TEN MENTAL HEALTH





Susanne Leslie, Presenter

- Proud mother of a University of Minnesota Golden Gopher, and a University of Wisconsin Badger
- Loves anything and everything outdoors during all four Minnesota seasons
- Former parent educator
- Has been with Learners Edge for eleven years
- Lead Curriculum & Instruction Specialist at Learners Edge





Sarah Johnson, M.S., L.P.C., Panelist

- Mental Health Director
 - licensed professional counselor (LPC) with over 20 years experience working in the prevention, youth development and counseling field
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- LA CROSSE AREA FAMILY YMCA
 - www.laxymca.org

The Y: We're for youth development, healthy living and social responsibility



What we will cover today

- Mental Health 101
- Statistics
- Warning Signs
- Substance abuse and mental health
- Bullying and mental health
- Suicide

- Myths and Stigma
- Self-care
- Resources



NEW YEAR'S

resolution:

PUT YOUR MENTAL HEALTH FIRST.



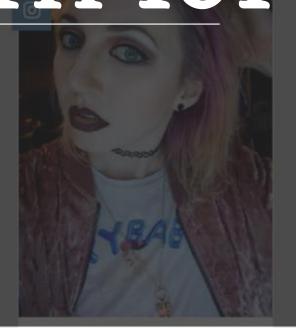


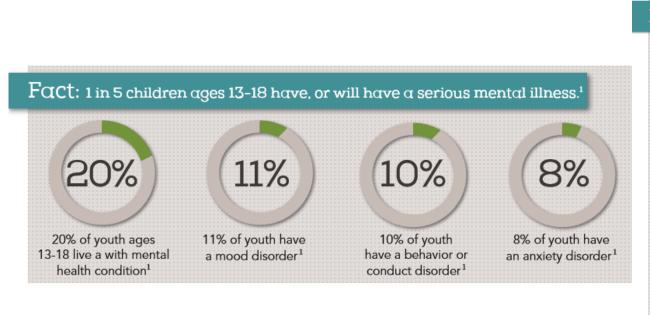
www.mentalhealthamerica.net/feelslike

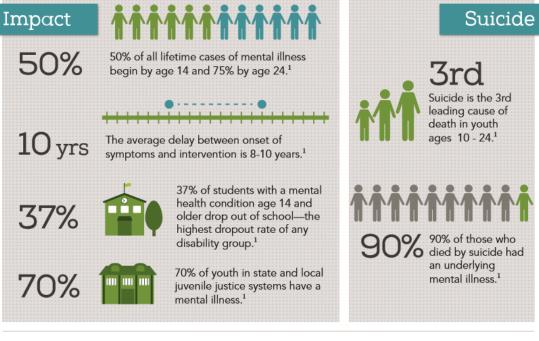
Share now anonymously.

and further, it's taken all of my strength to keep my chin above sinking. But this week I've opened up to new people and felt valued by those I hold close. There's always going to be some sort of battle going on in my head - I think the key is to not make myself face it alone. Happy

Friday, lovelies







TEEN MENTAL HEALTH FACTS

YOUTH MENTAL HEALTH IS WORSENING AND ACCESS TO CARE IS LIMITED

LEARNERS Dedicated to learning



SEVERE YOUTH DEPRESSION **HAVE INCREASED**

OVER 1.7 YOUTH WITH MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODES RECEIVE TREATMENT



THAT'S ENOUGH TO FILL **EVERY MAJOR LEAGUE** BASEBALL STADIUM ON THE EAST COAST **TWICE**



WARNING SIGNS

Warning Signs



Feeling very sad or withdrawn for more than 2 weeks (e.g., crying regularly, feeling fatigued, feeling unmotivated).



Trying to harm or kill oneself or making plans to do so.



Out-of-control, risk-taking behaviors that can cause harm to self or others.



Sudden overwhelming fear for no reason, sometimes with a racing heart, physical discomfort or fast breathing.



Not eating, throwing up or using laxatives to lose weight; significant weight loss or gain.



Severe mood swings that cause problems in relationships.



Repeated use of drugs or alcohol.



Drastic changes in behavior, personality or sleeping habits (e.g., waking up early and acting agitated).



Extreme difficulty in concentrating or staying still that can lead to failure in school.



Intense worries or fears that get in the way of daily activities like hanging out with friends or going to classes.



Had a Substance Use Disorder

teens were in need of treatment for drugs and/or alcohol

SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND MENTAL HEALTH

www.LearnersEdgeInc.com



AS A RESULT OF BULLYING...

30% 30% 20% 10% 10%

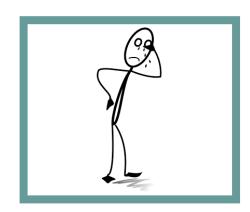
SELF HARMED

HAD SUICIDAL THOUGHTS

SKIPPED CLASS

HAD A FAILED SUICIDE ATTEMPT

ABUSED DRUGS AND ALCOHOL







What, Where, Why?

What: 33% of students who reported being bullied, said they were bullied 1-2 times per month

Where: school hallway/stairwell, classroom, cafeteria, outside on the school grounds, on the school bus, or in the locker room—and 24% are cyber-bullied (middle school)

Why: physical appearance, race/ethnicity, gender, disability, religion, real or perceived sexual orientation

Teachers



DO

- Listen
- Follow-up with the student to see if the bullying has stopped
- Encourage peers to step in (when a peer steps in, over half of bullying stops)
- Ensure the school has an anti-bullying policy
- Enlist the help of parents and staff

DON'T

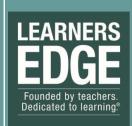
• Tell the student to solve the problem

- Tell the student it wouldn't happen if they acted differently
- Tell the student to stop tattling

Ignore the problem

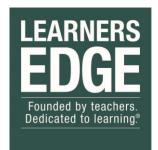
What's the answer?

