

# Illumio ASP 18.1 VEN Operations

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#### **Product Version**

Current PCE Version: 18.1.0 (Standard release)
Current VEN Version: 18.1.0 (Standard release)

#### **About Illumio**

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If you cannot find what you are looking for in this document or the support knowledge base and documentation, contact us at:

- support@illumio.com
- · +1-888-631-6354
- +1-408-831-6354

# Recommended Skills

Illumio recommends that you be familiar with the following:

· Your organization's security goals

- Solid understanding of Illumio ASP
- General computer system administration of Linux and Windows operating systems, including startup/ shutdown, common processes or services
- · Linux shell (bash), Windows PowerShell, or both
- Understanding TCP/IP networks, including protocols and well-known ports
- · Familiarity with PKI certificates

#### How To Use This Guide

This document shows you how use illumio-ven-ctl and other commands to administer the Illumio Virtual Enforcement Node (VEN) on a managed Workload for operational tasks such as start/stop, suspend, and other functions on the VEN and with the Policy Compute Engine (PCE) in an on-premise deployment.

The VEN Operations Guide has several main divisions:

- Overview of VEN Software Architecture and Description of Components
- Command-line-oriented sections with syntax examples for illumio-ven-ctl, the key Illumio-provided script for managing the VEN.
- The Basic Theory of VEN Operations, which describes the detailed effects of command usage, interactions of the VEN components, interactions with the Policy Compute Engine (PCE), communications between the VEN and the PCE, and other considerations.

This guide focuses on the commands installed by the recommended deployment model: single package installation directly on the workload, which installs the illumio-ven-ctl script for operational functions. The Illumio Repo model is detailed in the VEN Deployment Guide.

#### **Terminology: Activation or Pairing**

These following terms indicate the same function: putting the workload under managed control by the PCE:

- The terms activation/deactivation a VEN is used for the single package deployment model, which is downloaded and installed on the workload and then the illumio-ven-ctl command.
- The term *pairing/unpairing* a VEN is used for the Illumio Repo deployment model and also in the PCE Web Console, which relies on the pair or pair.ps1 script.

#### Related Documentation

Illumio ASP documentation is available from the Support portal.

- PCE Web Console guide: working with Illumination, designing policy, creating labels, and provisioning and administering managed workloads
- PCE Deployment guide: requirements, planning, and installing the Policy Compute Engine (PCE)
- PCE Operations quide: common operational tasks on the Policy Compute Engine (PCE)
- PCE REST API guide: Programming Illumio ASP

- VEN Deployment quide: installing and activating the Virtual Enforcement Node (VEN) on workloads
- · VEN Operations guide: administering the Virtual Enforcement Node (VEN) directly on managed workloads

#### Notational conventions

- New term: Newly introduced terminology is indicated by italics. Example: activation code.
- Command-line examples are in monospace. Example: illumio-ven-ctl --activate
- Arguments on command lines are monospace italics. Example: illumio-ven-ctl -- activate activation\_code

# Overview of VEN Software Architecture and Description of Components

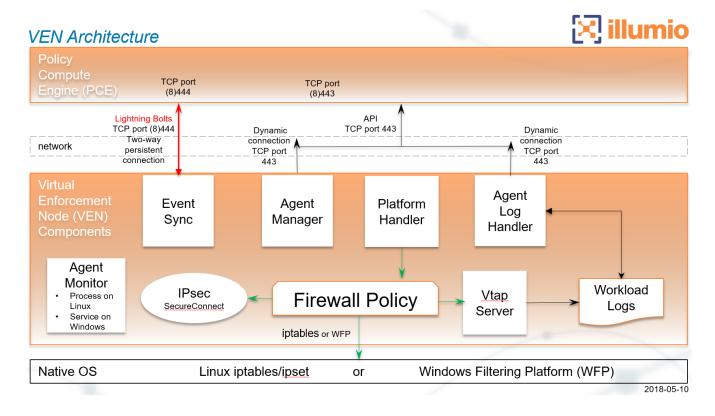
A workload with an installed VEN is a computer system you want to secure. A secured workload is known as a managed workload. You control the VEN's operations through the PCE user console or from the command-line on the VEN itself.

The VEN resides in the guest OS as a lightweight, multiple-process application with a minimal footprint.

- It interacts with the native networking interfaces to enforce policy received from the PCE.
- · It operates periodically at maximum speed, remaining in the background as much as possible.
- It uses configurable operational modes to minimize the impact to workloads.
- It provides details of traffic flow data collected via logging, summarized by the VEN, and viewable in the PCE's Support Reports.

### **VEN Architectural Diagram**

At startup, the VEN instantiates the following processes or services.



- 1. The VEN reports the workload's context (status and attributes) to the PCE.
- 2. The PCE computes a unique security policy for each managed workload and transmits it to the VEN.
- 3. The VEN receives the policy and programs native OS mechanisms on the workload:
  - a. Linux: iptables and ipsets
  - b. Windows, the Windows Filtering Platform (WFP), including WFP Optimization by default
- 4. The PCE lets those mechanisms enforce that policy.

