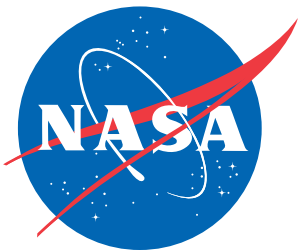


CASE STUDY

NASA

A look inside the Mars Exploration Program



Case Study at Glance

- NASA's mission to Mars is powered by a complex set of intersecting datasets from a number of disciplines.
- The challenge for NASA engineers lies in navigating largely disconnected and siloed datasets across complex systems to make mission-critical decisions.
- Implementing Stardog's Enterprise Knowledge Platform has provided the systems engineering and integration community with a unified view across the various engineering disciplines.
- Since implementing Stardog, NASA engineers have saved countless hours assembling the answers they need from interconnected data. What took weeks to compile now takes seconds--minutes, at most.

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The Challenge

NASA is pushing the frontiers of human adventure in space through the Mars Exploration Program. Over the past decades, NASA and its partners have launched orbiters, landers, and rovers to increase our knowledge of the Red Planet. Cumulative discoveries and advancing technologies have resulted in high-resolution images, precision landings, and long-ranging surface mobility¹. The journey to Mars is underway, striving toward a goal of sending humans to the Red Planet by the 2030s.

Life on Mars and the possibility of encountering Martians has long been a subject of popular imagination, filling the pages of novels, comics, and screenplays. Envisioning the sheer volume and complexity of the relationship between datasets involved in turning spacefaring into reality, however, can baffle even the most imaginative minds.

Consider the the number of disciplines that overlap on the Mars Mission project: everything from software and hardware engineering to manufacturing, logistics, safety, and operations. These disciplines all have intersecting datasets, and each dataset may have tens to hundreds of thousands of objects. The challenge lies in navigating largely disconnected and siloed datasets across complex systems in order to make mission-critical decisions. Stardog's Knowledge Graph Platform was conceived with this challenge in mind: How do you query massive, disparate, heterogeneous data regardless of structure? More on this when we discuss the solution, but first let's take a closer look at what was at stake for NASA engineers.

NASA engineers must consider the requirements of a particular system or subsystem in light of their impact on the requirements of related systems, and trace those intersections in order to verify all requirements have been met. For example, the requirement, "Humans must be able to tolerate the vibrations of the rocket," must link to a Hazard Record that specifies, "If you shake astronauts too much, they may become unconscious or critically injured," to form

¹ [NASA's Journey to Mars](#)

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The Challenge (cont.)

the basis of a complex mathematical model that verifies the precise calibration of acceptable vibration and thereby mitigates the hazard.

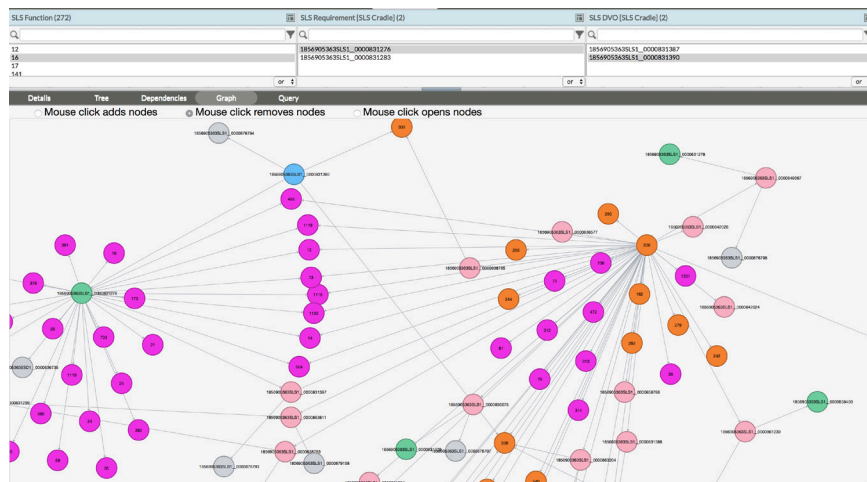
To determine the impact a slight change in acceptable vibration has on humans, and even on downstream requirements like schedule and cost, NASA engineers took weeks to pull the relevant data manually from each dataset, analyze and qualify it, and then to create a report. Before any changes could be made, a review board examined the report. If anyone from the board asked a new question, or if the scope of the exercise changed in any way, the NASA engineers had to go back to the drawing board and repeat the whole process. Every question created an entirely new project that needed its own complex assessment. The review cycle was long and costly, and NASA engineers spent lots of valuable time wrestling with the data. Change became costlier and riskier due to the connectedness and complexity of the data.

