WORD WISDOM Tips for Every Teacher to Improve Vocabulary Instruction





Barb Istas, Presenter

- Favorite way to spend free time: read, write, travel, bike, hike
- Former 6th Grade English Language Arts Teacher
- Taught for 25 years in a large suburban district
- Current Role: Curriculum & Instruction
 Specialist at Learners Edge





Words Make a Big Difference.....



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hzgzim5m7oU

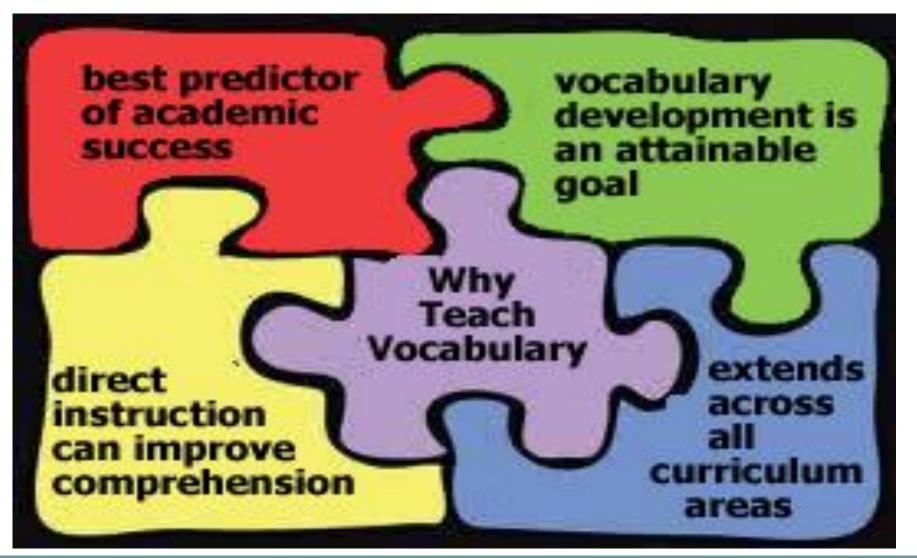
Word Wisdom! Webinar Inspiration & Intention

- 1. Why all educators should teach vocabulary.
- What to do how to help your students build bigger vocabularies.
- ✓ Well-tested examples of systematic vocabulary instruction
- ✓ Easy ideas for how to teach vocabulary in your classroom
- ✓ Call to action





Why Teach Vocabulary?





"Vocabulary is the best single indicator of intellectual ability and an accurate predictor of success at school."

- W.B. Elley



www.LearnersEdgeInc.com

"We can't alter how prepared a child is for school, but we can impact any child's future with our teaching."



Research

- Vocabulary has a strong relationship with comprehension
- Effective vocabulary instruction is a key foundation to helping students acquire a wide and diverse vocabulary.
- When teachers engage with vocabulary instruction, they begin selecting words with more intention; develop a toolbox of vocab strategies; create word walls to support learning; observe growth in student learning and achievement.
- > Teachers need a variety of instructional strategies for teaching vocabulary.

-Colorado Reading First Initiative



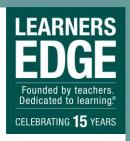


Least Effective Vocabulary Strategies



- Copying definitions
- Writing sentences
- Memorizing definitions from a vocab study sheet
- Asking students to use context for unknown words when there is little contextual support

Colorado Reading First





The evidence suggests students need:

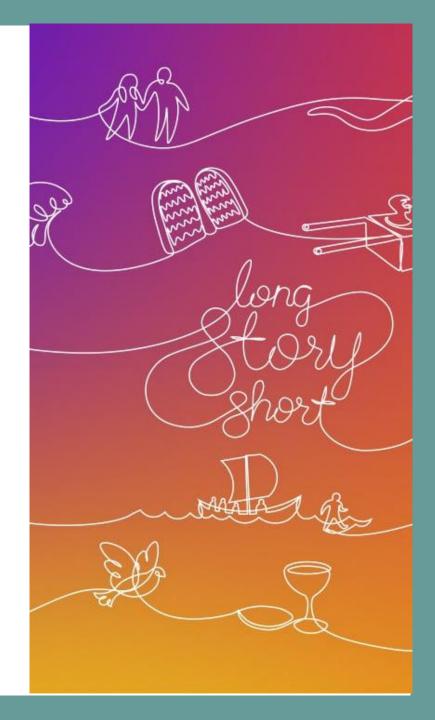
- explicit instruction in word meanings,
- repeated exposure to words,
- opportunities for wide reading and experiences using the words in the presence of their peers.