# **Description of VEN Components**

VEN Process	Description	Linux User	Windows User
AgentManager	<ul> <li>Manages uninstallation and upgrades</li> <li>Mines the workload's system information, such as network interfaces, and listening processes, to send to the PCE</li> <li>Sends heartbeats to the PCE.</li> </ul>	root	Administrator

VEN Process	Description	Linux User	Windows User
EventSync	Maintains a dynamic connection to the PCE to receive asynchronous notifications.	<ul> <li>For SaaS customers: illumio</li> <li>For onpremise customers: ilo-ven</li> </ul>	LOCAL SERVICE
PlatformHandler	<ul> <li>Firewall configuration via native OS mechanisms</li> <li>Tamper detection and protection</li> <li>Upgrades and uninstallation</li> </ul>	root	Administrator
AgentLogManager	Uploads logs to the PCE for events and traffic flows.	<ul> <li>For Illumio Secure Cloud customers: illumio</li> <li>For on- premise customers: ilo-ven</li> </ul>	LOCAL SERVICE
vtapServer	Receives traffic flow data logs and records them in a SQLite database.	root	LOCAL SERVICE
AgentMonitor	Monitors VEN processes or services and restarts them when necessary.	root	LOCAL SERVICE
IPsec	Illumio's optional SecureConnect configures Internet Protocol Security (IPsec), a set of protocols to enforce security for IP netwroks. IPsec can be configured to use cryptography.	root	LOCAL SERVICE

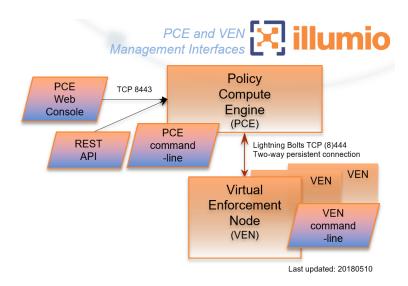
See these additional discussions with greater detail:

- Basic Theory of VEN Operations:
  - Workload Policy States

- VEN-to-PCE Communications
- VEN Traffic Logging

# Management Interfaces for the PCE and VEN

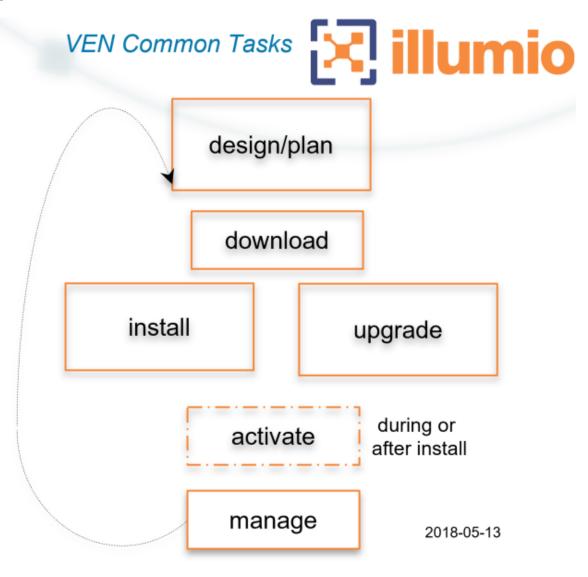
You can manage the PCE and the VEN via several interfaces.



Interface	Notes	See Also
PCE Web Console	With the PCE Web Console, you can perform many of the same functions described in this guide.	PCE Web Console guide at Documentation
Command- line on the PCE	Use of the command-line directly on the PCE. One of the primary management tools on the command-line is the illumio-pce-ctl script.	illumio-pce-ctl in the PCE Operations guide at Documentation
REST API	With the Illumio ASP REST API, you can perform many of managerial functions The endpoint for REST API requests is the PCE Leader node itself, not the workload; the REST API does not communicate directly with the VEN.  One use of the REST API is to automate the management of large groups of workloads, rather than each workload individually.	REST API guide at Documentation

Interface	Notes	See Also
Command- line on the VEN workload	Use of the command-line directly on the VEN workload. One of the primary management tools on the command-line is the illumioven-ctl script.	illumio-ven-ctl in the VEN Operations guide at Documentation

# Cycle of Common VEN Tasks



# illumio-ven-ctl General Syntax

The illumio-ven-ctl is a primary tool for managing VENs on individual workloads. The script varies slightly by platform.

#### illumio-ven-ctl: Linux Two Dashes, Windows One Dash

Platform	Command	Notes
Linux	illumio-ven-ctl	Parameters for the script are preceded by a double hyphen: option1 varoption2 var
Windows	illumio-ven-ctl.ps1	In Windows PowerShell, the .ps1 extension is optional.
		Parameters for the script are preceded by a single hyphen:  -option1 var -option2 var

#### **Set the PATH Environment Variable**

For easier invocation of the script, you might want to set your PATH variable to the directory where the VEN commands are located:

- Linux: default location is /opt/illumio/bin
- Windows: default location is C:\Program Files\Illumio

# VEN Installation/Uninstallation - See VEN Deployment Guide

How you install, uninstall, and upgrade the VEN is highly configurable. This extensive topic is detailed in the companion guide *VEN Deployment Guide*. See Related Documentation.

