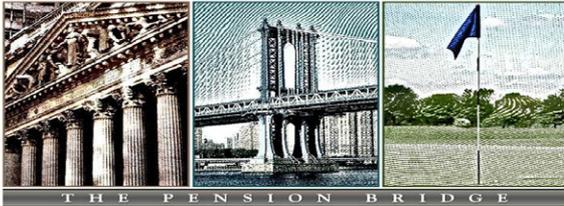




NEPC, LLC

YOU DEMAND MORE. So do we.<sup>SM</sup>



# Risk Parity in a Dynamic Asset Allocation Context

---

**2014 Pension Bridge Conference**

**Richard Charlton, Chairman NEPC, LLC**

April 22, 2014

One Main Street, Cambridge, MA 02142 | TEL: 617.374.1300 | FAX: 617.374.1313 | [www.nepc.com](http://www.nepc.com)

**CAMBRIDGE | ATLANTA | CHARLOTTE | CHICAGO | DETROIT | LAS VEGAS | SAN FRANCISCO**

# NEPC Overview

- **Engaged Partnership**

- Independent consulting firm since 1986
- Business model aligned with client interest
- \$800+ Billion in retainer relationships
- Successful and ongoing ownership transition creates stability

## The NEPC Difference

- **Large enough to have significant research and consulting resources**

- Increasingly complex markets require senior, experienced researchers across all asset classes
- Forty-seven research professionals
- Depth of staff and infrastructure equals informed decisions & innovative solutions

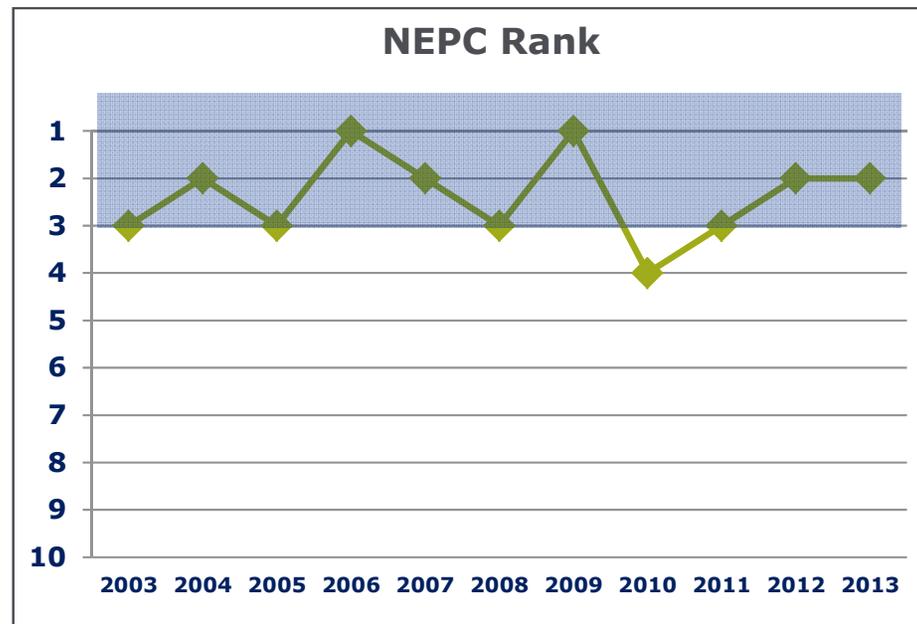
- **Specialized to focus solely on client needs**

- Granular Research/Practice Groups
- High client touch created through low client to consultant ratio
- Traditional and alternative assets

### Recent NEPC Awards

- **2013 and 2011 aiCIO Industry Innovation Consultant Awards**
- **2013 and 2012 aiCIO World's 25 Most Influential Investment Consultants**
  - KC Connors, CFA, CAIA, Partner
  - Allan Martin, Partner
- **2012 and 2013: Ranked #2 in overall client satisfaction among the ten largest institutional investment consultants by Greenwich Associates; one of two firms to rank in top three in ten of past eleven years**
- **2012 CAIA Corporate Recognition Award**
- **2012 Investor Excellence award by InvestHedge – Consultant category i**

- Greenwich Associates surveys ~1,000 large fund sponsors every year, regarding 3 broad areas:**
  - Investment Counseling
  - Manager Selection
  - Client Servicing
- NEPC is recognized for industry-leading stability and excellence:**
  - Ranked #2 overall in 2013 and 2012\*
  - One of only two firms to rank in the top three in 9 of the last 10 years\*
  - Ranked #1 for proactive advice and innovative ideas in nine of the last 11 years\*
  - Ranked #1 for long-term asset allocation in six of the last 11 years and ranked in the top 3 in 10 of the last 11 years\*
- Employee compensation is linked to this survey through our Quality Bonus**



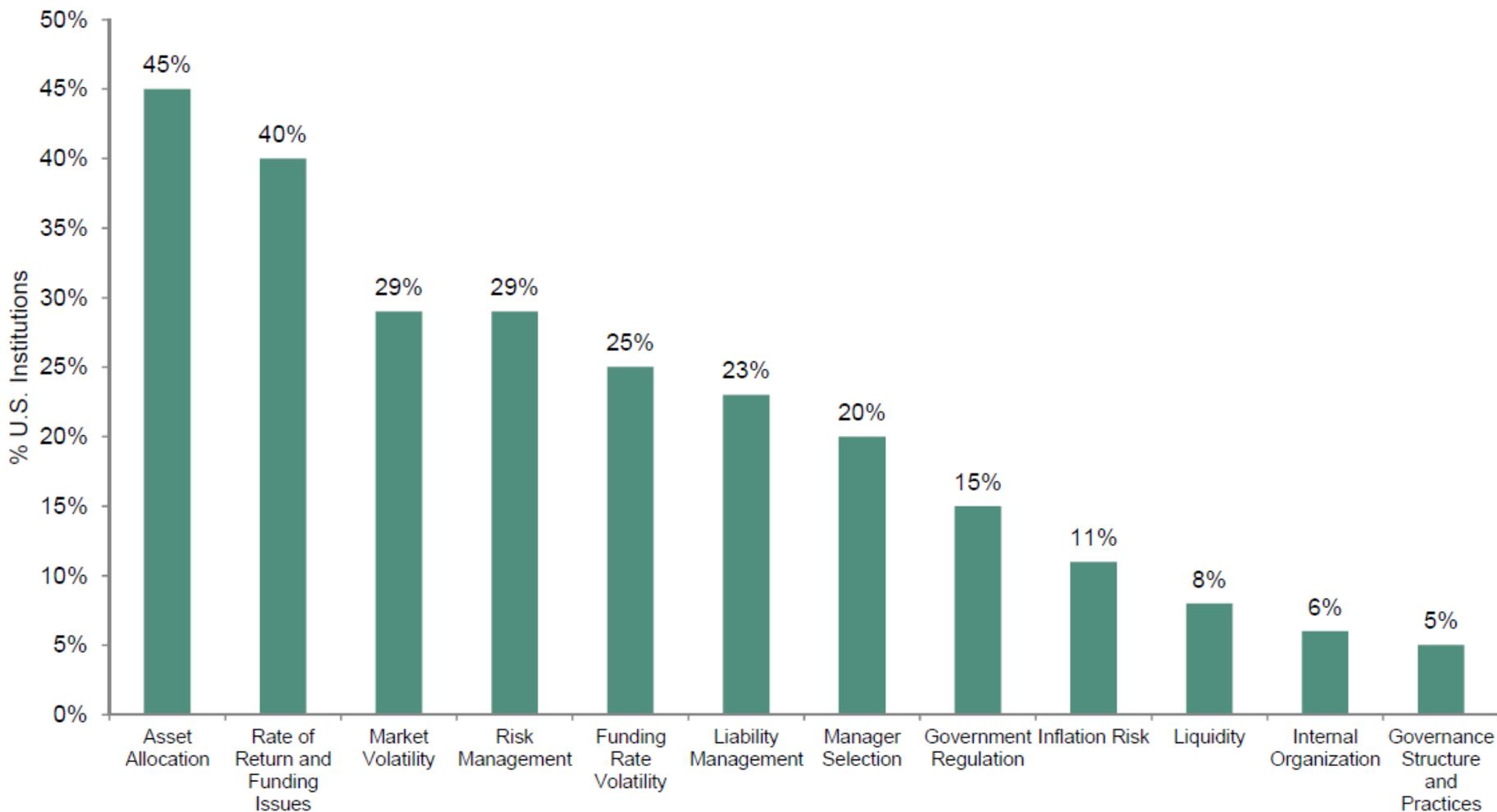
NEPC 2013 Ranking among 10 Largest Consulting Firms	
Category	Rank
Understanding Goals and Objectives	#1
Long-term Asset Allocation	#1
Proactive Advice and Innovative Ideas	#1
Capability of Consultant Assigned to Fund	#1
Credibility with Investment Committee	#1
Knowledge of Investment Managers	#1
Cited as Most Important Consultant	#1

