



MODULE 4 ARTISTS MAKE ART



GREAT MINDS® WIT & WISDOM

Grade 3 Module 4: Artists Make Art

Student Edition

COPYRIGHT STATEMENT

Published by Great Minds[®].

Copyright ©2017 Great Minds[®]. All rights reserved. No part of this work may be reproduced or used in any form or by any means–graphic, electronic, or mechanical, including photocopying or information storage and retrieval systems–without written permission from the copyright holder.

ISBN: 978-1-68386-032-7

Table of Contents

Handout 1A: Emma's Rug Story Map Handout 1B: Reading Log Handout 1C: Fluency Homework Handout 1D: Frayer Model Handout 2A: Speaking and Listening Checklist Handout 2B: Character Analysis Handout 3A: Speaking and Listening Checklist Handout 3B: Socratic Seminar Self-Assessment Handout 4A: Writing Planner Handout 4B: Fluency Homework Handout 5A: Speaking and Listening Checklist Handout 6A: Research Note-Catcher Handout 7A: Boxes and Bullets Organizer Handout 7B: Speaking and Listening Checklist Handout 8A: Writing Planner Handout 8B: Focusing Question Task 1 Checklist Handout 10A: Fluency Homework Handout 11A: Words and Phrases for Effect Handout 12A: Poem Planner Handout 13A: Paragraph Planner Handout 15A: Speaking and Listening Checklist Handout 15B: Fluency Homework Handout 16A: Speaking and Listening Checklist Handout 16B: Socratic Seminar Self-Assessment Handout 17A: "Willow Poem" Handout 17B: Central Message Handout 17C: Focusing Question Task 2 Recording Checklist Handout 17D: Vocabulary Study Guide Handout 18A: Knowledge Chart Handout 19A: Writing Planner Handout 19B: Oral Rehearsal Peer Feedback Form Handout 19C: Focusing Question Task 2 Checklist Handout 20A: Research Notes-Jackson Pollock

Handout 20B: Fluency Homework Handout 21A: Sequence of Artistic Process Handout 23A: Digital Sources Evaluation-Jackson Pollock Handout 24A: "A Signature Work" Handout 25A: Knowledge Chart Handout 26A: Digital Sources Evaluation-Marian Anderson Handout 26B: Fluency Homework Handout 27A: Research Notes-Marian Anderson Handout 29A: Evidence Organizer Handout 29B: Speaking and Listening Checklist Handout 29C: Socratic Seminar Self-Assessment Handout 29D: Oral Presentation Planner Handout 30A: Focusing Question Task 3 Checklist Handout 31A: End-of-Module Task Research Notes Handout 31B: Vocabulary Study Guide Handout 32A: Writing Planner Handout 32B: Oral Rehearsal Peer Feedback Form Handout 33A: End-of-Module Task Checklist Handout 34A: Knowledge Chart Volume of Reading Reflection Questions Wit & Wisdom Parent Tip Sheet

Handout 1A: Emma's Rug Story Map

Directions: Use this chart to organize and record notes about key details as the class discusses the story. Do not fill in the Central Message box until instructed to do so.

Character(s):	Setting:
Conflict(s): The main problem in this part of th	e storv is
Event Timeline: (Attempts to solve	the problem)
First	
Next	
Then	
After that	

Resolution:	
	_
Central Message:	
Supporting Key Details:	
•	
•	

Handout 1B: Reading Log

Directions: Track your daily reading by recording the date, genre, title, and author, and how many pages you read.

Date	Literature (L) or Informational (I) Text	Title and Author	Pages Read

Handout 1C: Fluency Homework

Directions:

- 1. Day 1: Read the text carefully and annotate to help you read fluently.
- 2. Each day:
 - a. Practice reading the text aloud three to five times.
 - b. Evaluate your progress by placing a checkmark in the appropriate, unshaded box.
 - c. Ask someone (adult or peer) to listen and evaluate you as well.
- 3. Last day: answer the self-reflection questions at the end.

Emma's Rug by Allen Say

All afternoon Emma sat in her empty room. It seemed somehow larger and brighter.

"No more pictures," Emma murmured.

Then something made her jump. From the corner of her eye she thought she saw something move behind her. She knew there was only the wall there, all bare now, yet she turned — as if to catch sight of something flying away. She gave a cry.

Emma rushed outside.

"It can't be!" she said, breathing faster.

She saw the eyes watching her and then the faces of creatures all around. She knew them from before. She had thought she would never see again.

"I can see you!" Emma cried with joy.

The trees rustled, as if laughing.

And then it was quiet.

Say, Allen. *Emma's Rug.* Houghton Mifflin Harcourt, 1996, pp. 28–30.

Student	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3	
Performance Checklist:	You	Listener*	You	Listener	You	Listener*
Accurately read the passage three to five times.						
Read with appropriate phrasing and pausing.						
Read with appropriate expression, at a good pace and an audible volume.						

*Adult or peer

Self-reflection: What choices did you make when deciding how to read this passage, and why? What would you like to improve or try differently next time? (Thoughtfully answer these questions on the back of this paper.)

Handout 1D: Frayer Model

Directions: With a partner, complete this Frayer model for the word *inspiration*.



Handout 2A: Speaking and Listening Checklist

Directions: Evaluate your participation by marking + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet" in the appropriate boxes. Then ask a classmate to evaluate how well you used the skills. Your teacher will complete the third column, based on what he or she observes.

	 Peer +/ ∆	Teacher +/ Δ
I prepared for my discussion.		
• I read the material before discussing it.		
 I selected details from the text to include during the discussion. 		
• I identified points of interest and/or confusion.		
I listened actively.		
• I listened for key words.		
• I linked my comments to comments from other people.		
• My comments showed that I am curious about what we are learning.		
• My comments showed that I can recount what others say.		

	· · · · · ·	r	
I followed all the rules for working in a small group.			
I took turns speaking and listening.			
I asked thoughtful questions.			
 I asked and answered questions to check understanding. 			
 I asked and answered questions to stay on topic. 			
• I asked and answered questions to elaborate on a topic.			
I agreed and disagreed respectfully.			
 I used a polite tone of voice throughout the discussion. 			
 I used a sentence stem to help me agree or disagree respectfully. 			
 I used a nonverbal cue to show that I agreed or disagreed with a speaker. 			
I explained my thinking.			
I used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text.			
I spoke clearly at an understandable pace.			
I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification.			
Total number of +'s:			

Handout 2B: Character Analysis

Directions: Review your notes, the class notes, and the ideas you gained through small-group discussions to identify a source of inspiration for Emma. In one box, provide evidence from the text that shows how the source inspires Emma. In the other box, provide evidence from an illustration that shows how the source inspires Emma.



Handout 3A: Speaking and Listening Checklist

	Self +/ ∆	Peer +/ ∆	Teacher +/ ∆
I prepared for my discussion.			
• I read the material before discussing it.			
 I selected details from the text to include during the discussion. 			
 I identified points of interest and/or confusion. 			
l listened actively.			
• I listened for key words.			
• I linked my comments to comments from other people.			
• My comments showed that I am curious about what we are learning.			
• My comments showed that I can recount what others say.			
I followed all the rules for working in a small group.			

