RSIGuard Program Administrator's Guide



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About Remedy Interactive

Remedy Interactive is the leading provider of software that streamlines ergonomic programs in large organizations, globally. The Company's flagship product, the *Office Ergonomics Suite* (OES), assesses risk, trains employees, optimizes work patterns, and collects data to enable organizations to focus their resources, automate their ergonomics programs, and ultimately reduce costs. The OES's management features are designed to allow companies to do more with less by harnessing the potential of automation.

Remedy Interactive's *Office Ergonomic Suite* is the winner of the National Ergonomics Conference Attendees' Choice Award for Product Most Likely to Improve Profitability and Productivity.

Remedy Interactive works with Fortune 1000 clients including Hewlett-Packard Company (NYSE: HPQ), Chevron (NYSE: CVX), and VISA.

For more information, please visit <u>www.rsiguard.com</u> or call (800) 776-5545 or (415) 332-6433.

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1 Deploying RSIGuard

1.1 RSIGuard Standalone vs. OES Desktop

RSIGuard is used by organizations in two top-level configurations.

- Users of Remedy Interactive's web-based application, OES, can use RSIGuard as an integrated component of the OES. In this integrated configuration, RSIGuard is generally called "OES Desktop" because it is the desktop presence for the overall OES system. This solution is generally only appropriate for larger organizations.
- 2) RSIGuard is also available as a standalone application, independent of the OES system. This solution is generally appropriate for organizations that do not use the OES system.

The primary application, RSIGuard.exe, is physically the same for both RSIGuard (standalone) and the OES Desktop (OES-integrated) configurations. However, the two configurations are different and these differences are discussed throughout this document.

When the term RSIGuard is used, the information applies to either configuration. If the term "RSIGuard Standalone" or "OES Desktop" is used, then it is referring to a particular configuration.

See section 3.3 for additional details about the differences between RSIGuard Standalone and OES Desktop.

1.2 RSIGuard Component Overview

RSIGuard is an ergonomic software package composed of several components:

- **RSIGuard** (RSIGuard.exe) is the application that is installed on each employee's computer. It contains features such as BreakTimer, ForgetMeNots, AutoClick, KeyControl, DataLogger, Work Restrictions, and Health Status Reports.
- *UserInsight* (UserInsight.exe) is the application that allows an employee or an administrator to view graphs of DataLogger data for an individual user.
- *GroupInsight* (GroupInsight.exe) allows a manager or EH&S staff to view aggregate data reports based on DataLogger data (and optionally, user-submitted discomfort reports called Health Status Reports). (*RSIGuard Standalone only*)
- *Administrator Console* (part of RSIGuard.exe) is the tool that provides administrators a single console for accessing all management functions (e.g. remote settings control, reporting).
- **RSIGuard Web Reporting tools** (a component of the hosted OES application) allows a manager or EH&S staff to view aggregated and individualized reports for employees. (*OES Desktop only*)

Except for hosted OES Desktop reporting tools, these components are delivered in MSI installation packages.

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- Your organization will install RSIGuard's user components on employee computers with a client installation package that includes *RSIGuard* and *UserInsight*. This package will be named RSIGuard-Install-vVersion.msi if you use a standard installation, or RSIGuard-YourOrganization-vVersion.msi if you use a custom installation.
- Organizations that use RSIGuard Standalone will install RSIGuard's administrator components on manager/EH&S staff computers with an installation package (http://www.rsiguard.com/admintools) that includes *UserInsight* and *GroupInsight*. It is also required that you install RSIGuard's user components on a manager's computer alongside the manager components as this is required to access the *Administrator Console* and for automatic configuration of *GroupInsight*.

Two editions of the RSIGuard client are available.

- RSIGuard Stretch Edition this edition is used by most organizations and is applicable in most office environments.
- RSIGuard Call Center Edition this edition is used by call centers. Your organization can use a combination of Call Center Edition and Stretch Edition if you have both call center and non-call center employees. Call Center Edition provides different defaults designed to meet the stricter call center environment, as well as tools to allow for central control of breaks to allow adjustment for high/low volume calling periods. See section 1.10 for more infromation.

