PHI (D.B.A. PRESBYTERIAN SENIOR LIVING)

Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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Certification of Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officers

We are responsible for the consolidated financial statements of Presbyterian Senior Living, as of December 31, 2010, and attest that they are accurate, complete and fairly presented.

The accuracy and completeness of financial information depends on our systems, process, and most importantly our integrity. Our commitment to integrity is reflected in the code of conduct that the leadership of Presbyterian Senior Living has established as the standard for the entire organization. We believe that this commitment, our processes and internal controls produce financial information that can be trusted.

Consolidated financial statements report our financial position and results using numbers and prescribed rules. They also include a significant amount of information that is required by financial reporting standards. We believe these consolidated financial statements disclose information that is important to create a complete picture of our stewardship of financial resources.

Consolidated financial statements alone can never reflect the breadth and depth of our stewardship of this ministry. They do not report on our most significant assets, our employees and volunteers. They also do not reflect our most important stewardship role; our commitment to provide Christian understanding and compassion to those seniors entrusted to our care. We believe that we continue to successfully fulfill the financial and non-financial aspects of our mission, extending a proud tradition of a combined ministry that has served older persons in the name of Christ for the more than 104 years.

Finally, we believe in openly and honestly sharing information. Please feel free to contact either of us if you have questions on any part of this report, or if we can be of further assistance in understanding Presbyterian Senior Living's mission.

Stephen Proctor

Chief Executive Officer Presbyterian Senior Living Jeffrey J. Davis
Chief Financial Officer

Presbyterian Senior Living

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees Presbyterian Senior Living:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of financial position of PHI, doing business as Presbyterian Senior Living, and affiliates (collectively the Corporation), as of December 31, 2010, and the related consolidated statement of operations and change in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Geneva House, Inc., Westminster Place at Parkesburg, L.P., Westminster Place at Windy Hill, L.P., Westminster Place at Carroll Village, L.P., Schartner House Associates, L.P. and Presbyterian Apartments, Inc., affiliates of Presbyterian Senior Living. The financial statements of Geneva House, Inc., Westminster Place at Parkesburg, L.P., Schartner House Associates, L.P. and Presbyterian Apartments, Inc. were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those financial statements is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The financial statements for these entities reflect total assets constituting 9.79 percent and total operating revenues, gains and other support constituting 4.06 percent of the related consolidated totals. The financial statements of Westminster Place at Bloomsburg and Westminster Place at Stewartstown were unaudited. The reports for these entities have been furnished to us by other accountants, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these consolidated financial statements is based solely on the reports of the other accountants. The financial statements for these entities reflect total assets constituting 1.74 percent and equity received from tax credit limited partner constituting 42.41 percent of the related consolidated totals.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall consolidated financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Presbyterian Senior Living as of December 31, 2010, and the change in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Carbis Walker LLP New Castle, Pennsylvania March 31, 2011

Carties Halker LLP

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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2010

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,293,550
Investments		74,326,284
Restricted deposits and funded reserves		4,531,356
Accounts receivable, net		15,595,718
Interest receivable		6,605
Inventory		291,293
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,470,765
Assets whose use is limited		13,502,144
Assets whose use is limited, construction funds held by trustee		19,176
Pledges receivable		876,357
Assets held for sale		2,742,604
Property and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$206,112,707)		271,334,253
Assets under capital leases (net of accumulated depreciation of \$496,829)		210,064
Funds held in trust by others		14,810,256
Deferred financing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$1,587,752)		3,391,212
Other assets	_	552,456
Total assets	\$ _	411,954,093

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2010

Liabilities and Net Assets

Accounts payable	\$ 17,691,870
Accrued expenses	14,036,438
Notes payable	16,307,699
Accrued interest	603,766
Resident deposits	1,581,217
Entrance fee payable	23,424,873
Deferred revenue - entrance fees	64,067,334
Deferred rent	353,370
Fair value of interest rate swaps	1,718,966
Annuities payable	1,521,422
Accrued pension	440,979
Obligations under capital leases	203,460
Long-term debt - senior living	167,615,223
Long-term debt - low income housing Total liabilities	18,002,672 327,569,289
Net assets:	
Non-controlling interest	2,765,050
Unrestricted (including tax credit equity of \$22,976,253)	57,520,867
Temporarily restricted	4,936,305
Permanently restricted	19,162,582
Total net assets	84,384,804
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 411,954,093

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Change in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2010

Operating revenues, gains, and other support:		
Resident services, including amortization of		
entrance fees of \$10,074,885	\$	172,661,965
Sales of other services and materials		180,395
Net rental income and developers' fees		3,985,128
Interest and dividend income		2,809,575
Realized losses on investments		(1,800,067)
Gain on sale of property and equipment		6,154
Contributions, gifts, grants and bequests		1,534,827
Net assets released from restrictions		2,643,793
Total operating revenues, gains, and other support		182,021,770
Expenses:		
Nursing services		49,645,386
Rehabilitation		8,420,187
Recreation and special services		5,413,262
Pharmacy		3,751,423
Social services		926,271
Physician services		506,061
Food services		18,592,070
Building operations and maintenance		21,027,820
Housekeeping		3,814,866
Laundry and linen		1,463,442
General and administrative		25,775,954
Employee benefits		15,770,528
Interest		5,744,593
Depreciation		14,347,100
Amortization		242,095
Total expenses	_	175,441,058
Operating income		6,580,712

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Operations and Change in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2010

Equity received from tax credit limited partner Change in fair value of interest rate swaps Gain on early extinguishment of debt Loss on abandoned project Excess of operating revenues, gains and other support over expenses	4,563,127 684,023 725 (44,970) 11,783,617
Excess of operating revenues, gains and other support over expenses	11,703,017
Other changes: Pension-related changes other than net periodic pension costs Unrealized gain on investments	(300,000) 6,889,874
Total other changes	6,589,874
Increase in unrestricted net assets	18,373,491
Temporarily restricted net assets:	
Contributions, gifts, grants and bequests	1,779,863
Interest and dividend income	112,415
Unrealized gain on investments	376,785
Net assets released from restrictions	(2,643,793)
Change in temporarily restricted net assets	(374,730)
Permanently restricted net assets:	
Contributions, gifts, grants and bequests	308,044
Change in fair value of funds held in trust by others	832,120
Change in permanently restricted net assets	1,140,164
Change in net assets	19,138,925
Net assets, beginning of year (Note 2)	65,245,879
Net assets, end of year \$	84,384,804

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Change in net assets	\$ 19,138,925
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets	
to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	14,347,100
Provision for bad debt	1,034,117
Proceeds from entrance fees and deposits	17,665,953
Amortization of entrance fees	(10,074,885)
Gain on early extinguishment of debt	(725)
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps	(684,023)
Unrealized gains on investments and change in fair value of funds	
held in trust by others	(8,098,779)
Realized losses on investments	1,800,067
Gain on sale of property and equipment	(6,154)
Contributions restricted for long-term purposes	(308,044)
Amortization of deferred costs	(96,548)
Amortization of bond premium	338,022
Loss on abandoned project	44,970
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in accounts receivable	(1,138,126)
Increase in pledges receivable	(81,802)
Increase in other assets	(150,976)
Increase in accounts payable	4,774,990
Increase in deferred rent	190,234
Increase in accrued expenses	 1,898,718
Net cash provided by operating activities	 40,593,034
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Acquisition of property and equipment, net of disposals	(33,927,303)
Assets held for sale	(2,742,604)
Purchases of investments	(36,840,531)
Proceeds from sale of investments	38,273,071
Net cash used in investing activities	 (35,237,367)
·	 (00,201,001)
Cash flows from financing activities:	(7.221.107)
Refunds of entrance fees and deposits	(7,221,107)
Change in entrance fee payable	(3,336,061)
Principal payments on and redemptions of long-term debt	(4,686,306)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	17,161,463
Financing costs incurred	(295,666)
Net repayments of notes payable	(1,901,369)
Borrowings through capital leases	31,774
Repayments on capital leases	(163,021)
Contributions restricted for long-term purposes	308,044
Increase in annuities payable	 283,842
Net cash provided by financing activities	 181,593
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	5,537,260
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 2,756,290
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 8,293,550
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(1) General Information

