Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



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Meadville, PA New Castle, PA Pittsburgh, PA

Certification of Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officers

We are responsible for the consolidated financial statements of Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc., as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and attest that they are accurate, complete and fairly presented.

The accuracy and completeness of financial information depends on our systems, process, and most importantly our integrity. Our commitment to integrity is reflected in the code of conduct that the leadership of Presbyterian Senior Living has established as the standard for the entire organization. We believe that this commitment, our processes and internal controls produce financial information that can be trusted.

Consolidated financial statements report our financial position and results using numbers and prescribed rules. They also include a significant amount of information that is required by financial reporting standards. We believe these consolidated financial statements disclose information that is important to create a complete picture of our stewardship of financial resources.

Consolidated financial statements alone can never reflect the breadth and depth of our stewardship of this ministry. They do not report on our most significant assets, our employees and volunteers. They also do not reflect our most important stewardship role; our commitment to provide Christian understanding and compassion to those seniors entrusted to our care. We believe that we continue to successfully fulfill the financial and non-financial aspects of our mission, extending a proud tradition of ministry that has served older persons in the name of Christ for the past 86 years.

Finally, we believe in openly and honestly sharing information. Please feel free to contact either of us if you have questions on any part of this report, or if we can be of further assistance in understanding Presbyterian Senior Living's mission.

Stephen E. Proctor Chief Executive Officer Presbyterian Senior Living Jeffrey J. Davis Chief Financial Officer Presbyterian Senior Living

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. (an affiliate of PHI, doing business as Presbyterian Senior Living) (the Corporation) which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets (liabilities), and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 18 to the financial statements, the Corporation has suffered recurring losses from operations; its total liabilities exceeds total assets; and the Corporation's continued operations are dependent upon the continued support of Presbyterian Senior Living. This raises substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this support.

Carbis Walker LLP New Castle, Pennsylvania March 29, 2013

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Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

December 31, 2012 and 2011

Assets	-	2012	2011
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	797,130	561,832
Investments		1,250,000	890,000
Restricted deposits and funded reserves		1,567,312	1,545,726
Accounts receivable, net		1,155,571	861,682
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		184,205	185,785
Assets whose use is limited		999,288	849,205
Assets held for sale		97,809	
Property and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$25,497,365 and \$24,016,028, respectively)		30,952,242	31,506,193
Assets under capital leases (net of accumulated amortization of \$18,701 and \$12,977, respectively)		17,172	
Deferred financing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$215,945 and \$199,716, respectively)	_	248,725	264,954
Total assets	\$	37,269,454	36,665,377

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

December 31, 2012 and 2011

Liabilities and Net Liabilities	_	2012	2011
Accounts payable	\$	505,837	538,428
Accrued expenses		469,836	382,482
Resident deposits		63,300	135,439
Entrance fee payable		19,527,179	20,349,049
Deferred revenue – entrance fees		3,235,237	2,594,534
Annuities payable		30,969	32,635
Obligations under capital leases		17,339	_
Bonds payable		16,220,000	16,720,000
Due to affiliated entity		20,630,865	19,552,737
Total liabilities	_	60,700,562	60,305,304
Net (liabilities) assets:			
Unrestricted		(23,973,071)	(24,172,006)
Temporarily restricted		173,859	163,975
Permanently restricted	_	368,104	368,104
Total net liabilities	_	(23,431,108)	(23,639,927)
Total liabilities and net liabilities	\$_	37,269,454	36,665,377

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets (Liabilities)

Years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
Operating revenues, gains, and other support:		
Resident services, including amortization of entrance fees		
of \$670,278 and \$544,005, respectively \$	12,286,744	12,136,748
Interest and dividend income	132,447	80,554
Realized gains on investments	128,438	75,118
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	(62,093)	(830)
Gifts and bequests	980	4,457
Net assets released from restrictions	46,738	87,082
Total operating revenues, gains, and other support	12,533,254	12,383,129
Expenses:		
Nursing services	2,468,632	2,463,526
Rehabilitation	533,464	561,262
Recreation and special services	453,076	427,343
Pharmacy	83,826	79,722
Social services	52,153	54,227
Physician services	28,350	28,284
Food services	1,761,468	1,763,125
Building operations and maintenance	2,053,797	2,112,947
Housekeeping	354,348	360,436
Laundry and linen	68,397	61,928
General and administrative	1,587,416	1,112,391
Employee benefits	618,953	651,448
Interest	319,048	353,763
Depreciation	1,694,395	1,680,408
Amortization	16,229	16,228
Total expenses	12,093,552	11,727,038
Operating income	439,702	656,091
Loss on abandoned project	(451,714)	
(Deficit) excess of operating revenues, gains and other support over expenses	(12,012)	656,091
Other changes:		
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	210,947	(256,987)
Decrease in unrestricted net liabilities	198,935	399,104