Fisher, Blanchowicz, & Watts-Taffe; Graves, 2006

Most Effective Strategies

- > Direct, explicit instruction of words in context
- ➤ Using simple contextual maps
- > Teaching specific context clues
- > Selecting meaningful words to teach
- >Increasing independent reading
- > Directly teaching word learning strategies
- ➤ Connecting new concepts/meanings to existing knowledge base

Colorado Reading First



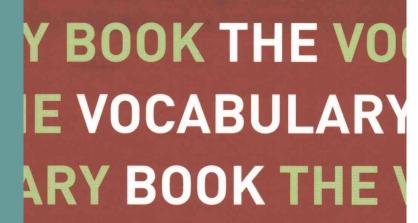


Frameworks for Vocabulary Instruction

Review and consider:

- 1. What best matches up with your student needs?
- 2. What could click with your teaching style?





RUCTION LEARNING AN ON LEARNING AND INSTRUCTION

ECOND EDITION SECOND ELION SECOND EDITION SECOND

MICHAEL F. GRAVES MI

The Vocabulary Book 2nd Edition - Michael Graves (2016)



- Provide rich and varied language experiences
- 2. Teach individual words
- 3. Teach word-learning strategies
- 4. Promote word consciousness

www.LearnersEdgeInc.com

Marzano's 6 Step Process



Teacher provides a description, explanation, or examples of the new term.

Students restate the description, explanation, or example in their own words.

Students construct a picture, pictograph, or symbolic representation of the term.

Teacher engages students in activities that help them add to their knowledge of the terms in their vocabulary notebooks.

Teacher periodically ask students to discuss the terms with one another.

Teacher involves students periodically in games that enable them to play with terms and reinforce word knowledge.

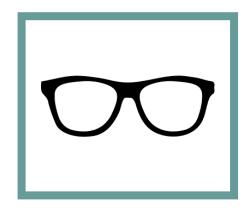


Robust Vocabulary Instruction Beck, McKeown, and Kucan

5 Components of Effective Vocabulary Instruction

- 1. Wide Reading
- 2. High-Quality Oral Language
- 3. Word Consciousness
- 4. Direct Teaching of Specific Words
- 5. Teaching and Modeling Independent Word Learning Strategies









Word Nerds Overturf, Montgomery, Holmes-Smith (2013)

Choose words to teach

Introduce words

Students begin vocabulary journals

Whole-group community building practice

Create anchor chart

Add synonyms (examples) and antonyms (non-examples)

Small-group and independent active practice

Vocabulary celebration

Assess understanding



VOCABULARY INSTRUCTION IDEAS



Easy Steps for Every Educator Add Vocabulary-Building Strategies into Daily Instruction

Determine what words to teach.

- Design a plan for daily vocabularybuilding activities.
- > Start with a simple routine.
- Build from there.



Choosing Vocabulary Words: Options

- 1. Choose words from a set reading program
- 2. Choose content-area words
- 3. Choose Tier Two words



Vocabulary Word Tiers I, II, & III: What you need to know!

