



Checklist

Guarding of Farm Equipment

For:

Conducted by:

Date:

This checklist covers regulations issued by OSHA under the agricultural standard 29 CFR 1928.57. It applies to hazards associated with moving machinery parts of farm field equipment and farmstead equipment. This checklist does not address the regulations dealing with cotton gins. If cotton gins are encountered, consult 29 CFR 1928.57.

General Guidelines

YES NO

<p>Have operating instructions been provided at the time of initial assignment and at least annually thereafter to all who come in contact with covered equipment? Do instructions discuss the safe operation and servicing of all farm equipment and include at least the following practices?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Keep all guards in place when the machine is in operation. b) Permit no riders on farm field equipment other than those required for instruction or assistance in machine operation. c) Stop engine, disconnect the power source and wait for all machine movement to stop before servicing, adjusting, cleaning or unclogging the equipment. d) Make sure everyone is clear of machinery before starting the engine, engaging power or operating the machine. e) Lock out electrical power before performing maintenance or service work on farmstead equipment. 	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Have all workers been protected against contact with the hazards created by moving machine parts by either of the following methods?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Through the installation and use of a guard or shield or guarding by location b) By a guardrail or fence whenever a guard or shield or guarding by location is not possible 	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>When guards are used to provide protection required by this section, are they designed and located to protect against contact with the hazard being guarded?</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Unless otherwise specified, is each guard and its support capable of withstanding the force that a 250-pound person, leaning on or falling against the guard, would exert on that guard?</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Are all guards free from burrs, sharp edges and sharp corners, and securely fastened to the equipment or building?</p>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<p>Whenever a moving machinery part presents a hazard during servicing or maintenance, is the engine stopped, the power source disconnected, and all machine movement stopped before servicing or maintenance is performed?</p> <p>Note: Exceptions to this requirement are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) The equipment must be running to be properly serviced or maintained. b) The equipment cannot be serviced or maintained while a guard or guards required by this standard are in place. 	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

c) The servicing or maintenance can be safely performed.		
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Farm Field Equipment	YES	NO
Are all power take-off shafts, including rear-, mid- and side- mounted shafts, guarded either by a master shield or by other protective guarding?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Are all tractors equipped with an agricultural tractor master shield on the rear power take-off, except when the design of the power take-off driven equipment requires removal of the shield?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Does the master shield have sufficient strength to prevent permanent deformation of the shield when a 250-pound operator mounts or dismounts the tractor using the shield as a step?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Is power take-off-driven equipment guarded to protect against employee contact with positively driven rotating members of the power-drive system, including the portion of the tractor power take-off shaft that protrudes from the tractor if the master shield is removed?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Do signs placed at prominent locations on tractors and power take-off-driven equipment specify that power take-off-driven system safety shields must be kept in place?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Is the mesh or nip points of all power-driven gears, belts, chains, sheaves, pulleys, sprockets and idlers guarded?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Are all revolving shafts, including projections such as bolts, keys or set screws guarded, except smooth shaft ends protruding less than one-half the outside diameter of the shaft and its locking means?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Are ground-driven components guarded?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Are the following components, which must be exposed for proper function, guarded as much as possible in a manner that will not interfere with normal functioning of the component? choppers, snapping or husking rolls, straw spreaders and choppers, cutterbars, flail rotors, rotary beaters, mixing augers, feed rolls, conveying augers, rotary tillers, rotary beaters, mixing augers, feed rolls, conveying augers, grain spreaders, stirring augers, sweep augers and feed augers	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Are guards, shields and access doors in place when equipment is in operation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
If removal of a guard or access door will expose a person to any component that continues to rotate after the power is disengaged, has the employer provided, in the immediate area, the following? a) A readily visible or audible warning of rotation b) A safety sign warning the worker to: i. Look and listen for evidence of rotation, and ii. Not remove the guard or access door until all components have stopped.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Farmstead Equipment	YES	NO
Are all power take-off shafts, including rear-, mid- and side-mounted shafts, guarded either by a master shield or other protective guarding?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Is power take-off-driven equipment guarded to protect against contact with positively driven rotating members of the power-drive system?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
If power take-off-driven equipment is of a design requiring removal of the tractor master shield, does the equipment also include protection for that portion of the tractor take-off shaft that protrudes from the tractor?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Are signs placed at prominent locations on power take-off-driven equipment specifying that power-driven system safety shields must be kept in place?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Are all revolving shafts, including projections such as bolts, keys and set screws, guarded?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Are sweep-arm material-gathering mechanisms used on top surfaces of materials within silo structures guarded?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Is the lower or leading edge of the guard located no more than 12 inches above the material surface and no less than 6 inches in front of the leading edge of a rotating member of the gathering mechanism?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Is the guard parallel to, and extended to the fullest practical length of, the material-gathering mechanism?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Is exposed auger flighting on portable grain augers guarded with either grating type guards or solid baffle-style covers as follows? a) The largest dimension or opening in grating-type guards through which materials are required to flow shall be 4 ¾ inches. The area of each opening shall be no larger than 10 square inches. The opening shall be located no closer to the rotating flighting than 2 ½ inches. b) Slotted openings in solid baffle-style covers shall be no wider than 1 ½ inches or closer than 3 ½ inches to the exposed flighting.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Are guards, shields and access doors in place when the equipment is in operation?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Is the application of electrical power from a location not under the immediate and exclusive control of the person maintaining or servicing the equipment prevented by one of the following methods? a) Providing an exclusive, positive locking means on the main switch that can be operated only by the worker or workers performing the maintenance or servicing b) In the case of material handling equipment located in a bulk storage structure, by physically locating on the equipment an electrical or mechanical means to disconnect the power	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Are all circuit protection devices (including those that are an integral part of a motor) of the manual reset type, except in the following cases? a) The employer can establish that because of the nature of the operation, distances involved and the amount of time normally spent by workers in the area of the affected equipment, use of the manual reset device would not be possible. b) An electrical disconnect switch is available to employees within 15 feet of the equipment on which maintenance or service is being performed. c) A sign is prominently posted near each hazardous component warning the employee that unless the electrical disconnect switch is used, the motor could automatically reset while the employee is working on the hazardous component.	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention