You can fit the whole bot into a JSON. Note that the entities must be tagged in the utterances, by providing the offset, the beginning and the end position of the entity in the text.

Sample JSON for a bot with one intent, two entities (“action”, which has the values “enable”, “turn on”, “switch on” and “activate”, and “object”, which has the values “alarm” and “clock”), and 4 utterances:

```
{
  "name": "YourBot",
  "desc": "",
  "culture": "en-us",
  "intents": [
    {
      "Name": "EnableAlarm"
    }
  ],
  "entities": [
    {
      "Name": "action"
    },
    {
      "Name": "object"
    }
  ],
  "bing_entities": [],
  "actions": [],
```

```

"model_features": [],
"regex_features": [],
"utterances": [
  {
    "text": "enable alarm",
    "intent": "EnableAlarm",
    "entities": [
      {
        "entity": "action",
        "_entity_text": "enable",
        "startPos": 0,
        "endPos": 5
      },
      {
        "entity": "object",
        "_entity_text": "alarm",
        "startPos": 7,
        "endPos": 11
      }
    ]
  },
  {
    "text": "turn on alarm",
    "intent": "EnableAlarm",
    "entities": [
      {
        "entity": "action",
        "_entity_text": "turn on",
        "startPos": 0,
        "endPos": 6
      },
      {
        "entity": "object",
        "_entity_text": "alarm",
        "startPos": 8,
        "endPos": 12
      }
    ]
  },
  {
    "text": "switch on clock",
    "intent": "EnableAlarm",
    "entities": [
      {
        "entity": "action",
        "_entity_text": "switch on",
        "startPos": 0,
        "endPos": 8
      },
      {
        "entity": "object",
        "_entity_text": "clock",
        "startPos": 10,
        "endPos": 14
      }
    ]
  }
],

```

```

{
  "text": "activate clock",
  "intent": "EnableAlarm",
  "entities": [
    {
      "entity": "action",
      "_entity_text": "activate",
      "startPos": 0,
      "endPos": 7
    },
    {
      "entity": "object",
      "_entity_text": "clock",
      "startPos": 9,
      "endPos": 13
    }
  ]
}

```

### 3) Upload the bot

You can simply upload the bot via SSH. All you need is:

- The programmatic key: paste it as the value of 'key' instead of the X's
- The name you want to give to your LUIS application: paste it as the value of 'appName' inside the URL, instead of "YourApp"
- The name of your JSON file containing the bot data: paste it at the end, right next to the '@', instead of 'Bot.json'

Sample script:

```

key="XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX"

xid0=`curl -k -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -H
"Ocp-Apim-Subscription-Key: ${key}"
"https://westus.api.cognitive.microsoft.com/luis/v1.0/prog/apps/import
?appName=YourBot" -d@Bot.json`

```

### 4) Train the bot

Before the testing of your bot, you have to train it. LUIS training is faster via web than programmatically: simply go to your [Applications](#) page, click on the name of the bot you have just created, and then 'Train & Test'. Finally press the 'Train' button and the app will be ready to be tested.