Tier I Basic

Examples: big, small, house, table, family

Tier II Academic

Examples: avoid, explain, enormous, predict, maintain, justify

Tier III Content Specific

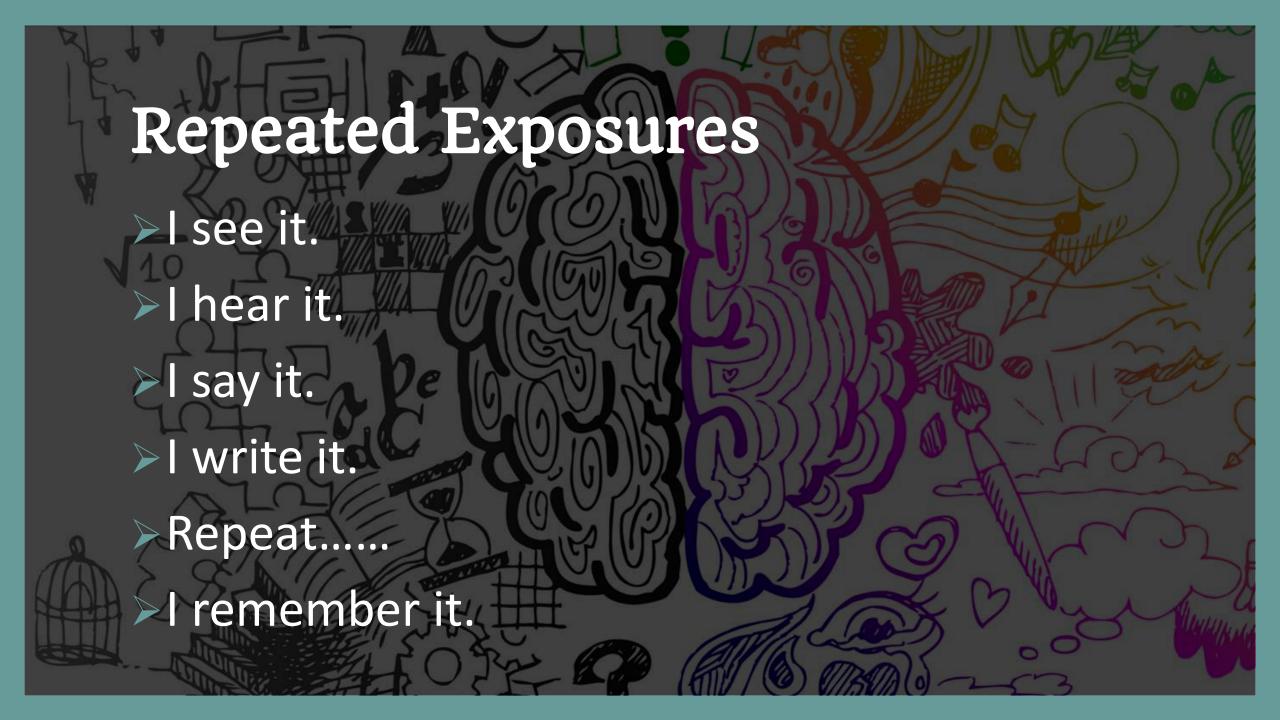
Examples: isotope, tectonic plates, mitosis, hemisphere, democracy



Tier Two Words: 3 Criteria

- Importance and utility
- Instructional potential
- Conceptual understanding



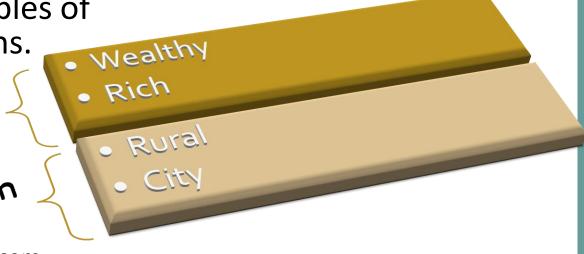






Students must spend time thinking deeply about both examples and non-examples in order to recognize appropriate word relationships.

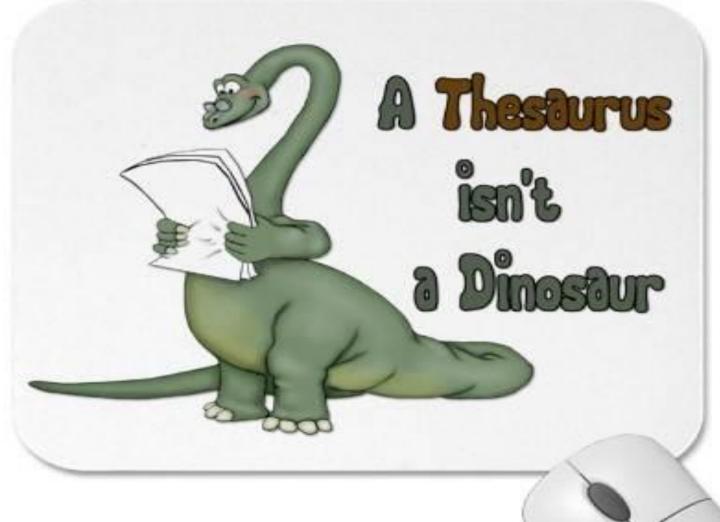
Even when a word doesn't have an obvious antonym, it's critical to discuss non-examples of the word so students can grasp distinctions.