1.3 The Overall Deployment Process

RSIGuard deployment is generally quite simple and typically involves these steps:

- 1. Verify that your organization's computers can run RSIGuard by reviewing **System Requirements to Use RSIGuard** (section 1.4). Conduct any organization-specific IT or security procedures.
- 2. Safety staff should review *Choosing Default User Settings* (*section 1.5*) and select any defaults (if any) you wish to modify.
- 3. Safety staff and IT Staff should review *Choosing Administrative Configuration Settings* (*section 1.6*) and provide the necessary information. This requires determining what components of reporting functionality your organization wishes to utilize.
- 4. After receiving a draft settings spreadsheet from your organization (<u>http://www.rsiguard.com/documents/program/ConfigurationSettings.xls</u>), Remedy Interactive will review your settings specifications with your IT/Safety staff via phone or email. Within 3 business days, Remedy Interactive will provide you with your MSI software installation package. See **Software Package Delivery** (section 1.10).
- 5. Meanwhile, IT staff should review the **Network Folder Setup** (*section 1.7*) section and configure any necessary network resources (e.g., creating network folders and setting permissions).
- 6. If your organization will utilize HR data for reporting (GroupInsight) and central settings management (Admin Console) (RSIGuard standalone only), the HR data should be created and placed in the location defined in step 3 (see *section 1.8a*). If your administrators will have different levels of access to administrative functions, you need to configure that as well (see *section 1.8b*).
- 7. If your organization will utilize features that depend on internet access (not typical), IT staff should review *Internet Access Setup* (*section 1.7e*) and insure that necessary internet access is available.
- If your organization will utilize RSIGuard's discomfort surveys (HSRs), IT staff should review *Configuring GroupInsight for Health Status Reports* (*section 1.8c*). (RSIGuard Standalone only)
- 9. Inform your employees when RSIGuard will be installed and provide introductory information. See *Introducing Users to RSIGuard* (*section 2*).
- 10. Deploy the MSI package through your organization's preferred software distribution mechanism. See *Software Installation* (*section 1.11*).
- 11. Deploy the Administrator Tools to the appropriate RSIGuard administrator(s) if reporting and remote settings management functionality is desired by safety staff. The MSI package is discussed in the **RSIGuard Component Overview** (section 1.2).

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1.4 System Requirements to Use RSIGuard

The following list documents the necessary environment for using RSIGuard.

- <u>Operating System</u>: Windows 7, 8, 8.1, Vista, XP, 2000, NT, ME, 98, 95. Macintosh OSX 10.4 or later. RedHat Linux RHEL4, 5, 6 or 7.
- Processor Requirements: Minimum 486, or Pentium processor, or equivalent.
- <u>Memory Usage</u>: RSIGuard typically uses between 10-20MB of RAM, however the footprint may be lower (due to use of virtual memory) on computers with less installed memory. Consumption of memory resources is similar to WordPad or other small Windows utilities. As a result, minimum machine memory requirements are dictated by the installed version of Windows and other larger applications that are running, and not RSIGuard.
- <u>CPU Usage</u>: Typically below 1%. Windows Task Manager normally indicates 0% of the CPU is dedicated to RSIGuard except during breaks when video stretches are being displayed (at which point the computer is typically otherwise idle).
- <u>Disk storage</u>: Installation of RSIGuard Stretch Edition/Call Center Edition v4.0 requires 25MB of disk space. Data stored by RSIGuard uses about 175KB per year per user (i.e., a negligible amount of space).
- <u>Registry Access Rights</u>: RSIGuard users must have access to HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\RSIGuard in the registry. This is the case in virtually all Windows environments for Standard or Admin users.
- <u>Folder Access Rights</u>: RSIGuard users need read/write access to the C:\Users\Public\Documents\RSIGuard folder (Windows 7 and later) or C:\Documents and Settings\All Users\Documents\RSIGuard folder (Windows XP or earlier). This is the default configuration, as described at <u>http://windows.microsoft.com/en-</u> <u>us/windows-vista/sharing-files-with-the-public-folder</u>. The non-standard configuration of read-only access can be accommodated by requiring an administrator to run RSIGuard the first time it runs. If your organization denies read access as well, registration, network access, OES communication, and some other functionality may not function correctly.
- <u>Network compatibility</u>: RSIGuard is compatible with all standard networks (e.g., Windows, Novell) and can be operated over a terminal-based system (e.g., Citrix, Windows Terminal Services). Please see **Server Installation** (section 1.11b) for an additional discussion of server installations.

