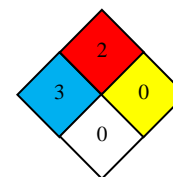


# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Global Harmonized System



HMIS

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier <b>TRC695, TRC698, TRC699</b>		[HMIS Classification] Health - 3 Flammability - 2 Physical Hazard - 0	
Product Use The most common uses for this product are for the production of cutting oils, specialty soaps, and chain terminators.			
Manufacturer's Name Twin Rivers Technologies		Supplier's Name Twin Rivers Technologies	
Street Address 780 Washington Street		Street Address 780 Washington Street	
City Quincy	Province MA	City Quincy	Province MA
Postal Code 02169	Emergency Telephone 617-413-5339	Postal Code 02169	Emergency Telephone 617-413-5339
Date SDS Prepared Sept 29, 2017		SDS Prepared By Twin Rivers Technologies	Phone Number 617-472-9200

## 2. GHS HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION


**GHS06, H311 Toxic in contact with skin**

**GHS05, H314 May causes severe skin burns and eye damage**

**European Hazard Classification:** This product is classified as C – Corrosive, Xi – Irritant; R34 – Causes burns, R38 – irritating to eyes and skin

- **Emergency Overview:** **DANGER: CORROSIVE**  
**CAUTION:** Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- **Potential Health Effects:**
  - Eye: May cause severe or permanent damage
  - Skin: causes burns
  - Inhalation: May elicit pulmonary irritation if mist or vapors are formed.  
May cause coughing or difficult breathing.
  - Ingestion: Causes burns to mucous membranes

If product is heated, vaporization can occur. Eye, skin, and upper respiratory irritation may occur.

- **Physical/Chemical Hazards:** None identified
- **Environmental Hazards:** None identified.

## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Substance/Preparation (mixture):** Substance

Name	CAS No.	Wt/Wt %	EC No.	EC Symbols	EC R-phrases
Caproic Fatty Acids, C6	142-62-1	90 - 100	2055507	C, Xi	R34, R38

Occupational exposure limits, if applicable, are listed in Section 8.  
LC/LD50 information is listed in Section 11.



**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

- Handling: Handle in accordance with good hygiene and safety procedures. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Prevent formation of dust. Wash thoroughly after handling. Since empty containers contain product residue and can be dangerous, follow all hazard warnings and precautions even after container is emptied. Keep away from sources of ignition.
- Storage: Keep away from possible contact with incompatible substances. Store in acid resistant vessels such as stainless steel, aluminum, or steel coated with resin lining such as Lithcote LC-19 or Kanigen. Do not store near sources of ignition.
- Specific use(s): Follow bulk handling and storage procedures as noted above.

Refer to Section 6 for clean-up of spillages.  
 Refer to Section 13 for disposal considerations.

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**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

- General Precautions: Good industrial hygiene should be followed. Avoid breathing (heated) vapors. Avoid eye and skin contact.
- Exposure Limit Values: Not established
- Exposure Controls:
  - Engineering Controls:
    - Ventilation: Local exhaust: preferred  
 Mechanical: may be necessary if working at elevated temperatures or in enclosed areas.
  - Personal Protective Equipment:
    - Eye: Goggles or face shield with goggles, dependent upon potential exposure.
    - Skin: Protective gloves: Rubber or plastic  
 Dependent upon degree of potential exposure, additional personal protective equipment may be required, such as chemical boots and full protective clothing.
    - Inhalation: None required for ambient temperature, although an appropriate NIOSH/MSHA approved air-purifying respirator should be used if a mist, vapor or dust is generated. A NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus or air-supplied respirator is recommended if the concentration exceeds the capacity of cartridge respirator. WARNING: Air purifying respirators do not protect workers in oxygen-deficient atmospheres.
  - Other Controls: Boots, eye wash fountain, safety shower, apron, protective clothing.
- Environmental Exposure Controls: Contact Twin Rivers Technologies for specific Community information.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## • General Information:

Physical State at 72° F (22° C):	Liquid
Appearance:	Water white to light yellow
Odor:	Musty, pungent
Odor Threshold:	Not available

## • Important health, safety and environmental information:

pH:	3 – 4 (non-aqueous)
Boiling point/Boiling range:	>450°F (>232°C) @ 760 mm Hg (101.3kPa)
Flash Point & Method:	275° F (135° C) PMCC
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available
Explosive properties:	Not available
Oxidising properties:	Not available
Vapor pressure:	@ 72° F (22° C) < 1 mm Hg
Relative density:	0.9 @ 72°F/22° C
Freezing point:	Not available
Solubility:	Water solubility: Negligible @ 72° F (22° C) Fat solubility (solvent-oil to be specified): Not available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not available
Viscosity:	Not available
Vapor density:	Not available
Evaporation Rate (nBuOAc=1):	Not available
Explosive Limits:	Not available
Auto ignition temperature:	Not available
Coefficient of water/oil distribution:	Not available

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

• Stability:	Stable under normal operational procedures.
• Conditions to Avoid:	None identified.
• Materials to Avoid:	Avoid strong oxidizing agents.
• Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Does not decompose up to 400° F (204° C). Thermal decomposition or burning may produce carbon monoxide and/or carbon dioxide.
• Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION****TOXICITY DATA**

LD50 skin, rabbit  
LD50 oral, rat

**HEXANOIC ACID**

630 mg/kg  
3000 mg/kg

**OCTANOIC ACID**

>5g/kg  
> 10g/kg

**IRRITATION DATA**

Skin, rabbit  
Eye, rabbit

**HEXANOIC ACID**

10 mg/24H OPEN MLD  
695 ug SEV

**OCTANOIC ACID**

Corrosive  
Corrosive

**Acute Oral Toxicity (Rats)**

The LD50 for albino rats was 12.6 gm/kg of body weight.