I took turns speaking and listening.Image: Content of the speaking and listening.I asked thoughtful questions.Image: Content of the speak of the spe		1	
• I asked and answered questions to check understanding. I asked and answered questions to stay on topic. • I asked and answered questions to stay on topic. I asked and answered questions to elaborate on a topic. I agreed and disagreed respectfully. I agreed and disagreed respectfully. • I used a polite tone of voice throughout the discussion. I used a sentence stem to help me agree or disagree respectfully. • I used a nonverbal cue to show that I agreed or disagreed with a speaker. I explained my thinking. I used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text. I spoke clearly at an understandable pace. I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification. I used a nonverte to provide requested details or clarification.	I took turns speaking and listening.		
understanding.Image: Constraint of the second s	l asked thoughtful questions.		
topic.II asked and answered questions to elaborate on a topic.II agreed and disagreed respectfully.II used a polite tone of voice throughout the discussion.II used a sentence stem to help me agree or disagree respectfully.II used a nonverbal cue to show that I agreed or disagreed with a speaker.II explained my thinking.II used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text.II spoke clearly at an understandable pace.II spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification.I	-		
elaborate on a topic.Image: Constraint of the second s			
• I used a polite tone of voice throughout the discussion. • • I used a sentence stem to help me agree or disagree respectfully. • • I used a nonverbal cue to show that I agreed or disagreed with a speaker. • I explained my thinking. • I used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text. • I spoke clearly at an understandable pace. • I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification. •	-		
discussion.Image: Constraint of the section of the secti	I agreed and disagreed respectfully.		
disagree respectfully.Image: Constraint of the second			
agreed or disagreed with a speaker.Image: Constraint of the speaker of			
I used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text. Image: Constraint of the section of the sec			
on a topic or text. I spoke clearly at an understandable pace. I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification.	l explained my thinking.		
I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification.			
details or clarification.	I spoke clearly at an understandable pace.		
Total number of +'s:			
	Total number of +'s:		

Handout 3B: Socratic Seminar Self-Assessment

Directions: Complete this chart by using one of the letters from the key to describe how often you performed the described action. In the last column, explain why you selected the letter you did.

A = I always did that. S = I sometimes did that. N = I'II do that next time.

Expectation	Evaluation (A, S, N)	Evidence: Why did you choose that rating?
I came to the seminar prepared and used my work as I participated in the seminar.		
I followed our class rules and expectations for the seminar, including any specific role I was assigned.		
l agreed and disagreed respectfully.		

I asked and answered questions that made our discussion clearer and linked others' ideas together.	
I explained my own ideas using the connections I made from listening to others.	
l spoke in complete sentences.	
l used at least three domain-specific vocabulary words.	
I provided evidence from the texts in this module to support my points.	

Handout 4A: Writing Planner

Directions: Use this planner to develop and organize ideas for your research essay.

Introduction

Hook (H)	How will you "hook" your audience, or catch their attention?		
Introduce (I)	Introduce your topic. Provide any necessary background information or context for your topic.		
	State your essential idea, previewing your two supporting points.		
Thesis (T)	Point 1	Point 2	

Supporting Paragraph 1—Point 1:

Topic Statement (To S)	State your first point in support of your thesis.
Evidence (E)	Cite evidence that develops Point 1, including any necessary context.

Elaboration (E)	Explain how the evidence develops Point 1.
Concluding Statement (C)	Close your paragraph.

Supporting Paragraph 2—Point 2:

Topic Statement (To S)	Transition from your last point, and state your second point in support of your thesis.
Evidence (E)	Cite evidence that develops Point 2, including any necessary context:
Elaboration (E)	Explain how the evidence develops Point 2.
Concluding Statement (C)	Close your paragraph.

Conclusion

R	Reinforce your thesis.
Conclusion (C) R	Reflect on the significance of your thesis.

Handout 4B: Fluency Homework

Directions:

- 1. Day 1: Read the text carefully and annotate to help you read fluently.
- 2. Each day:
 - a. Practice reading the text aloud three to five times.
 - b. Evaluate your progress by placing a check mark in the appropriate, unshaded box.
 - c. Ask someone (adult or peer) to listen and evaluate you as well.
- 3. Last day: answer the self-reflection questions at the end.

Alvin Ailey by Andrea Davis Pinkney

Alvin and Ted ... watched the splendor of *Tropical Revue*.

Katherine Dunham and her dancers swirled and lunged to the rhythms of West Indian drums. They were famous for *Babiana*, a spicy Brazilian routine, and for a sizzling number called *Rumba with a Little Jive Mixed In.* Alvin's soul danced along when he saw Katherine Dunham's style.

Alvin nudged Ted. "What is that they're doing? What is that?" he asked.

"That's modern dancing," Ted said ... "Watch this!"

Ted tried Katherine Dunham's *Babiana*. Alvin slapped out a beat on his knees and followed Ted's lead...

Alvin moved like a cat, *smooth* like quicksilver. When he danced, happiness glowed warm inside him...

That night, Alvin told his mother he'd seen black people performing their own special dances. It was a show Alvin would never forget.

Pinkney, Andrea Davis. *Alvin Ailey*. Illustrated by Brian Pinkney, Disney Book Group, 1993, pp. 12, 15.

Student		Day 1		Day 2	I	Day 3		Day 4
Performance Checklist:	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*
Accurately read the passage three to five times.								
Read with appropriate phrasing and pausing.								
Read with appropriate expression.								
Read with appropriate expression, at a good pace and an audible volume.								

*Adult or peer

Self-reflection: What choices did you make when deciding how to read this passage, and why? What would you like to improve or try differently next time? (Thoughtfully answer these questions on the back of this paper.)

Handout 5A: Speaking and Listening Checklist

Directions: Evaluate your participation by marking + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet" in the appropriate boxes. At the bottom, note one convention of spoken English you used and explain its purpose. Then ask a classmate to evaluate how well you used the skills. Your teacher will complete the third column, based on what he or she observes.

	Self +/ ∆	Peer +/ ∆	Teacher +/ Δ
I prepared for my discussion.			
 I read the material before discussing it. 			
 I selected details from the text to include during the discussion. 			
 I identified points of interest and/or confusion. 			
I listened actively.			
• I listened for key words.			
 I linked my comments to comments from other people. 			
 My comments showed that I am curious about what we are learning. 			
 My comments showed that I can recount what others say. 			

I followed all the rules for working in a small group.		
I took turns speaking and listening.		
l asked thoughtful questions.		
 I asked and answered questions to check understanding. 		
 I asked and answered questions to stay on topic. 		
 I asked and answered questions to elaborate on a topic. 		
I agreed and disagreed respectfully.		
 I used a polite tone of voice throughout the discussion. 		
 I used a sentence stem to help me agree or disagree respectfully. 		
 I used a nonverbal cue to show that I agreed or disagreed with a speaker. 		
I explained my thinking.		
l used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text.		
l spoke clearly at an understandable pace.		
I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification.		
Total number of +'s:		

When we presented our ideas, we used _____

convention of spoken English

Handout 6A: Research Note-Catcher

Directions: Use this graphic organizer to collect notes as you research to find out what inspired Alvin Ailey.

Source:		Page Number:
Inspiration:	Note:	
Quote:		

Source:		Page Number:
Inspiration:	Note:	
Quote:		

Source:		Page Number:
Inspiration:	Note:	
Quote:		

Source:		Page Number:
Inspiration:	Note:	
Quote:		

Handout 7A: Boxes and Bullets Organizer

Directions:

- 1. Identify at least three key details in the text and record ideas in the Key Details box. Be sure to put the ideas in your own words.
- 2. Using the key details, write an essential meaning of *Alvin Ailey* in the Essential Meaning box above the key details.
- 3. In the Summary box, explain how the details support the essential meaning your group identified.

Text: Alvin Ailey, Andrea Pinkney Davis
Essential Meaning:
Key Details:
•
•
•
Summary:

Handout 7B: Speaking and Listening Checklist

Directions: Evaluate your participation by marking + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet" in the appropriate boxes. At the bottom, note one convention of spoken English you used and explain its purpose. Then ask a classmate to evaluate how well you used the skills. Your teacher will complete the third column, based on what he or she observes.