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The Solution

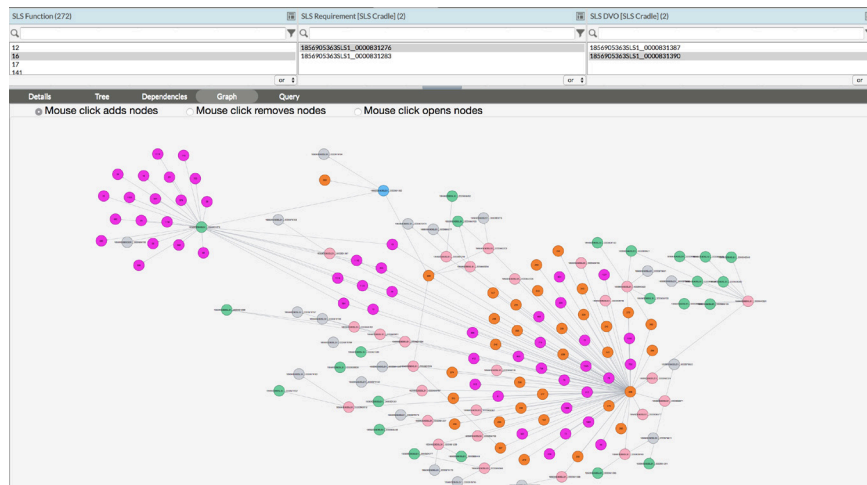
Dismantling the silos between disparate systems was not a realistic option given the expense, time, and government regulations required. The NASA Human Exploration and Operations Mission Directorate (HEOMD), Exploration Systems Division (ESD) decided to implement Stardog's Enterprise Knowledge Platform to provide the systems engineering and integration community with a *unified view across the various engineering disciplines*.

Stardog's Knowledge Graph Platform allows NASA to manage, query, and analyze data at scale. The Knowledge Graph creates an abstract layer of knowledge over disparate data systems and organizes and represents information using entities (nodes) and relationships between those entities (edges). Stardog further uses machine learning to enable predictive analytics and extract patterns from the data in order to make intelligent predictions based on those patterns. This power of inference, ability to spot patterns, and surface hidden relationships can be the engine behind risk analysis, fraud detection, recommendation systems, and many more.



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The Solution (cont.)



Stardog helps find the intersection of requirement (cluster on the left) to the math model (cluster on the right) and all the relationships they share.

At NASA, Stardog currently supports a Knowledge Graph that knows about Space Launch System (SLS), Orion, and Enterprise Ground Systems (EGS). Thus it performs systems engineering tasks such as closure of requirements, verification, and validation, as well as gap analysis and various data products reporting.

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The Solution (cont.)

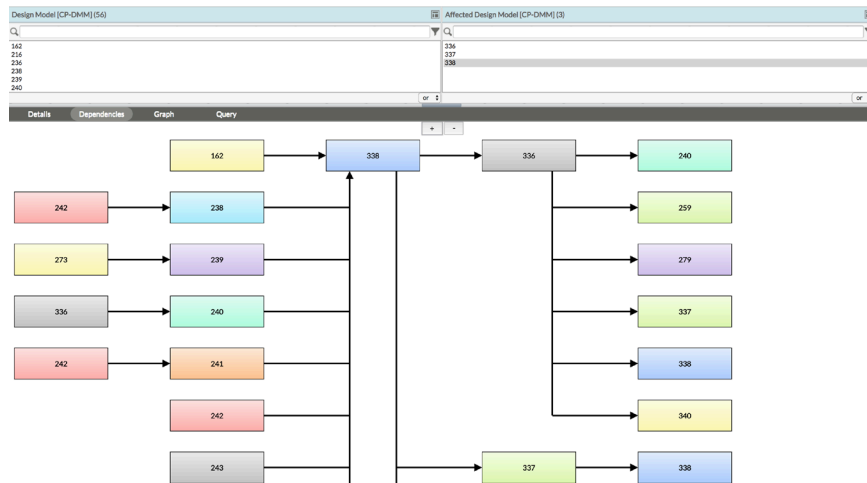
Table 1 summarizes the key datasets included in the Knowledge Graph.