PHI (d.b.a. Presbyterian Senior Living) (the Corporation), a not-for-profit corporation, is the parent corporation of Presbyterian Homes, Inc. (Pres Homes), Presbyterian Homes in the Presbytery of Huntingdon (PHPH), Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. (PSLSI), Quincy United Methodist Home, doing business as Quincy Retirement Community (QRC), The Long Community (TLC), PHI Investment Management Services Corporation (PIMSI), Presbyterian Apartments, Inc. (PAI), Schartner House Apartments (SHA), Westminster Place at Parkesburg (WPP), Westminster Place at Windy Hill (WPWH), Westminster Place at Carroll Village (WPCV), Westminster Place at Stewartstown (WPS), PHI Bloomsburg Senior Care Inc. (BSC), Westminster Place at Bloomsburg (WPB) and Geneva House, Inc. (GHI), PHI LIFE (LIFE) and Presbyterian Housing Management Corporation Inc. (PHMC), which are controlled affiliates of Presbyterian Senior Living. The Corporation also owns 46 percent of Prelude Systems, Inc., a technical services organization.

The Corporation serves as a management company for the above affiliates and is governed by a Board of Trustees. Some of the members of the Board of Trustees are also members of the Board of Directors of certain affiliated corporations. The Corporation's affiliates do business primarily in Pennsylvania, but also in Maryland, Ohio and Delaware.

The following table details the number of beds/units that operate under each entity:

	Total	Nursing beds	Assisted Living	Independent living	HUD/ Tax credit
Pres Homes	1,696	711	307	678	
PSLSI	268	31	36	201	_
PHPH	570	376	91	103	_
QRC	349	134	32	183	_
SHA	50	_	_	_	50
WPP	72	_	_	_	72
WPCV	35	_	_	_	35
WPWH	36	_	_	_	36
WPS	96	_	_	_	96
PAI	165	_	_	_	165
GHI	62	_	_	_	62
TLC	35		35		
Total	3,434	1,252	501	1,165	516

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Accounting

These consolidated financial statements, which are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, have been prepared to focus on the Corporation as a whole and to present balances and transactions according to the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

Revenues are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law.

(b) Income Taxes

The Corporation and most of its affiliates are tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Corporation follows the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) accounting standard for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. This standard clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes in a company's consolidated financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold of more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by the appropriate taxing authority. Measurement of the tax uncertainty occurs if the recognition threshold has been met. The standard also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, and disclosure. Management has determined that this standard does not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

The Corporation's federal Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Returns and federal and Pennsylvania Partnership Returns for the years ended December 31, 2007, 2008 and 2009 remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

(c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Corporation considers all liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents for purposes of the consolidated statement of financial position and cash flows, except for those included in investments and assets whose use is limited. The Corporation's cash and cash equivalents are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) for up to \$250,000 per bank. At December 31, 2010 the Corporation's cash balances exceeded the FDIC coverage by \$5,461,732.

(e) Investments

Investments in equity securities and mutual funds with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value, as determined by a national exchange, in the consolidated statement of financial position. Alternative investments are not readily marketable and are presented at estimated fair value as determined by the investment managers. Management reviews, evaluates and monitors the values provided and agrees with the valuation methods and assumptions used in determining the fair value of the alternative investments. A decline in market value of any investment below cost that is deemed to be other than temporary results in a reduction in carrying amount to fair value. The impairment is charged to realized loss and a new cost basis for the investment is established. For the year ended December 31, 2010, no amounts were charged to realized loss for this purpose as management believes the decline in value is temporary due to general economic conditions and not an other than temporary decline in value.

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Investment income consisted of the following:

	_	2010
Interest and dividends	\$	2,921,990
Realized losses on investments		(1,800,067)
Unrealized gains on investments		
and funds held in trust by others	_	8,098,779
	\$	9,220,702

Investment expense of \$269,241 for the year ended December 31, 2010 has been included in general and administrative expenses.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(f) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown net of an estimated allowance for doubtful accounts, as follows:

Total accounts receivable	\$	17,351,569
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	_	(1,755,851)
Accounts receivable, net	\$	15,595,718

Receivables are considered past due when payments have not been received by the Corporation within 60 days of their contractually stated due date.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is established based on management's assessment of the collectibility of specific customer accounts and the aging of the accounts receivable. Losses are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts when management believes the uncollectibility of a receivable is confirmed.

(g) Restricted deposits and funded reserves

Restricted deposits and funded reserves are measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position and include the Maryland Department of Aging Operating Reserve and other escrow accounts required under the low income housing guidelines.

(h) Assets Whose Use is Limited

Assets whose use is limited primarily include assets held by a trustee under the terms of various bond indentures and permanently restricted investments.

(i) Pledges Receivable

The Corporation records pledges due in more than one year at the net present value less a discounted uncollectible amount.

_	2010
\$	931,058
	(16,948)
	914,110
	(37,753)
\$ _	876,357
	\$ - \$_

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(i) Pledges Receivable (continued)

Pledges receivable as of December 31, 2010 is as follows:

Amounts due in:

Less than one year One to five years	\$ 659,923 271,135
	\$ 931,058

(j) Inventories

Inventories consist of medical and dietary supplies. Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method of inventory costing.

(k) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost or, if donated, at fair market value on the date of donation. The Corporation's policy is to capitalize items in excess of \$3,000 or for a group of items that are the same or similar in nature or function as a group totaling \$3,000 or more. Depreciation is being provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Depreciable lives are determined as follows:

Land improvements	3-35 years
Buildings and improvements	5-75 years
Departmental equipment, furniture and fixtures	1-40 years
Furniture	5-25 years
Vehicles	4-5 years

(l) Costs of Borrowing

Interest cost incurred on borrowed funds less interest income on these funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of construction-in-progress. Interest of \$918,495 was capitalized in 2010.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(m) Funds Held in Trust by Others

The Corporation has been named as a beneficiary of several trusts which are administered and controlled by independent trustees. The trusts are recorded as contribution revenue when the Corporation is notified of the trust's existence. The Corporation receives the earnings from these trusts whose principal is to be held in perpetuity. The earnings from the trust are reported as investment income, increasing unrestricted net assets.

Assets held in trust by others are valued based on the estimated fair value of the underlying investments. The change in the fair value of assets held in trust by others is reported as permanently restricted unrealized gains or losses on investments.

Also included in funds held in trust by others are gift annuities and contributions receivable from charitable remainder trusts that are held by an independent trustee. Periodic payments are made until the death of the annuitant. These annuities are recorded at the present value of the annuity amount discounted at the contract rate over the estimated remaining life of the annuitant.

A summary of these funds at December 31, 2010 is as follows:

Beneficial interest in perpetual trusts	\$	12,747,824
Beneficial interest in assets of foundation		60,497
Gift annuities		26,482
Contributions receivable from remainder trusts	_	1,975,453
	\$	14,810,256

(n) Derivatives and Hedging Activities

The Corporation utilizes interest rate swap agreements to hedge variable interest rates but elected not to elect hedge accounting for these agreements.

The Corporation's interest rate swaps are carried as a liability as determined by a third party. Changes in fair value are reported in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets as a component of the excess of operating revenues, gains and other support over expenses. For 2010, an adjustment to the liability was recorded causing a gain of \$684,023.

The terms of the various interest rate swaps are described in Note 8.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(o) Deferred Costs

The Corporation has deferred the costs incurred for obtaining the proceeds of its long-term debt arrangements. These costs are being amortized over the term of the related financings using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Amortization expense is expected to be approximately \$210,899 for each of the next five years.

(p) Workers' Compensation

Accrued expenses include a provision for estimated self-insured workers' compensation claims for both reported claims not yet paid and claims incurred but not reported.

(q) Estimated Obligation to Provide Future Services to Continuing Care Residents

At certain Continuing Care Retirement Communities, the Corporation provides health care coverage for certain residents under the terms of a Residence and Care Agreement. The Corporation annually estimates the present value of the net cost of future services and the use of facilities to be provided to current residents covered by Residence and Care Agreements and compares that amount to the balance of deferred entrance fees. If the present value of the net cost of future services and the use of facilities exceeds the deferred entrance fees, a liability is recorded (estimated obligation to provide future services to continuing care residents, in excess of amounts received or to be received). Management's assumptions used in the estimate may vary by facility. Assumptions made in these estimates include a 4% inflation rate for nursing costs, a 4% inflation rate for other operating costs, and 6% discount rate based on the approximate cost of borrowing for the Corporation. Management's estimation resulted in no obligation in excess of recorded amounts to provide future services to continuing care residents.

(r) Resident Deposits

Entrance fees and waiting list deposits received from prospective residents prior to occupancy under Residence and Care Agreements are included in resident deposits in the consolidated statement of financial position. These deposits are transferred to deferred revenue-entrance fees upon occupancy of the related units.

(s) Deferred Revenue – Entrance Fees

Entrance fees collected from residents at move-in pursuant to a resident and care agreement are initially recorded as deferred revenue-entrance fees. The non-refundable portion of the fees is amortized to income over the estimated remaining life expectancy of each resident. The portion of the fee refundable upon reoccupancy is amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining useful life of the applicable facility. The agreements provide for potential death or termination refunds of the non-refundable portion if reoccupancy occurs before the contractual amortization is completed in accordance with the terms of the agreements. The remaining amount of unamortized, nonrefundable entrance fees is recorded as revenue upon a resident's death or termination of the contract.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(s) Deferred Revenue – Entrance Fees (continued)

Effective January 1, 2010, Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. changed its method of amortizing refundable entrance fees and the refundable portion of resident entrance fees. Previously, the guaranteed entrance fee refundable was amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining useful life of the applicable independent living unit. To better reflect economic reality, the Corporation has discontinued the amortization of the guaranteed refundable portion of entrance fees and the fully guaranteed refundable portion is reflected as a liability on the consolidated statement of financial position.

The effect of this change resulted in the following adjustment of the 2009 consolidated financial statements:

	_	Entrance Fee Payable	Deferred Revenue Entrance Fees	Change in Net Assets	Ending Net Assets
December 31, 2009 balance, as previously reported Cumulative effect of change in accounting for amortizating refundable	\$	_	76,246,838	25,267,257	57,771,263
entrance fees	_	26,760,934	(12,355,557)	(14,405,377)	(14,405,377)
Balance as adjusted	\$_	26,760,934	63,891,281	10,861,880	43,365,886

The amount of entrance fees guaranteed refundable to residents at December 31, 2010 under contractual refund provisions was approximately \$46,119,000.

(t) Statutory Liquid Reserves

The Continuing Care Provider Registration and Disclosure Act in Pennsylvania requires a working capital reserve equivalent to the greater of the total debt service payments due during the next 12 months on account of any loan or long-term financing, or 10% of the projected annual operating expenses of the Corporation exclusive of depreciation. The reserve is computed on only the proportional share of financing or operating expenses that are applicable to Residence and Care Agreements. The reserve requirement is considered to be fulfilled by the Corporation's unrestricted cash and investments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(u) Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by the Corporation has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. Permanently restricted net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained by the Corporation in perpetuity, the interest and dividend income from which is used for the charitable purpose.

(v) Donor Restrictions

The Corporation reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or the purpose to which the donation is restricted is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions. Donor restricted contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reflected as unrestricted contributions in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Corporation reports non-cash gifts as unrestricted support unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the donated assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash or other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as restricted support. Absent explicit donor stipulations about how long those long-lived assets must be maintained, the Corporation reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired long-lived assets are placed in service.

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenues when the promise to give is first made. Conditional promises to give are not recognized until they become unconditional, that is when the conditions upon which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at their estimated fair value as of the date of contribution.

(w) Resident Services Revenue and Business Concentration

Resident service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amount to be received from patients and others including Medicare, Pennsylvania and Maryland Medicaid and other third-party payors for services rendered. The Corporation derives a portion of its revenues from federal and state reimbursement programs with a significant majority of state reimbursement from Pennsylvania Department of Public Welfare (DPW).

The Corporation's nursing care facilities primarily derive their revenue from private-pay, Medicare and Medicaid. Private-pay rates are established on the basis of the cost of delivering services and competitive considerations and, as such, are essentially market driven. In contrast, Medicare and Medicaid payment rates are regulated by the federal and state governments. As a result, the industry is sensitive to related legislative changes and is affected by reductions in governmental spending for these programs.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(w) Resident Services Revenue and Business Concentration (continued)

PACE programs are funded by Medicare and Medicaid. Payments are received prospectively on a PMPM (per member per month) basis. Medicare payments are adjusted for each member's HCC (Hierarchical Condition Categories) score. Medicaid payments are a flat monthly rate with no adjustment for HCC scores.

The HUD (Department of Housing and Urban Development)/tax credit entities' operations are concentrated in the multifamily real estate market. In addition these entities operate in a heavily regulated environment. The operations of these entities are subject to the administrative directives, rules and regulations of federal, state and local regulatory agencies, including, but not limited to, the Internal Revenue Service, PHFA and HUD. Such administrative directives, rules and regulations are subject to change by an act of Congress or an administrative change mandated by a regulatory agency. Such changes may occur with little notice or inadequate funding to pay for the related cost to comply with a change, including the additional administrative burden.

Revenues from Medicare and Medicaid represent approximately 42% of revenues for 2010. Medicare and Medicaid receivables represent approximately 42% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2010.

Skilled nursing services provided to Medicare beneficiaries are paid under terms of a prospective payment system ("PPS") at predetermined rates based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors.