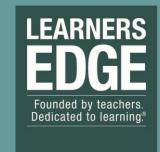
- survey the school
- ensure the school has a well-developed/welladvertised anti-bullying policy
- create a safe place for reporting
- train staff to intervene
- model respect
- monitor school spaces
- believe them
- counseling
- parents
- government



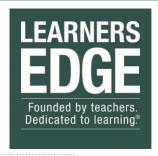


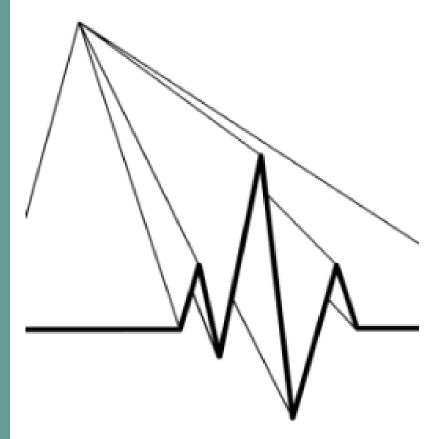












Spread The Lifeline

www.spreadthelifeline.com

If you or someone you know is having thoughts of suicide please call the National Suicide Prevention Hotline at 1-800-273-8255











Live It!

Learn about mental health by educating yourself and others.

Share It!

Share StigmaFree on social media, strive to listen, tell your own story and see the person not the illness.

Show It!

Take action on mental health issues, raise awareness and make a difference.

www.nami.org/stigmafree

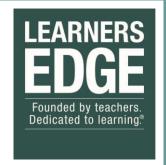


Practice Self-Care



www.LearnersEdgeInc.com







References and Resources



- www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention
- www.nami.org
- www.mentalhealthamerica.net
- www.spreadthelifeline.com
- www.pacer.org/bullying/resources/stats.asp
- www.healthmagazine.com
- www.samhsa.gov
- www.changedirection.org
- www.bookscrolling.com/the-best-booksabout-mental-health-and-mental-illness/

- www.guyland.net
- www.anxiouslass.com/kids-bullied-at-school/
- www.slideshare.net/agibbsfsu/impact-ofaces
- www.ditchthelabel.org/research-papers/theannual-bullying-survey-2017/
- www.google.com/search?q=ACE+questionnai re&oq=ACE+questionnaire&aqs=chrome..69i 57.4115j0j7&sourceid=chrome&ie=UTF-8



Learners Edge Courses

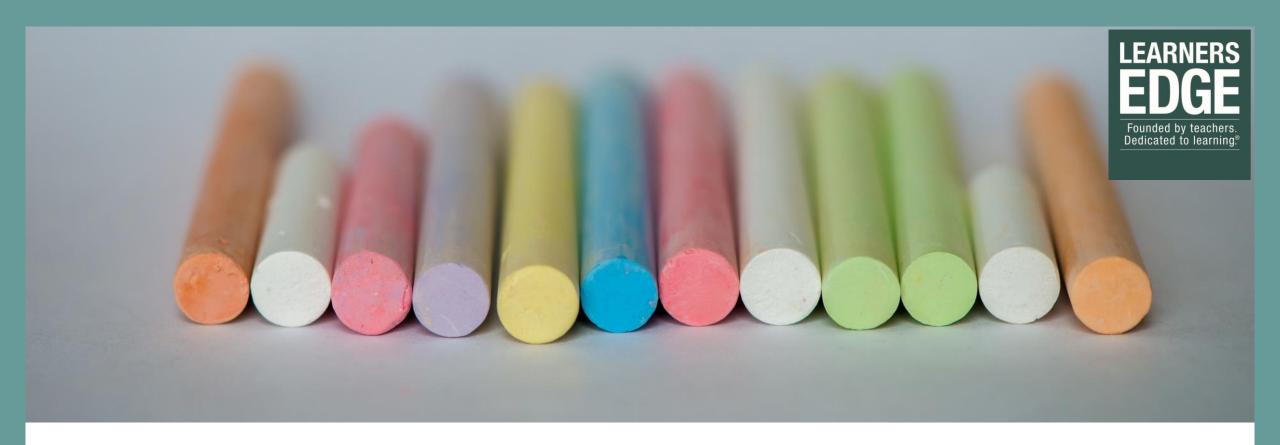


854: Caring for the Mental Health of Your Students

• This course explores the range of student mental health issues, both hidden and visible, in classrooms today, including behavior disorders, internalizing disorders, obsessive-compulsive disorder (OCD), post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), and related conditions such as substance abuse and suicide. Learn about the crisis in our schools surrounding mental health care for students, and make recommendations for improvement in your school or district. You will also explore suggestions for accommodation and modification for students who experience mental health disorders.

915: Caring for the Mental Health of the Young Learner

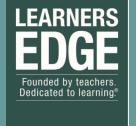
 Educators experience a wide range of social and emotional issues when working with infants, toddlers, and young children. In this course, teachers will gain knowledge about early childhood mental health issues, the effect of ACEs (Adverse Childhood Experiences), and proactive strategies for good mental health. This thought-provoking course invites educators to think about our mental health care system and the ways in which we can provide support and advocacy for our youngest learners.



QUESTIONS?

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THANK YOU FOR JOINING US!