\* Rankings among 10 largest consulting firms.

Greenwich Associates is an independent research firm that interviews fund sponsors. Their rankings do not represent an endorsement of any consulting firm.

# Investors remain focused on allocation and plan level issues

## Key Issues Facing U.S. Institutional Investors 2013



Source: Greenwich Associates 2013, USII-13.

- **Build a Mosaic**

- No single asset allocation approach or model has all the answers
- All analytical tools have the potential to provide useful insights but also include shortcomings
- Minimize these shortcomings by using multiple approaches to build a more robust solution



- **Be Dynamic**

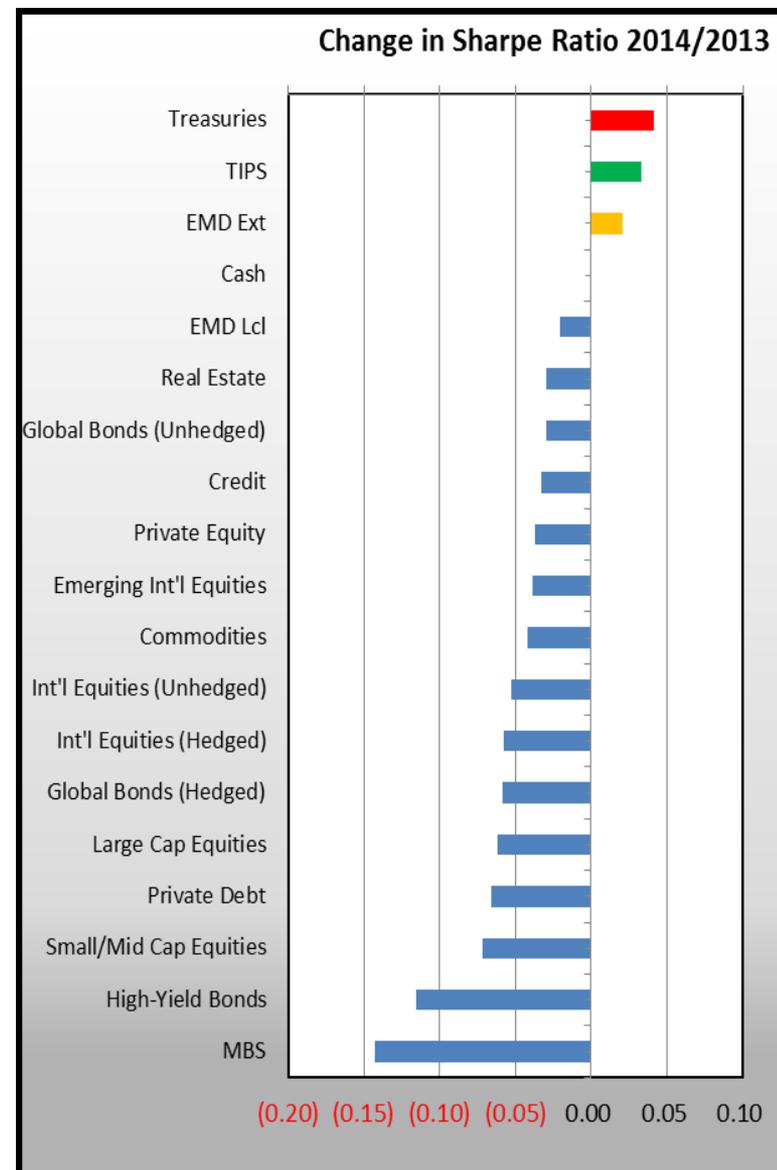
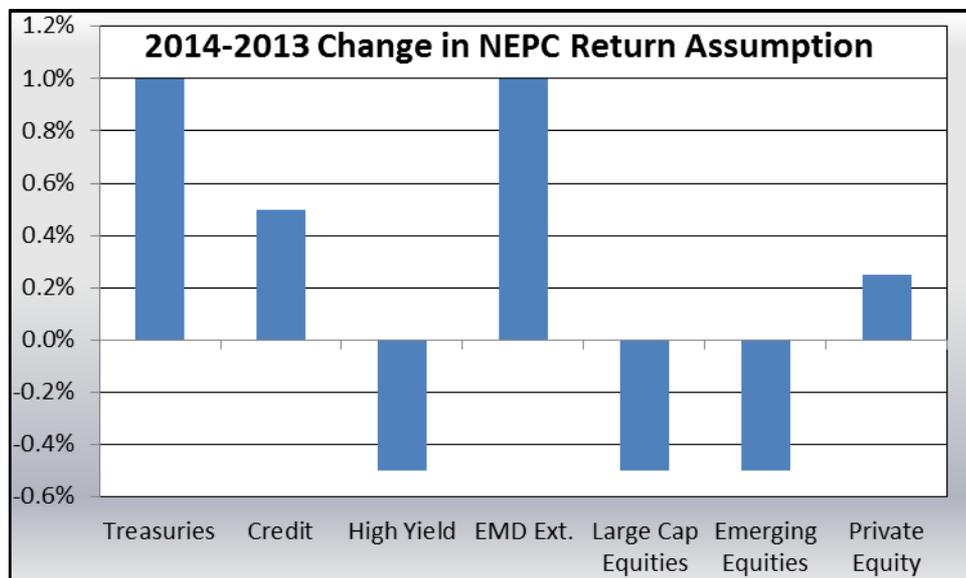
- Build a long-term strategic allocation that can meet long-term objectives, BUT
- Look for opportunities to tilt away from the strategic allocation to add value
- Take advantage of market discrepancies across time horizons and markets