# VEN Activation/Deactivation - See VEN Deployment Guide

Because VEN activation frequently accompanies deployment, it is detailed in the companion guide VEN Deployment Guide. See Related Documentation.

# Verify VEN Version Number

You can verify the version of the VEN software in several different ways:

- In the PCE Web Console
- · On the Workload itself.
  - · Windows: Any of the following:
    - Examine the columns in **Uninstall or change a program** or Task Manager
    - Examine the **Properties > Details** tab of the venAgentMgr.exe or venPlatformHandler.exe
- With the REST API, the agent-version key and value are returned in the payload of every response.

# **VEN Startup**

Via system boot files, the VEN starts when the workload is booted. The VEN can also be started manually.

Platform	Command	Notes
Linux	<ul><li>/etc/init.d/illumio- firewall</li><li>/etc/init.d/illumio-ven- ctl start</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Installs ipset kernel module if necessary, sets iptables/ipsets to desired state.</li> <li>Initializes and starts the daemon processes needed for VEN operation.</li> </ul>
Windows	None needed	The Service Control Manager (SCM) starts all VEN services at boot.

#### **VEN Shutdown**

At shutdown, the VEN sends a "goodbye" message to the PCE. The PCE marks the Workload as offline and initiates a policy recomputation. After the new policy is distributed throughout the network, the Workload without the VEN is effectively isolated from the network.

#### **Linux Workload Shutdown**

- illumio-ven-ctl stop stops all VEN processes.
- The VEN sends a "goodbye" message to the PCE.

#### **Windows Workload Shutdown**

- Service Control Manager (SCM) stops all VEN services
- The VEN sends a "goodbye" message to the PCE

#### **VEN Status**

To see the status of the VEN on the workload, run this command.

\$ illumio-ven-ctl status

#### **VEN Disable/Enable**

If you want to install the VEN but activate it at a later time, you can disable the VEN after you first install it.

For example, you can load the VEN on machine image and disable the VEN. See considerations regarding preparing a "Golden Master" in the VEN Deployment guide.

Platform	Action		Notes
Linux	• Enable • Disable	<pre>\$ illumio-ven-ctl enable \$ illumio-ven-ctl disable</pre>	
Windows	• Enable • Disable	<pre>\$ illumio-ven-ctl.ps1 enable \$ illumio-ven-ctl.ps1 disable</pre>	When you disable the VEN, all Illumio-based filters are removed from the Windows Filtering Platform (WFP).

# VEN Suspend/Unsuspend

Suspending a VEN isolates a VEN on a workload so you can troubleshoot possible communication issues to determine the cause of any anomalous behavior.

- When you suspend a VEN, any rules programmed into the workload's iptables (including Custom iptables
  rules) or Windows Filtering Platform (WFP) firewalls are removed completely and all VEN software
  processes are shut down. The VEN's connectivity and policy sync status are changed to Suspended.
- Workloads communicating with the suspended VEN continue to have rules programmed into iptables or WFP.
- You can unpair a workload while its VEN is suspended.
- With the PCE Web Console you can change the policy state of the workload while the VEN is suspended. When the VEN is unsuspended, the new policy state is applied.

#### Linux - Before Suspending, Backup iptables/NAT rules

Before you suspend a Linux VEN, back up the workload's custom iptables rules or NAT rules. For information about backing up and restoring the iptables, see <a href="http://sharadchhetri.com/2014/02/22/how-to-backup-and-restore-iptables-on-linux-systems/">http://sharadchhetri.com/2014/02/22/how-to-backup-and-restore-iptables-on-linux-systems/</a>.

After a workload is suspended, you need to restore the rules on the workload because all custom iptables or NAT rules are removed from the workload. At the time of suspension, the VEN informs the PCE that it is in suspended state.

If the PCE does not receive this notification, you must mark the workload as "suspended" in the PCE web console. See the PCE Web Console guide.

If you do not mark the VEN as suspended in the PCE, after one hour the PCE assumes the Workload is offline and removes it from policy, which effectively isolates the workload from the network.

# Suspend/Unsuspend Commands

Platf orm	Action	Command	Notes
Linux	<ul><li>Suspe nd</li><li>Unsus pend</li></ul>	\$ illumio-ven-ctl suspend Suspending the VEN The VEN has been suspended. PCE was notified.	Be sure to backup your configuration as described in Linux - Before Suspending, Backup iptables/NAT rules.
		<pre>\$ illumio-ven-ctl unsuspend Unsuspending the VEN The VEN has been unsuspended. PCE was notified.</pre>	
Wind	<ul><li>Suspe nd</li><li>Unsus pend</li></ul>	PS C:\Program Files\Illumio> illumio-ven-ctl.ps1 suspend Suspending the VEN The VEN has been suspended. PCE was notified.  PS C:\Program Files\Illumio> illumio-ven-ctl.ps1 unsuspend Unsuspending the VEN The VEN has been unsuspended. PCE was notified.	