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets (Liabilities)

Years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	 2012	2011
Temporarily restricted net assets:		
Contributions, gifts and bequests	40,795	85,445
Interest and dividend income	15,827	20,514
Net assets released from restrictions	 (46,738)	(87,082)
Change in temporarily restricted net assets	 9,884	18,877
Permanently restricted net assets: Contributions		4,000
Change in permanently restricted net assets	 _	4,000
Change in net (liabilities) assets	208,819	421,981
Net (liabilities) assets, beginning of year	 (23,639,927)	(24,061,908)
Net (liabilities) assets, end of year	\$ (23,431,108)	(23,639,927)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	-	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:	¢	200.010	421 001
Change in net liabilities	\$	208,819	421,981
Adjustments to reconcile change in net liabilities to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		1,694,395	1 690 409
Provision for bad debt		1,094,393	1,680,408
Loss on abandoned project		451,714	(27,156)
Proceeds from entrance fees and deposits		5,039,409	4 134 320
Amortization of entrance fees			4,134,320
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments		(670,278) (210,947)	(544,005) 256,987
Realized gains on investments		(128,438)	
Realized loss on disposal of property and equipment		62,093	(75,118) 830
Contributions restricted for long-term purposes		02,095	(4,000)
Amortization		16,229	16,228
Change in assets and liabilities:		10,229	10,228
Accounts receivable		(401.227)	1 555
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(401,327) 1,580	4,555
Accounts payable		(32,591)	(1,562)
Accounts payable Accrued expenses			(562,267)
Accided expenses	-	87,354	(81,355)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	6,225,450	5,219,846
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of property and equipment		(1,769,232)	(835,204)
Purchases of investments		(2,730,944)	(2,877,407)
Proceeds from sale of investments		2,538,660	2,902,047
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(1,961,516)	(810,564)
-	-		
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Refunds of entrance fees and deposits		(3,800,567)	(3,572,976)
Change in entrance fee payable		(821,870)	(3,075,824)
Principal payments and redemptions of bonds		(500,000)	(465,000)
Borrowings through capital lease obligations		22,896	
Repayments on capital lease obligations		(5,557)	(10,850)
Contributions restricted for long-term purposes			4,000
Change in annuities payable		(1,666)	481
Change in due to affiliated entity	_	1,078,128	3,142,693
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(4,028,636)	(3,977,476)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		235,298	431,806
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	561,832	130,026
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ _	797,130	561,832
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing activities Increase in assets held for sale through decrease in			
property and equipment	\$	(97,809)	_
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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(1) General Information

Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. (the Corporation) is a not-for-profit corporation, which operates Glen Meadows Retirement Community, a Continuing Care Retirement Community (the Community) located in Glen Arm, Maryland, which provides housing, health care, and other related services to the elderly. The Corporation is also the parent company to a fully controlled affiliate Glen Meadows Retirement Community, Inc. (GMRCI). The Glen Meadows Foundation (the Foundation) was established for the exclusive benefit of the Community and certain assets held by the Corporation are designated for the Foundation. The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation include the financial position and operations of GMRCI and the Foundation. The Corporation and Foundation are governed by independent Boards of Directors, who are elected by the Board of Trustees of PHI, doing business as Presbyterian Senior Living, the Corporation's parent organization, the residents of Glen Meadows and the Presbytery of Baltimore.

The Community contains 113 independent living cottages, 72 independent living apartments, 36 assisted living units and a 31-bed skilled nursing facility. The facility covers approximately 60 acres of the 483-acre site owned by the Corporation.

The Corporation was formed on July 1, 1999 whereby all operations of Presbyterian Senior Services, Inc. (PSSI) were transferred to Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. and Glen Meadows Retirement Community, Inc. PSSI's corporate existence was discontinued. Under this new structure, the property, plant and certain equipment of PSSI were transferred to Glen Meadows Retirement Community, Inc., and the operations, other assets, and all liabilities of PSSI were transferred to Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. is a fully controlled subsidiary of Presbyterian Senior Living, located in Dillsburg, Pennsylvania.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared to focus on Presbyterian Senior Living Services, Inc. as a whole. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated.