Dataset Knowledge Graph	Description
Program requirements, including verification and validation (V&V)	Each requirement pairs with a verification and validation. For example, the “Human Air requirement” is verified by the measure of the oxygen in the capsule and validated by the actual flight of the capsule.
Design math models	Complex math calculations link to each requirement, such as the measure of allowable acoustic vibrations.
Hazard records	These records include cause, control, and verification. An example such as “High acoustic vibrations might be fatal,” links to the structures necessary to prevent it.
Cross program data product inventories	An interface between SLS and Orion allowing for dependencies to be charted across the programs
Systems Engineering function datasets	Each function links with its subcomponents. For example, a rocket links to a booster, an avionics system, and a guidance, navigation, and control system.
Design Constraints	Each subcomponent links to its own design constraints. For example, the booster in a rocket has certain calculable limitations.
Monitored Conditions	Subcomponents such as the temperature of batteries must be monitored, and have specific systems built for monitoring this condition.

NASA CASE STUDY

The Solution (cont.)

In addition, NASA uses Pelorus, a Stardog-based faceted data navigation tool. Pelorus uses faceted navigation to provide a quick browse and navigation capability across 36 data facets or types. With Pelorus, a NASA engineer can find a requirement verification, associated hazard, intersection with a math model, and associated monitoring condition in seconds without needing to write a single query, manually navigating silos, run exports, or integrate data by hand.



Dependency analysis in Pelorus, showing the relationship of model records. Each relationship highlights who needs to attend a review to assess downstream impact.

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The Solution (cont.)

Stardog's Knowledge Graph goes beyond highlighting associations between datasets and within the data; it brings powerful features to power NASA's Mars Mission Program:

- **Data virtualization speeds time to insight**
Stardog's virtual graph and rich data services provide access to data without changing existing NASA processes or its ability to select best-of-breed tools.
- **Reusable data modeling creates insight**
Stardog uses declarative graph modeling and rules to knit together the data relationships and overcome limits in the source systems. The modeling includes Stardog Rules for describing and optimizing specific relationships in the graph. Declarative graph modeling also enables traceability of individual data sources in order to compare and verify data pedigrees.
- **Data quality and assurance without writing code**
Integrity Constraint Validation is built into the platform and flags potential errors and gaps in the Knowledge Graph, sometimes highlighting problems within a specific data source.
- **AI and ML create contextual knowledge & data lineage**
Stardog combines the power of graphs with a knowledge toolkit fusing machine learning, reasoning, and rules for contextualized insight of all the data. SPARQL and PATH queries support a broader range of graph queries and analysis of complex reports.
- **NASA-grade operations workflow**
Stardog is fully integrated into the NASA operations workflow with backup, restore, and single sign-on capability, in conjunction with Pelorus.

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The Results

Since implementing Stardog, NASA engineers have saved countless hours assembling the answers they need from interconnected data. What took weeks to compile now takes seconds--minutes, at most.

NASA engineers can ask new questions, explore data, and examine the connectedness of data and the impact of changes throughout the mission from the earliest flight modeling stages to launch and beyond. With Stardog providing complete traceability of data, issues within data sources come to light that would have been impossible to spot manually.

“Stardog enables you to be able to browse through the data and all these relationships. That’s the story of DCR2 - because they could browse through this live, they could assess the gaps and tell the story. It’s an 8 to 1 savings to 10 to 1 savings. It’s not only less overhead, it’s much better job satisfaction and getting the knowledge in hand that you lacked before.”

– Andrew Schain, Program Data Integration Manager, Exploration Systems Division, NASA

According to NASA, the next tangible frontier for human exploration is an achievable goal.
At Stardog, we are proud to support the Mission to Mars.

Want to get started with Stardog? Sign up for a free trial today.