# Results of Suspending/Unsuspending

- The workload still appears in the PCE in the workloads list page and Illumination map.
- The workload can only be unpaired from the PCE.
- An organization event (server\_suspended) is logged. This event is exportable in Common Event Format ( CEF) and Log Event Extended Format (LEEF). This event has a severity of WARNING.
- Heartbeats or other communication are not expected, but if received, communication is logged by the PCF
- If the PCE is rebooted, the VEN remains suspended.
- Any custom iptables rules are removed and must be reconfigured manually.

If SecureConnect has been enabled on the VEN, it is not disabled.

When a VEN is unsuspended:

- The PCE is informed that the VEN is no longer suspended and is able to receive policy from the PCE.
- If existing rules affect the unsuspended workload, the PCE reprograms those rules.
- An organization event (server\_unsuspended) is logged. The event has a severity of WARNING. The event is exportable in Common Event Format (CEF) and Log Event Extended Format (LEEF).
- The workload revert sto its policy state prior to Suspended.
- · Custom iptables rules are configured back into the iptables.

# **Upgrading the VEN**

There are several mechanisms for upgrading the VEN.

# Upgrading All VENs via PCE

Run this command on one of the Leader nodes in your deployment to upgrade all of the VENs in your environment:

\$ ./illumio\_pce/illumio-pce-ctl ven-upgrade
Reading /opt/pce\_config/etc/runtime\_env.yml.
VEN upgrade initiated.

# Linux VEN Upgrade

#### Preserve Custom User Name

If you installed the VEN with your own user name, for upgrade you need to specify that same user name with the VEN\_NONPRIV\_USER environment variable. See details in the VEN Deployment guide.

#### Set Non-default Data Directory before Upgrade

If you previously installed the VEN to different installation and data directories with the VEN\_DATA\_DIR environment variable, you need to specify the same value for VEN\_DATA\_DIR before upgrade. See details in the VEN Deployment guide.

#### Running the Upgrade

To start the upgrade:

- \$ /opt/illumio/admin/upgrade
  or
- \$ /opt/illumio/admin/upgrade -y # The -y option suppresses the confirmation prompt.

A record of the upgrade is stored in /opt/illumio/log/upgrade.log.

#### Windows VEN Upgrade

- Change directories to the following path:
   PS> cd %ProgramFiles(x86)%\Illumio\admin\
- 2. Start the upgrade:
  - PS> illumio-ven-ctl.ps1 upgrade
- 3. When asked if you want to upgrade the VEN, type yes and then press **Enter**. You can also suppress this prompt. Ses yes parameter above.

A record of the upgrade is stored in C:\ProgramData\Illumio\log\install.log

# Diagnostics and Troubleshooting

This section describes some important System administration considerations on Windows, a useful tools, and a generalized set of steps for troubleshooting.

# Enable Windows Application Layer Enforcement (ALE)

If you have disabled Windows Application Layer Enforcement (ALE), you need to re-enable it.

The ALE is a Windows component to examine all packets and decides which packets should be sent to the TCP/ IP stack. (For more information about ALE itself, see https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/bb451830(v=vs.85).aspx.)

ALE is enabled by default. If you disable it, all packets are sent to the TCP/IP stack, which marks them as illegal and drop them. You also lose visibility into the packets. Such packets might be exploited for a Denial of Service (DOS) attack on the workload.

### Linux ignored\_interface Inhibits PCE Policy Updates

Transitioning an enforced VEN's interface in and out of ignored\_interface might drop the dynamic, long-lived connections maintained by the AgentManager component between the VEN and the PCE. (See the description of the AgentMonitor in Description of VEN Components.)

When a VEN interface is placed in <code>ignore\_interface</code> list, <code>conntrack</code> is disabled. (The <code>conntrack</code> table on Linux stores information about network connections.) If the connection on TCP port 8444 to the PCE is reinitialized, any arriving packets from the PCE are dropped, because the packets do not have any state in <code>conntrack</code>.

The VEN heartbeat eventually restores connections, but meanwhile the VEN does not implement any policy sent via lightning bolt from the PCE.

# **Connectivity Checking Tool**

A connectivity checking tool for workloads is available in the installation package and online. See the documentation and download at VEN Connectivity Checking Tool.

# **Troubleshooting Steps**

Follow these steps to identify the cause of workload connectivity issues. If a workload is unreachable or cannot reach other workloads/PCE, follow these steps to troubleshoot.

- 1. Determine if all workloads are unable to communicate or just a subset of the workloads are reported as disconnected. If PCE reports that all workloads are offline, check if PCE is reachable from workloads.
- 2. If a subset of workloads are down, check if there are differences in network configuration between those and the workloads that are connected, and if they are contributing to PCE being unreachable.
- 3. Check If any workloads unable to communicate are located behind NAT devices, firewalls, or remote data centers. See Connectivity Checking Tool.
- 4. For on-premise Illumio ASP deployments, ensure TCP port 443 and 444 on workloada re allowed to open to the PCE.
- 5. If running in a public cloud instance:
- 6. a. For AWS, ensure security groups permit TCP ports 443 and 444.
  - b. For Azure, ensure that Endpoints are configured to allow traffic.
- 7. Check the status of the Illumio-specific processes and ensure that they are running and active:
  - On Linux: run /opt/illumio/bin/agent\_status -a or illumio-ven-ctl status
  - On Windows: execute get-service in the PowerShell
  - a. Ensure the following processes are running and active:
    - On Linux: AgentManager, EventSync, IPSec, PlatformHandler, AgentLogManager, VtapServer, AgentMonitor
    - On Windows: venAgentLogMgrSvc, venEventSyncSvc, venPlatformHandler, venVtapServerSvc, ilowfp