Nursing services provided to Medicaid beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per day. These rates vary according to a resident classification system that is based on clinical diagnosis and other factors and the reimbursement methodology is subject to various limitations and adjustments. The Corporation's current concentration of skilled nursing facilities in Pennsylvania and Maryland exposes it to the risk of changes in Medicaid reimbursement in the respective state. Rates, in Pennsylvania, are calculated by DPW on a quarterly basis. They are published in the Pennsylvania Bulletin prior to being finalized. As of December 31, 2010, the rates for July 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010, have not been finalized. Revenues have been accrued based on estimated rates for this period.

In January 2005, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) approved a Pennsylvania State Plan amendment implementing a Nursing Home Assessment (the Assessment). The Assessment requires all Pennsylvania nursing homes, except for county homes, to pay a fee to DPW based upon all non-Medicare days. DPW makes supplemental payments back to nursing home facilities, based upon a standard rate per Medicaid day claimed. The supplemental and assessment amounts per day have not yet been finalized for the period July 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010. Included in revenue are estimates for these amounts. For the year ended December 31, 2010, the Corporation will receive approximately \$1,680,000, in additional revenue for the net effect of this assessment and supplement.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(x) Health care service cost recognition

The Corporation contracts with various health care providers for the provision of certain medical care services to its members. The Corporation compensates these providers on a fee for service basis. Operating expenses include all amounts incurred by the Corporation under the aforementioned contracts.

The cost of other health care services provided or contracted for is accrued in the period in which it is provided to a member based in part on estimates, including an accrual for medical services provided but not reported to the Corporation.

(y) Charity Care

The Corporation provides care to residents who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy at amounts less than its established rates. Because the Corporation does not pursue collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as revenue. In addition, the Corporation considers contractual allowances charity care. The total amount of charity care provided under these policies was approximately \$20.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2010, of which the amount of charges foregone for services and supplies was approximately \$3.8 million.

In August 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued authoritative guidance on improving disclosures about charity care to prescribe a specific measurement basis of charity care. This guidance prescribes that the amount of charity care disclosed in the consolidated financial statements shall be measured based on the providers direct and indirect costs of providing charity care services. The guidance also provides that if costs cannot be specifically attributed to services provided to charity care patients, that reasonable techniques may be used to estimate these costs, and that these techniques shall be disclosed and that any funds received to offset or subsidize charity care services also shall be disclosed. The Corporation will adopt this new accounting standards update in the year ending December 31, 2011. The Corporation is currently evaluating the impact of its pending adoption on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

(z) Contributed Services

Contributed services are reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt to the extent they create or enhance nonfinancial assets or require specialized skills which, if not provided by donation, would have to be purchased by the Corporation. No amounts have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as amounts are not material. The Corporation pays for most services requiring specific expertise.

(aa) Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed in the year incurred. Total advertising expense for the year ended December 31, 2010, was \$517,222.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(ab) Classification of Expenses

Program activities	\$ 149,665,104
General and administrative	25,119,824
Fundraising	 656,130
	\$ 175,441,058

(ac) Fundraising Expenses

Fundraising expenses incurred by the Corporation are included in general and administrative on the consolidated statement of operations and change in net assets.

(ad) Operating Income

The consolidated statement of operations and change in net assets include an intermediate measure of operations labeled as "operating income." Changes in the performance indicator which are excluded from this measure include changes in the fair value of swap agreements, equity received from tax credit limited partner, gain on early extinguishment of debt, and loss on abandoned project.

(ae) Performance Indicator

The Corporation measures the performance of its operations using the consolidated statement of operations and change in net assets, which includes a performance indicator of operations labeled as "excess of operating revenues, gains, and other support over expenses." Changes in unrestricted net assets which are excluded from this measure are pension-related changes other than net periodic pension costs and unrealized gain on investments.

(af) Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Interest paid during the year ended December 31, 2010 was \$6,232,785.

(ag) Subsequent Events

The Corporation has adopted the accounting standard relating to subsequent events. This standard provides guidance on accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before consolidated financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

The Corporation has evaluated subsequent events through March 31, 2011, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were released.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(3) Investments

The cost and market value of investments at December 31 are as follows:

	_	Market	Cost
Money market funds	\$	18,476,172	18,476,172
Equity securities		44,810,198	43,021,348
Fixed income securities		18,604,394	18,202,683
Alternate investments		10,488,196	9,073,581
Totals	\$	92,378,960	88,773,784
Less:			
Restricted deposits and funded reserves (note	4)	(4,531,356)	
Assets whose use is limited (note 5)		(13,521,320)	
Total investments	\$	74,326,284	

The Corporation invests in a variety of equity and fixed income mutual funds, other equity and fixed income securities, alternative investments, and money market funds.

In 2010, the Corporation sold its non-controlling interest in CCRx Holdings, Inc., the parent corporation of Continuing Care Rx, Inc. This sale resulted in a realized gain on sale of investment of \$128,404.

As of December 31, 2010, one mutual fund had a market value that had been below cost for less than a year. In total, its market value was less than three percent below cost.

Six mutual funds and one alternate investment had a market value that had been below cost for more than a year as of December 31, 2010. In total, their market value was less than seven percent below cost.

A summary of investments with fair values below cost as of December 31, 2010 follows:

		Less than	12 Months	More than 12 Months		an 12 Months Total		
			Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	
	_	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	
Mutual funds Alternate	\$	1,666,720	(35,652)	17,498,929	(872,424)	19,165,649	(908,076)	
investments	_			707,170	(307,965)	707,170	(307,965)	
Total temporarily impaired								
investments	\$_	1,666,720	(35,652)	18,206,099	(1,180,389)	19,872,819	(1,216,041)	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(4) Restricted Deposits and Funded Reserves

At December 31, 2010, restricted deposits and funded reserves which are carried at market value consisted of the following:

Deposits restricted for low income housing projects	\$ 2,976,324
Operating reserve fund	 1,555,032
	\$ 4,531,356

(5) Assets Whose Use is Limited

At December 31 assets whose use is limited which are carried at market value consisted of the following:

Permanently restricted investments	\$ 4,901,921
Debt service reserve funds	5,977,330
Held by trustee - for future projects	19,176
Bond funds	1,636,485
Assets designated for renovation and charity care	734,200
Other reserves required by financing arrangements	252,208
	\$ 13,521,320

(6) Related Party Transactions

Prelude Systems, Inc. (Prelude), is a joint venture between the Corporation and Diakon Lutheran Social Ministries. Prelude is a technical services organization with a wide range of programs designed to support the information systems needs of both Presbyterian Senior Living and Diakon as well as other healthcare and community service organizations. Presbyterian Senior Living's investment in Prelude is 46% and is accounted for under the equity method of accounting. It is included in investments in marketable equity securities and totaled \$656,217 as of December 31, 2010. During 2010, Presbyterian Senior Living paid Prelude approximately \$2,103,000 for information services provided by Prelude, of which \$362,521 was included in accounts payable as of December 31, 2010.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(6) Related Party Transactions (continued)

Following is summarized financial information of Prelude as of December 31, 2010

Assets	\$ 3,375,505
Liablities	1,872,365
Equity	1,503,140
Sales	8,355,448
Net (Loss)	(61,115)

As discussed in note 3, the Corporation sold its non-controlling interest in CCRx Holdings, Inc., the parent corporation of Continuing Care Rx, Inc.