(b) Basis of Accounting

These consolidated financial statements, which are presented on the accrual basis of accounting, have been prepared to focus on the Corporation as a whole and to present balances and transactions according to the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

(continued) CarbisWalker LLP

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(b) Basis of Accounting (continued)

Revenues are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law.

(c) Income Taxes

The Corporation and its subsidiaries are tax exempt under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Corporation follows the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) accounting standard for accounting for uncertainty in income taxes. This standard clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes in a company's consolidated financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold of more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by the appropriate taxing authority. Measurement of the tax uncertainty occurs if the recognition threshold has been met. The standard also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, and disclosure. Management has determined that this standard does not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

The Corporation's federal Exempt Organization Business Income Tax Returns for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2010 and 2011 remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

(d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Corporation considers all liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents, for the purposes of the consolidated statements of financial position and cash flows, except for those included in investments or assets whose use is limited. The Corporation's cash and cash equivalents are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) for up to \$250,000 per bank. At times during 2012 and 2011, the Corporation's cash balances may have exceeded the FDIC coverage. The Corporation has not experienced any loss in these accounts.

(f) Investments

Investments in marketable equity securities and mutual funds with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value as determined by a national exchange in the consolidated statements of financial position. A decline in market value of any investment below cost that is deemed to be other than temporary results in a reduction in carrying amount to fair value. The impairment is charged to realized loss and a new cost basis for the investment is established. For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, no amounts were charged to realized loss for this purpose as management believes the decline in value is temporary due to general economic conditions and not an other than temporary decline in value.

Investment income consisted of the following:

	_	2012	2011
Interest and dividends	\$	148,274	101,068
Realized gains on investments		128,438	75,118
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	_	210,947	(256,987)
	\$	487,659	(80,801)

Investment expense of \$9,381 and \$10,805, for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, have been included in general and administrative expenses.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(g) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown net of an estimated allowance for doubtful accounts, as follows:

	2012	2011
Total accounts receivable	\$ 1,386,977	1,011,778
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	(231,406)	(150,096)
Net accounts receivable	\$ 1,155,571	861,682

Receivables are considered past due when payments have not been received by the Corporation within 60 days of their contractually stated due date.

The allowance for doubtful accounts is established based on management's assessment of the collectibility of specific customer accounts and the aging of the accounts receivable. Losses are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts when management believes the uncollectibility of a receivable is likely.

(h) Restricted deposits and funded reserves

Restricted deposits and funded reserves are measured at fair value in the consolidated statements of financial position and include the Maryland Department of Aging Operating Reserve.

(i) Assets Whose Use is Limited

Assets whose use is limited are measured at fair value in the consolidated statements of financial position and include money deposited with a trustee under a debt agreement and assets restricted by donors for capital improvements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(j) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost or, if donated, at fair market value on the date of donation. Depreciation is being provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The Corporation's policy is to capitalize items in excess of \$3,000 or for a group of items that are the same or similar in nature or function as a group totaling \$3,000 or more.

Depreciable lives are determined as follows:

Land improvements	15-25 years
Buildings and improvements	10-40 years
Departmental equipment, furniture, and fixtures	10-25 years
Vehicles	5 years

(k) Deferred Financing Costs

The Corporation has deferred the costs incurred for obtaining the proceeds of the Corporation's bonds payable. These costs are being amortized over the life of the related bond using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Amortization expense is expected to be \$16,229 for each of the next five years.

(l) Resident Deposits

Entrance fees and waiting list deposits received from prospective residents prior to occupancy under Residence and Care Agreements are included in resident deposits in the consolidated statements of financial position. These deposits are transferred to deferred revenue upon occupancy of the related independent living units.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(m) Deferred Revenue – Entrance Fees

Residents entering the Community execute a Residence and Care Agreement, which requires payment of an entrance fee, based on the unit to be occupied. Ten percent of the entrance fee, as approved by the Maryland Department of Aging, is due upon execution of the agreement and the remainder is due upon occupancy. For the 100% refundable contracts, entrance fees are refundable in full upon termination of the agreement and subsequent reoccupancy of the unit. These entrance fees are not being amortized into revenue. The Community also offers a 50% and a 75% nonrefundable contract. The non-refundable portion of the fees is amortized to income over the estimated remaining life expectancy of each resident. The portion of the guaranteed fee refundable upon reoccupancy is not being amortized. The agreements provide for potential death or termination refunds of the non-refundable portion if reoccupancy occurs before the contractual amortization is completed in accordance with the terms of the agreements. The remaining amount of unamortized, nonrefundable entrance fees is recorded as revenue upon surrender of the independent living unit.