		Teacher +/ Δ
I prepared for my discussion.		
• I read the material before discussing it.		
• I selected details from the text to include during the discussion.		
• I identified points of interest and/or confusion.		
I listened actively.		
• I listened for key words.		
• I linked my comments to comments from other people.		
• My comments showed that I am curious about what we are learning.		
• My comments showed that I can recount what others say.		
I followed all the rules for working in a small group.		

I took turns speaking and listening.		
l asked thoughtful questions.		
 I asked and answered questions to check understanding. 		
• I asked and answered questions to stay on topic.		
 I asked and answered questions to elaborate on a topic. 		
I agreed and disagreed respectfully.		
• I used a polite tone of voice throughout the discussion.		
 I used a sentence stem to help me agree or disagree respectfully. 		
 I used a nonverbal cue to show that I agreed or disagreed with a speaker. 		
l explained my thinking.		
I used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text.		
l spoke clearly at an understandable pace.		
I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification.		
Total number of +'s:		

What is one convention of spoken English you used during the presentation?

How is this convention similar to or different from a convention of written English you used to complete Handout 7A?_____

Handout 8A: Writing Planner

Directions: Use this planner to develop and organize ideas for Focusing Question Task 1.

Introduction

Hook (H)	How will you "hook" your audience, or catch their attention?		
Introduce (I)	Introduce your topic. Provide any necessary background information or context for your topic.		
	State your essential idea, previewing your two supporting points.		
Thesis (T)	Point 1	Point 2	

Supporting Paragraph 1—Point 1:

Topic Statement (To S)	State your first point in support of your thesis.
Evidence (E)	Cite evidence that develops Point 1, including any necessary context.

Elaboration (E)	Explain how the evidence develops Point 1.
Concluding Statement (C)	Close your paragraph.

Supporting Paragraph 2—Point 2:

Topic Statement (To S)	Transition from your last point, and state your second point in support of your thesis.
Evidence (E)	Cite evidence that develops Point 2, including any necessary context:
Elaboration (E)	Explain how the evidence develops Point 2.
Concluding Statement (C)	Close your paragraph.

Conclusion

	Reinforce your thesis.
Conclusion (C)	Reflect on the significance of your thesis.

Handout 8B: Focusing Question Task 1 Checklist

Directions: Use this checklist to revise your writing. Mark + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet." Ask someone (adult or peer) to evaluate your writing as well.

Structure	Self +/ ∆	Peer +/ Δ	Teacher +/ ∆
I respond to all parts of the prompt.			
I focus on my topic.			
I introduce the topic in my introduction paragraph.			
l organize information about my topic into groups.			
My concluding section refers to my topic.			
I use linking words and phrases to connect my ideas.			
Development			
I develop my topic with evidence from text(s).			
l explain or analyze my topic in detail.			

Style		
l use simple, compound, and complex sentences.		
I use vocabulary words that are appropriate to the topic.		
Research	 	
I collaborate with others to gather research.		
I use technology to produce and publish writing.		
l choose resources for my research.		
I use information gathered from print and digital sources.		
Writing Process		
l use a writing planner to organize my ideas.		
I provide thoughtful feedback in peer revision.		
l use feedback in peer revision.		
Total number of +'s:		
Handout 10A: Fluency Homework

Directions:

- 1. Day 1: Read the text carefully and annotate to help you read fluently.
- 2. Each day:
 - a. Practice reading the text aloud three to five times.
 - b. Evaluate your progress by placing a check mark in the appropriate, unshaded box.
 - c. Ask someone (adult or peer) to listen and evaluate you as well.
- 3. Last day: answer the self-reflection questions at the end.

A River of Words by Jen Bryant

Poetry suited Willie. Every night, he looked forward to sitting at his desk and writing a few new lines.

But after a while, he grew frustrated. He had pictures in his mind that didn't fit exactly into steady rhythms or rhymes. ...

"I want to write about ordinary things - plums, wheelbarrows, and weeds, the engines, children, and trees - things I see when I walk down my street or look out my window."

So Willie tried writing a new way. Instead of counting the beats or making the end-words rhyme, he let each poem find its own special shape on the page...

Now when he wrote poems, he felt as free as the Passaic River as it rushed to the falls. Willie's notebooks filled up, one after another.

"My boy is a good writer," his mother said. And it was true.

Bryant, Jen. A River of Words: The Story of William Carlos Williams. Illustrated by Melissa Sweet, Eerdmans Books for Young Readers, 2008, pp. 11–14.

Student		Day 1		Day 2	I	Day 3		Day 4
Performance Checklist:	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*
Accurately read the passage three to five times.								
Read with appropriate phrasing and pausing.								
Read with appropriate expression.								
Read articulately at a good pace and an audible volume.								

*Adult or peer

Self-reflection: What choices did you make when deciding how to read this passage, and why? What would you like to improve or try differently next time? (Thoughtfully answer these questions on the back of this paper.)

Handout 11A: Words and Phrases for Effect

Directions: Reread William Carlos Williams's poem "Complaint."

- Think about how important each word in the poem is.
- Think about what would have happened to the meaning and the effect of the poem if Williams chose different words and phrases.
- Replace each underlined word with another word that makes sense but creates a different effect.
- Be prepared to share the version with the word substitutions aloud with the class and to explain how choosing different words creates a different effect.

"Complaint" (excerpt)	"Complaint" (excerpt)		
They call me and I go.	They call me and I go.		
It is a frozen road	It is a road		
past midnight, a dust	past , a		
of snow caught	of caught		
in the rigid wheeltracks.	in the rigid wheeltracks.		
The door opens.	The door opens.		
I smile, enter and	I, enter and		
shake off the cold.	shake off the		

Bryant, Jen. A River of Words: The Story of William Carlos Williams. Illustrated by Melissa Sweet, Eerdmans Books for Young Readers, 2008, inside back cover.

Handout 12A: Poem Planner

Directions: Choose an object from ordinary life and write a poem in the style of William Carlos Williams.

- 1. Begin by selecting the object you want to write about and writing that in the Object row.
- 2. Think about what you want your readers to notice about what the speaker sees and hears as he or she observes the object. Record these details in the Setting Imagery row.
- 3. Think about what you want your readers to notice about what the object looks and sounds like. Record these details in the Object Imagery row.
- 4. Use your notes to write a poem in the style of "The Great Figure" in the space below the planner. (Use the back of this sheet or another piece of paper if necessary.) Use line breaks to reflect the style of William Carlos Williams.
- 5. Reread your poem and give it a title. Write the title in the first row of the planner, Poem Title.

Poem Title	
Object	
Setting Imagery (What does the reader see and hear?)	•
Object Imagery (What does the reader see and hear?)	•

Handout 13A: Paragraph Planner

Directions: Use this planner to develop and organize ideas for your paragraph.

Prompt: How does Melissa Sweet, the illustrator of A *River of Words*, use art to express herself?

Introduce (I)	State your first point in support of your thesis.
Topic (T)	State your main idea.
Evidence (E)	Provide evidence that develops your main idea.
Elaboration (E)	Explain how the evidence develops your main idea.
Concluding Statement (C)	Close your paragraph.

I choose the words ______ and _____ to create the effect _____

Handout 15A: Speaking and Listening Checklist

Directions: Evaluate your participation by marking + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet" in the appropriate boxes. Then ask a classmate to evaluate how well you used the skills. Your teacher will complete the third column, based on what he or she observes.

	Self +/ ∆	Peer +/ ∆	Teacher +/ ∆
I prepared for my discussion.			
• I read the material before discussing it.			
 I selected details from the text to include during the discussion. 			
• I identified points of interest and/or confusion.			
I listened actively.			
• I listened for key words.			
• I linked my comments to comments from other people.			
 My comments showed that I am curious about what we are learning. 			
 My comments showed that I can recount what others say. 			