(7) Property and Equipment

A summary of property and equipment and accumulated depreciation at December 31, 2010 is as follows:

\$ 40,118,073
22,743,060
331,667,447
44,786,161
5,783,185
3,073,347
32,018,291
480,189,564
(206,112,707)
\$ 274,076,857

As the Corporation undertakes expansion projects and improvement projects, costs are included in construction-in-progress. As projects are completed, the costs are transferred to buildings and building improvements. Ongoing improvement and expansion is anticipated in the normal course of operations.

Construction-in-progress consists of construction costs incurred for various renovation and expansion projects at the Corporation's existing facilities.

During 2010, the Corporation decided to sell the Long Home and plans to move the current residents to its new location, The Long Community at Highland. Therefore, the current value of The Long Home has been moved to assets held for sale.

As of December 31, 2010, commitments for future construction totaled approximately \$27,767,000.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(7) Property and Equipment (continued)

In October 2005, Presbyterian Senior Living received an allocation from the Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency of approximately \$6.4 million in tax credits payable over ten years. The credits were used for the construction of a fifty unit senior apartment building at a total cost of approximately \$8 million which will be rent and income restricted for lower income seniors for a period of 30 years. Schartner House Inc. was organized by the Corporation to be a general partner for this project. The partnership, Schartner House Associates, L.P. (the Partnership) has a general partner, Schartner House Inc, a special limited partner, MMA Special Limited Partner, Inc. and an investor limited partner, MMA Financial Institutional Tax Credits XXI. The amount of equity provided by the investor limited partner during 2010 is included in unrestricted net assets as a non-controlling interest (labeled as tax credit equity) of \$5,306,726.

In November 2007, Presbyterian Senior Living received an allocation from the Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency of approximately \$13.9 million in tax credits payable over ten years. The credits were used for the construction of a seventy three unit senior apartment building at a total cost of approximately \$13 million which will be rent and income restricted for lower income seniors for a period of 30 years. Westminster Place at Parkesburg, Inc was formed by the Corporation to be the general partner in Westminster Place at Parkesburg, L.P. The partnership, Westminster Place at Parkesburg, L.P. (the Partnership) has a general partner, Westminster Place at Parkesburg Inc, and two investor limited partners, Enterprise RB Fund I, L.P. and Community Housing Alliance II, L.P. The amount of equity provided by the investor limited partners during 2010 is included in unrestricted net assets as a non-controlling interest (labeled as tax credit equity) of \$9,213,680.

In November 2009, the Corporation was awarded tax credits for Westminster Place at Windy Hill, Inc. These credits were used for the construction of a thirty six unit senior apartment building at a total cost of approximately \$7.7 million which will be rent and income restricted for lower income seniors for a period of 30 years. Westminster Place at Windy Hill, Inc was formed by the Corporation to be the general partner in Westminster Place at Windy Hill, L.P., I. The partnership, Westminster Place at Windy Hill, L.P., I. (the Partnership) has a general partner, Westminster Place at Windy Hill Inc, and a limited partner, Wincopin Circle, LLLP. On April 20, 2010, the Corporation received its certificate of occupancy. The amount of equity provided by the investor limited partners during 2010 is included in unrestricted net assets as a noncontrolling interest (labeled as tax credit equity) of \$5,463,793.

In December 2009, the Corporation was awarded tax credits for Westminster Place at Carroll Village, Inc., located in York county, Pennsylvania. Construction is still in process with a tentative completion date of April 2011.

In March 2009, the Corporation and Bloomsburg Health Ventures (BHV), a controlled entity of Bloomsburg Health System agreed to form a new not-for-profit corporation, PHI Bloomsburg Senior Care, for the purpose of developing approximately sixty acres of land adjacent to the hospital into a senior living community. Bloomsburg Health System contributed land, subject to a 15% land take back, to the project with a fair value of approximately \$3.2 million in exchange for a non-controlling interest. The Corporation will be responsible for the majority of the future development thereon.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(7) Property and Equipment (continued)

In December 2010, the Corporation was awarded tax credits for Westminster Place at Bloomsburg. These tax credits will be used for the construction of a thirty six unit senior apartment building which will be rent and income restricted for lower income seniors for a period of 30 years. Construction on this project began in November 2010.

(8) Long-term Debt

Long-term debt as of December 31 consisted of the following:

Long-term debt as of December 31 consisted of the following:	
Cumberland County Municipal Authority Bonds Series 1993A, principal due in 2018, variable interest rate, 0.39% at December 31, 2010, collateralized by irrevocable letter of credit and by property and equipment amd gross revenues of the Obligated Group	\$ 6,000,000
Cumberland County Municipal Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2003A, tax exempt bonds, principal due in varying annual amounts from 2005 to 2026, interest rates ranging from 2.15% to 5%, insured by municipal bond insurance and property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group	11,275,000
Cumberland County Municipal Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2003B, tax exempt variable rate bonds, principal maturities in varying amounts from 2004 to 2032, interest adjusted weekly, 0.36% at December 31, 2010 collateralized by letter of credit	8,075,000
Kent County Delaware Economic Development Revenue Bond Series 2003, principal and interest payable monthly on a 15-year amortization period, final principal payment due October 31, 2018, variable interest of 1.009% at December 31, 2010, collateralized by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group	5,919,161
Cumberland County Municipal Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2005A, tax exempt bonds, principal due in varying annual amounts from 2013 to 2020, interest rates ranging from 4% to 5%, insured by municipal bond insurance and collateralized by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group	16,790,000
Fannie Mae mortgage payable executed on March 29, 1973, amortization of principal from May 1, 1973 through September 2013, interest rate of 7% effective rate of 0% beginning in 2003 due to FHA subsidy	290,603
HUD Flexible Subsidy Loans payable, principal balance due upon sale of the project building or upon full payment of the HUD mortgage, simple interest of 1% payable at time of principal payments	1,671,580
Mortgage payable for building loan provided by HUD, monthly installments of principal and interest, interest rate of 3%	707,123

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2010

(8) Long-term Debt (continued)

of the Obligated Group.

Long-term Debt (continued)	
Maryland Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds Series 1999A, tax exempt variable rate debenture bonds, principal maturities in varying amounts from 2012 to 2029, interest adjusted weekly 0.43% at December 31, 2010, collateralized by letter of credit	3,340,000
Maryland Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds Series 1999B, taxable variable rate debenture bonds, principal maturities in varying amounts from 2001 to 2029, interest adjusted weekly 0.29% at December 31, 2010, collateralized by letter of credit	13,845,000
1995 Series A revenue note to First National Bank of PA, payable in equal monthly installments of principal and interest sufficient to amortize the principal balance to July 10, 2026. The note bears a floating rate which was 3.16% at December 31, 2010. The note is collateralized by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group.	2,572,254
1997 Series A Montgomery County Higher Education and Health Authority Demand Revenue Bonds, payable in monthly installments of principal and interest sufficient to amortize the principal balances to April 2017. The bonds bear a floating interest rate, which was 0.39% at December 31, 2010. These bonds are collateralized by a letter of credit and by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group.	5,585,000
Series 2002 Huntingdon County Industrial Development Authority, Mortgage Revenue Note, payable in equal monthly installments of principal and interest sufficient to amortize the principal balance to April 2023. The note bears a floating interest rate, which adjusts every five years and was 2.71% at December 31, 2010. The note is collateralized by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group.	709,008
Series 2005 College Township Revenue Bonds, payable in equal installments of \$25,248 per month to include principal and interest beginning October 2006 through September 2026. The bonds bear a floating interest rate, which adjusts every five years and was 5.01% at December 31, 2010. The bonds are collateralized by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group.	3,279,612
Cumberland County Municipal Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2008A, tax exempt bonds, principal due in varying annual amounts from 2009 to 2021, interest rates ranging from 4% to 5.45%, collateralized by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group.	15,925,000
Cumberland County Municipal Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2008B, tax exempt bonds, principal due in varying annual amounts from 2013 to 2038, interest adjusted weekly, 0.33% at December 31, 2010, collateralized by a letter of credit and by property and equipment and gross revenues	45.000.000
of the Obligated Croup	45 000 000