- 8. Review Illumio log files to find any errors generated by the system (sudo required):
  - Logs in Data\_Dir/log directory
  - To look for any errors in the log files, execute grep -ir ERROR \*
  - 9. To check for firewall updates, view platform.log file. Look for logs related to firewall updates; for example:

```
2014-07-26T22:20:41Z INFO:: Enforcement mode is: XXXX
2014-07-26T22:20:41Z INFO:: Is fw update yes
2014-07-26T22:20:41Z INFO:: Is ipset update yes
2014-07-26T22:20:41Z INFO:: saved fw-json
```

10. Check /heartbeats/events/evsync.log for logs related to update messages from the PCE. The following are example heartbeats:

```
2014-07-26T22:43:12Z Received HELLO from EventService.
2014-07-26T22:43:12Z Sent ACK to EventService.
Events - f/w updates etc.
014-07-26T22:34:11Z Received EVENT from EventService.
2014-07-26T22:34:11Z Added EVENT from EventService to PLATFORM handler thread message queue
```

Run the following commands on the workload to get a copy of the logs and configured firewall settings.

#### Linux

- iptables-save
- ipset -L

#### **Windows**

- Navigate to Start -> Control Panel -> System and Security -> Windows Firewall -> Advanced Settings
- Navigate across inbound and outbound rules to look for relevant firewall/filtering configuration.

# Appendix - Basic Theory of VEN Operations

The section describes in greater detail the effects, behaviors, and other aspects of how VEN operations work.

#### VEN Installation and Uninstallation

#### Linux Pairing Script for VEN Repo: pair

Below is an example of Linux pairing script with annotation. The pairing script works with the VEN Repo model of deployment, not the single-package installation (the preferred deployment model), which uses illumio-ven-ctl --activation option. Both mechanisms accomplish the same purpose: bring a workload under management by Illumio ASP.

```
rm -fr /opt/illumio/scripts && \
umask 027 && mkdir -p /opt/illumio/scripts && \
curl https://repo.bigcompany.com/scp2HSPFGj2C82BVDYJf2BCXlzsGWX03/pair -o /opt/illumio/scripts/pair && \
chmod +x /opt/illumio/scripts/pair && \
/opt/illumio/scripts/pair \
--repo-host repo.bigcompany.com --repo-dir scp2HSPFGj2C82BVDYJf2BCXlzsGWX03/ --repo-https-port 443 \
--management-server scp2.bigcompany.com:443 \
--activation-code 0123456789abcdef
```

- 1. Removes any existing /opt/illumio/scripts directory
- 2. Changes umask to 027 to prevent the group-write and others-read,write,execute permissions as it creates /opt/illumio/scripts directory
- 3. Uses curl to download the pair script from repo.illum.io and store it under /opt/illumio/scripts.
- 4. Changes script permissions to allow execution
- 5. Runs the /opt/illumio/scripts/pair with the following command line options:
- 6. Line 6 -- repo-host, -- repo-dir, and -- repo-port to check for VEN software updates
- 7. Line 7 --management-server: to communicate with the PCE
- 8. Line 8 --activation code to authenticate the VEN to the PCE and authorize the VEN to pair

The pair script installs the VEN packages on the application workload and pairs the VEN with the PCE. The output of pair is captured in /var/log/illumio\_install.log.

The script then performs the following:

a. For yum-based OSes, updates releaserver to release name in /etc/yum.conf using sed

- b. Removes VEN files leftover from a previous failed installation
- c. Downloads the Illumio package signing GnuPG public key from repo using curl
- d. Stores the key in /tmp and make it root accessible
- e. Installs the key into rpm or apt-key commands
- f. On Red Hat, disables the subscription manager plugin (set enabled=0 in /etc/yum/pluginconf.d/ subscription-manager.conf)
- g. Creates the Illumio yum repo at /etc/yum.repos.d/illumio.repo or apt-get repo at /etc/apt/ sources.list.d/illumio\_repo.list
- h. Populates the repo file with repo URI and other information
- i. Installs dependencies followed by illumio-agent-control and illumio-agent-vtapserver packages from Illumio repo
- j. Places upgrade hold on VEN packages so that they don't get upgraded automatically
- k. Checks if ipset kernel module is installed (if not, the process fails)
- I. Runs /opt/illumio/bin/init\_Platform script with "start" option
- m. Generates activation file /opt/illumio/etc/agent\_activation.cfg
- n. Invokes /opt/illumio/bin/agent\_status to activate the VEN
- o. Restores releaserver=latest in /etc/yum.conf

#### RPM Installation

RPM installation performs the following operations:

- · Creates the ilo-ven user and group, unless a custome username is specified at install.
- · Starts the Illumio security service to manage the following:
  - a. In Idle state, Illumio security service does nothing.
  - b. Loads kernel modules: ip\_tables, iptable\_filter, nf\_conntrack, nf\_conntrack\_ipv4, nf\_conntrack\_ftp, ipt\_LOG, ip\_set, ip6\_tables, ip6table\_filter, nf\_conntrack\_ipv6, ip6t\_LOG
  - c. Sets net.netfilter.nf\_conntrack\_tcp\_timeout\_established to 8 hours (28,800 seconds). See also Linux nf\_conntrack\_tcp\_timeout\_established set to 8 Hours
  - d. Disables the system firewall service iptables
  - e. Stops system firewall service iptables
  - f. Saves existing iptables rules if any
  - g. Loads iptables rules computed from PCE firewall policy
  - h. Starts the VEN components described in Description of VEN Components.

#### Packages and Kernel Modules

Some packages, such as Illumio's SecureConnect StrongSwan for enforcing IPsec, are included as part of the VEN package. Other packages are installed on the host itself if they are not already present.

If the following packages are not installed on the workload, via RPM dependencies the VEN installation downloads and install them.

1. curl: Used for HTTPS client functionality

- 2. dnsutils: Used for DNS client functionality
- 3. uuid-runtime: Used for generating UUIDs
- 4. ipset: Used for ipset functionality
- 5. libnfnetlink0: Used for communicating with the Net Filter module
- 6. libcap2: Used for selectively enabling/disabling capabilities
- 7. libgmp10: Used for multi-precision arithmetic
- 8. bind-utils: Used for DNS client functionality
- 9. iptables and iptables-ipv6: Used for iptables functionality
- 10. apt-transport-https (for apt-based OS): Used for HTTPS transport for apt

If the following kernel modules are not installed, the VEN downloads and installs them:

ipset

#### Windows Pairing Script pair.ps1

Below is an example of Windows pairing script.

```
Set-ExecutionPolicy -Scope process remotesigned -Force;
Start-Sleep -s 3;
(New-Object System.Net.WebClient).DownloadFile("https://repo.illum.io/ scp2HSPFGj2C82BVDYJf2BCXlzsGWX03/pair.ps1", "$pwd\Pair.ps1"); .\Pair.ps1
-repo-host repo.illum.io
-repo-dir scp2HSPFGj2C82BVDYJf2BCXlzsGWX03/
-repo-https-port 443 -management-server scp2.illum.io:443
-activation-code 0123456789abcdef;
Set-ExecutionPolicy -Scope process undefined -Force;
```

In the above example, the Windows pairing script performs the following:

- Changes execution policy of the host PowerShell process to remotesigned.
- Using .NET framework WebClient class, downloads pair.ps1 from VEN repository and stores it in the current directory
- Runs the pair.ps1 script with the following command line options:
  - repo host, repo directory, and repo port: Used by the VEN to check for VEN software updates
  - management server: Used by the VEN to communicate with the PCE
  - activation code: Used by the PCE to authenticate and authorize the VEN during pairing process
- The pair script installs the VEN packages on the application workload and pairs the VEN with the PCE. The output of pair.ps1 is captured in %TMP%\illumio.log. The script performs the following steps:
- · Retrieves VEN MSI package from repo using .NET framework WebClient class
- Launches msiexec.exe to install the downloaded package
- Generates agent\_activation.cfg file with PCE information
- · Retrieves agent activation status and displays it

#### MSI Installation

The MSI installation performs the following:

- 1. Creates VEN registry key under HKLM\Software\Illumio
- 2. Adds Illumio code signing certificate to "Trusted Publisher" store for Computer
- 3. Registers VEN Event (Event Tracing for Windows, or ETW) providers
- 4. Installs llowfp (kernel mode driver) and the processes and services described in VEN Architectural Diagram as auto-start at boot and then starts them.

#### **VEN-to-PCE Communications**

For background, see the diagram and details in Overview of VEN Software Architecture and Description of Components .

The VEN communicates with the PCE on (8)443 using HTTPS. The VEN uses Transport Level Security (TLS) to connect to the PCE. The PCE certificate must be trusted by the VEN before communication can be set up.

The VEN communicates with PCE and sends following details:

- 1. Traffic logs
- 2. Network interfaces
- 3. Processes
- 4. Open ports
- 5. The PCE communicates with VEN and sends following details
- 6. Firewall policy
- 7. Lightning bolts with action to perform (such as send support report)

#### Polling Intervals of VEN Operations

The following table shows the intervals of common VEN operations. The *PCE Operations Guide* includes more details about these functions and their effects.

Function	Polling Interval	Note
Firewall policy updates	Real-time if lightning bolts are enabled	
Active service reporting	Every 30 seconds	

Function	Polling Interval	Note
Interface reports and changes	Every 5 minutes	
Firewall and traffic flow Log	Every 10 minutes	
Heartbeat	Every 5 minutes	If the PCE does not receive three consecutive heartbeats, an event is written to the PCE's event log.
Dead-peer interval	60 minutes = 12 heartbeats	
VEN tampering detection	10 minutes	

#### Heartbeat mechanism

The VEN sends a heartbeat message every five minutes to the PCE to inform the PCE that it is up and running. If the VEN cannot connect to the PCE (either because the PCE is down or because of a network issue), the VEN continues to enforce the last-known-good policy while it tries to reconnect with the PCE.