	 0	
I followed all the rules for working in a small group.		
I took turns speaking and listening.		
l asked thoughtful questions.		
 I asked and answered questions to check understanding. 		
 I asked and answered questions to stay on topic. 		
 I asked and answered questions to elaborate on a topic. 		
I agreed and disagreed respectfully.		
 I used a polite tone of voice throughout the discussion. 		
 I used a sentence stem to help me agree or disagree respectfully. 		
 I used a nonverbal cue to show that I agreed or disagreed with a speaker. 		
l explained my thinking.		
l used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text.		
I spoke clearly at an understandable pace.		
I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification.		
Total number of +'s:		

Handout 15B: Fluency Homework

Directions:

- 1. Day 1: Read the text carefully and annotate to help you read fluently.
- 2. Each day:
 - a. Practice reading the text aloud three to five times.
 - b. Evaluate your progress by placing a check mark in the appropriate, unshaded box.
 - c. Ask someone (adult or peer) to listen and evaluate you as well.
- 3. Last day: answer the self-reflection questions at the end.

"This Is Just to Say" by William Carlos Williams

I have eaten

the plums

that were in

the icebox

and which

you were probably

saving

for breakfast

Forgive me

they were delicious

so sweet

and so cold

Bryant, Jen. A River of Words: The Story of William Carlos Williams. Illustrated by Melissa Sweet, Eerdmans Books for Young Readers, 2008, inside front cover.

Student		Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4
Performance Checklist:	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*
Accurately read the passage three to five times.								
Read with appropriate phrasing and pausing.								
Read with appropriate expression.								
Read articulately at a good pace and an audible volume.								

*Adult or peer

Self-reflection: What choices did you make when deciding how to read this passage, and why? What would you like to improve or try differently next time? (Thoughtfully answer these questions on the back of this paper.)

Handout 16A: Speaking and Listening Checklist

Directions: Evaluate your participation by marking + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet" in the appropriate boxes. Then ask a classmate to evaluate how well you used the skills. Your teacher will complete the third column, based on what he or she observes.

	Self +/ ∆	Peer +/ ∆	Teacher +/ ∆
I prepared for my discussion.			
• I read the material before discussing it.			
 I selected details from the text to include during the discussion. 			
• I identified points of interest and/or confusion.			
I listened actively.			
• I listened for key words.			
• I linked my comments to comments from other people.			
 My comments showed that I am curious about what we are learning. 			
 My comments showed that I can recount what others say. 			

I followed all the rules for working in a small group.		
I took turns speaking and listening.		
l asked thoughtful questions.		
 I asked and answered questions to check understanding. 		
 I asked and answered questions to stay on topic. 		
 I asked and answered questions to elaborate on a topic. 		
I agreed and disagreed respectfully.		
 I used a polite tone of voice throughout the discussion. 		
 I used a sentence stem to help me agree or disagree respectfully. 		
 I used a nonverbal cue to show that I agreed or disagreed with a speaker. 		
I explained my thinking.		
I used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text.		
l spoke clearly at an understandable pace.		
I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification.		
I used appropriate conventions of spoken English.		
Total number of +'s:		

Handout 16B: Socratic Seminar Self-Assessment

Directions: Complete this chart by using one of the letters from the key to describe how often you performed the described action. In the last column, explain why you selected the letter you did. At the bottom of this page, write one convention of spoken English you used during the seminar. Then explain how you could use a convention of written English to achieve something similar.

Expectation	Evaluation (A, S, N)	Evidence: Why did you choose that rating?
I came to the seminar prepared and used my work as I participated in the seminar.		
I followed our class rules and expectations for the seminar, including any specific role I was assigned.		
l agreed and disagreed respectfully.		
I asked and answered questions that made our discussion clearer and linked others' ideas together.		

A = I always did that. S = I sometimes did that. N = I'II do that next time.

I explained my own ideas using the connections I made from	
listening to others.	
l spoke in complete sentences.	
l used at least three domain- specific vocabulary words.	
I provided evidence from the texts in this module to support my points.	

Explain how you used one convention of spoken English (such as pausing to indicate the end of a sentence, raising your voice at the end of a question, etc.) to communicate effectively.

What convention of written English could you use to achieve the same result?

Handout 17A: "Willow Poem"

Directions: Read and analyze the poem before completing Assessment 17A.

"Willow Poem" by William Carlos Williams

- 1 It is a willow when summer is over,
 - A willow by the river

from which no leaf has fallen nor

bitten by the sun

5 turned orange or crimson.

The leaves cling and grow paler,

swing and grow paler

over the swirling waters of the river

as if loath to let go,

10 they are so cool, so drunk with

the swirl of the wind and of the river -

oblivious to winter,

the last to let go and fall

into the water and on the ground.

Handout 17B: Central Message

Directions: Complete the graphic organizer for the poem "The Great Figure" and then complete it for "Willow Poem." Share your work with another pair.

	"The Great Figure"	"Willow Poem"
What specific word choices best help create the imagery in this poem? (Cite line numbers.) Why?		
How does this poem reflect what we know about William Carlos Williams's poetry, based on information from A <i>River of Words</i> and the shared digital organizer?		
Why is this poem interesting or important?		
What is a central message you notice in the poem? What details support the central message you identified? (Cite line numbers.)		

Handout 17C: Focusing Question Task 2 Recording Checklist

Directions: Use this checklist to evaluate your audio recording. Mark + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet." Ask someone (adult or peer) to evaluate your audio as well.

Fluency	Self +/ ∆	Peer +/ ∆	Teacher +/ Δ
l speak clearly.			
I read with accuracy.			
I use appropriate phrasing and pausing as I read.			
I read with appropriate expression.			
l read at an understandable pace.			
l read at an appropriate volume.			
Presentation			
I use a visual to emphasize or enhance details from the poem.			
I use conventions of spoken English.			
Total number of +'s:			

Handout 17D: Vocabulary Study Guide

Study each definition, and draw a picture or write a sentence using the word to help you remember what it means. Then glue this paper into your Vocabulary Journal.

Word	Definition	Illustration or Sentence
inspiration	The act of motivating.	
choreography	The art of creating or performing dance.	
rehearsed	Practiced.	
revelation	The act of showing something.	

explore	To learn by looking at something in detail.	
ordinary	Common.	
quarreling	Arguing in a strong way.	
dawdling	Wasting time.	
crept	Moved carefully and quietly.	
strolled	Walked slowly without a purpose.	

Handout 18A: Knowledge Chart

Directions: Review the information you collected in your Response Journal and think about what you have learned. Then, jot important knowledge on this chart. Save the chart for the next lesson.

Use your research to answer the following question:

How do A *River of Words*, the poetry of William Carlos Williams, and the art of Charles Demuth build my knowledge?

Knowledge of World
Knowledge of Ideas
Knowledge of Skills

Handout 19A: Writing Planner

Directions: Use this planner to develop and organize ideas for Focusing Question Task 3.

Prompt: How does William Carlos Williams use the genre of poetry to express himself?

Introduce (I)	Introduce your topic. Provide any necessary background information or context for your topic.
Topic (T)	State your main idea, including TWO supporting points.
Evidence (E)	Provide evidence that develops your main idea.
Elaboration (E)	Explain how the evidence develops your main idea.
Evidence (E)	Provide evidence that develops your main idea.
Elaboration (E)	Explain how the evidence develops your main idea.
Concluding Statement (C)	Close your paragraph.

I chose the words ______ and _____ to create the effect _____

Handout 19B: Oral Rehearsal Peer Feedback Form

Directions: Listen as your partner orally composes his or her paragraph. Use this form to write notes to give feedback.