25 (Continued)

45,000,000

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2010

(8) Long-term Debt (continued)

Long-term Debt (continued)	
Cumberland County Municipal Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2008C, taxable variable rate bonds, principal maturities in varying amounts from 2013 to 2026, interest adjusted weekly, 0.36% at December 31, 2010, collateralized by a letter of credit and by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group.	15,685,000
York County Industrial Development Authority Bonds Series 2010, tax exempt bank qualified debt, prinicpal due in varying annual amounts from 2013 to 2033, interest adjusted weekly, 2.25% at December 31, 2010, collateralized by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group.	6,563,713
Mortgage note payable, Waynesboro Borough Authority, principal and interest payable monthly on a 20-year amortization period, due August 2027. The note bears an interest rate of 4.51%. The note is collateralized by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Obligated Group.	7,147,615
Mortgage note payable, Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency, non-interest bearing with principal payments being rquired annually after the project is cost certified by the agency and is placed in service under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.	1,624,156
Mortgage note payable, Chester County Department of Community Development, non interest bearing with principal payments being deferred until September 21, 2039	641,500
Mortgage note payable, Chester County Department of Community Development, interest accrues at 1.0% per annum, compounding annually, interest of \$16,189 has been added to the principal balance as of December 31, 2010. Principal and accrued interest are to be paid from excess revenue generated by the Westminster Place at Parkesburg project, commencing with the first full calendar year following construction completion. Principal and interest will be due the earlier of September 21, 2039, termination of the partnership, refinancing of the project, sale of the project or upon default.	880,189
Mortgage note payable, Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency, non-interest bearing with principal payments being rquired annually after the project is cost certified by the agency and is placed in service under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.	5,594,162
Mortgage note payable, Pennsylvania Housing Finance Agency, non-interest bearing with principal payments being rquired annually after the project is cost certified by the agency and is placed in service under Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code.	1,351,110
Mortgage payable, County of York - Housing and Community Development Division, interest accrues at 1.0% with no principal payment required until 2039, as long as affordability is maintained	5,125,000

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(8) Long-term Debt (continued)

Note payable, to secure a subsidy from the Department of Housing and Urban Development, non-compounding interest of 1% per annum has been accruing since the note's inception.

 accruing since the note's inception.
 117,250

 Unamortized discount
 185,714,036

 Unamortized premium
 (401,208)

 Plus: Unamortized premium
 305,067

 \$ 185,617,895

All of the obligations above are collateralized by either property, plant and equipment and gross revenues of the Corporation's consolidated affiliates, or by a letter of credit.

In March 2010, \$10,000 of the Cumberland County 2005A bonds were repurchased, and are currently being held with the option to remarket at a future date.

Under the terms of the bond indentures, the Corporations are required to maintain certain deposits with a trustee. These deposits are included in assets whose use is limited. The indentures also place limits on additional borrowings and require the Corporations to satisfy certain measures of financial performance as long as the bonds are outstanding. These covenants have been met at December 31, 2010 for all the corporations with the exception of Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. However, in March 2011, the Corporation replaced the existing letter of credit with a new letter of credit issued through a financial institution. This letter of credit is for a three year period and expires in March 2014. The Corporation did not obtain a waiver for the 2010 covenant violations as the new letter of credit was obtained prior to the issuance of the Corporation's consolidated financial statements.

Several of the bonds are backed by letters of credit and subject to remarketing agreements. In the event that any or all of the bonds are tendered by the bondholder and are unable to be remarketed, the letter of credit would be drawn upon to repay the tendered bonds. Any drawings under the letters of credit are repayable on or before the first to occur of the following: the date on which the bonds purchased with the proceeds from a draw on the letter of credit are successfully remarketed by the remarketing agent, the date on which the bonds purchased with the proceeds from a draw on the letters of credit are redeemed or otherwise paid in full, the occurrence of an event of default, or the date the letters of credit expires. The letters of credit for the bonds will expire at various dates through June 2015.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(8) Long-term Debt (continued)

Scheduled maturities for the five years subsequent to December 31, 2010 and thereafter are as follows:

Years ended December 31,		Aggregate maturities	
2011	\$	5,121,868	
2012		5,377,356	
2013		5,006,598	
2014		5,466,826	
2015		5,680,990	
Thereafter		159,060,398	
	\$	185,714,036	

The Corporation has entered into interest rate swap agreements with financial intermediaries, which fix the interest rates to be paid by the Corporation on the Cumberland County Series 1993 and 2008B bonds, a portion of the Cumberland County 2003B bonds, the Kent County 2003B bonds and the Montgomery County 1997 bonds as follows:

Amount Swapped	Basis	Counterparty	Effective Date	Expiration Date	Interest Rate	Underlying Issue
\$10,000,000	SIFMA MSI	M&T	06/05/08	06/01/11	2.81%	Cumberland County 2008 B
\$10,000,000	SIFMA MSI	Wells Fargo	06/05/08	06/01/13	3.09%	Cumberland County 2008 B
\$10,000,000	SIFMA MSI	Wells Fargo	06/05/08	06/01/15	3.28%	Cumberland County 2008 B
\$6,556,577	LIBOR	Bank of America	11/28/08	10/31/18	3.73%	Kent County 2003B

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(8) Long-term Debt (continued)

The fair value of the interest rate swap liabilities at December 31, 2010 are as follows:

		Fair Value
Counterparty	1	2/31/2010
M&T	\$	104,200
Wells Fargo		539,543
Wells Fargo		721,208
Bank of America		354,015
Total	\$	1,718,966

Pursuant to all these agreements the intermediary assumes the risk of varying interest rates, with the difference between the weekly variable rates and the fixed rates above being either paid by, or reimbursed to, the Corporation. As discussed in Note 2, interest rate swap agreements are reported at fair value.

(9) Notes Payable

The Corporation has available various lines of credit with financial institutions. Interest rates on these lines of credit are variable based on the prime rate of the various financial institutions or the LIBOR rate. As of December 31, 2010, under the line of credit agreements, the Corporation had available a maximum of \$21,950,000 from the financial institutions. As of December 31, 2010, the Corporation had \$16,307,699 outstanding under these agreements at interest rates ranging from 0.25% to 3.25%.