Although RSIGuard can be used without network access, if one wishes to use the network features of RSIGuard (e.g., roaming profiles/data), users need only the ability to read and write from a network drive. RSIGuard requires no other network services. Management of network file security is done using Windows file system security to ensure reliability and to make the implementation learning curve as short as possible.

• <u>Network traffic</u>: Network traffic varies based on numerous factors. In a typical configuration, in which the client is installed on the user's local hard drive, but data and configuration information are stored on a network drive, traffic typically involves 3 or 4 network transmissions per hour per user of a few thousand bytes (i.e., a negligible quantity of bandwidth usage for most computing environments). Because frequency of transmissions varies based on user activity, the theoretical bandwidth range could average as low as 3K per hour (6bps), with peaks up to 300K per hour (600bps) per user.

If data and configuration information and software are stored on the local machine, network bandwidth usage is zero.

If users are on thin clients (e.g., Citrix machines with no local hard drives) or if for some other reason the software is installed on a server instead of the local machine, and if stretches are enabled during breaks, then bandwidth will increase because the video stretches will need to be transmitted over the network (assuming the stretch option is enabled). If the bandwidth requirements (approximately 1MB per hour per user) are too high for your environment, lower bandwidth videos are available. Please provide us with acceptable bandwidth levels so we can provide appropriate video content.

• <u>Software compatibility</u>: RSIGuard is compatible with virtually any application. RSIGuard does not install, modify, or remove any system DLLs when installed on Windows 98 or later and therefore will not affect other applications that depend on these DLLs. Remedy Interactive tracks, investigates, and attempts to resolve any report of software incompatibility. There are currently no reported software compatibility issues.

1.5 Choosing Default User Settings

RSIGuard is highly configurable to meet user needs. When you deploy RSIGuard to your employees, you may want them to use RSIGuard "out of the box" with our suggested default settings, or you may wish to suggest different defaults. Users have the option to adjust many user settings from their defaults during the initial Setup Wizard, and users can adjust all user settings (that you don't restrict) from the Settings screen (accessible under RSIGuard's Setup menu).

Although our experience has led to very meaningful default settings, each organization has unique needs, so you may wish to specify different defaults for some user settings (e.g. a particular break regimen, or inclusion of additional ForgetMeNot messages).

To specify alternative default user settings, complete the "User Settings" and the "ForgetMeNots" sections of the spreadsheet:

http://www.rsiguard.com/documents/program/ConfigurationSettings.xls

1.6 Choosing Administrative Configuration Settings

Administrative Configuration Settings control organization identification, network configuration, reporting configuration, etc. These settings are not normally adjusted by end users, but rather are pre-specified for entire groups of employees or for the entire organization.

Specifying these settings generally requires input from both IT and safety staff. Safety staff should determine what type of reporting functionality they need. Key questions include:

- Do you want to be able to do aggregate networked reporting and have networked profiles? If so, where will the networked data/profiles be stored? Should all administrators have access to all reporting data and the ability to adjust user profile settings, or do you need an access hierarchy?
- Will you collect HR data by exporting from an HR system or will you prompt users to initially provide needed HR data? What fields will benefit the reporting process?
- What features/screens are available to/hidden from users?
- Do you want users to complete periodic HSRs (discomfort surveys)?

IT technical staff input is typically not necessary for OES Desktop since data is not stored on a network and HR data is based on OES HR data.

To specify administrative configuration settings, complete the "Admin Settings" section of the spreadsheet:

http://www.rsiguard.com/documents/program/ConfigurationSettings.xls

1.7 Network Folder Setup

RSIGuard stores and reads several types of data (e.g, DataLogger and user profiles), all of which may potentially be stored on a network drive. This section explains how to name the folder hierarchy and how to manage file access security of the data.

You generally do not need to setup network folders if:

- Your data and user profiles are stored on the local hard drive and reports and startup/newuser scripts are either stored locally or on a web server, or
- Your organization uses OES Desktop.

a) Selecting a Root Network Folder Path

In most cases, it makes organizational sense to put all RSIGuard data that is to be stored on a file server under the same root path. Ideally you should select a network root path that all users can access (e.g., a mapped drive like S:\Space\RSIGuard or a UNC path like \\AcmeSharedDrive\RSIGuard). If your users are distributed in several locations that do not share a common network file server, you may need to identify multiple root paths, or create a mapped drive name in each location that refers to an acceptable root path for that location. Another alternative is to use a roaming folder (e.g., if all users have a P: drive that maps to a personal network location, you could use P:\RSIGuard).