www.LearnersEdgeInc.com







www.LearnersEdgeInc.com

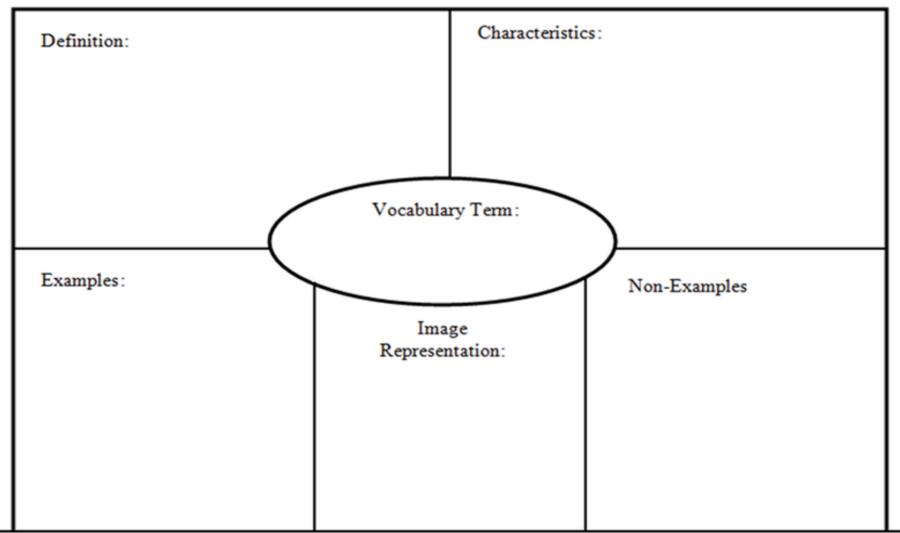
Simple strategies & tools:

- 1. Independent reading
- 2. Intentional read alouds
- 3. Wide reading
- 4. Word walls
- 5. Word & sentence prediction
- 6. Trying out the words
- 7. Vocabulary journals
- 8. Rating the words

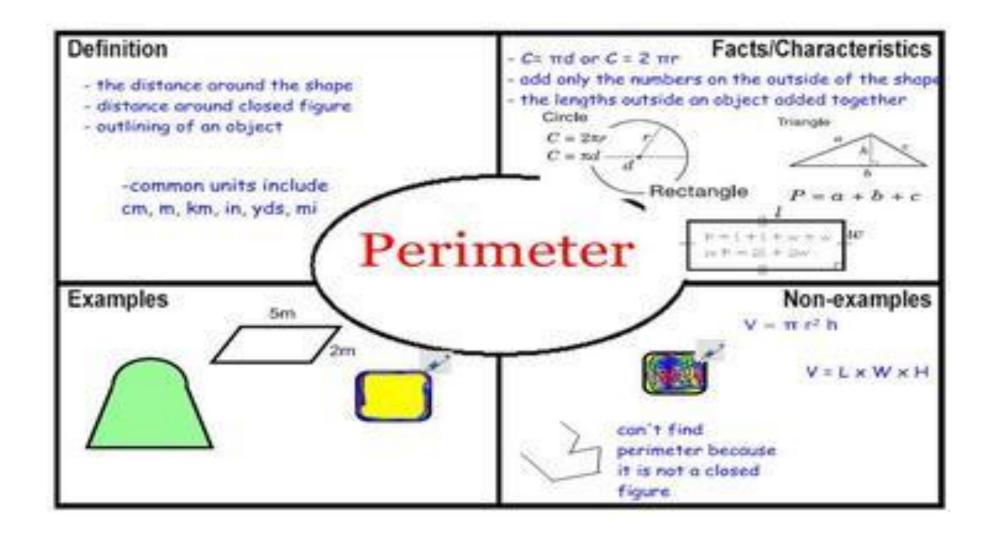




Frayer vocabulary model - sample











Stages of Learning a Word

- Can USE IT in speaking and writing
- **G**eneral associations or recognizes in context
- Heard it, but don't know what it means.
- Never heard or saw the word.

(Edgar Dale, 1976)