- **Use different approaches to develop investment policy**
- **60/40**
  - Heavily invested in liquid, public equities and core bonds
  - Typically implemented on a constrained basis, elevating risk exposures
- **Risk Parity**
  - Leverage generates improved returns, absolute and risk adjusted
  - Allocates *risk, rather than returns*, across liquid, global asset classes
  - No alternatives, often structured with limited focus on alpha opportunities
- **Liability-Driven Investing**
  - Fixed income instruments used to immunize liabilities, stabilize funded ratio
  - Primary objectives of matching cash flows and minimizing surplus volatility
- **Endowment And Healthcare**
  - Heavily focused on alternatives – hedge funds, private equity
  - Use alpha and illiquidity to drive returns incremental to beta exposure
- **Opportunistic**

# Dynamic Process Leads to Dynamic Return Expectations

- **Fundamental, asset class forecasts drive a dynamic allocation process**
- **Based on market pricing and economic data, these forecasts reflect *expected* market conditions**
- **They identify opportunities to add value *tactically* while remaining in a *strategic* risk-based framework**



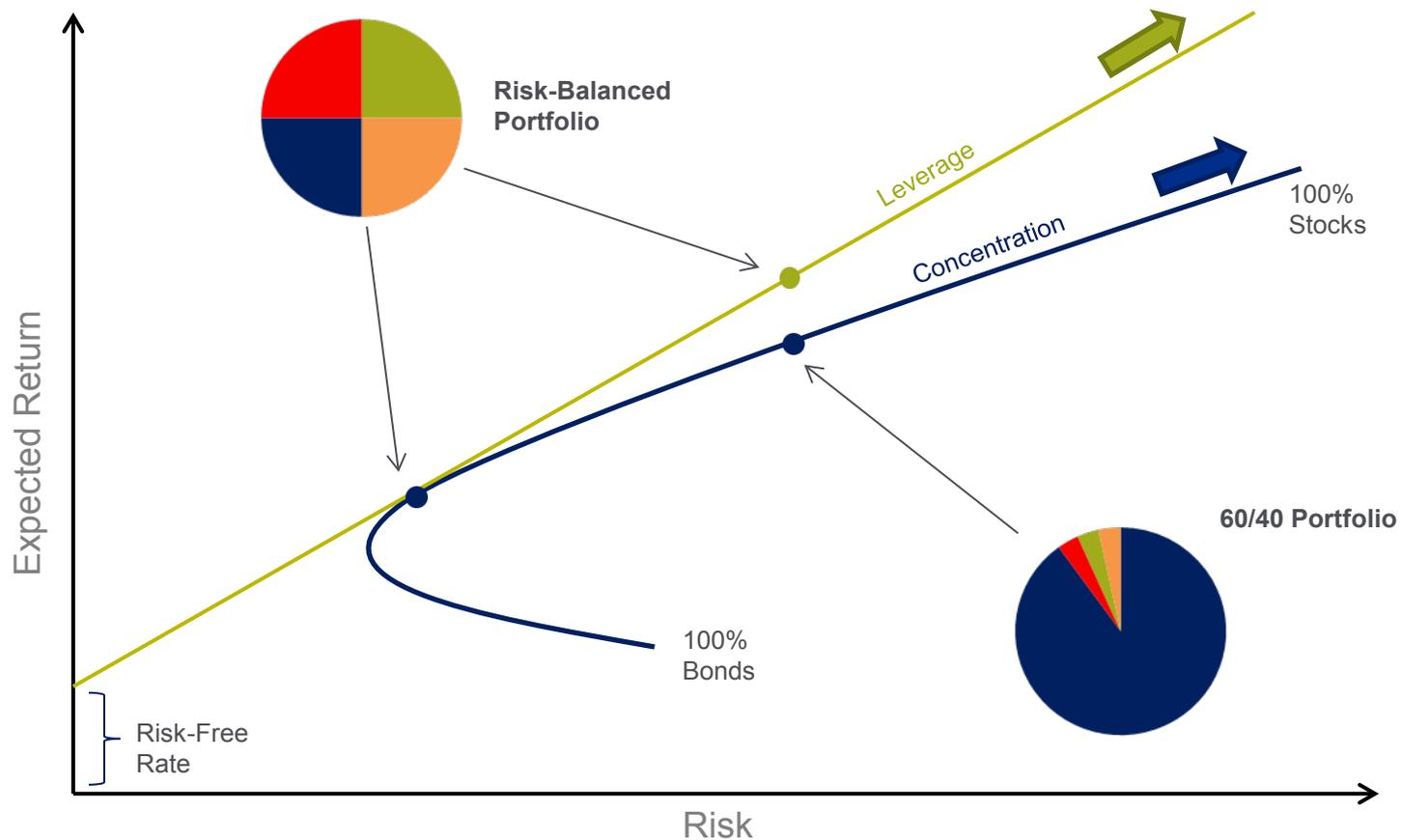
# What is Risk Parity?

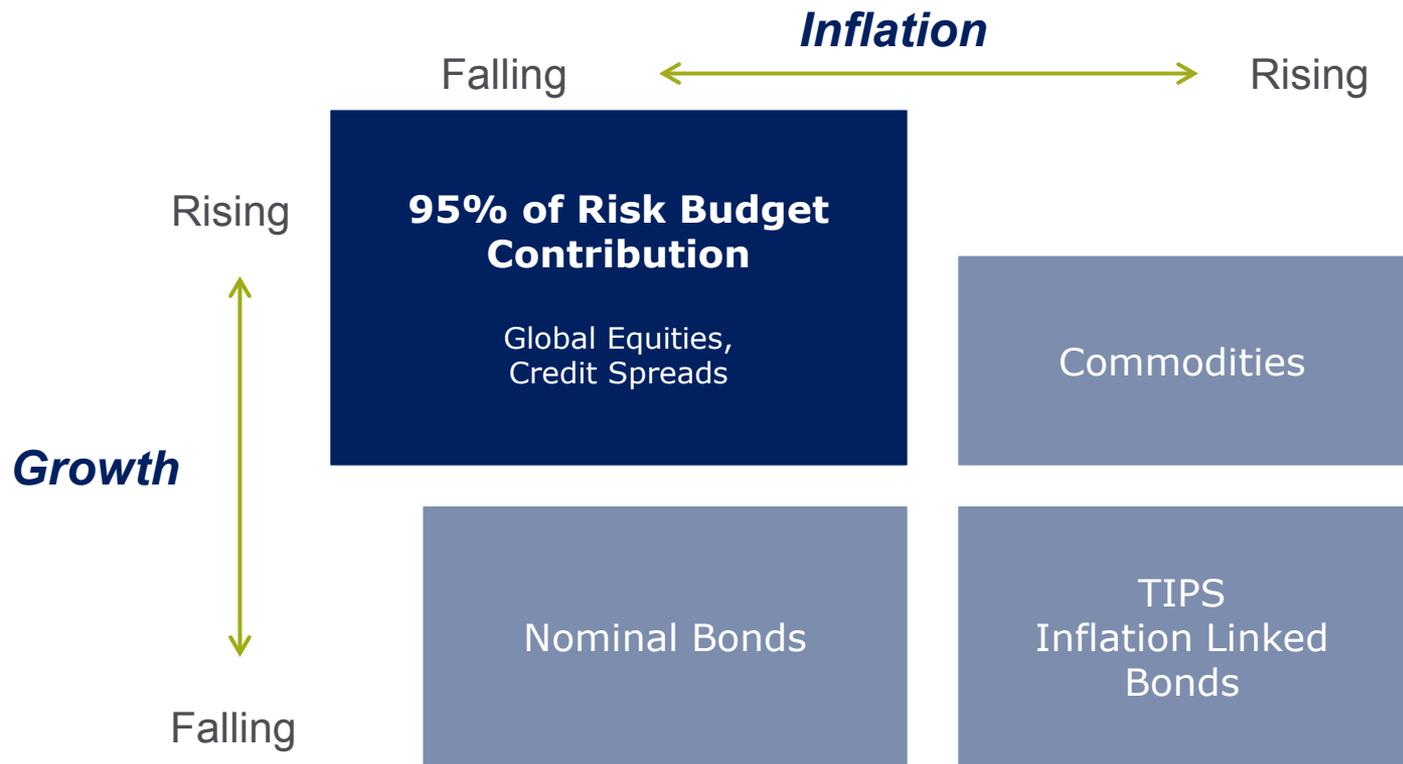
- **Risk Parity is an attractive starting point to balance asset class risk exposures and optimize return expectations**
  - Designed to perform competitively in most economic environments, including rising inflation and stable-to-declining growth environments
  - *Allocates risk, rather than returns*
- **Risk Parity is a strategic asset allocation concept**
  - Portfolio construction reflects asset class volatilities, correlations, Sharpe ratios, and sensitivity to economic environments
  - Seeks to deliver a balanced and consistent mix of risk premiums
  - Mitigates exposure to a particular dominant risk (typically equity) and limits potential drawdown risk
- **Risk Parity provides balanced risk exposures to asset classes with sensitivity to multiple different market environments**
  - Inflation (commodities, inflation-linked bonds)
  - Declining Growth (sovereign bonds, inflation-linked bonds)
  - Rising Growth (equities, credit)