In some network environments, there are significant time delays (up to 1 or 2 seconds) to initially access a UNC-specified networked file. If this is the case with your network, and you configure RSIGuard to store data to a UNC-named folder, your users may experience delays when RSIGuard writes to the network (although RSIGuard tries to mitigate this by writing when users are idle). In most networks, mapped drives are significantly faster to access than UNC paths, and are thus preferable. If a mapped drive is not possible, and users only use 1 computer each, you may wish to store data locally and use the "Daily Backup" feature to copy data to a network location once a day.

b) Creating the Needed Subfolders

Within the selected root path, you will create some or all of these 5 subfolders:

Data (e.g., S:\RSIGuard\Data): This folder stores the usage data (TID and KUF files) created by RSIGuard client installations (i.e DataLogger data). For information about this data, please see http://www.rsiguard.com/documents/help/DataLoggerAnalysis.pdf. Users need read/write/delete permission to at least their personal data files within this folder. Personal data files are named *Username*.tid and *Username*.kuf, where *Username* is the user's login name. For example, if a user logs in as "jdoe", their data will be stored as "jdoe.tid" (for daily usage information) and "jdoe.kuf" (for long-term keyboard statistics). If usernames are not guaranteed to be unique in your organization, you should read the end of the "HR Data Integration" section in 1.9. Users do not need the ability to view a directory listing of the folder. You may wish to give all users read/write access to the folder and prevent folder listing, or you may wish to set permissions for each data file separately to give each user access to only their 2 files (e.g., with Creator Owner – see https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc754178.aspx?f=255&MSPPError=-



<u>2147217396</u> for information on this security model). Ergonomic administrators who have permission to view DataLogger data (using UserInsight or GroupInsight) need read privileges in this folder, but do not need any write privileges. Most organization's (except those who use Remedy Interactive's OES) will need this folder.

- 2. **Config** (e.g., S:\RSIGuard\Config): This folder is used to store RSIGuard settings. Filenames are named RSIGuardRoamingProfile- *Username*.rni where *Username* is the user's Windows login name. Privileges for this folder are the same as the Data folder, except that Ergonomic administrators who have permission to remotely modify user settings also need write and delete privileges in this folder. Most organizations will need this folder.
- 3. **HRData** (e.g., S:\RSIGuard\HRData): This folder holds your HR database information (see section 1.9 for more information about HR data). In most installations, this data should only be readable by RSIGuard administrators. Write access is only necessary for the person (or automated process) responsible for keeping the HR data up to date.
- 4. Scripts (e.g., S:\RSIGuard\Scripts): This folder provides a place for scripts such as the Startup.txt script (and potentially other scripts as well) as described at http://www.rsiguard.com/RSIScript. RSIGuard users should have read permission only. Only administrators who are authorized to make global changes to RSIGuard configuration should have write access to this folder. Note that if your organization chooses to store these scripts on your web server, on a Remedy Interactive web server, or on the local hard drive, then this folder is not necessary. Also, in most deployments, this folder will be empty until some point in the future when scripts become necessary (e.g. to make a global change to RSIGuard configuration). The primary reason to create this folder during initial deployment is so that you don't need to do it later if it becomes necessary to add scripts.
- 5. Reports (e.g., S:\RSIGuard\Reports): This folder is *only needed* if your organization utilizes periodic Health Status Reports (HSR) discomfort surveys. This is a temporary storage location where submitted HSRs stay until they are downloaded by a program administrator. For details about how this folder is used, see *Configuring Health/Data Status Reports* (section 1.9c). Users need write permission to this folder, and to be able to open a pre-existing file and append to it. They do *not* need to be able to read the file(s) stored in this folder. We suggest users be denied the following NTFS permissions: *Traverse Folder, List Folder, Delete Subfolder & Files, Delete, Change Permissions*, and *Take Ownership*. This allows users to append their HSRs to the "inbox file" (named "SubmittedHSRs.hsr") in this folder without being able to view or otherwise modify the contents of this folder. Program administrators who have permission to view HSRs need read, write & delete privileges in this folder.

c) Folder permissions on Linux/Mac

Unix-based permissions are different than Windows permissions. If your data files are stored on a Unix-based filesystem (e.g. Linux, Mac), this section describes the desired file and folder permissions.