Effective January 1, 2010, the Corporation changed its method of amortizing refundable entrance fees and the refundable portion of resident entrance fees. Previously, the guaranteed entrance fee refundable was amortized on a straight-line basis over the remaining useful life of the applicable independent living unit. To better reflect economic reality, the Corporation has discontinued the amortization of the guaranteed refundable portion of entrance fees and the fully guaranteed refundable portion is reflected as a liability on the consolidated statements of financial position.

As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the amount of entrance fees guaranteed to be refundable to residents under contractual refund provisions was \$19,527,179 and \$20,349,049, respectively.

(n) Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by the Corporation has been limited by donors to a specific time period or purpose. The Corporation's temporarily restricted net assets consist principally of funds directed for special projects and resident welfare. Net assets released from restriction consist of expenses incurred satisfying those restricted purposes. Permanently restricted net assets have been restricted by donors to be maintained by the Corporation in perpetuity. Income from the permanently restricted net assets is primarily to be used for resident welfare.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(o) Donor Restrictions

The Corporation reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or the purpose to which the donation is restricted is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets (liabilities) as net assets released from restrictions. Donor restricted contributions whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reflected as unrestricted contributions in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The Corporation reports non-cash gifts as unrestricted support unless explicit donor stipulations specify how the donated assets must be used. Gifts of long-lived assets with explicit restrictions that specify how the assets are to be used and gifts of cash or other assets that must be used to acquire long-lived assets are reported as restricted support. Absent explicit donor stipulations about how long those long-lived assets must be maintained, the Corporation reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired long-lived assets are placed in service.

(p) Resident Services Revenue and Business Concentration

Resident services revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amount to be received from patients and others including Medicare, Maryland Medicaid (Medicaid), and other third-party payors for services rendered. The Corporation derives a significant portion of its revenues from federal and state reimbursement programs. These reimbursements are subject to audit and retroactive adjustment in future periods.

Skilled nursing services provided to Medicare beneficiaries are paid under the terms of a prospective payment system ("PPS") at predetermined rates based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors.

Nursing services provided to Medicaid beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per day. These rates vary according to a resident classification system that is based on clinical diagnosis and other factors, and the reimbursement methodology is subject to various limitations and adjustments. The Corporation's existence in Maryland exposes it to the risk of changes in Medicaid reimbursement in this state.

Revenues from Medicare and Medicaid represent approximately 18% of consolidated revenues for both 2012 and 2011. Medicare and Medicaid receivables represent approximately 20% and 23% of consolidated accounts receivable at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(q) Charity Care

In 2011, the Corporation adopted the new accounting standards update from the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) regarding charity care. This standard was issued to improve disclosures about charity care to prescribe a specific measurement basis of charity care. This guidance prescribed that the amount of charity care disclosed in the consolidated financial statements should be measured based on the providers direct and indirect costs of providing charity care services. The guidance also provided that if costs cannot be specifically attributed to services provided to charity care patients, that reasonable techniques could be used to estimate these costs, and that these techniques should be disclosed and that any funds received to offset or subsidize charity care services also should be disclosed.

The Corporation's policy is to provide services without charge, or at amounts less than its established rates to residents who meet the certain need based criteria. These criteria consider resident income and expenses, financial resources, State and Federal government requirements, and other sources of payment for services which may be provided. The Corporation also receives donations and income from permanently restricted trusts and investments designated to the needs of its residents under this policy.

Amounts the Corporation provided and received for resident financial support are as follows:

	 2012	2011
Charity care provided at the estimated cost thereof, net of amounts received from residents and third party payors	\$ 42,619	_
Additional benevolent care provided at amounts less than pre-established charges for private pay services	525,319	457,692
Giving and income designated for resident financial support	37,529	78,445

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(r) Classification of Expenses

		2012	2011
Program activities	\$	10,506,136	10,614,647
General and administrative		1,575,918	1,106,452
Fundraising	_	11,498	5,939
	\$	12,093,552	11,727,038

(s) Fundraising Expense

Fundraising expenses incurred by the Corporation are included in general and administrative on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets (liabilities).