My partner's topic: _____

Topic Statement (To S)	In your topic statement, I heard you state the ideas that • Point 1: • Point 2:
Evidence (E)	Evidence I heard in support of your first point includes
Elaboration (E)	I heard you explain that this evidence shows
Evidence (E)	Evidence I heard in support of your second point includes

Elaboration (E)	l heard you explain that this evidence shows
Concluding Statement (C)	In your concluding statement, I heard you reinforce the "big" idea that
Notes/suggestio	ns for improvement:

Handout 19C: Focusing Question Task 2 Checklist

Directions: Use this checklist to revise your writing. Mark + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet." Ask someone (adult or peer) to evaluate your writing as well.

Reading Comprehension	Self +/Δ	Peer +/Δ	Teacher +/ ∆
l refer to a particular poem.			
Structure			
I respond to all parts of the prompt.			
I focus on my topic.			
I introduce the topic.			
l organize information about my topic into groups.			
I have a concluding sentence.			
I use linking words and phrases to connect my ideas.			

Development		
I develop my topic with evidence from the poem I recorded.		
l explain or analyze my topic in detail.		
Style		
I use simple, compound, and complex sentences.		
I use vocabulary words that are appropriate to the topic.		
Research		
I collaborate with others to gather research.		
I use technology to produce and publish writing.		
I choose resources for my research.		
I use information gathered from print and digital sources.		
Writing Process		
I use a writing planner to organize my ideas.		
I provide thoughtful feedback in peer revision.		
l use feedback in peer revision.		
Total number of +'s:		

Handout 20A: Research Notes— Jackson Pollock

Directions: As you find out more about the traits that helped Jackson Pollock to be successful, record notes from your research in the graphic organizer.

Jackson Pol	lock	
Trait	How did this trait help Jackson Pollock to be successful?	Source

Handout 20B: Fluency Homework

Directions:

- 1. Day 1: Read the text carefully and annotate to help you read fluently.
- 2. Each day:
 - a. Practice reading the text aloud three to five times.
 - b. Evaluate your progress by placing a check mark in the appropriate, unshaded box.
 - c. Ask someone (adult or peer) to listen and evaluate you as well.
- 3. Last day: answer the self-reflection questions at the end.

Action Jackson by Jan Greenberg and Sandra Jordan

Some artists cover the canvas with a base coat of white paint. Not Jackson. He wants the paint to soak into the surface, leaving bare patches peeking through the stains of color. Some painters use oil paint or water color. Not Jackson. He'll use ordinary house paint from the hardware store to make this painting.

Some artists paint pictures of flowers of people or landscapes. Not Jackson. He expresses his thoughts and feelings directly on the canvas, calling it "energy and motion made visible." ...

Some people will be shocked when they see what he has created.

Some angry.

Some confused.

Some excited.

Some filled with a happiness they can hardly explain.

But everyone will agree —

Jackson Pollock is doing something original, painting in a way that no one has ever seen before.

Greenberg, Jan, and Sandra Jordan. *Action Jackson*. Illustrated by Robert Andrew Parker, Macmillan, 2002, pp. 8, 23.

Student Performance		Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5
Checklist:	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	νои	Listener*	You	Listener*
Accurately read the passage three to five times.										
Read with appropriate phrasing and pausing.										
Read with appropriate expression.										
Read articulately at a good pace and an audible volume.										
*Adult or peer Self-reflection: What choices did you make when deciding how to read this passage, and whv? What would vou like to improve or try differently next time? (Thoughtfully answer t	r 1: Who ould v	at choices ou like to	did yc impro	u make wh ve or trv d	hen d¢ ifferer	eciding hov tlv next tii		read this passage, and (Thouahtfullv answer these	assage IV ans	e, and wer these

questions on the back of this paper.)

Handout 21A: Sequence of Artistic Process

Directions:

- 1. List the materials you would need to create a drip painting in the Materials box.
- 2. Work with a partner to list the steps needed to create a drip painting. Use time-order words to indicate the sequence and record the page number that describes each step.
- 3. Star the step you think is least important to the process.

Materials

Using the sequence of events in *Action Jackson*, list the steps required to create a drip painting.

Step	Page
1. First,	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	

Handout 23A: Digital Sources Evaluation—Jackson Pollock

Directions: Review each of the websites below. Explain <u>who</u> created the website, <u>what</u> information the website provides, and <u>when</u> the website was updated. Then decide if the websites are useful and answer the questions below the table.

Website	Who?	What?	When?	Useful?
Example: http://witeng.link/0537	The Art Story	biography of Pollock	2016	Yes
http://witeng.link/0538				
http://witeng.link/0539				

- 1. Why is it important to evaluate a digital source?
- 2. Select one of the websites that you have determined would be useful for your research. Write three to five sentences explaining how you know that website will be useful.

Handout 24A: "A Signature Work"

Directions: Read "A Signature Work" and then answer the questions on Assessment 24A.

"A Signature Work"

Painter Jackson Pollock is famous for his unusual techniques. Pollock sometimes stood over a canvas and poured or dripped paint onto it. Sometimes he used a stick instead of a paintbrush. His paintings are just splatters and swirls—right?

Art historian Henry Adams sees something else in Pollock's *Mural* (1943). Adams sees the letters of Pollock's name. Adams believes Pollock first created a giant signature and then camouflaged it with layers of swooping lines.

Some experts are not convinced, though. "There are a lot of loops, curves, and lines in *Mural*," says Pepe Karmel. "Evidently, by picking and choosing among them, you can spell out the words 'Jackson Pollock,' but that doesn't mean the words are there."

The experts cannot ask Jackson Pollock. He died in 1956. Adams would like to use X-rays to solve the mystery. Adams thinks X-rays would show which layers of the painting were laid down first. No one has plans to try Adams's test yet. In the meantime, Adams thinks he sees Pollock's signature in another painting called *Silver and Black*. Take a look and decide for yourself.

Excerpt from "A Signature Work." Muse Magazine, May 2010. Cricket Media, Carus Publishing Company.
Handout 25A: Knowledge Chart

Directions: Think about what you have learned about Jackson Pollock and his art by reading *Action Jackson*, analyzing *Lavender Mist* and *Blue Poles*, and watching videos about the artist and his work. Record your new knowledge on the chart below.

Knowledge of World

Knowledge of Ideas

Knowledge of Skills

Handout 26A: Digital Sources Evaluation—Marian Anderson

Directions: Review each of the websites below. Explain <u>who</u> created the website, <u>what</u> information the website provides, and <u>when</u> the website was updated. Then decide if the websites are useful and answer the questions below the table.

Website	Who?	What?	When?	Useful?
http://witeng.link/0544				
http://witeng.link/0545				

1. Select one of the websites that you have determined would be useful for your research. Write three to five sentences explaining how you know that website will be useful.

Handout 26B: Fluency Homework

Directions:

- 1. Day 1: Read the text carefully and annotate to help you read fluently.
- 2. Each day:
 - a. Practice reading the text aloud three to five times.
 - b. Evaluate your progress by placing a check mark in the appropriate, unshaded box.
 - c. Ask someone (adult or peer) to listen and evaluate you as well.
- 3. Last day: answer the self-reflection questions at the end.

When Marian Sang by Pam Muñoz Ryan

Marian still wanted to advance her singing with master teachers. With the help of friends she was granted an audition with the fierce yet famous Giuseppe Boghetti.

When she arrived at his studio, Mr. Boghetti announced that he didn't have time or room for new students. Too afraid even to look at him, Marian took a deep breath. Slowly, with great emotion, she sang,

"Deep river, my home is over Jordan

Deep river, Lord, I want to cross over

into campground ..."

Marian finally lifted her eyes.

"I will make room for you right away," Mr. Boghetti said firmly, "and I will need only two years with you. After that, you will be able to go anywhere and sing for anybody."

Again, Marian's devoted church community raised the money for her lessons.