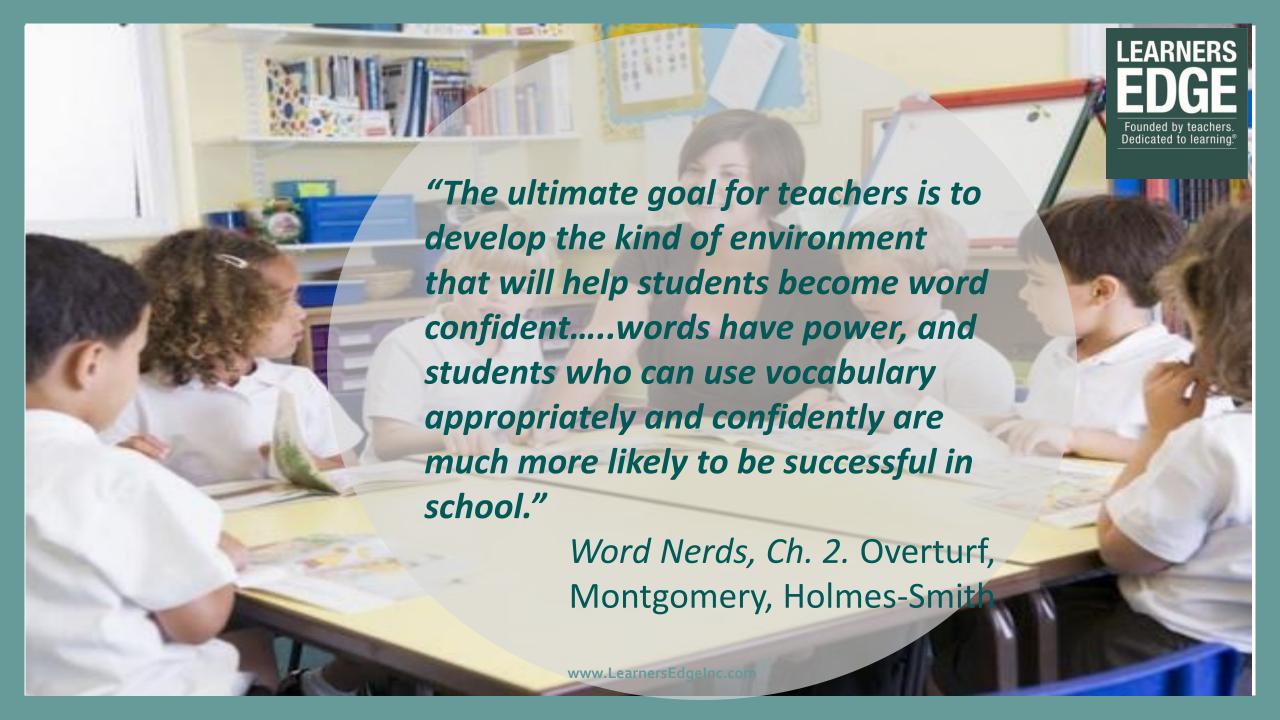


Simple goals using big ideas:

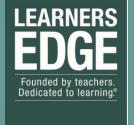
- 1. Choose the Right Words
- 2. Ensure Repeated, Rich Exposure
- 3. Encourage Use & Experimentation
- 4. Teach Word Learning Strategies

The Words Students Need, Lawrence, White & Snow (Education Leadership, 2010)











THANK YOU FOR JOINING US!



References and Resources- Videos

- Explicit Vocabulary Teaching Strategies
- <u>List-Group-Label Vocabulary Strategy</u>
- <u>Semantic Gradients Vocabulary Strategy</u>
- Concept Sort Vocabulary Strategy
- Tier II Vocabulary Instruction
- Let's Teach: Vocabulary Development with a Concept Definition Map
- "Prefixes, Suffixes, & Roots" Rap www.educationalrap.com
- The Power of Words



References and Resources - Articles

Edutopia - Doing It Differently: Tips for Teaching Vocabulary

AFT - The Early Catastrophe - 30 Million Word Gap

Education Leadership - The Words Students Need

<u>American Educator - The Magic of Words</u>

ASCD - The Art and Science of Teaching - Six Steps to Better Vocabulary Instruction

<u>Scholastic - 10 Research-Tested Ways to Build Children's Vocabulary</u>

<u>TextProject</u> E4: Exceptional Expressions for Everyday Events

http://www.altonschools.org/media/pdf/Marzano_Vocab.pdf

http://teacher.scholastic.com/reading/bestpractices/vocabulary/pdf/concept.pdf



References and Resources - Books

<u>Vocabulary Games for the Classroom</u> by Lindsey Carlton and Robert J. Marzano

Bringing Words to Life by Isabel Beck

Word Nerds by Overturf, Montgomery, Holmes Smith

Words, Words by Janet Allen

<u>Teaching Basic and Advanced Vocabulary: A Framework for Direct Instruction</u> by Robert J. Marzano



References and Resources - Websites & Tools

ReadWriteThink

Reading Rockets

VisualThesaurus

Vocabulogic: Bridging the Verbal Divide - Blog

Frayer model for vocabulary - sample