LENA

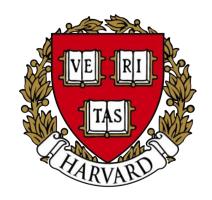
2018: The Year of the Conversational Turn

October 25, 2018



Agenda

- Introduction
- Rachel Romeo: "Conversational turns, socioeconomic status, and brain development in childhood"
- Jill Gilkerson: "10 Years Later: Predicting Longitudinal Outcomes from LENA Measures"
- Panel discussion facilitated by Shannon Rudisill
- Audience Q&A
- Closing







Conversational turns, socioeconomic status, and brain development in childhood

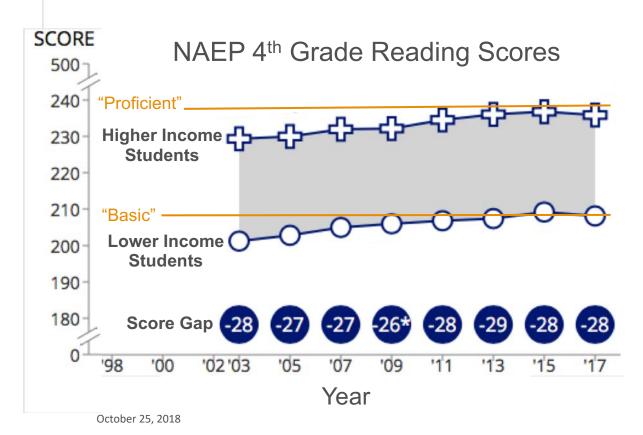
Rachel R. Romeo, PhD, CCC-SLP

Boston Children's Hospital
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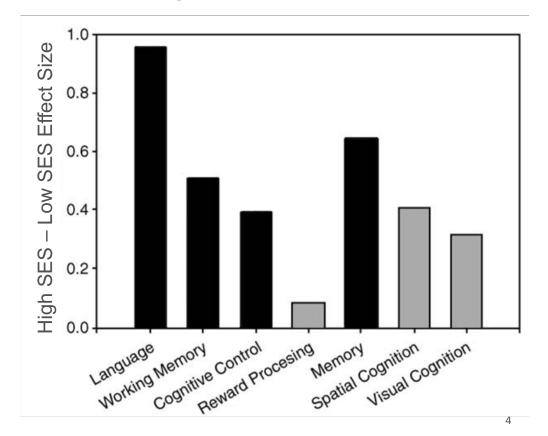
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The Achievement Gap

Socioeconomic status (SES) is a strong predictor of academic achievement and cognitive skill.

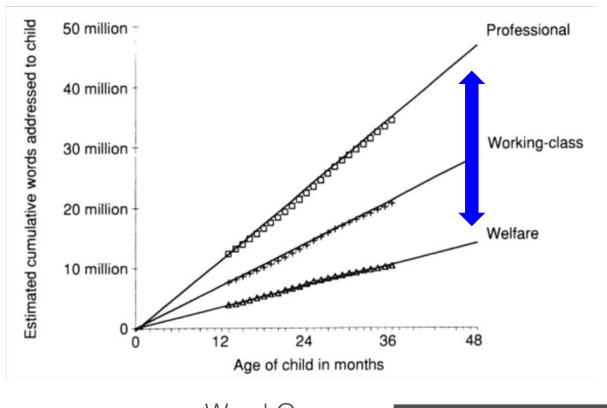


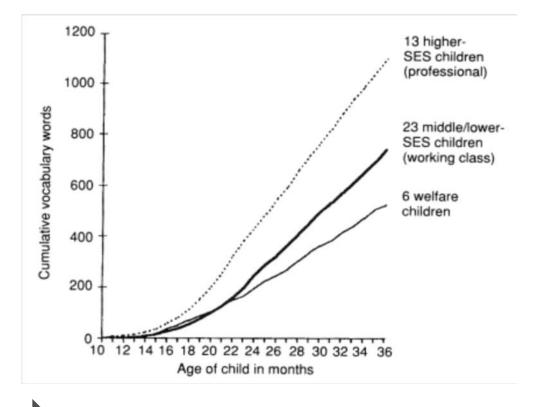
SES is more strongly related to language skills than other neurocognitive domains. Farah et al., 2006