(t) Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed in the years incurred. Total advertising expense for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, were \$33,763 and \$21,043, respectively.

(u) Contributed Services

Contributed services are reflected in the accompanying consolidated financial statements at their estimated fair value at the date of receipt to the extent they create or enhance nonfinancial assets or require specialized skills which, if not provided by donation, would have to be purchased by the Corporation. No amounts have been included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements as amounts are not material.

(v) Operating Income

The consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets (liabilities) include an intermediate measure of operations labeled as "operating income." Changes in the performance indicator which are excluded from this measure include loss on abandoned project.

(w) Performance Indicator

The Corporation measures the performance of its operations using the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets (liabilities), which includes a performance indicator of operations labeled as "(Deficit) excess of operating revenues, gains, and other support over expenses." Changes in unrestricted net (liabilities) assets which are excluded from this measure are unrealized gain (loss) on investments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(x) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Interest paid during the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 were \$256,630 and \$358,703, respectively.

(y) Subsequent Events

The Corporation has adopted the standard relating to subsequent events. This standard provides guidance on accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the consolidated statement of financial position date but before consolidated financial statements are issued or are available to be issued.

The Corporation has evaluated subsequent events through March 29, 2013, which is the date the consolidated financial statements were released.

(3) Investments

The cost and fair value of investments at December 31 are as follows:

		201	2	2011	
	-	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value	Cost
Money market funds	\$	299,623	299,623	219,632	219,632
Equity securities		2,728,164	2,543,723	2,294,021	2,304,232
Fixed income securities	-	788,813	767,463	771,278	772,108
Totals	\$	3,816,600	3,610,809	3,284,931	3,295,972
Less:					
Restricted deposits and					
funded reserves (note 5)		(1,567,312)		(1,545,726)	
Assets whose use is limited (note 6)	_	(999,288)		(849,205)	
Total investments	\$	1,250,000		890,000	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(3) Investments (continued)

The Corporation holds its investments in the operating reserve fund. These assets are invested in a diversified portfolio of mutual funds. The Corporation had nineteen mutual funds as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, three mutual funds had a market value below cost. The Corporation had twenty-four mutual funds as of December 31, 2011. As of December 31, 2011, thirteen mutual funds had a market value below cost.

Two mutual funds had a market value that had been below cost for less than a year as of December 31, 2012. In total, its market value of the loss was less than two percent below cost for 2012. Thirteen mutual funds had a market value that had been below cost for less than a year as of December 31, 2011. In total, its market value of the loss was less than six percent below cost for 2011.

One mutual fund had a market value that had been below cost for more than one year as of December 31, 2012. In total, its market value was less than four percent below cost for 2012. No mutual funds had a market value that had been below cost for more than one year as of December 31, 2011.

A summary of investments with fair values below cost as of December 31, 2012 follows:

	_	Less than 12 Months		More than 12 Months		Total	
	_		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized
	_	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses
Mututal funds	\$_	210,509	(3,097)	108,831	(3,642)	319,340	(6,739)
Total temporarily							
impaired investments	\$	210,509	(3,097)	108,831	(3,642)	319,340	(6,739)

A summary of investments with fair values below cost as of December 31, 2011 follows:

		Less than 12 Months		More than 12 Months		Total	
	-		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized
	-	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses
Mututal funds	\$_	1,093,437	(62,418)			1,093,437	(62,418)
Total temporarily							
impaired investments	\$	1,093,437	(62,418)			1,093,437	(62,418)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(4) Related Party Transactions

The Corporation incurs a management fee payable to Presbyterian Senior Living, under a Development, Marketing, and Management Agreement (Management Agreement). Under the Management Agreement, Presbyterian Senior Living provides a full-time licensed administrator who is responsible for the facility's operation, under the direction of Presbyterian Senior Living, a full-time bookkeeper and a human resources employee. For 2012, the Corporation incurred fees under the agreement of \$309,547. For 2011, the Corporation was only required to pay the fee for the bookkeeper and human resources staff, which amounted to \$97,788. This fee is classified as general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets (liabilities).

The Obligated Group, which consists of several subsidiaries of Presbyterian Senior Living, has guaranteed full payment to the extent collateral is insufficient to satisfy the outstanding debt of the Corporation as described in Note 9.

At December 31, 2012 and 2011 the amounts payable to Presbyterian Senior Living, were \$20,630,865 and \$19,552,737, respectively. Under the Management Agreement, this is included in due to affiliated entity.

Prelude Systems, Inc. (Prelude) is a joint venture between Presbyterian Senior Living and Diakon Lutheran Social Ministries (Diakon). Prelude is an information technology services organization with a wide range of programs designed to support the information systems needs of Presbyterian Senior Living and Diakon as well as other healthcare and community service organizations. During 2012 and 2011, the Corporation paid Prelude approximately \$105,240 and \$91,320, respectively, for information services provided by Prelude, of which \$2,988 and \$2,697 is included in accounts payable as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(5) Restricted Deposits and Funded Reserves

The Corporation is required by the Maryland Department of Aging to maintain and fund an operating reserve based on the Corporation's operating expenses for the most recent fiscal year, excluding depreciation and amortization. The Department of Aging required the Corporation to build the level of this operating reserve over a period not to exceed ten years beginning in 1997. Annual contributions to the operating reserve equaling at least 15% of the calculated reserve amount are required. For the year ended December 31, 2011 the fund balance was \$1,545,726, representing cumulative contributions and earnings in satisfaction of the minimum operating reserve amount. No additional contributions are anticipated to be made during 2012 based on the following computation:

Total 2011 operating expenses:	\$	11,727,038
Less: Depreciation		(1,680,408)
Amortization		(16,228)
Total expenses subject to operating reserve computation	(A)	10,030,402
Operating reserve requirement – 15% of (A)		1,504,560
Operating reserve fund, December 31, 2012	_	(1,567,312)
Contributions required for year ended December 31, 2013	\$	(62,752)

(6) Assets Whose Use is Limited

At December 31 assets whose use is limited consist of the following:

	 2012	2011
Designated for renovation and charity care	\$ 729,861	655,335
Other reserves required by financing arrangement	 269,427	193,870
Assets whose use is limited	\$ 999,288	849,205

The Corporation's Board of Directors has designated certain funds toward the purpose of acquiring or renovating property and equipment and for providing charity care.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(7) Commitments and Contingencies

The Corporation is involved in legal proceedings arising from its activities in the health care industry. Although it is not possible to presently determine the outcome of these matters, management believes the aggregate liability, if any, resulting from such proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's assets, liabilities, net assets, operations, or cash flows.

(8) **Property and Equipment**

A summary of property and equipment and accumulated depreciation at December 31 is as follows:

	-	2012		2()11
	_	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Cost	Accumulated depreciation
Land	\$	14,800,000		14,800,000	
Land improvements		2,964,909	1,689,839	2,959,652	1,562,367
Buildings and improvements		34,646,736	21,530,184	34,516,176	20,251,005
Departmental equipment,					
furniture and fixtures		2,291,739	2,028,691	2,277,993	1,962,269
Vehicles		263,493	248,651	263,493	240,387
Construction-in-progress	_	1,482,730		704,907	
	\$_	56,449,607	25,497,365	55,522,221	24,016,028
Net book value		9	30,952,242	2	\$ 31,506,193

Land consists of 483 acres, of which 60 acres are utilized for the facility. The remaining land is leased to independent parties and may be available for future expansion. Commitments for future construction are approximately \$117,300 and \$0 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

During 2012, management decided to sell the rental properties that are located within the community. Therefore, the current value of these units of \$97,809 has been moved to assets held for sale.

During 2012, it was determined that a planned project was not moving forward and \$451,714 of assets was charged to loss on abandoned project.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(9) Bonds payable

Bonds payable as of December 31 consisted of the following:

		2012	2011
Maryland Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds Series 1999A, tax exempt variable rate debenture bonds, principal maturities in varying amounts from 2012 to 2029, interest adjusted weekly, 0.12% and 0.13% at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, collateralized by letter of credit	\$	3,225,000	3,340,000
Maryland Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority Revenue Bonds Series 1999B, taxable variable rate debenture bonds, principal maturities in varying amounts from 2001 to 2029, interest adjusted weekly, 0.18% and 0.21% at December 31, 2012 and 2011			
respectively, collateralized by letter of credit	_	12,995,000	13,380,000
Total bonds payable	\$	16,220,000	16,720,000

Under the terms of the Corporation's 1999 Maryland Health and Higher Educational Facility Authority Revenue bond indenture, the Corporation is required to maintain certain deposits with a trustee. These deposits are included in assets whose use is limited. The indenture also places limits on the incurrence of additional borrowings and requires the Corporation to satisfy certain measures of financial performance as long as the bonds are outstanding. These covenants were met as of December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Maturities for the five years subsequent to December 31, 2012 and thereafter are as follows:

Years ended December 31,

2013	\$ 535,000	
2014	570,000	
2015	610,000	
2016	650,000	
2017	695,000	
Thereafter	13,160,000	
	\$ 16,220,000	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(9) Bonds payable (continued)

The Corporation has an outstanding letter of credit at December 31, 2012 as required by the bonds. This letter of credit requires the Corporation to pay an annual fee approximating 1.55% of the principal balance of bonds outstanding. This letter of credit expires March 31, 2014 and is collateralized by property and equipment and gross revenues of the Corporation. As described in Note 4, the Obligated Group, which consists of several subsidiaries of Presbyterian Senior Living, has guaranteed full payment to the extent collateral is insufficient to satisfy the outstanding debt of the Corporation.

(10) Leases

The Corporation is obligated under capital leases for computer equipment that will expire in 2015. At December 31, 2012 and 2011, the gross amount of the equipment and related accumulated amortization recorded under capital leases was as follows:

		2012	2011
Computer equipment	\$	35,873	
Accumulated amortization		(18,701)	
	\$ _	17,172	

A schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of December 31, 2012 follows:

2013	\$ 7,944
2014	7,944
2015	 1,986
	17,874
Amounts representing interest	 (535)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 17,339

Amortization expense for the assets held under capital leases was included in depreciation expense in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets (liabilities).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(10) Leases (continued)

The Corporation leases certain equipment under operating leases, which expire at various dates through 2015. The future minimum lease payments under these operating leases are as follows:

2013	\$ 28,916
2014	9,363
2015	1,561
	\$ 39,840

Rental expense under operating leases was \$47,697 and \$42,247 for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

(11) Annuities

The Corporation has a gift annuity program. In return for their gifts, donors are paid a fixed annuity amount during the lifetime of the donor and/or the donor's beneficiary, which creates a liability of the Corporation. Total annuities payable was \$30,969 and \$32,635 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. The Corporation uses published mortality-rate tables adopted by the United States Internal Revenue Service and an assumed discount rate of approximately four percent to determine the present value of the actuarially determined liability. The Corporation has assets included in investments of \$139,000 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 to satisfy annuities.

(12) Retirement Plan

The Corporation participates in the defined-contribution retirement plan of Presbyterian Senior Living. This plan covers all employees that have completed one year of service and have reached the age of 21. Vesting occurs after three years of service. Contributions to the plan are at the discretion of the Board of Trustees of Presbyterian Senior Living, and employees have the ability to direct how their contributions are invested. For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, retirement plan expense totaled approximately \$89,100 and \$112,100, respectively.

(13) Medical Malpractice Claims Coverage

The Corporation maintains professional liability coverage on a claims-made basis through a commercial insurance carrier. Other than for premiums paid under this policy, no provision has been made for estimated losses. Management believes no incidents have occurred or will be asserted that will exceed the Corporation's insurance coverages or will have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(14) Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets as of December 31 are available for the following purposes:

Endowment:	_	2012	2011
Benevolent Care	\$	158,772	144,455
Scholarships		854	5,471
		159,626	149,926
Scholarships		5,531	5,222
Other		8,702	8,827
	\$	173,859	163,975

Net assets of \$46,738 and \$87,082 were released from restriction during 2012 and 2011, respectively, in satisfaction of the above restrictions.

(15) Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Permanently restricted net assets as of December 31 are restricted for:

	_	2012	2011
Benevolent Care	\$	326,253	326,253
Scholarship		41,851	41,851
	\$	368,104	368,104

(16) Endowment

The endowments consist of donor restricted funds established for a variety of purposes supporting the Corporation. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(16) Endowment (continued)

Interpretation of relevant law

The Board of Trustees of the Corporation has interpreted the relevant state law as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Corporation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted and temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by the relevant state law and donor imposed stipulations. Unless specifically defined, a donor-restricted endowment funds, the Organization considers the following factors:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- (2) The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the organization
- (7) The investment policies of the organization

The following schedule represents the changes in endowment net assets for the year ended December 31, 2012:

	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 149,926	368,104	518,030
Investment return: Investment income	14,700	_	14,700
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditures	(5,000)		(5,000)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 159,626	368,104	527,730

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(16) Endowment (continued)