# Risk Parity Theory Originates with the Development of the Efficient Frontier

- **Risk Parity uses leverage to improve portfolio risk/return efficiency**

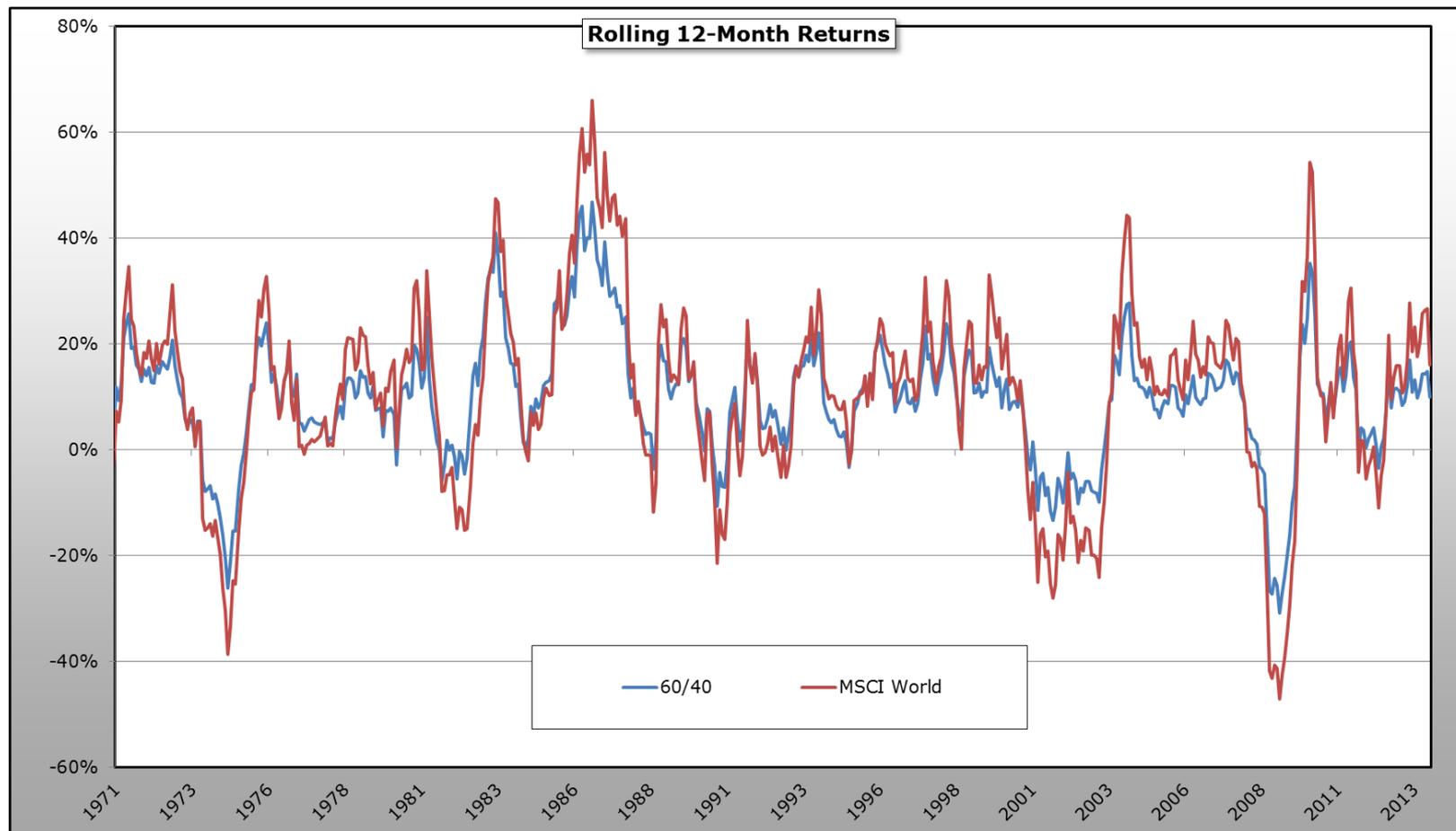
- More efficient than a traditional asset allocation and less dependent on equity markets
- Leverage used to improve returns of optimal portfolios, rather than constrained 60/40





