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| Patient:       | Male   |   |
|----------------|--|---|
| DOB:           | 07/17/02   |   |
| Ref. Doctor:   | BR referring doctor  |   |
| Scan Source:   | Imaging Center   |   |
| Study:         | CBCT; maxillary scan   |   |
| Study Date:    | 121/02/2010  |   |
| Report Date:   | 01/05/2010   |   |
| Study Purpose: | Impaction localizatio  | n   |
| DENTITION:     | Unerupted Teeth:   | Mixed dentition   |
|                | Impacted Teeth:  | #s 9 and 10.  |
|                | Supernumeraries:   | 3 supernumerary teeth were identified in the anterior region of the maxilla. They were illustrated a labeled sn1, sn 2 and sn 3 on the following page. Sn 1 was located lingual to the root of tooth # 8. Sn 2 and Sn 3 were located apical and lingual to tooth # f. Teeth #s and 10 were impacted and displaced distally. No root resorption was noted. |
| AIRWAY:        | The dimensions of the airway, posterior to the soft palate and tongue base, were small. Pharygeal tonsils and adenoids were encroaching upon the airway dimensions.  |   |
| SINUSES:       | The visible paranasal sinuses were fully aerated and without mucosal thickening, soft tissue masses or sinus wall defects. The ostiomeatal units were patent   |   |
| NOSE:          | No abnormalities noted.  |   |
| TMJs:          | <b>Osseous Components:</b> The condyles had a normal size and shape. The osseous components of the TMJs were smooth, rounded and without evidence of subchondral defects                                       |   |
|                | <b>Spatial Relationships:</b> When the mandible was in the closed position the condyles were located anterior and inferior to the center of their fossa. The resultant posterosuperior joint spaces were wide. |   |
| MAXILLA:       | Impacted teeth and supernumerary teeth as described above.   |   |

## IMPRESSIONS

TMJS: The structure and morphology of the osseous components of the TMJs were evaluated and the findings noted above were consistent with normal. The demonstrated closed mouth condyle/fossa spatial relationships were acquired (ie, condyles not seated in fossa).

Supernumerary/ Impacted Teeth: 3 supernumerary teeth were located in the anterior maxilla as described above and illustrated on the following page. Teeth #s 9 and 10 were impacted and displaced distally and superiorly.

Airway: The small airway dimensions may be risk factors for obstructive sleep disordered breathing.

Sincerely,

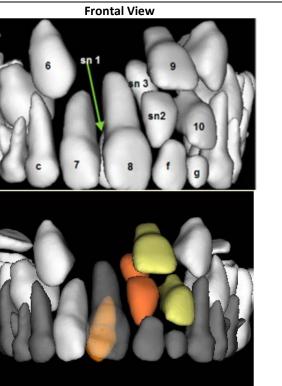
BeamReader Doctor **Oral & Maxillofacial Radiologist** 

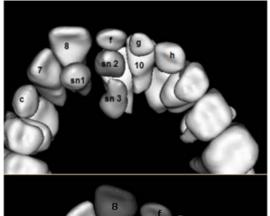


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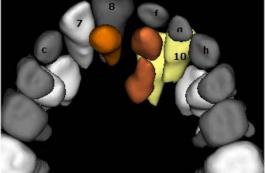
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Patient: Male



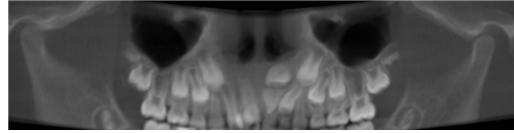


Inferior view



3 supernumerary teeth labeled sn1, sn2 and sn3 Supernumerary teeth- orange Impacted teeth- yellow

Panoramic



Normal sinuses