Ryan, Pam Muñoz. *When Marian Sang*. Illustrated by Brian Selznick, Scholastic, 2002, p. 17.

Student Performance	_	Day 1		Day 2		Day 3		Day 4		Day 5
Checklist:	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*	You	Listener*
Accurately read the passage three to five times.										
Read with appropriate phrasing and pausing.										
Read with appropriate expression.										
Read articulately at a good pace and an audible volume.										
*Adult or peer	<u> </u>									
Self-reflection: What choices did you make when deciding how to read this passage, and	۲. Wh	at choices	did yo	u make wl	hen d	eciding ho	w to r	ead this pa	Issage	e, and

questions on the back of this paper.)

why? What would you like to improve or try differently next time? (Thoughtfully answer these

٦

Handout 27A: Research Notes— Marian Anderson

Directions: As you find out more about the traits that helped Marian Anderson to be successful, record notes from your research in the graphic organizer.

Marian And	erson	
Trait	How did this trait help Marian Anderson to be successful?	Source

Handout 29A: Evidence Organizer

Directions: Follow the prompts at the top of the chart to write brief notes in the boxes. Remember to only write notes that support your focus statement. Choose the best evidence to support your focus statement.

Prompt: Review Action Jackson and the public notes for When Marian Sang, along with your own notes, to find evidence that shows how Jackson Pollock and/or Marian Anderson used a particular personal quality.

Focus Statement:	is an important personal quality for
artists.	

Evidence	Source	Elaboration/ Explanation
List details from the text that support your focus statement. Be sure to use quotations and paraphrasing.	Where did this information come from? List title and page number.	How does the evidence show that the personal quality is important to the artist?

Handout 29B: Speaking and Listening Checklist

Directions: Evaluate your participation by marking + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet" in the appropriate boxes. Then ask a classmate to evaluate how well you used the skills. Your teacher will complete the third column, based on what he or she observes.

	Self +/Δ	Peer +/ ∆	Teacher +/ ∆
I prepared for my discussion.			
 I read the material before discussing it. 			
 I selected details from the text to include during the discussion. 			
 I identified points of interest and/or confusion. 			
l listened actively.			
• I listened for key words.			
• I linked my comments to comments from other people.			
• My comments showed that I am curious about what we are learning.			
• My comments showed that I can recount what others say.			

	,	
I followed all the rules for working in a small group.		
I took turns speaking and listening.		
I asked thoughtful questions.		
 I asked and answered questions to check understanding. 		
 I asked and answered questions to stay on topic. 		
 I asked and answered questions to elaborate on a topic. 		
 I used a polite tone of voice throughout the discussion. 		
 I used a sentence stem to help me agree or disagree respectfully. 		
 I used a nonverbal cue to show that I agreed or disagreed with a speaker. 		
I explained my thinking.		
I used appropriate facts and details to report on a topic or text.		
I spoke clearly at an understandable pace.		
I spoke in full sentences to provide requested details or clarification.		
l used appropriate conventions of spoken English.		
Total number of +'s:		

Handout 29C: Socratic Seminar Self-Assessment

Directions: Complete this chart by using one of the letters from the key to describe how often you performed the described action. In the last column, explain why you selected the letter you did. At the bottom of this page, write one convention of spoken English you used during the seminar. Then explain how you could use a convention of written English to achieve something similar.

A = I always did that.	S = I sometimes did that.	N = I'll do that next time.
-------------------------------	----------------------------------	-----------------------------

Expectation	Evaluation (A, S, N)	Evidence: Why did you choose that rating?
I came to the seminar prepared and used my work as I participated in the seminar.		
I followed our class rules and expectations for the seminar, including any specific role I was assigned.		
l agreed and disagreed respectfully.		

I asked and answered questions that made our discussion clearer and linked others' ideas together.	
I explained my own ideas using the connections I made from listening to others.	
l spoke in complete sentences.	
l used at least three domain-specific vocabulary words.	
I provided evidence from the texts in this module to support my points.	

Explain how you used one convention of spoken English (such as pausing to indicate the end of a sentence, raising your voice at the end of a question, etc.) to communicate effectively.

What convention of written English could you use to achieve the same result?

Handout 29D: Oral Presentation Planner

Directions:

Г

- 1. Review all of your research notes from Lesson 28.
- 2. Identify the two traits that most helped the artist to be successful.
- 3. Find evidence that shows that the trait helped the artist to be successful.
- 4. Select a visual aid to support the presentation

Artist:	
Trait 1:	Trait 2:
Evidence That the Trait Helped the Artist Be Successful	Evidence That the Trait Helped the Artist Be Successful
Visual Aid:	
How the visual aid supports the pre	esentation:

Handout 30A: Focusing Question Task 3 Checklist

Directions: Evaluate your oral presentation by marking + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet" in the appropriate boxes. Then ask a classmate to evaluate how well you used the skills. Your teacher will complete the third column, based on what he or she observes.

	Self +/Δ	Peer +/Δ	Teacher +/ ∆
We planned for our presentation.			
 We read multiple sources, including print and digital sources. 			
• We shared our notes and ideas.			
 We selected an appropriate visual aid to support the presentation. 			
We developed a well-organized presentation.			
• We selected an appropriate title .			
• We identified two important character traits the artist showed.			
• We included evidence to demonstrate how the artist used the traits.			
• We explained why the traits were important.			

I used effective speaking strategies to deliver our presentation.		
I took turns speaking and listening.		
I asked thoughtful questions.		
• I spoke in complete sentences.		
• I spoke clearly at an understandable pace.		
 I explained the visual aid using facts and details from my sources. 		
• I used words and phrases for effect.		
• I used the conventions of spoken English appropriately.		
• I answered questions and provided additional information.		
Total number of +'s:		

Handout 31A: End-of-Module Task Research Notes

Directions: Review the notes you collected throughout the module on the artist you selected to write about. Consider the question: How is the life and work of this artist important? Record any evidence from your research notes in the graphic organizer.

Artist:			
Focus Research	Evidence	Source	
Important facts and details that explain the artist's work			
Unique elements of the artist's work			
The artist's accomplishments			
Why the artist's work is important			

Handout 31B: Vocabulary Study Guide

Directions: Study each definition, and draw a picture or write a sentence using the word to help you remember what it means. Then glue this paper into your Vocabulary Journal.

Word	Definition	Illustration or Sentence
action	The act of doing something.	
camouflage	A way of hiding with color so it blends with surroundings.	
devoted	Gave time and attention to a purpose.	
dignified	Marked with honor.	
extraordinary	Unusual.	

humiliation	The state of being embarrassed or having one's pride hurt.	
improvise	Make up as you go.	
passionate	Showing strong emotions.	
remarkable	Exceptional and noteworthy.	
segregated	Isolated or separated from a specific group.	

Handout 32A: Writing Planner

Directions: Use this planner to develop and organize ideas for the Endof-Module Task.

Introduction

Hook (H)	How will you "hook" your audience, or catch their attention?		
Introduce (I)	Introduce your topic. Provide any necessary background information or context for your topic.		
	State your essential idea, pro supporting points.	eviewing your two	
Thesis (T)	Point 1	Point 2	

Supporting Paragraph 1—Point 1:

Topic Statement (To S)	State your first point in support of your thesis.
Evidence (E)	Cite evidence that develops Point 1, including any necessary context.

Elaboration (E)	Explain how the evidence develops Point 1.
Concluding Statement (C)	Close your paragraph.

Supporting Paragraph 2—Point 2:

Topic Statement (To S)	Transition from your last point, and state your second point in support of your thesis.
Evidence (E)	Cite evidence that develops Point 2, including any necessary context:
Elaboration (E)	Explain how the evidence develops Point 2.
Concluding Statement (C)	Close your paragraph.