After missing two heartbeats, the VEN enters a diminished state. In the diminished state, the VEN ignores all the asynchronous commands received as lightning bolts from the PCE, except the commands for software upgrade and support reports. After the connectivity to the PCE is restored, the VEN comes out of the diminished state after two successful heartbeats.

If the VEN fails to communicate with the PCE because of failed authentication, the VEN enters a state called *lost agent*. In the lost agent state, the VEN only attempts to connect with the PCE every four hours. The PCE logs a message in the Organization Events to inform the user that the VEN needs to be uninstalled or reinstalled manually on this Workload. If the authentication failure was temporary, after first successful connection to the PCE, the VEN exits the lost agent state .

#### Details about Isolation Mechanism

When the VEN on a workload is stopped, the PCE detects that the workload is offline. The PCE recomputes the policy for all the peer workloads. In the new policy, the peer workloads are not allowed to communicate with the workload where the VEN is stopped.

If the workload goes offline abruptly (for example, due to a power outage), the PCE stops receiving heartbeats from the workload. After one hour, the PCE marks the workload as offline and recomputes policies for the peer workloads to isolate the offline workload.

#### SecureConnect

The VEN uses the StrongSwan suite to provide IPsec encryption between the host and a communicating Workload. StrongSwan is installed as part of the VEN installation. StrongSwan is used to perform the Internet Key Exchange (IKE) v2 handshake. The actual encryption of IP packets is done natively by the OS.

#### Sampling Mode

If the VEN receives a sustained amount of high traffic per second from many individual connections, the VEN enters Sampling Mode to reduce load. Sampling Mode is a protection mechanism to ensure that the VEN does not contribute to the consumption of CPU. In Sampling Mode, not every flow is reported. Instead, flows are periodically sampled and logged.

After CPU usage on the VEN decreases, Sampling Mode is disabled and each connection is reported to the VEN. The entry and exit from sampling-mode is automatically performed by VEN depending on the load on VEN.

#### Linux nf\_conntrack\_tcp\_timeout\_established set to 8 Hours

For VENs installed on Linux workloads, Illumio uses conntrack to manage the nf\_conntrack\_tcp\_timeout\_established variable.

By default, as soon as the VEN is installed, it sets the nf\_conntrack\_tcp\_timeout\_established value to 8 hours (28,800 seconds). This frequency is to manage workload memory by removing unused connections from the table and thereby increase performance.

If you change this setting via sysctl, it is reverted the next time the workload is rebooted or the next time the VEN's configuration file is read.

#### **VEN Uninstallation**

During uninstallation, the VEN performs the following steps.

· Unregisters VEN Event provider

#### Linux Windows Unpairs from the PCE Unpairs the VEN from the PCE • Sends a "deactivate" message to · Restores the host firewall state to the requested or open state if no state is specified. Possible values of the state are: · Open: All ports are open after VEN Stops all VEN services uninstalls Unregisters services from Service · Saved: Restore the firewall to its state just before the Control Manager · Restores Windows Firewall to VEN was installed Uninstalls the illumio-agent-control and illumio-agent-vtap requested state packages Open: All ports are open Removes program and data files after VEN Removes Illumio repo and gpg files and uninstalls packages · Saved: Restore the firewall to its state just before the VEN was installed · Removes Program Files and ProgramData directories · Removes VEN registry keys · Removes Certificate

#### **VEN Activation or Pairing**

The terms activation/deactivation of a VEN applies to the single-package installation directly on the workload, but the term pairing/unpairing a VEN is used for the Illumio Repo model of deployment and also in the PCE Console UI. These two terms indicate the same function.

A workload pairs with a PCE before it can become part of illumio distributed security system. Pairing can be performed using one of these methods:

- · A pairing key
- · A PKI certificate
- A Kerberos service principal name (SPN)

An activation key or pairing key is used only at initial pairing. During pairing, an Agent Token is generated and stored in a local file on workload, and the hash of the token is stored on PCE. Only the agent-token is used in VEN-to-PCE communication from that point onwards.

The VEN communicates with PCE with HTTPS over Transport Layer Security (TLS). The Agent Token is used by VEN to uniquely authenticate itself to PCE. In addition, a Clone Token is generated by the VEN. If an Agent Token

is mistakenly or maliciously reused on another workload, the Clone Token is used to detect the condition and disambiguate the hosts. The Clone Token is periodically rotated. Agent Token is never rotated.

#### **VEN Startup**

See the commands VEN Startup.

For a description of the VEN architecture and software components, see Overview of VEN Software Architecture and Description of Components.

#### **VEN Shutdown**

See the commands in VEN Shutdown.

For a description of the VEN architecture and the software components, see Overview of VEN Software Architecture and Description of Components.

#### **VEN Status**

The VEN status contains information related to the current state of VEN connectivity, the most recently provisioned policy changes that affect the workload, any potential firewall tampering, and any issues related to SecureConnect functionality.