**Eye Irritation (Rabbits)**

Undiluted Hexanoic/Octanoic Acid with no rinsing of the eyes produced severe ocular damage whereas rinsing the eyes with water after instillation of the test material reduced involvement to mild to moderate but transient irritation.

**Eye Irritation (Monkeys)**

Undiluted Hexanoic/Octanoic Acid, with no rinsing of the eyes with water after instillation, produced superficial corneal effects and rather severe congestion of the conjunctiva. All eyes were normal within nine days after instillation of the test material.

**Skin Irritation (Four-Hour Test)\***

	Primary Irritation Index	Degree of Irritancy
Rabbits	4.5	Moderate
Guinea Pigs	0.5	Slight
Humans	2.3	Moderate

**H311 Toxic in contact with skin****H314 May causes severe skin burns and eye damage**

\* "Interspecies Comparisons of Skin Irritancy", by G. A. Nixon, C. A. Tyson and W.C. Wertz;  
Tox. & Appld. Pharm. 31: 481-490 (1975)

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****HEXANOIC ACID**

Fathead minnow	96h LC50	88 mg/l
Red killifish	LC50: in seawater	235 mg/l
	in freshwater	80 mg/l
Daphnia magna	24h LC50	22 mg/l
Gammarus	96h LC50	235 mg/l

**Octanoic acid:**

Daphnia magna	24h EC50:	550 mg/l
Leuciscus idus	48h LC50:	173 mg/l
Red killifish	96h LC50: in seawater	105 mg/l
	in freshwater	57 mg/l
Bluegill sunfish	96h LC50:	39.9 mg/l

**Algae:**

Nitzschia closterium	72h EC50:	144 mg/l
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**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

DISPOSAL IS TO BE PERFORMED IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE/PROVINCIAL AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. Do not dispose of via sinks, drains or into the immediate environment.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**U.S. DOT:** Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s. (Hexanoic and octanoic acid), 8, UN2829, III

**Land Transport (ADR/RID)**

Class/Packaging group	8/III
Hazard ID No.	80
UN No.	2829
Proper Shipping name	Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s (Hexanoic and octanoic acid)

**Sea Transport (IMDG)**

Class/Packaging group	8/III
UN No.	2829
EmS	8-15
MFAG	760 + Subsection 4.3

Proper Shipping Name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.  
(Hexanoic and octanoic acid)  
Marine Pollutant No  
**Air transport (ICAO/IATA)**  
UN No. 3265  
Class/Packing group 8/III  
Proper shipping name Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.  
(Hexanoic acid, Octanoic acid)

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## 15. ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION

**INVENTORY STATUS:** Listed on TSCA, EINECS, NDSL (Canada)\*, Korea, Philippines, China  
\* NOTE: All components are listed on DSL.

### EC LABELING AND CLASSIFICATION:

According to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC

- Symbol:	C	Contains hexanoic and octanoic acids
	Xi	Corrosive
- Risk phrase(s):	R34	Irritant
	R38	Causes burns.
- Safety phrase(s):	S36/37/39	irritating to eyes and skin
	S26	Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves, eye/face protection
	S28	In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
	S45	After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of soap and water.
		In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

### Canada

#### **HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS – WHMIS (Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System)**

This product when tested as a whole is considered a controlled substance, Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B (skin and eye irritant, toxic) within the meaning of the Hazardous Products Act.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

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## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

US OSHA Labeling:

CAUTION: Can cause severe burns  
Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

In case of contact:

EYES- Immediately flush with plenty of water.  
Get medical attention.

SKIN- Wash with soap and plenty of water. Wash clothing before reuse.  
Discard contaminated shoes.

References:

SAX'S DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS,  
9th Edition, Edited by Richard J. Lewis

V. R. Mattson, et al, "Acute toxicity of selected organic compounds to fathead minnows," EPA-600/3-76-097, Oct. 1976.

K. Verschueren. Handbook of environmental data on organic chemicals, 3rd ed. (1998).

Acute toxicity and irritation studies on a series of fatty acids.

J. Am. Oil Chem. Soc., 56(1979), p.760A.

BIBRA toxicity profile (1988) n-Octanoic acid.  
BIBRA toxicity profile (1996) n-Decanoic acid.

Stillman, M.A. et al, Relative Irritancy of Free Fatty Acids of Different Chain Length. Contact Dermatitis, 1, 65 (1975).

Swisher, R.D., Surfactant Biodegradation, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1970.

“Interspecies Comparisons of Skin Irritancy”, by G.A. Nixon, C.A. Tyson and W.C. Wertz; Tox. & Appl. Pharm. 31: 481-490 (1975).

“Safety Studies on a Series of Fatty Acids”, by G.B. Briggs, R.L. Doyle and J.A. Young; Amer. Ind. Hyg. Assoc. J.; 251-253 (April 1976).

The submission of the SDS may be required by law, but this is not an assertion that the substance is hazardous when used in accordance with proper safety practices and normal handling procedures. Data supplied are for use only in connection with occupational safety and health.

The information contained herein has been compiled from sources considered by Twin Rivers Technologies to be dependable and is accurate to the best of the Company's knowledge. The information relates to the specific product designated herein, and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or any other process. Twin Rivers Technologies assumes no responsibility for injury to the recipient or third persons, or for any damage to any property resulting from misuse of the controlled product.

**Safety Data Sheet is in compliance with OSHA/EPA/EU Standards and Requirements**

**CHEMTREC (24HR Emergency Telephone), call: 1-800-424-9300**  
**International CHEMTREC, call: 1-703-527-3887**