The following schedule represents the changes in endowment net assets for the year ended December 31, 2011:

	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 130,910	364,104	495,014
Investment return: Investment income	19,016	_	19,016
Contributions	_	4,000	4,000
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditures	_		
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 149,926	368,104	518,030

Funds with Deficiencies

The fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or the relevant state law requires the Corporation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these deficiencies are reported as unrestricted net assets. There were no such deficiencies reported at December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Corporation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowments while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Corporation must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period(s) as well as board-designated funds. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Trustees, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the price and yield results of a composite of public market indexes based on the mix of investments held, while assuming a moderate level of investment risk. The Corporation expects its endowment funds, over time, to provide an average rate of return of approximately the consumer price index plus the investment spending percentage plus one percent annually. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(16) Endowment (continued)

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

The Corporation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Corporation targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

Endowment Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to the Spending Policy

The Corporation has a total return policy for calculating the amounts available for distribution each year. It is a percent of its endowment fund's average fair value over the prior three calendar year ends. This percentage was 3.0% and 4.0% for 2012 and 2011, respectively. Actual distributions are for specific projects approved by the Board of Directors. If the total return amount exceeds the actual earnings of the Endowment Funds in any one year, then the amount needed to fund such excess will first be taken from the accumulated excess earnings from prior years, then from the accumulated net capital gains of Endowment Funds and, conversely, any undistributed income after the allocation of the total return distribution is added back to the unrestricted or temporarily restricted fund balance. In establishing this policy, the Corporation considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long term, the Corporation expects the current spending policy to allow its endowment to grow at an average of inflation plus one percent annually. For 2012 and 2011 an allocation of three percent and four percent, respectively, of the prior year's balance was used to calculate restricted funds available balance. This is consistent with the Corporation's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return.

(17) Financial Instruments

(a) Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The following valuation techniques were used to measure the fair value of each class of financial instruments:

Money market funds, equity and fixed income securities: Fair value of money market funds, and equity and fixed income securities was based on quoted market prices for the identical security.

Long-term debt: Long-term debt is carried at cost in the consolidated statements of financial position for bonds payable and mortgages payable at December 31, 2012 and 2011. Fair value is based on quoted market prices for the same or similar issues. The total outstanding was \$16,220,000 and \$16,720,000 at December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and its fair values at December 31, 2012 and 2011 approximates \$16,465,750 and \$15,789,970, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(17) Financial Instruments (continued)

The Corporation has a number of other financial instruments, none of which are held for investment purposes. The Corporation estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2012 and 2011 does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position.

The standards for accounting for fair value measurements established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation methods used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under these standards are as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Quoted prices in markets that are not active, or inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (i.e. supported with little or no market activity).

An asset or liability's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. There have been no changes in the methodologies used to measure fair value at December 31, 2012 or 2011.

For assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy used at December 31, 2012 are as follows:

 Total	Leve	11	Level 2
\$ 299,623	299	,623	_
2,728,164	2,728	,164	_
788,813	788	,813	_
3,816,600	3,816	,600	
\$	\$ 299,623 2,728,164 788,813	\$ 299,623 299 2,728,164 2,728 788,813 788	\$ 299,623 299,623 2,728,164 2,728,164 788,813 788,813

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

(17) Financial Instruments (continued)

For assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the fair value measurements by level within the fair value hierarchy used at December 31, 2011are as follows:

Description	 Total	Level 1	Level 2
Money market funds	\$ 219,632	219,632	_
Equity securities	2,294,021	2,294,021	_
Fixed income securities	771,278	771,278	_
Total investments	3,284,931	3,284,931	

(b) Financial Instruments with Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

Financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk to the Corporation consist of certain financial guarantees of its affiliates and letters of credit obtained from various financial institutions. The Corporation's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument is represented by the contractual amount of those obligations.

(18) Other Matters

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which contemplates continuation of the Corporation as a going concern. As of December 31, 2012 and 2011, the Corporation carried unrestricted net liabilities balances of \$23,973,071 and \$24,172,006, respectively. The unrestricted net liabilities are reflective of the amount due to affiliated entity of \$20,630,865 and \$19,552,737.

As such, the continued operations of the Corporation are dependent on continued Presbyterian Senior Living financial support and subordination of its related party debt to operating requirements and external debt repayments. Presbyterian Senior Living has agreed that the related party debt shall be subordinated to principal and interest payments on the Corporation's long-term indebtedness.