MOONEY AIRCRAFT CORPORATION
LOUIS SCHREINER FIELD
KERRVILLE, TEXAS    78028

FAA APPROVED

AIRPLANE FLIGHT MANUAL SUPPLEMENT

FOR

MOONEY M20M

WITH

R-134a AIR CONDITIONER SYSTEM
(ENGINE DRIVEN COMPRESSOR)

Model No._____________________________________________________
Reg. No._______________________________________________________
S/N________________________________________________________________

This Supplement must be attached to the FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual when the R-134a Air Conditioner System is installed in accordance with Mooney Aircraft Corporation drawing number 770052 and 770053. The information contained herein supplements or supersedes the information of the basic Airplane Flight Manual only in those areas listed herein. For Limitations, Procedures and Performance information not contained in this Supplement, consult the basic Airplane Flight Manual.

FAA APPROVED

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SUPP0008

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## LOG OF REVISIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rev. No.</th>
<th>Revised Pages</th>
<th>Description of Revision</th>
<th>FAA Approved</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>6-2-05</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The revised portions of affected pages are indicated by vertical black lines in the margin.
The R-134a Air Conditioner System is designed to cool the aircraft cabin to desired temperature settings during all phases of flight operations. The air conditioner system may be used during any part of the flight. The system offers a choice of: 1) Fan only, HI or LOW speeds, or 2) Cabin cooling air, LO or MAX operation.

PLACARDS REQUIRED: — Located in full view of the pilot on instrument panel.

MAG COMPASS
DEVIAITION
MAY BE EXCESSIVE WITH
AIR COND OR BLOWER ON

R-134a Air Conditioner System Operation

1. Air Conditioner Fan Switch.................................................. SELECT - HI or LO speed (fan only)
   or
2. Air Conditioner Cooling Switch............................................. SELECT - LO or MAX
   3. Overhead Cabin Air butterfly control........................................... CLOSED
   4. Forward Cabin Air Control....................................................... CLOSED
   5. Air Conditioner Switch......................................................... SELECT OFF when desired

TAKEOFF
Air-conditioning System........................................................... ON or OFF, AS DESIRED

CLIMB

CLIMB (CRUISE) (SEE SECTION 5.0)
No change to this procedure.

CLIMB (BEST RATE Vy )
No change to this procedure.
SECTION IV - NORMAL PROCEDURES (con’t.)

CLIMB (BEST ANGLE Vx )
No change to this procedure.

CAUTION
During higher than standard temperatures, it may be necessary to turn the Air Conditioning System OFF during climbs if engine operational temperatures can not be maintained.

LANDING
No change to this procedure

SECTION V - PERFORMANCE

TAKE OFF
The pilot is responsible for computation of Weight & Balance conditions, density altitude, wind conditions and runway conditions prior to departure. Brake HP reduction, with the Air Conditioning System ON, during takeoff has been determined to be 2 horsepower (HP) or 1% of total HP. If runway conditions are: short, soft or grass and if pressure altitude or temperature or humidity are high, it is recommended that the Air Conditioner System be turned OFF during the takeoff portion of the flight.

CLIMB
The Maximum Rate of Climb performance is approximately 30 ft. per minute lower with the Air Conditioning System switch ON and the system operating properly. The pilot should compute fuel burn, range and endurance data based on this reduced Rate of Climb factor.

CRUISE
Flight tests have determined that cruise performance with Air Conditioning System ON is reduced by 1.17 %. The pilot should compute fuel burn, range and endurance data based on this cruise reduction factor.

GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS
If the Air Conditioning System is not operating properly, all or any of the above factors may change. It is the pilots responsibility to monitor fuel burn, time in flight, and time to destination during all flight operations and make appropriate decisions to maintain a safe flight.

SECTION VI - WEIGHT AND BALANCE

The pilot should reference current weight and balance data in basic POH/AFM and compute proper aircraft weight and balance information prior to each flight.

Figure A/C 7-1
GENERAL

The optional, R-134a Air Conditioning System operates on a closed vapor cycle concept. The components are designed light weight, and for high altitude and extreme temperature operations. Operation is simple; select the desired operation from a single switch (see Figure A/C 7-1) located on the lower console. The first position is all systems OFF. When the second position, HI fan, is selected, both evaporator fan motors are turned ON and high speed cabin air is directed through the four overhead cabin Wemacs and through the Flood Vent located in the top of baggage compartment bulkhead. When the third position, LO fan, is selected, high speed cabin air is directed through the overhead Wemacs and low speed cabin air is directed through the Flood Vent. When the fourth position, LO air conditioner, is selected, the compressor clutch is engaged, and high speed cooling air from the LH evaporator is directed through the overhead Wemacs and low speed cooling air from the RH evaporator is directed through the Flood Vent.

When the fifth position, MAX air conditioner, is selected, the compressor clutch is engaged, and high speed cooling air from both evaporators is directed through the overhead Wemacs and the Flood Vent. This is the maximum cooling air that can be circulated throughout the cabin area.

Movement of air over the condenser coil to cool the hot, high pressure R-134a compressed gas is provided through two screened duct openings located aft, below the horizontal stabilizer on both sides of the tailcone. The exit of condenser cooling air is through a fairing located on the bottom of the tailcone.

The R-134a system also removes a large percentage of moisture from the cabin air as well as removing dust and pollen particles from the cabin air.

Control of the refrigeration cycle, ON & OFF, is done with a pressure cycling switch. The switch senses refrigerant pressure on the suction (low) side of the system as an indicator of evaporator temperature.

Electrical power for the Air Conditioning System is supplied through two circuit breakers (C/B’s). A 20 amp C/B, located on the C/B panel in the cabin, supplies power to the control switch for the evaporator blowers and compressor clutch. Another C/B, located on the aft radio shelf in the tailcone, supplies power for the condenser blower. These C/B’s protect the air conditioning system wiring and any failure of the system which causes either C/B to trip will not affect the completion of the flight, except that the air conditioning system will not operate for the remainder of the flight. The air conditioning system should be checked out by a qualified technician at the earliest convenient time.

No change to this Section.

Add Air Conditioning System AFM Supplement to SECTION IX when system is installed.

No change to this Section.