Conclusion

	Reinforce your thesis.
Conclusion (C)	Reflect on the significance of your thesis.

Handout 32B: Oral Rehearsal Peer Feedback Form

Directions: Listen as your partner orally composes each of the two body paragraphs. Use this form to write notes to give feedback.

My partner's topic: _____

Topic Statement (To S)	In your topic statement, I heard you state the ideas that
Evidence (E)	Evidence I heard in support of your first point includes
Elaboration (E)	I heard you explain that this evidence shows
Concluding Statement (C)	In your concluding statement, I heard you reinforce the "big" idea that
Notes/sugges	stions for improvement:

BODY PARAGRAPH 1

BODY PARAGRAPH 2

Topic Statement (To S)	In your topic statement, I heard you state the ideas that
Evidence (E)	Evidence I heard in support of your first point includes
Elaboration (E)	l heard you explain that this evidence shows
Concluding Statement (C)	In your concluding statement, I heard you reinforce the "big" idea that
Notes/sugge	estions for improvement:

Handout 33A: End-of-Module Task Checklist

Directions: Use this checklist to revise your writing. Mark + for "yes" and Δ for "not yet." Ask someone (adult or peer) to evaluate your writing as well.

Structure	Self +/Δ	Peer +/Δ	Teacher +/ ∆
I respond to all parts of the prompt.			
I focus on my topic.			
l include an introduction that hooks the reader.			
l include a thesis statement in my introduction paragraph.			
l organize information about my topic into groups.			
My concluding section refers to my topic.			
I use linking words and phrases to connect my ideas.			

Development		
l explain or analyze my topic in detail including:		
 Providing important facts about the artist's life. 		
 Explaining unique elements of the artist's work. 		
 Describing the artist's important accomplishments. 		
 Describing why the artist's work is important. 		
Style		
l use simple, compound, and complex sentences.		
l use vocabulary words that are appropriate to the topic.		
I choose words and phrases for effect.		
Conventions		
I check the spelling of high-frequency words.		
I check the spelling of words with known spelling patterns.		
l use a dictionary to check my spelling as needed.		

I use at least one comparative or superlative adjective or adverb.		
Research		
I develop my topic with facts, definitions, and details from my research.		
I use information gathered from a core module text, the back matter from a core module text, and a primary source.		
Writing Process		
I use a writing planner to organize my ideas.		
l provide thoughtful feedback in peer revision.		
l use feedback in peer revision.		
Total number of +'s:		

Handout 34A: Knowledge Chart

Directions: Review the texts and piece of art from the module you selected. Read through the most important knowledge you gained from the module on this chart.

In the last two rows, note how the core texts and art from the module build your knowledge.

Knowledge of World
Knowledge of Ideas
Knowledge of Skills

How Texts Helped

How Art Helped

Volume of Reading Reflection Questions

Artists Make Art, Grade 3, Module 4

Student Name:		
Text:		
Author:	 	
Topic:	 	
Genre/type of book:		

Directions: Share your knowledge by responding to the questions below.

Informational Text

- 1. Wonder: What do you notice about the cover and illustrations in this text? What questions do you have as you think about the observations?
- 2. Organize: Pick two or three key details the author presents about art or an artist. What is the main idea represented by the key details?
- 3. Reveal: Choose two paragraphs that are together in the text. How does the author connect the main ideas in each paragraph? Does she/he compare two ideas, show cause and effect, or tell two events in order?
- 4. Distill: What was the essential meaning of this text? Provide evidence from the text to support your response.

- 5. Know: How does the information in this text compare to what you have already learned about art and artists? Provide at least two examples of information that is the same and/or different.
- 6. Vocabulary: Choose two interesting, but unknown, vocabulary words in the text. Using your best thinking, jot what you *think* the words mean. Look them up in the dictionary. Write the meaning that fits the context.

Literary Text

- 1. Wonder: What do you notice after closely examining the front and back covers or after reading the first couple pages of this text?
- 2. Organize: Choose three parts of the story. Tell how each part builds on the previous one.
- 3. Reveal: Choose one illustration in the story and think about how it supports the story. Does the illustration help to show the mood of the story? Does it tell you more about the character or the setting? Write your thinking.
- 4. Distill: What is the central message in this story? Provide evidence from the text to support your response. Is the central message hinted at in the title, from repetition in the story, or by the way the character changed from the beginning of the story to the end?
- 5. Know: How has this story added to what you know about art and artists?
- 6. Vocabulary: Search your text for two examples of nonliteral language. Draw a picture of what the language would mean literally and what the author really means (nonliteral).

WIT & WISDOM PARENT TIP SHEET

WHAT IS MY GRADE 3 STUDENT LEARNING IN MODULE 4?

Wit & Wisdom is our English curriculum. It builds knowledge of key topics in history, science, and literature through the study of excellent texts. By reading and responding to stories and nonfiction texts, we will build knowledge of the following topics:

Module 1: The Sea Module 2: Outer Space Module 3: A New Home **Module 4: Artists Make Art**

In the fourth module, *Artists Make Art*, students will explore the creative impulse as they read biographies of artists in the fields of dance, literature, the visual arts, and music. In addition to reading about the artists, students encounter the work of each of these artists. We will ask: What is an artist?

OUR CLASS WILL READ THESE BOOKS:

Picture Books, (Literary)

• Emma's Rug, Allen Say

Picture Books, (Informational)

- Alvin Ailey, Andrea Davis Pinkney
- A River of Words: The Story of William Carlos Williams, Jen Bryant
- Action Jackson, Jan Greenberg and Sandra Jordan
- When Marian Sang, Pam Muñoz Ryan

OUR CLASS WILL READ THESE ARTICLES:

- "Working as a Team on Children's Books," Roberta Hershenson
- "Brian Pinkney," National Center for Children's Literature
- "A Signature Work," Muse Magazine

OUR CLASS WILL READ THIS POEM:

• "Willow Poem," William Carlos Williams

OUR CLASS WILL READ THIS INTERVIEW:

• "Andrea Davis Pinkney Interview Transcript," Scholastic Students

OUR CLASS WILL EXAMINE THESE PAINTINGS:

- I Saw the Figure 5 in Gold, Charles Demuth
- My Egypt, Charles Demuth
- Number 1, 1950 (Lavender Mist), Jackson Pollock
- Number 11, 1952 (Blue Poles), Jackson Pollock
- Mural, Jackson Pollock

OUR CLASS WILL EXAMINE THIS PHOTOGRAPH:

• Marian Anderson singing in front of Lincoln Memorial

OUR CLASS WILL WATCH THESE VIDEOS:

- Sometimes I Feel Like a Motherless Child, Marian Anderson
- Excerpt from 1988 interview with Alvin Ailey
- Revelations at 50, Alvin Ailey
- Christine Dixon discussing Blue Poles
- Jackson Pollock, Hans Namuth
- Newsreel footage of Marian Anderson's first Lincoln Memorial
- Excerpts of Revelations, Alvin Ailey

OUR CLASS WILL ASK THESE QUESTIONS:

- What inspires artists?
- How do artists make art?
- What are some character traits that are useful to artists?
- Why is art important?

QUESTIONS TO ASK AT HOME:

- As your Grade 3 student reads, ask, "How does this text build your knowledge of artists and art?"
- Share what you know about artists and art.