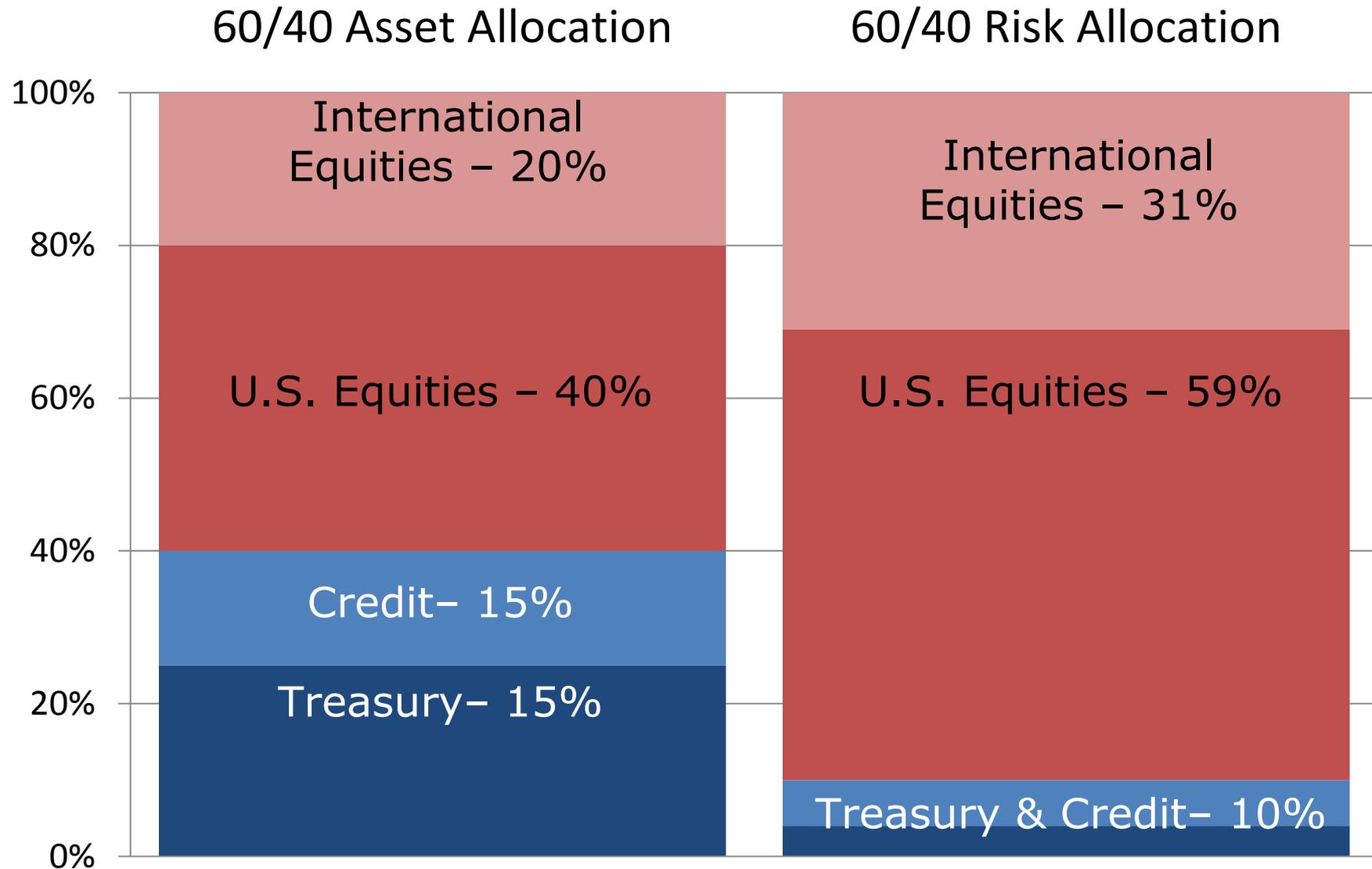
- **60/40 approach performs best in a rising growth, falling inflationary environment**
- **Defensive, risk-reducing asset classes squeezed out, leading to adverse results in other growth/inflation environments**
- **No exposure to assets sensitive to rising inflation**

# Equity Markets vs. 60/40: Overwhelming Influence

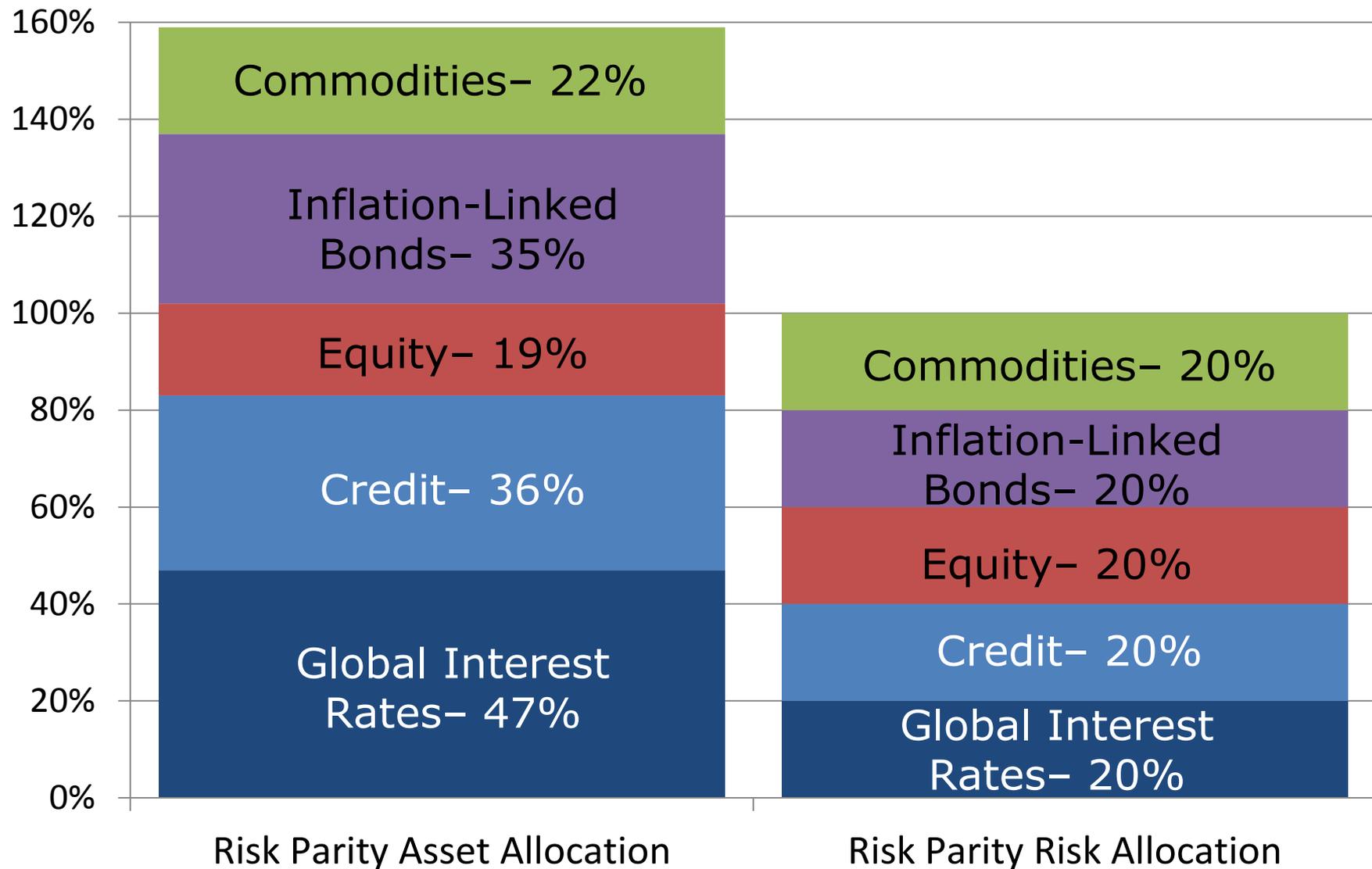


- **Correlation = .97; R-Squared = .94**
- **So, 94% of total fund volatility explained by equity markets**
- **Ergo, 94% of 60/40 portfolio risk may be attributable to equities**