(10) Leases

The Corporation is obligated under various capital leases for equipment that expire at various dates through 2013. The gross amount of the equipment and related accumulated amortization recorded under capital leases was as follows at December 31, 2010:

Medical and office equipment	\$	706,893
Accumulated amortization	_	(496,829)
	\$ _	210,064

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(10) Leases (continued)

A schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2010 follows:

2011	\$	168,925
2012		29,961
2013		8,261
		207,147
Amounts representing interest	_	(3,687)
	\$	203,460

The Corporation leases several offices, certain equipment and automobiles under operating leases, which expire at various dates through 2028. The future minimum lease payments under these operating leases are as follows:

2011	\$ 945,856
2012	1,042,778
2013	967,420
2014	939,497
2015	934,814
Thereafter	12,768,556
	\$ 17,598,921

Rental expense under operating leases was \$1,134,326 for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Deferred rent as shown on the consolidated statement of financial position represents the difference between the rents actually paid and the amount recognized as expense in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

(11) Stop-loss Insurance

The Corporation's LIFE program operates as both the insurer and provider of services. The Corporation is liable for all healthcare costs incurred for its members. The Corporation entered into a stop-loss contract with an insurance company to limit its losses on individual claims. Under the terms of this agreement, the insurance company will reimburse the Corporation approximately 90% of the excess costs for certain services in excess of \$50,000, with a maximum benefit of \$1,000,000. In the event the Corporation ceases operations, the Corporation is required to assist the participants to obtain reinstatement of conventional Medicare and Medicaid benefits and transition participants' care to other providers. There are approximately 16 members covered by the plan.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(11) Stop-loss Insurance (continued)

Stop-loss insurance premiums of approximately \$35,566 are included in general and administrative expense in 2010.

(12) Annuities

The Corporation has a gift annuity program. In return for their gifts, donors are paid a fixed annuity amount during the lifetime of the donor and/or the donor's beneficiary. Total annuities payable were \$1,521,422 at December 31, 2010. The Corporation uses published mortality rate tables adopted by the Internal Revenue Service and an assumed discount rate of approximately 4% to 6% to determine the present value of the actuarially determined liability. The Corporation has assets included in investments of \$1,849,660 as of December 31, 2010, to satisfy annuities.

(13) Workers' Compensation Insurance

The Corporation has a self-insured Workers' Compensation program as allowed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Bureau of Workers' Compensation. This program provides for self payment of work related injuries and illnesses as opposed to utilizing an insurance carrier. The Corporation has contracted with major insurance carriers for excess insurance coverage, loss control services and administration. The Corporation maintains a letter of credit for \$4.3 million in connection with this self-insurance program. At December 31, 2010, the Corporation has recorded an accrued expense of approximately \$4.71 million for workers' compensation claims which includes known case reserves and an estimate of the Corporation's liability for incurred but not reported claims.

(14) Medical Malpractice Claims Coverage

The Corporation maintains professional liability coverage on a claims-made basis through a commercial insurance carrier. Other than for premiums paid under this policy, no provision has been made for estimated losses. Management believes no incidents have occurred or will be asserted that will exceed the Corporation's insurance coverages or will have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(15) Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets as of December 31, 2010 are available for the following purposes:

Trust assets held for the benefit of The Easton Home	\$ 524,027
Charity care and/or equipment, including pledges receivable	
Endowment	356,540
Other	2,313,203
Contributions receivable from remainder trusts	 1,742,535
	\$ 4,936,305

Net assets of \$2,643,793 were released from restriction during 2010 in satisfaction of the above restrictions.

(16) Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Permanently restricted net assets are allocated to the following purposes at December 31, 2010:

Investments to be held in perpetuity, the income from which

is expendable to support:

Operations	\$	1,942,638
Charity care and/or equipment		3,322,137
Trust assets held for the benefit of The Easton Home		830,086
Contributions receivable from remainder trusts		232,918
Beneficial interest in assets of foundation		60,497
Gift annuities		26,482
Beneficial interest in perpetual trusts	_	12,747,824
	\$ _	19,162,582

(17) Endowment

The endowments consist of donor restricted funds established for a variety of purposes supporting the Corporation. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(17) Endowment (continued)

Interpretation of relevant law

The Board of Trustees of the Corporation has interpreted the relevant state law as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Corporation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as unrestricted and temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by the relevant state law and donor imposed stipulations. Unless specifically defined, a donor-restricted endowment fund that is required by donor stipulation to accumulate or appropriate endowment funds, the Corporation considers the following factors:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- (2) The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the organization
- (7) The investment policies of the organization

The following schedule represents the changes in endowment net asset for the year ended December 31, 2010:

	_	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	341,377	4,968,056	5,309,433
Investment return: Investment income		111,052	_	111,052
Contributions		_	296,720	296,720
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditures	_	(95,889)		(95,889)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$_	356,540	5,264,776	5,621,316

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(17) Endowment (continued)

Funds with Deficiencies

The fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or the relevant state law requires the Corporation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these deficiencies are reported as unrestricted net assets. There were no such deficiencies reported at December 31, 2010.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Corporation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowments while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Corporation must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period(s) as well as board-designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the price and yield results of a composite of public market indexes based on the mix of investments held, while assuming a moderate level of investment risk. The Corporation expects its endowment funds, over time, to provide an average rate of return of approximately the consumer price index plus the investment spending percentage plus one percent annually. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

The Corporation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Corporation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(17) Endowment (continued)

Endowment Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to the Spending Policy

The Corporation has a total return policy for calculating the amounts available for distribution each year. It is a percent of its endowment fund's average fair value over the prior three calendar year ends. This percentage was 4.0% for 2010. Actual distributions are for specific projects approved by the Board of Directors. If the total return amount exceeds the actual earnings of the Endowment Funds in any one year, then the amount needed to fund such excess will first be taken from the accumulated excess earnings from prior years, then from the accumulated net capital gains of Endowment Funds and, conversely, any undistributed income after the allocation of the total return distribution is added back to the unrestricted or temporarily restricted fund balance. In establishing this policy, the Corporation considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long term, the Corporation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at an average of inflation plus one percent annually. For 2010 an allocation of four percent of the prior year's balance was used to calculate restricted funds available balance. This is consistent with the Corporation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

(18) Retirement Plan

The Corporation has a defined-contribution retirement plan covering all employees that have completed one year of service and have reached the age of 21. Vesting occurs after three years of service. Contributions to the plan are at the discretion of the Board of Trustees of Presbyterian Senior Living and employees have the ability to direct how their contributions are invested. For the year ended December 31, 2010, retirement plan expense totaled approximately \$1,518,000.

QRC has a defined benefit pension plan covering many of its employees. This plan was curtailed and the benefits were frozen effective December 31, 2004. The benefits are based on years of service and the employee's average compensation during the last 10 years of employment. The Corporation's funding policy is to contribute annually the minimum amount required under statutory funding limitations. Contributions are intended to provide for benefits attributed to service through December 31, 2004. During 2010, the Corporation accrued \$300,000 for the termination of the plan.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(18) Retirement Plan (continued)

The following table sets forth the plan's funded status and amounts recognized in the Corporation's consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010:

Projected benefit obligation for service rendered to date	\$	(3,064,587)
Plan assets at fair value	_	2,612,451
Accrued pension liability, net	\$_	(452,136)
Change in Benefit Obligation:		
Project benefit obligation - beginning of year	\$	(2,913,230)
Interest cost		(174,892)
Distributions		307,104
Change due to assumptions as of end of year		(258,802)
Experience loss as of beginning of year		(24,767)
Projected benefit obligation - end of year	\$	(3,064,587)
Change in Plan Assets:		
Fair value of plan assets - beginning of year	\$	2,718,263
Actual return on plan assets		118,036
Contributions		83,256
Benefits Paid		(307,104)
Fair value of plan assets - end of year	\$	2,612,451

The accumulated benefit obligation amounted to \$3,064,587 as of December 31, 2010.