BOOKS TO READ AT HOME:

- The Dreamer, Pam Muñoz Ryan
- Ballet for Martha: Making Appalachian Spring, Jan Greenberg
- The Fantastic Jungles of Henri Rousseau, Michelle Markel
- The Noisy Paint Box: The Colors and Sounds of Kandinsky's Abstract Art, Barbara Rosenstock

- Mario's Angels: A Story about the Artist Giotto, Mary Arrigan
- An Eye for Color: The Story of Josef Albers, Natasha Wing
- The Garden of Monsieur Monet, Giancarlo Ascari
- Electric Ben: The Amazing Life and Times of Benjamin Franklin, Robert Byrd
- Who Was Leonardo da Vinci?, Roberta Edwards
- Who Was Pablo Picasso?, True Kelley
- Vincent Van Gogh: Portrait of an Artist, Jan Greenberg
- Jackson Pollock, Mike Venezia
- Firebird, Misty Copeland
- Ellington Was Not a Street, Ntozake Shange
- Georges Seurat, Mike Venezia
- Pippo the Fool, Tracey E. Fern
- Michelangelo, Diane Stanley
- Leonardo: Beautiful Dreamer, Robert Byrd
- Sandy's Circus: A Story about Alexander Calder, Tanya Lee Stone
- Stone Giant: Michelangelo's David and How He Came to Be, Jane Sutcliffe
- The Music in George's Head, Suzanne Slade
- Mr. Matisse and His Cutouts, Annmarie van Haeringen
- José! Born to Dance, Susannah Reich
- Edgar Degas: Paintings that Dance, Kristin N. Cole and Maryann Cocca-Leffler
- Some Writer! The Story of E.B. White, Melissa Sweet
- The Artist and his Models, Hanuel Ddang
- Lives of the Artists, Kathleen Krull

IDEAS FOR TALKING ABOUT ARTISTS AND ART:

Find opportunities to explore art in your area. Consider:

- Visiting a local art museum or exhibit.
- Attending a musical concert.
- Attending a dance performance.
- Attending a poetry reading or other literary event.

Deepen your child's experiences with art by engaging in art activities together. Consider:

- Working together to create an art project, discussing how you are using the materials for specific purposes.
- Singing together, noticing harmonies, melodies, and rhythm.
- Read favorite poems aloud at home.
- Dance together, noticing how you are using your body to express emotions or ideas.

CREDITS

Great Minds[®] has made every effort to obtain permission for the reprinting of all copyrighted material. If any owner of copyrighted material is not acknowledged herein, please contact Great Minds[®] for proper acknowledgment in all future editions and reprints of this module.

- All material from the Common Core State Standards for English Language Arts & Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects © Copyright 2010 National Governors Association Center for Best Practices and Council of Chief State School Officers. All rights reserved.
- All images are used under license from Shutterstock.com unless otherwise noted.
- Handout 15B: "This is Just to Say" by William Carlos Williams, from THE COLLECTED POEMS: VOLUME I, 1909-1939, copyright ©1938 by New Directions Publishing Corp. Reprinted by permission of New Directions Publishing Corp.
- Handout 24A: "A Signature Work" by Johanna Arnone from Muse magazine, May 2010. Text copyright © 2010 by Carus Publishing Company. Reprinted by permission of Cricket Media. All Cricket Media material is copyrighted by Carus Publishing d/b/a Cricket Media, and/or various authors and illustrators. Any commercial use or distribution of material without permission is strictly prohibited. Please visit <u>http://www.cricketmedia.com/info/licensing2</u> for licensing and <u>http://www.cricketmedia.com</u> for subscriptions
- The Painted Essay[®] is used by permission of Diana Leddy.
- For updated credit information, please visit <u>http://witeng.link/credits</u>.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Great Minds® Staff

The following writers, editors, reviewers, and support staff contributed to the development of this curriculum.

Ann Brigham, Lauren Chapalee, Sara Clarke, Emily Climer, Lorraine Griffith, Emily Gula, Sarah Henchey, Trish Huerster, Stephanie Kane-Mainier, Lior Klirs, Liz Manolis, Andrea Minich, Lynne Munson, Marya Myers, Rachel Rooney, Aaron Schifrin, Danielle Shylit, Rachel Stack, Sarah Turnage, Michelle Warner, Amy Wierzbicki, Margaret Wilson, and Sarah Woodard.

Colleagues and Contributors

We are grateful for the many educators, writers, and subject-matter experts who made this program possible.

David Abel, Robin Agurkis, Elizabeth Bailey, Julianne Barto, Amy Benjamin, Andrew Biemiller, Charlotte Boucher, Sheila Byrd-Carmichael, Eric Carey, Jessica Carloni, Janine Cody, Rebecca Cohen, Elaine Collins, Tequila Cornelious, Beverly Davis, Matt Davis, Thomas Easterling, Jeanette Edelstein, Kristy Ellis, Moira Clarkin Evans, Charles Fischer, Marty Gephart, Kath Gibbs, Natalie Goldstein, Christina Gonzalez, Mamie Goodson, Nora Graham, Lindsay Griffith, Brenna Haffner, Joanna Hawkins, Elizabeth Haydel, Steve Hettleman, Cara Hoppe, Ashley Hymel, Carol Jago, Jennifer Johnson, Mason Judy, Gail Kearns, Shelly Knupp, Sarah Kushner, Shannon Last, Suzanne Lauchaire, Diana Leddy, David Liben, Farren Liben, Jennifer Marin, Susannah Maynard, Cathy McGath, Emily McKean, Jane Miller, Rebecca Moore, Cathy Newton, Turi Nilsson, Julie Norris, Galemarie Ola, Michelle Palmieri, Meredith Phillips, Shilpa Raman, Tonya Romayne, Emmet Rosenfeld, Jennifer Ruppel, Mike Russoniello, Deborah Samley, Casey Schultz, Renee Simpson, Rebecca Sklepovich, Amelia Swabb, Kim Taylor, Vicki Taylor, Melissa Thomson, Lindsay Tomlinson, Melissa Vail, Keenan Walsh, Julia Wasson, Lynn Welch, Yvonne Guerrero Welch, Emily Whyte, Lynn Woods, and Rachel Zindler.

Early Adopters

The following early adopters provided invaluable insight and guidance for Wit & Wisdom:

- Bourbonnais School District 53 Bourbonnais, IL
- Coney Island Prep Middle School Brooklyn, NY
- Gate City Charter School for the Arts Merrimack, NH
- Hebrew Academy for Special Children Brooklyn, NY
- Paris Independent Schools Paris, KY
- Saydel Community School District Saydel, IA
- Strive Collegiate Academy Nashville, TN
- Valiente College Preparatory Charter School South Gate, CA
- Voyageur Academy Detroit, MI

Design Direction provided by Alton Creative, Inc. Project management support, production design, and copyediting services provided by <u>ScribeConcepts.com</u> Copyediting services provided by Fine Lines Editing Product management support provided by Sandhill Consulting **ARTISTS MAKE ART** What is an artist? In this module, you will learn about the life and work of a dancer, a poet, a painter, and a singer. You will explore how each of these artists found inspiration, worked hard, and showed us a new way of seeing the world.

MORE MEANINGFUL ENGLISH How do you know what you know? As you read, write, discuss, and listen, you build knowledge of such topics as the sea, space, immigration, and artists. As you read each text, you will ask yourself *How does this text build my knowledge*?



ON THE COVER

Number 1, 1950, (Lavender Mist), 1950 Jackson Pollock, American, 1912-1956 Oil, Enamel, and Aluminum on Canvas National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.

© 2017 The Pollock-Krasner Foundation / Artists Rights Society (ARS), New York Photo credit: National Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C.

GRADE 3 MODULES

The Sea
 Outer Space

3. A New Home 4. Artists Make Art

GREAT MINDS A group of education leaders founded the nonprofit Great Minds in 2007 to define and encourage knowledge-rich comprehensive education for all American schoolchildren. In pursuit of that mission, Great Minds brings schoolteachers together in collaboration with scholars to craft exemplary instructional materials and share them with the field. Great Minds' *Eureka Math*TM is the only comprehensive math curriculum aligned to the new standards at every grade.



Grade 3 | Module 4

Learn more at GreatMinds.org