# Typical 60/40 Asset & Risk Allocation

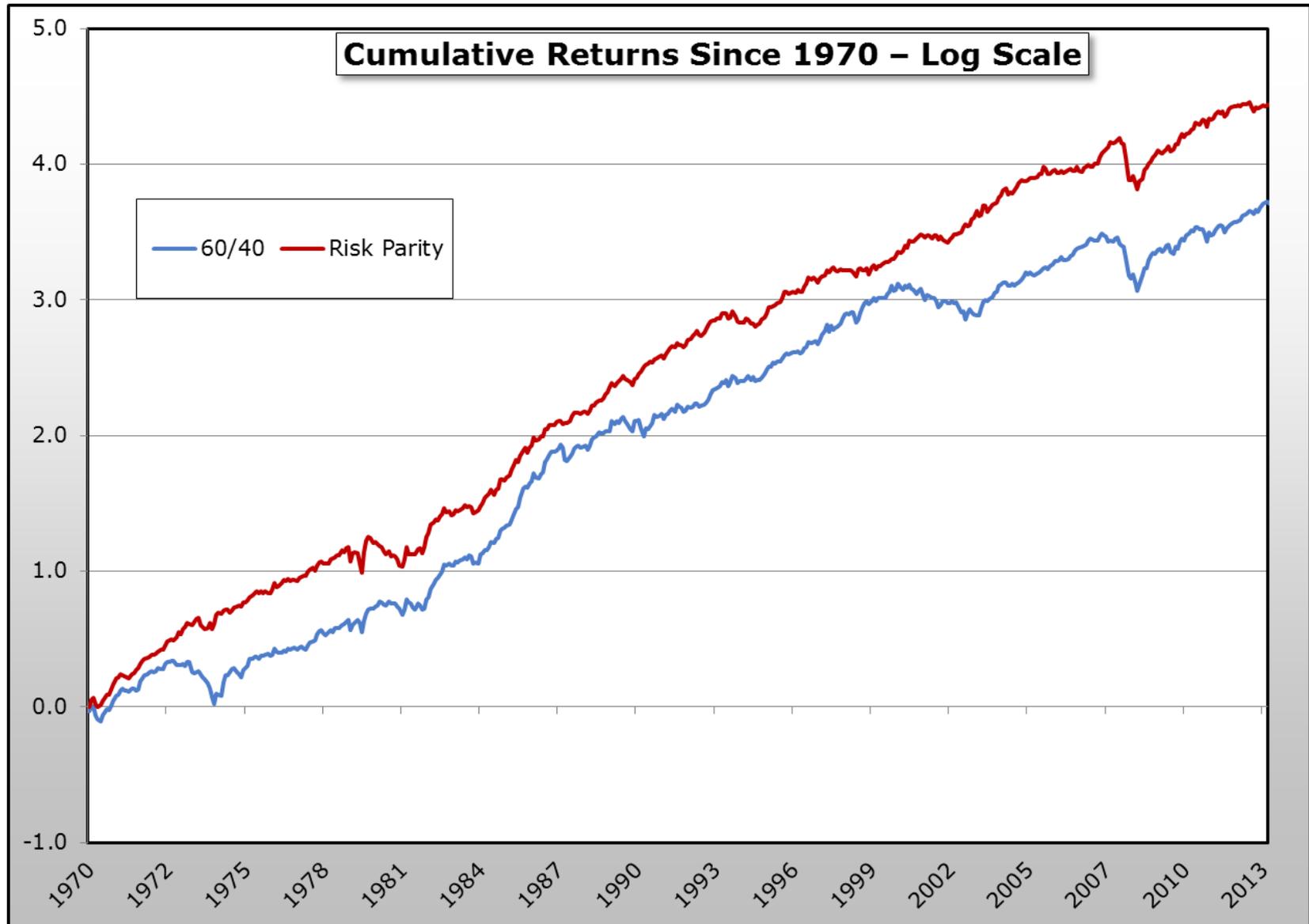


# Sample Risk Parity Asset Allocation

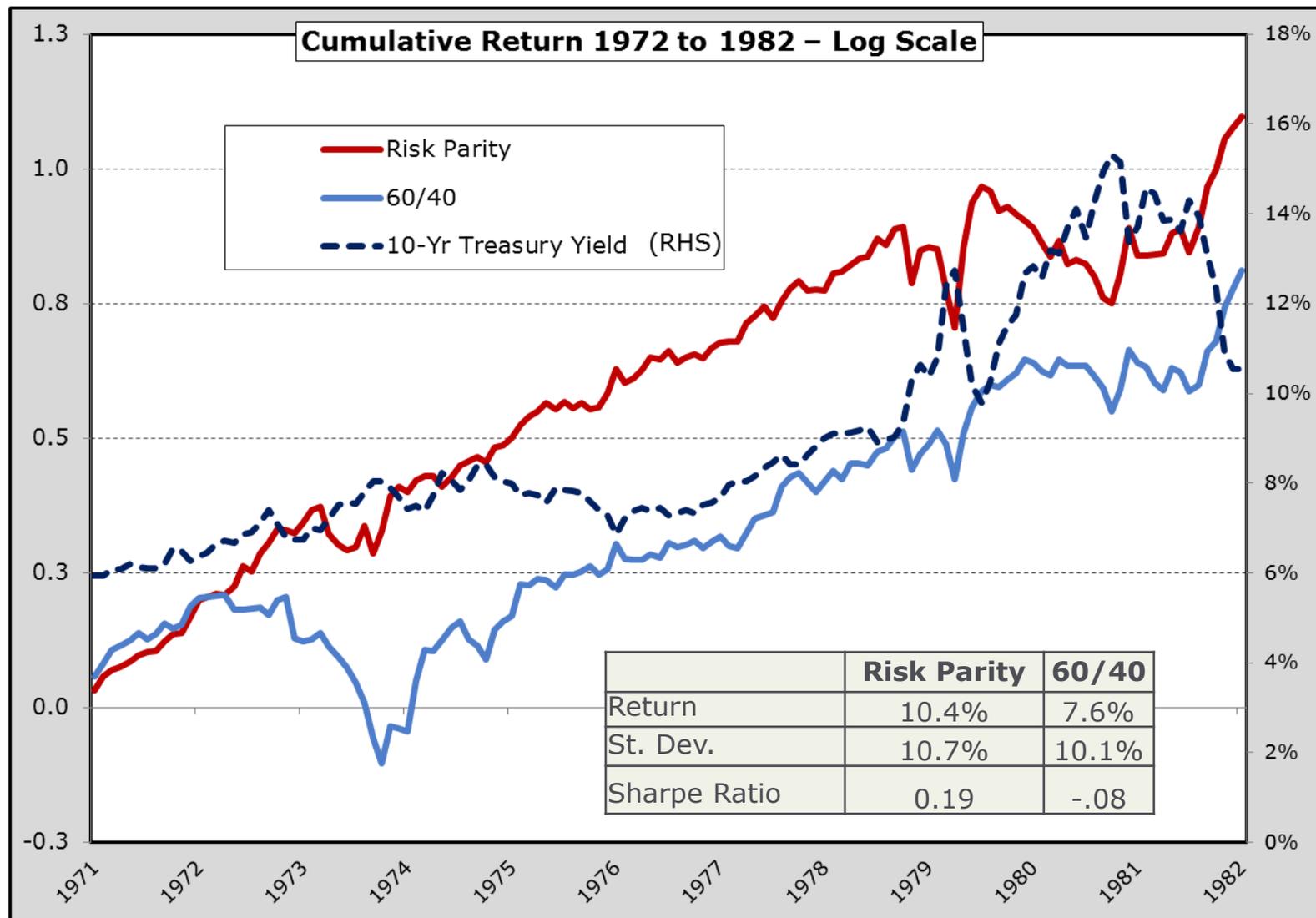