Items not recognized as a component of net period pension cost amounted to \$794,629 as of December 31, 2010.

Net periodic pension expense included in following components for the year ended December 31, 2010:

Service cost	\$	_
Interest cost		174,892
Expected return on plan assets		(217,693)
Amortization of unrecognized net loss	_	14,237
Net Periodic Pension Expense	\$	(28,564)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(18) Retirement Plan (continued)

The plan's funded status as of any measurement date is based on prevailing market conditions as to discount rate and plan assets and, accordingly, is subject to volatility.

The following weighted average rates were used in determining the actuarial present value of the projected benefit obligations and the related net periodic pension cost as of December 31, 2010:

Discount rate	5.5%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	8.0%
Rate of compensation increase	3.0%

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets reflects the average rate of earnings expected on the funds invested or to be invested to provide for the benefits included in the projected benefit obligation. The selected rate considers the historical and expected future investment trends of the present and expected assets in the plan.

The expected return on plan assets was determined based on capital market assumptions developed by QRC's independent investment advisors along with other factors such as asset allocation target, investment manager performance, and overall pension performance. The capital market assumptions were projected over a five, ten and 30-years time horizon. Specifically, investment returns for the pension fund were projected over a 10-years period using varying equity allocations.

QRC's overall investment strategy is to achieve an asset allocation as follows:

Asset Class	% of Market Value of Portfolio			
Money Market	41.0%			
Fixed Income	59.0%			

Variance from the strategic asset allocation should not exceed 5%.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(18) Retirement Plan (continued)

The fair values of QRC's pension plan assets, based on the fair value hierarchy as discussed in Note 20, at December 31, 2010, by asset category are as follows:

Description	 Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Money market funds	\$ 1,070,050	1,070,050	_	_
Debt securities	 1,542,401	1,542,401		
Total	2,612,451	2,612,451	_	_

The pension plan assets were invested and allocated in the following manner as of December 31, 2010:

Equity securities	0.0%
Debt securities	59.0%
Money market funds	41.0%

QRC's investment policy includes various guidelines and procedures designed to ensure assets are invested in a manner necessary to meet expected future benefits earned by the participants. The investment guidelines consider a broad range of economic conditions. Central to the policy are target allocation ranges by categories.

The objectives of the target allocations are to maintain investment portfolios that diversify risk through prudent asset allocation parameters, achieve asset returns that meet or exceed the plans' actuarial assumptions, and achieve asset returns that are competitive with like institutions employing similar investment strategies.

The investment policy is reviewed annually by QRC. The policy is established and administered in a manner that is compliant at all times with applicable government regulations.

The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid during the years ending December 31:

2011	\$ 66,145
2012	74,257
2013	86,192
2014	101,023
2015	109,384
2016-2020	820,559

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(18) Retirement Plan (continued)

QRC is not required and therefore, does not expect to contribute to the pension plan during the year ending December 31, 2011.

(19) Commitments and Contingencies

The Corporation is involved in several legal proceedings arising from its activities in the health care industry. Although it is not possible to presently determine the final outcome of these matters, management believes the aggregate liability, if any, resulting from such proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's assets, liabilities, net assets, operations or cash flows.

The low-income housing credits are contingent on the ability to maintain compliance with applicable sections of Internal Revenue Code Section 42. Failure to maintain compliance with occupant eligibility and/or unit gross rent, or to correct noncompliance within a specified time period, could result in recapture of previously taken tax credits plus interest. In addition, such potential noncompliance may require an adjustment to the contributed capital by the investor limited partner.

From time to time, the Corporation receives grant revenues for its low-income housing projects. These grant awards may require the projects to be maintained for a specified period of time. If the projects are not maintained for the required time period, a portion of the grant may be required to be repaid. Management recognizes these revenues as revenue when received as it is expected that all of the grant award terms will be met.

(20) Financial Instruments

(a) Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The following valuation techniques were used to measure the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

Money market funds, certificates of deposit, equity and fixed income securities: Fair value of equity and fixed income securities was based on quoted market prices for the identical security.

Alternative investments: Net asset values of alternative investments was based on estimated fair values provided by investment managers. Management reviews and evaluates the values and agrees with the valuation methods and assumptions used in determining the fair value of the alternative investments.

Beneficial interest in perpetual trusts and net assets of foundation: Fair value of the beneficial interest in perpetual trusts and net assets of foundation was based on the Corporation's percent ownership of the trust assets, which approximate the value of estimated future cash flows to be received from the trust.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(20) Financial Instruments (continued)

Contributions receivable from remainder trusts and gift annuities: Fair value of the contributions receivable from remainder trusts and gift annuities was based on the present value of future cash inflows.

Long-term debt: Long-term debt is carried at cost in the consolidated statement of financial position for bonds payable and mortgages payable at December 31, 2010. Fair value is based on quoted market prices for the same or similar issues. The total outstanding was \$185,617,895 at December 31, 2010, and its fair value at December 31, 2010 approximates \$145,923,737.

Interest rate swaps: Fair value of the interest rate swaps are based on the net present value of expected future cash flows of the difference between the fixed interest rate of the interest rate swap and the counterparty's forward yield curve. The forward yield curve is readily available in public markets or can be derived from information available in publicly quoted markets.

The Corporation has a number of other financial instruments, none of which are held for investment purposes. The Corporation estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2010 does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position.

The standards for accounting for fair value measurements established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation methods used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e. supported with little or no market activity).

An asset or liability's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(20) Financial Instruments (continued)

For assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy used at December 31, 2010 are as follows:

Description		Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Certificates of deposit					
and money market funds	\$	18,476,172	18,476,172	_	_
Equity securities		44,810,198	44,810,198	_	_
Fixed income securities		18,604,394	18,604,394	_	_
Alternate investments	_	10,488,196			10,488,196
Total investments		92,378,960	81,890,764	_	10,488,196
Beneficial interest in					
perpetual trusts		12,747,824	_	_	12,747,824
Beneficial interest in					
assets of foundation		60,497	60,497	_	_
Gift annuities		26,482	_	_	26,482
Contributions receivable					
from remainder trusts		1,975,453			1,975,453
Total assets	\$	107,189,216	81,951,261	_	25,237,955
Interest rate swap	\$	(1,718,966)		(1,718,966)	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

(20) Financial Instruments (continued)

For assets and liabilities falling within the Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy, the activity recognized during the year ended December 31, 2010 is as follows:

			Contributions Receivable from	Beneficial Interest in	
		Altermative	Remainder	Perpetual	Gift
Description	_	Investments	Trusts	Trusts	Annuities
Balance at					
December 31, 2010	\$	8,624,194	1,807,940	11,909,926	43,620
Unrealized gains (losses)		927,070	167,513	837,898	(17,138)
Distributions		(45,000)	_	_	_
Contributions		955,786			
Realized gains	_	26,146			
Balance at					
December 31, 2010	\$	10,488,196	1,975,453	12,747,824	26,482

Unrealized and realized gains on alternative investments are reported as unrestricted and remainder trusts, gift annuities and perpetual trusts are permanently restricted in the consolidated statement of operations and change in net assets.

(b) Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

Financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk to the Corporation consist of certain financial guarantees of its affiliates and letters of credit obtained from various financial institutions. The Corporation's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument is represented by the contractual amount of those obligations.