If all users are in the same usergroup as the owner of the Data, Config and Reports folder, then the minimum permissions for those folders should be set to 730 (drwx-wx---). If users

C C E L E R T IN G P R F F T 1 V N 0 N

might not be in the same usergroup as the owner of the Data and Config folder, then permissions for those folders should be set to 733 (drwx-wx-wx). This allows users to create, modify, rename and delete files in the Data, Config and Reports folders, but does not give them permission to view a list of files. If desired, for simplicity you can create these folders with read permissions, e.g. 777 or 773. This allows users to view the contents of the folders (e.g. using cd / ls).

A user's umask must be set to give appropriate permissions to files those users create. The default user umask of 0002 is appropriate. This gives rw to user and group, and r to all. However, depending on your user architecture, you could reduce permissions to increase security (e.g. to remove write permissions from group, or even read permissions from group and/or all depending on the needs of the user(s) who may be running reports on data in the Data folder).

As in Windows, the HRData folder genereally need only be accessible to administrators. The Scripts folder might also have permissions set to 733, but files within the folder need only give users read access.

d) Changing the Root Network Folder Path

If your network environment requires you to change the location where data and settings are stored on the network, there are 2 key considerations.

- 1) How to get RSIGuard to point to the new server
- 2) Migrating data from the old server to the new server

Pointing to the new server:

If you are preparing to install a new version of RSIGuard, then simply inform us of the new network folder path. We'll update your installation package for the new version, and when it's installed, it will point RSIGuard to the new location. If you don't want to install a new client, and your old network path will still be valid for some period after the new path is accessible, then another option is to use the "Startup.txt" script to issue a command to RSIGuard to change the location. The Startup.txt file is located at *OldNetworkFolderPath*/Scripts/Startup.txt. It would contain commands like:

update datafolder *NewNetworkFolderPath*/Data update profilefolder *NewNetworkFolderPath*/Config

Migrating data:

If the old server is available to RSIGuard when RSIGuard moves to the new server, RSIGuard will automatically transfer data to the new server if the "update" command is used. If the old server is not available, but you have backups of the data, you can manually prepopulate the new server with the historical data. In this case you would not use the update command (please discuss this option with RSIGuard support for details if you plan to use it).

Once users are pointing to the new server, access to the old server can be removed.

e) Internet Access/Proxy Server Setup

Several features of RSIGuard take advantage of web access if it exists:

- OES functionality depends heavily on access to *.remedyinteractive.com for configuration, reporting, and messaging
- Web-based Health Status Reports (RSIGuard Standalone only)
- Online registration/license tracking
- RSIGuard update functionality
- Access to online documentation (e.g., AutoClick video tutorial)

If your organization uses any of these features, your users must have internet access. If you have internet access restrictions for employees, then access must be granted to *.rsiguard.com on ports 80 and 443 (http/https) . In addition, if your organization uses OES Desktop (OES functionality), then access must be granted to *.remedyint.com and *.remedyinteractive.com on ports 80 and 443.

Some features *do* transmit personally identifiable information such as network login ID and RSIGuard profile name. This information is only used as follows: in Health Status Reports, this information is used to associate transmitted data with a user; in online registration/license tracking, this information is only used to track the usage of an organization's license (per section 4.3 of the RSIGuard license agreement).

If your organization uses a proxy server in the Windows environment, RSIGuard will use proxy settings from Internet Explorer. In general, no RSIGuard-specific proxy server configuration should be required.

If your organization uses a proxy server in the Linux environment, you will need to define a proxy server string. You can either provide the proxy string to Remedy Interactive (to be embedded in your custom RPM installation package) or place it in the environment variable, HTTP_PROXY. The format for the string is [[username:password]@]server:port. Here are some examples:

- 168.192.0.1:3128 server is 168.192.0.1 and port is 3128. No authentication required.
- @168.192.0.1:3128 server is 168.192.0.1 and port is 3128. Authentication is required and the user will be prompted for credentials.
- joesmith:secret123@168.192.0.1:3128 server is 168.192.0.1 and port is 3128. Authentication is required and RSIGuard will use the provided credentials. This method is frequently inappropriate for security reasons.