# Risk Parity Performance

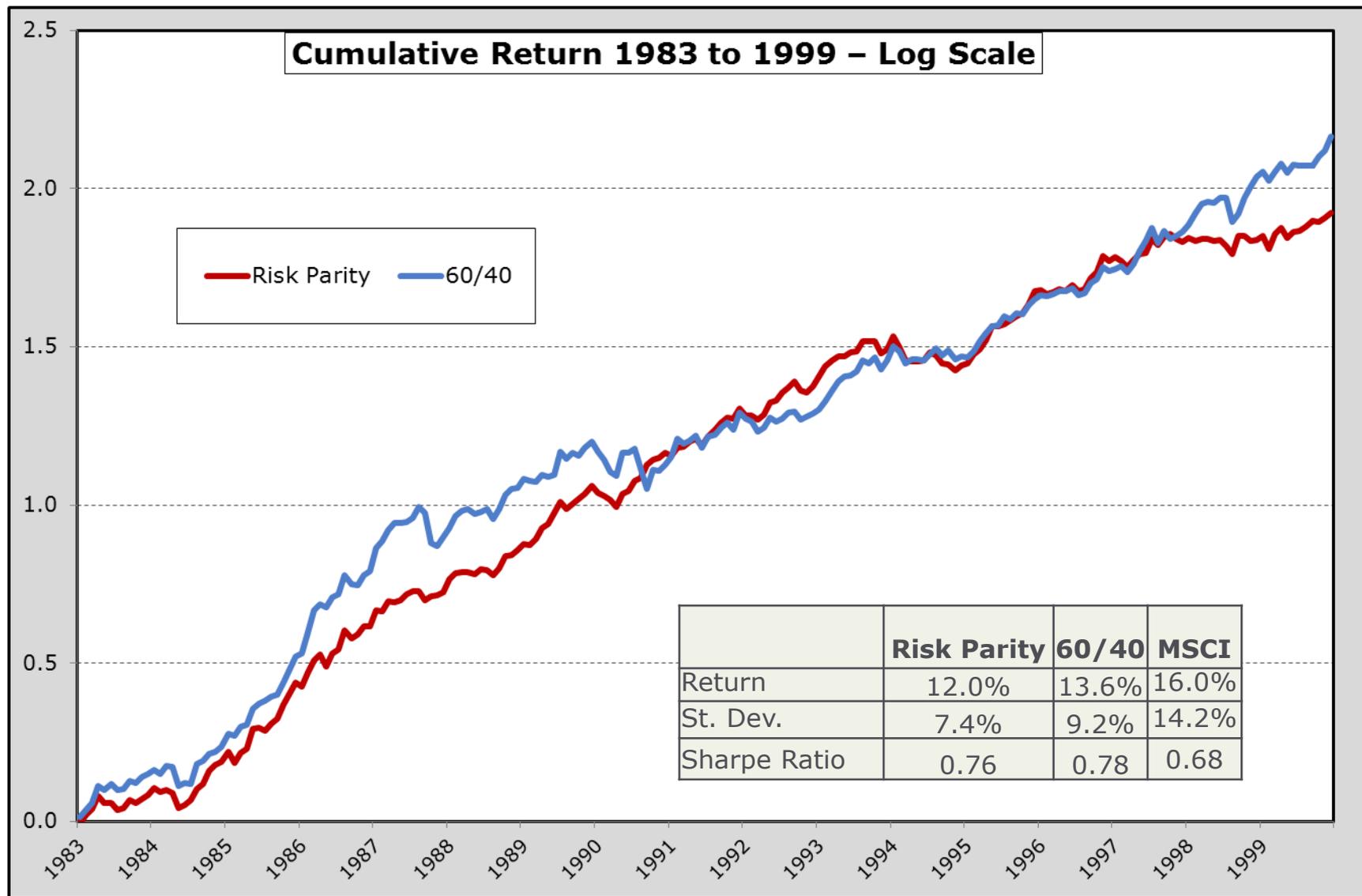
# How has Risk Parity Performed?



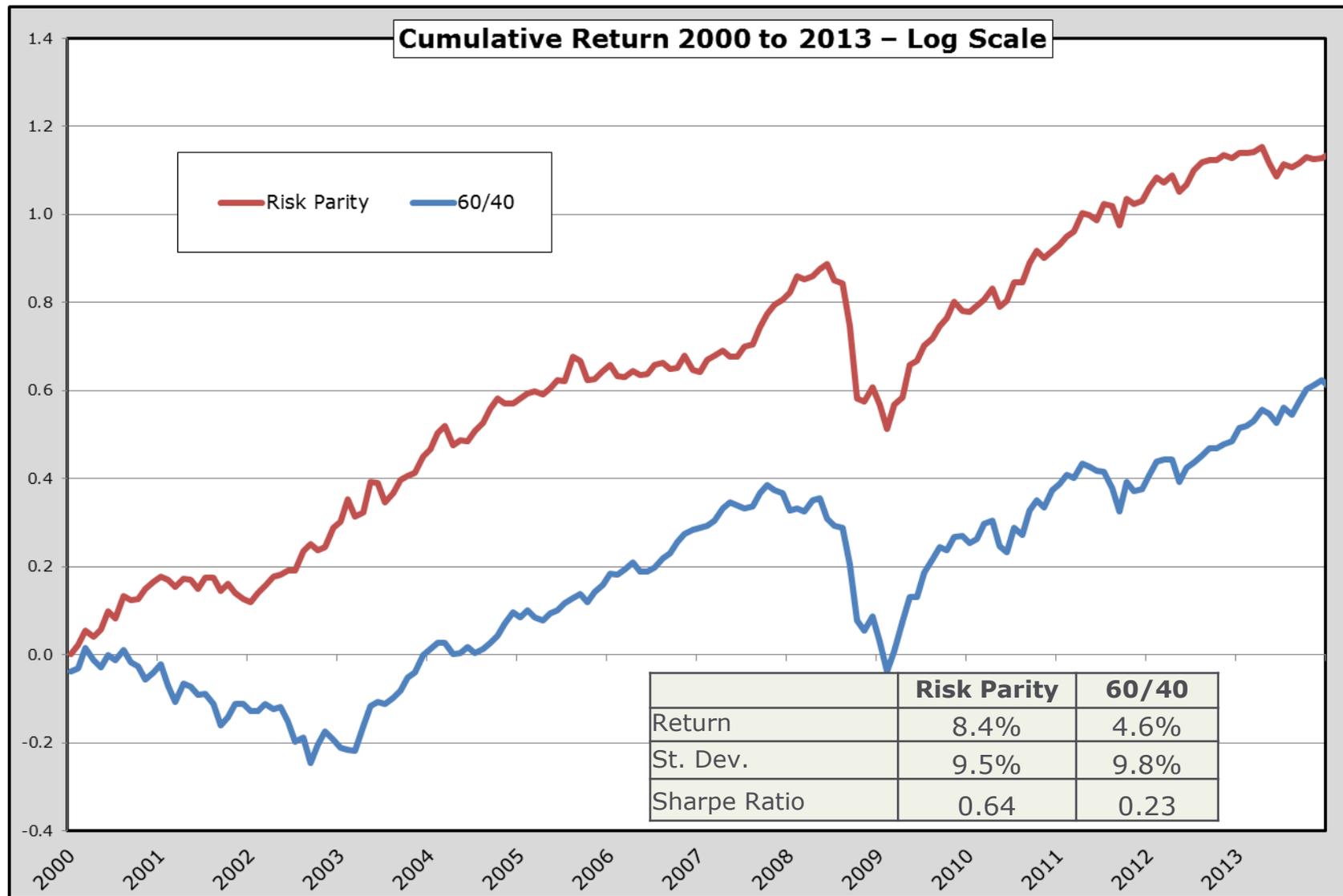
# How has Risk Parity Performed?