The 30 Million Word Gap

"Parents in [higher SES] families devoted twice as much time to interaction and said three times as many words to their children." Hart & Risley, 1995





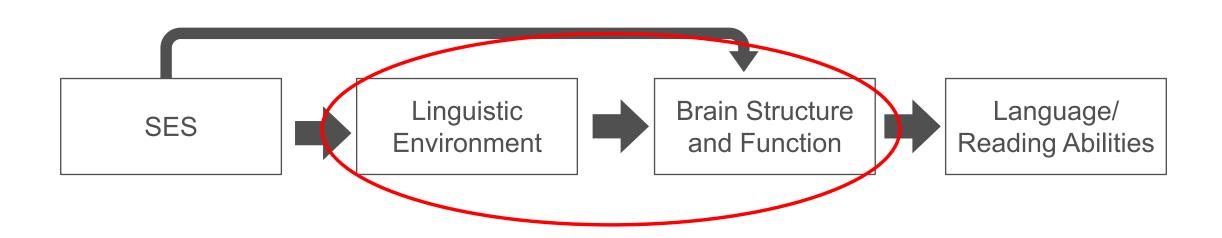
Word Gap

Achievement Gap in Language

Hypothesized Mechanisms

SES

Linguistic Environment Reading Abilities



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Methods part 1: Cognitive Development

63 children of varying SES

- Ages 4-6 years (in pre-K or K grades)
- Native English, no developmental delay or history of language impairment



- Verbal composite = Receptive & expressive vocabulary and grammar knowledge
- Nonverbal composite = Reasoning, working memory, processing speed

Home Language Recording

- 2 complete weekend days of LENA
- Estimate number of adult words, child vocalizations, and conversational turns

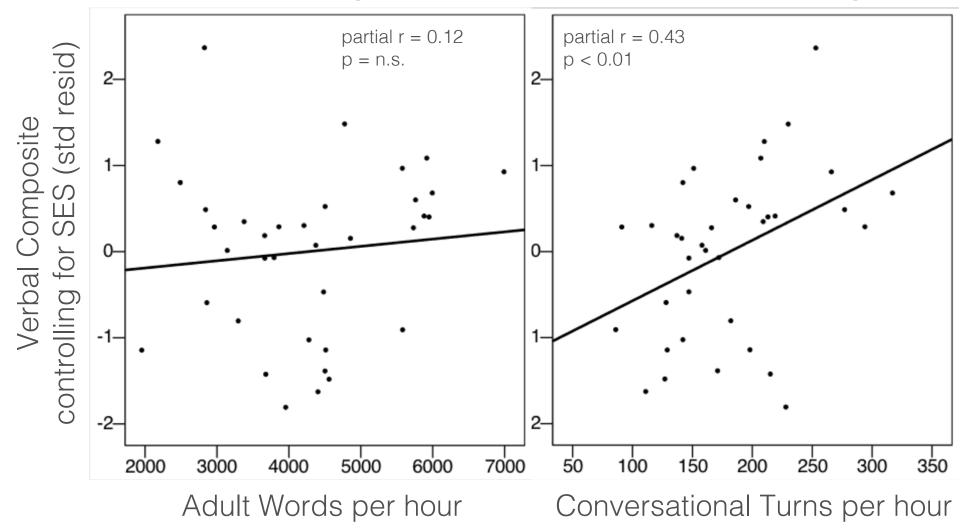








Conversational turns predict verbal scores, independent of SES



Methods part 2: MRI scan

First acclimate child in "mock" scanner

Structural scan:

5-min while watching a movie (n = 58)

Functional task:

6-min. language listening task (n = 36)

White matter scan:

6-min while watching a movie (n = 40)

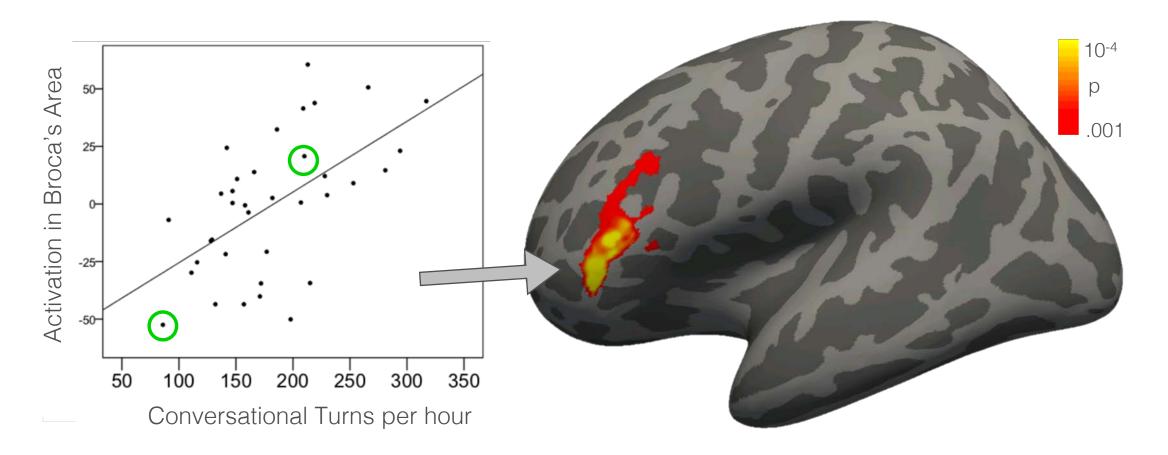
After:

Learn about the parts of your own brain!



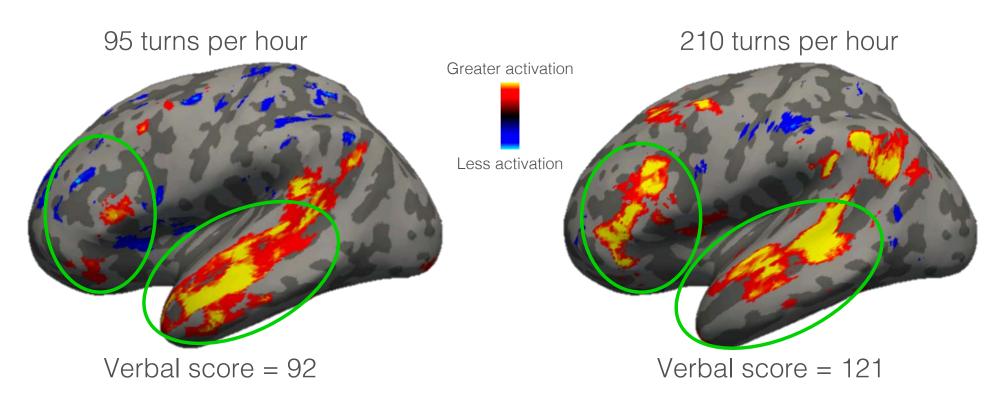
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Greater brain activation in children who experienced more Conversational Turns



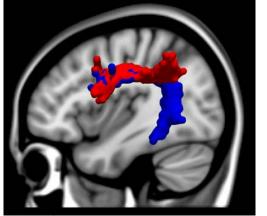
A Tale of Two Brains

Two 5-year-old girls from lower SES backgrounds



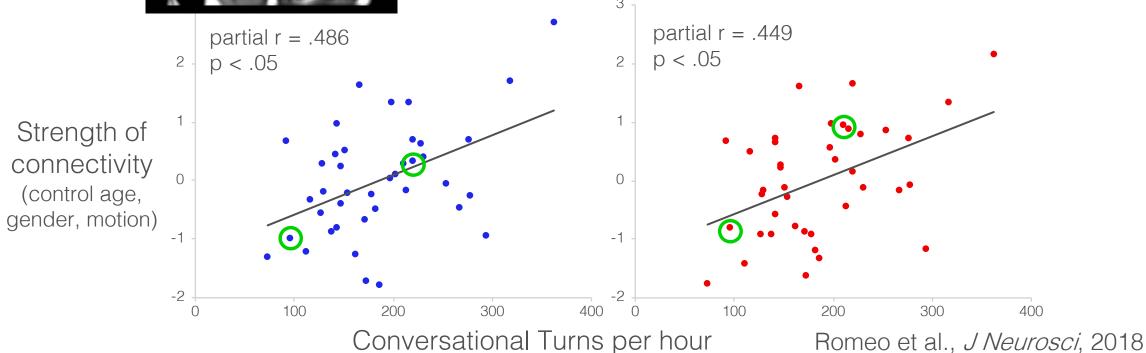
Broca's activation + conversational turns together explain 23% of the total SES gap in children's language skills.

What about brain *structure*?



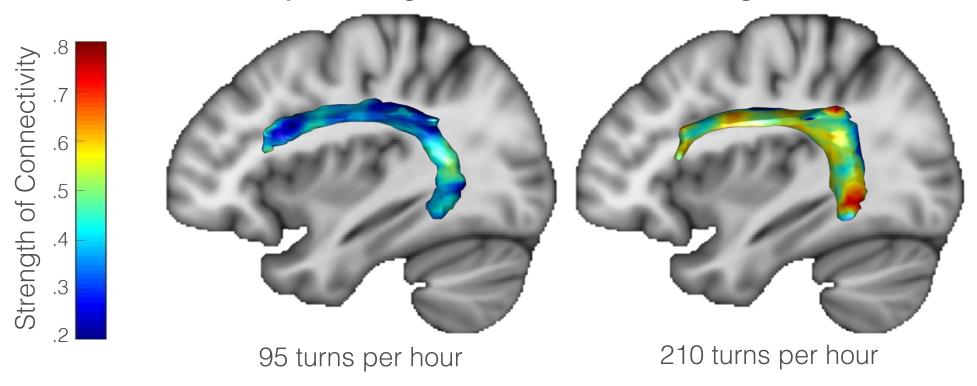
Arcuate Fasciculus (connects Broca's to Wernicke's area)

Superior Longitudinal Fasciculus (connects Broca's area to parietal lobe)



A Tale of Two Brains, continued

Two 5-year-old girls from lower SES backgrounds



Connectivity strength + conversational turns together explain 30% of the total SES gap in children's language skills.

Summary and Discussion

- Conversational turns (but not adult words alone) are associated with activation in Broca's area during language processing and the strength of white matter connectivity between Broca's and Wernicke's areas.
 - These measures explain 23-30% of the achievement gap in language skills.
- Why Broca's Area?
 - "Convergence zone" of smaller elements of language (e.g., phonemes, words) are unified into a coherent whole (Hagoort, 2014)
 - Greater activation = "deeper engagement" with language?
- Why conversational turns?
 - Incorporates exposure quality in addition to quantity
 - Language development relies on social interaction (Kuhl, 2007)
 - Increased opportunity for language "practice"

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Acknowledgements & Funding

- Participating families and schools
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- Harvard Mind Brain Behavior Graduate Student Award
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- Gift from David Pun Chan

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10 Years Later:
Predicting Longitudinal
Outcomes from LENA
Measures

Jill Gilkerson, Jeffrey A. Richards, Steven F. Warren, D. Kimbrough Oller, Rosemary Russo, Betty Vohr



Previous Research

• Early Language environment → Child Development

(e.g., Hart & Risley, 1992, 1995; Walker, Greenwood, Hart & Carta, 1994; Huttenlocher, Haight, Bryk & Lyons, 1991; Hoff, 2003; Rowe, 2008; Landry, Smith & Swank, 2006)

Focus on very young children

Question: Is there a relationship between very early language experience and longitudinal outcomes?

Comparison: Language environment of babies with their IQ and language skills 10 years later.

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LENA 10-year longitudinal study