See the commands in VEN Status.

### **Workload Policy States**

After activation, the VEN can be in one of the following policy states. The VEN policy state determines how the rules receives from PCE affect a Workload's network communication.

You change the policy state of the VEN via settings in the PCE or the REST API.

- 1. Build: The VEN inspects all open ports on a Workload and reports to the PCE the flow of traffic between it and other Workloads. In this state, the PCE displays the flow of traffic to and from the Workload, providing insight into the data center and the applications running in it. No traffic is blocked in this state. The Build state is useful when firewall policies are not yet known. This state can be used for discovering the Application flows in the organization and then generating a security policy that governs all desired communication.
- 2. **Enforced:** All Ruleset Rules are enforced on the workload. Any traffic flows not explicitly allowed by the Rules from the PCE are blocked.

- 3. **Idle:** The VEN does not take control of the Workload's iptables (Linux) or firewall (Windows), but uses Workload network analysis to provide to the PCE relevant details about the Workload, such as the Workload's IP address, operating system, and traffic flows. This snapshot is taken every four hours. Idle state is used for installing and activating VENs on Workloads without changing the iptables/ipsets on the Workloads. A pairing profile can be used to pair Workloads in Idle state.
- 4. **Test:** No traffic is blocked in this state. In Test, you can visualize all of the traffic that would be blocked if you enforced Rules on the Workloads.

# **Automatic History of Firewall Changes**

Changes to the firewall on a workload are historically recorded for audit trail. Up to 10 changes to the firewall history are saved. The history is viewable via the PCE Support Reports. For more details on Support Reports, see the PCE Operations guide and PCE Web Console guide in Related Documentation.

# **VEN Traffic Logging**

The VEN captures logs of its operation and traffic flow summaries locally on the workload. There are several different application log files, each with one backup.

Application logs are rotated from primary to backup when their size reaches 15 MB. Application log files are limited to 390MB total for all logs. Application log files are preserved at reboot, because application logs are stored in files on a workload

### Contents of Traffic Flow Logs

The VEN stores traffic flow summaries, rather than each individual traffic flow. For each connection, the traffic flow summary includes:

- Source IP
- · Destination IP
- Destination Port
- Protocol
- · Number of connections

# Querying flow log databases

The sqlite command-line tool comes with the VEN, which you can use to query the flow log databases.

#### **Linux Database Query Examples**

- Non-aggregated accepted flows /opt/illumio/bin/sqlite /opt/illumio/log/flow.db "select \* from flow\_view"
- Non-aggregated dropped flows /opt/illumio/bin/sqlite /opt/illumio/log/flow.db "select \* from drop\_flow\_view"
- Aggregated accepted flows /opt/illumio/bin/sqlite /opt/illumio/log/flowsum.db "select \* from flow\_view"
- Aggregated dropped flows /opt/illumio/bin/sqlite /opt/illumio/log/flowsum.db "select \* from drop\_flow\_view"

#### Window Database Query Examples

- Non-aggregated accepted flows
   "c:\Program Files\Illumio\bin\sqlite.exe" c:\ProgramData\Illumio\log\flow.db "select \*
   from flow\_view"
- Non-aggregated dropped flows
   "c:\Program Files\Illumio\bin\sqlite.exe" c:\ProgramData\Illumio\log\flow.db "select \*
   from drop\_flow\_view"
- Aggregated accepted flows
   "c:\Program Files\Illumio\bin\sqlite.exe" c:\ProgramData\Illumio\log\flowsum.db
   "select \* from flow\_view"
- Aggregated dropped flows
   "c:\Program Files\Illumio\bin\sqlite.exe" c:\Program Data\Illumio\log\flowsum.db "select \* from drop\_flow\_view"

# Summary of VEN and Useful OS commands

Below is a short description of the VEN command-line tools you commonly use for various operations and some useful native OS commands.

Syntax for the Illumio-provided commands is detailed throughout this guide, in the VEN Deployment guide, and in the help of the commands themselves.

Platform	Command	Description
Linux	illumio-firewall	Illumio shell script to start the policy-based firewall at boot.
	illumio-ven-ctl	Illumio shell script to control VEN control VEN settings and functions
	agent_status	Alternative to illumio-ven-ctl status
	pair	Script to pair with the PCE
	ps	Native OS command to list all system processes
	chkconfig	Native OS command to update and query runlevel information for system services
Windows	illumio-ven- ctl.ps1	Illumio PowerShell script to control VEN settings and functions
	pair.ps1	Illumio PowerShell script to pair with the PCE
	Get-Service	Native OS command to display system services
	tasklist /svc	Native OS command to display system services
	wf.msc	Native OS command to manage the Windows firewall

# Revision History: Illumio ASP VEN Operations

Date	Description
2018-05-10	<ul> <li>Updated for Illumio ASP version 18.1</li> <li>Addition of theory of VEN operations</li> <li>Details of upgrade VENs on PCE Virtual Appliance now moved to PCE Virtual Appliance Guide</li> <li>Reorganization and miscellaneous corrections throughout; removal of section numbering.</li> <li>Addition of glossary of common terminology</li> <li>Start of revision history</li> </ul>