# How has Risk Parity Performed?

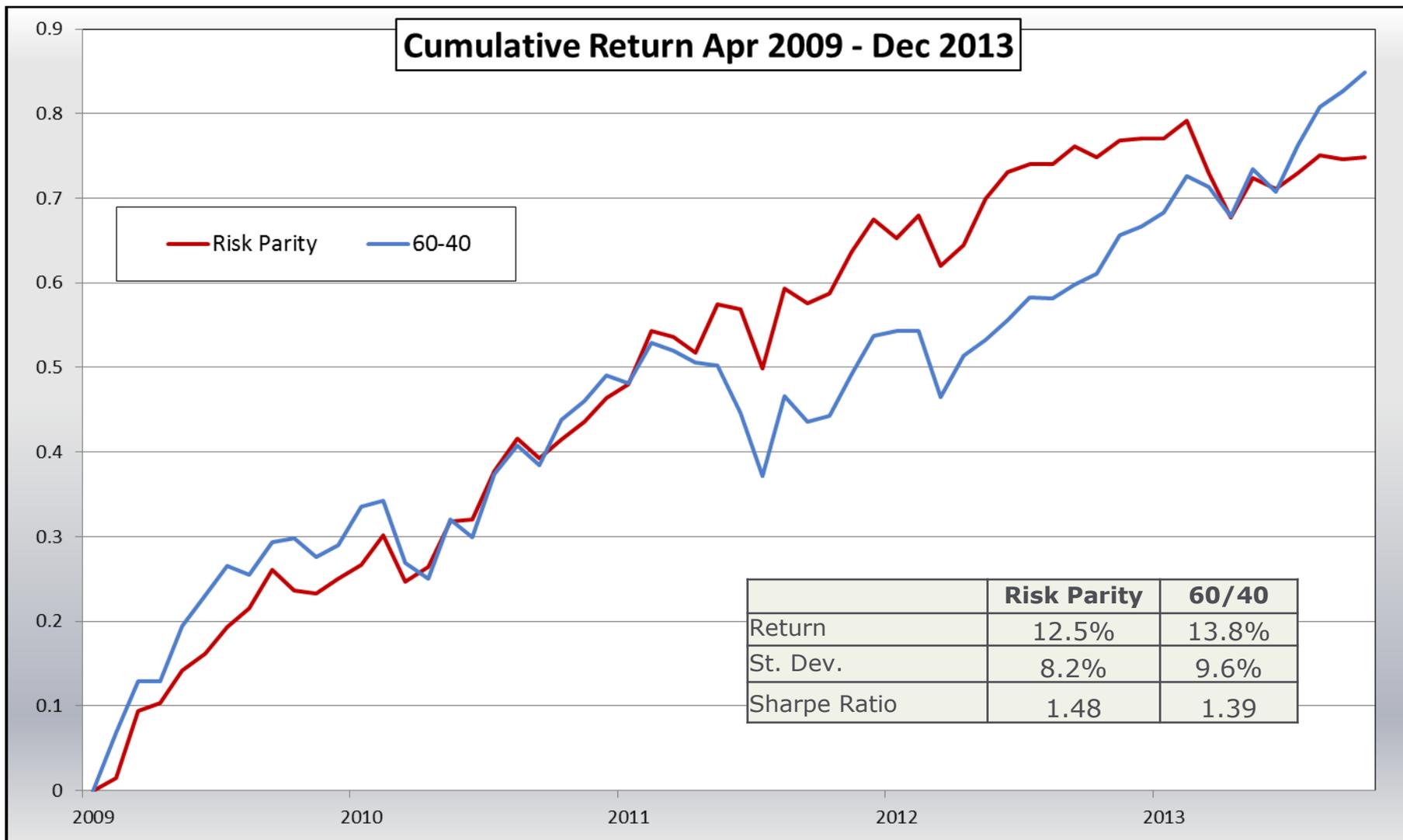


# How has Risk Parity Performed?



# How has Risk Parity Performed?

Cumulative Return Apr 2009 - Dec 2013



# Risk Parity Outlook

- **Questions to be asked of Risk Parity:**
  - What is the path of interest rate increases?
  - Interest rate increases in line with forward curve expectations?
  - Parallel shift higher for interest rate curve?
- **Are these the questions we should be asking of Risk Parity?**
  - Is Risk Parity dependent on a particular market regime for success?
- **A return to the original investment thesis may address concerns regarding Risk Parity and rising interest rates**

- **Risk Parity performance in a rising rate environment?**
  - Different environments may produce different results
- **Strong Global Growth: 60/40 likely to outperform Risk Parity**
  - Growth sensitive assets likely to perform well
  - Return impact from rising interest rates depends on level of the increase and forward curve expectations
  - Lag mitigated by Risk Parity's exposure to growth sensitive assets
- **Rising Inflation: Risk Parity likely to outperform 60/40**
  - Likely a challenging environment for stocks and bonds
  - Risk Parity's exposure to inflation-linked bonds, commodities inflation sensitive assets and risk balance would be beneficial
- **Surprise Fed Funds Increase: Inflation + strong global growth**
  - Surprise increase in Fed Funds Rate increases attractiveness of cash and reduces attractiveness of other risk premium
  - A challenging environment for all portfolios including Risk Parity

- **A core allocation providing balance for the portfolio**
- **Risk Parity's investment thesis remains intact**
- **Focus on interest rates ignores Risk Parity's overall benefits**
  - Reduces equity risk concentration
  - Sensitivity to inflationary market environments
  - Sensitivity to declining growth environments
- **An approach to efficiently take market risk-not a panacea**
- **Market pricing of rising rates offers cushion to nominal bond total return performance**
- **It is not just about bonds – Risk Parity's balance presents opportunity to perform well across diverse markets**