329 children/families census-matched SES 2-48 months old

LENA recordings
Developmental assessments



2016



146 children 9-13 years old

Developmental assessments

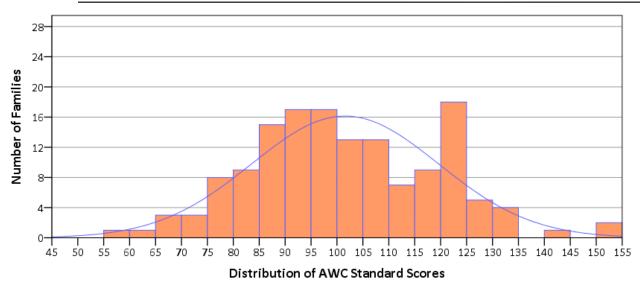
Longitudinal Assessments

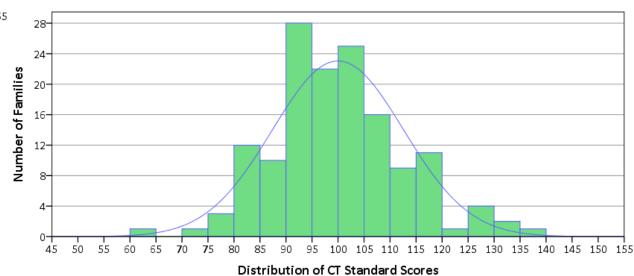
- WISC-V Wechsler Intelligence Scale for Children
 - Full Scale IQ (FSIQ)
 - Primary Scales
 - Verbal Comprehension Index (VCI)
 - Visual Spatial Index (VSI)
 - Fluid Reasoning Index (FRI)
 - Working Memory Index (WMI)
 - Processing Speed Index (PSI)
- PPVT Peabody Picture Vocabulary Test
 - Receptive Vocabulary
- EVT Expressive Vocabulary Test
 - Expressive Vocabulary

Demographics – Mother's Education

Sample	N	Percent
Some High School	10	7%
HS Diploma/Equivalent	42	29%
Some College	46	31%
4-Year Degree or Higher	48	33%
Full Sample	146	100%

Distribution balanced for early words and turns





Primary Research Question

Early
Language
Environment



Language
Skills in
Adolescence

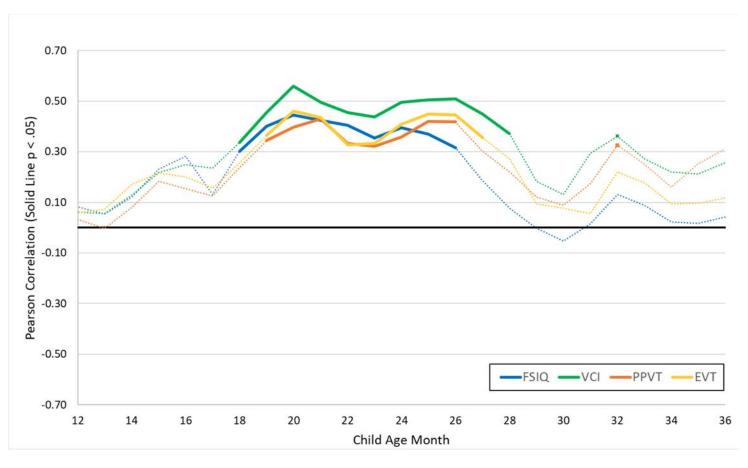
- □ Verbal Comp. (VCI)
- Receptive Vocab (PPVT)
- Expressive Vocab (EVT)



Cognitive
Ability in
Adolescence

□ IQ (FSIQ)

Turns in 2nd year is predictive of later outcomes



Gilkerson et al., Pediatrics 2018

Turns in 2nd year is predictive of later outcomes





Gilkerson et al., Pediatrics 2018

The importance of an early focus on talk

Quantity of words and turns early in life predicts later language ability

- Results confirm Hart & Risley, but with narrower window
- Accounts for large percent of variance in 18-24 month window, even after controlling for SES

	Lan	Language Abilities		
	Verbal Comprehension	Receptive Vocabulary	Expressive Vocabulary	Full Scale IQ
Turns	27%	14%	14%	14%
Words	9%	ns	ns	ns

Summary of Results



- Interactive talk (turns) with toddlers linked to outcomes in early adolescence
- Turns matter more than words alone
- A window between 1 and 3 years of age is most strongly predictive of language and cognitive development

Gilkerson et al., Pediatrics 2018

What does this mean?

- Poverty is not destiny
- This is good news! Because talk is changeable
- Yes, SES factors like parent education and income will always play a role – so many economic variables are hard to change, some say impossible. But talk IS changeable.

Gilkerson et al., Pediatrics 2018

What does this tell us about timing?

Prepare parents with tools, practice, and awareness during infancy

- Ensure habits / routines in place by the time language environment is most crucial
- Strengthen those habits / routines through age 2 and beyond

Summary

• The fact that *automated measures* from a few days of recording can predict anything *10 years later* is remarkable

Words and turns matter

Socioeconomic status is not destiny

Parents and caregivers have the power!

Acknowledgments

Terry and Judi Paul Scientific Advisory Board

LENA Employees past and present

- Rebecca Mills, Research Supervisor
- Joanna Lester, Senior Research Coordinator

Questions?







Stay connected

To learn more about Rachel Romeo's work:

- rachelromeo.com
- Twitter @RachelRRomeo

To learn more about Shannon Rudisill's organization:



To learn more about LENA:

- info.LENA.org/webinars
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