1.8 HR Data, Administrator Console and Status Reports

a) HR Data Integration

The Administrator Console in RSIGuard and the GroupInsight reporting application provide more sophisticated functionality if you integrate HR data for your employees into RSIGuard. For example, GroupInsight lets you generate reports based on parameters such as employee location, department, supervisor, or whatever other fields you may wish to use. In addition, GroupInsight lets you send email to groups of users who meet your selected criteria – and those criteria can include HR criteria if HR data is integrated. The Administrator Console lets you manage groups of users (e.g. changing settings) based on this data if available.

Ideally your organization provides an HR database that contains all the fields you want to be available – however some limited functionality is also possible in a scenario where you can't create such a database and end users provide the data via a survey when they first install RSIGuard. A user survey is less preferred because of likelihood of user error, the additional time demands placed on the user, the lack of a system to keep data up to date, and because some functionality requires an actual HR database file.

The HR database is generally created by your organization from your organization's HR system (or an IT system such as Outlook), and never needs to be transmitted outside your organization. The database is a text-based CSV file and should be stored in the location specified in your RSIGuard Configuration Settings spreadsheet. The file is ideally updated through an automated periodic export process from your HR system, or alternately, a less frequent manual export process.

The file is in the following format.

Line 1 of the file is a header line that specifies the fields (columns) that appear in the rest of the CSV database file. Here is a sample header line, followed by an explanation.

PKEY=login,First Name,Last Name,Email,EmployeeID,Key=Department,Key=Building,Key=Supervisor,Key=Job Type

Each field name on the header line is separated by a comma. The first field must be a primary key (PKEY) which is an identifier that is guaranteed to uniquely identify an employee. To specify the primary key, you specify 'PKEY=' followed by the PKEY's name. Generally, this must be PKEY=login (see below for exception), which defines that the first field of each line will be the user's network login ID. Each subsequent field is optional, and you can add or remove any other field you want to use. If the field name is prefixed with 'KEY=', it means that the Administrator Console will allow you to group users by that field and GroupInsight will let you compare users based on that field. Typically, you would only make fields that have a "many users to one value" relationship a key. For example, "Location" is a logical choice for a key, whereas email address or name would not be a logical choice for a key. Use whichever fields you need/want.

You may also omit line 1 to use RSIGuard's default database format. If you omit line 1, RSIGuard acts as if you had the following header line:

PKEY=login,Name,UserEmail,EmployeeID,Key=Location,Key=Department,Script

Lines 2 thru the end of the file contain the data for your employees – each line (record) corresponds to one employee. Here are some sample lines of data:





gvoenel78,Gary,Voenel,gvoenel78@acme.com,651-07-789,Management,M1,Mark Winters,Consultant dgenowitz75,Douglas,Genowitz,dgenowitz75@acme.com,903-72-709,Engineering,P1,Mark Winters,Consultant csatelli53,Christie,Satelli,csatelli53@acme.com,726-70-905,Production,S2,Mark Winters,Full time akevner65,Aster,Kevner,akevner65@acme.com,506-37-987,Fab-Plastic,P1,Mark Winters,Full time emartin43,Elaine,Martin,emartin43@acme.com,524-34-961,Administration,S1,Mark Winters,Full time clocatelli77,Carol,Locatelli,clocatelli77@acme.com,815-66-081,Fab-Metal,S3,Mark Winters,Full time rnelson76,Rebecca,Nelson,rnelson76@acme.com,063-15-849,Fab-Plastic,B1,Mark Winters,Full time maustin29,Madison,Austin,maustin29@acme.com,499-04-088,Engineering,P1,Mark Winters,Full time rkevner68,Rebecca,Kevner,rkevner68@acme.com,673-89-577,Fab-Plastic,S2,Mark Winters,Part time kfelt87,Kelvin,Felt,kfelt87@acme.com,921-49-417,Fab-Plastic,M1,Mark Winters,Full time cbaker46,Chris,Baker,cbaker46@acme.com,01-57-159,Marketing,S1,Chris Baker,Consultant pbaker17@acme.com,971-87-171,IT,B1,Chris Baker,Full time

If you would like a test database file, you can download a sample file at http://www.rsiguard.com/help/UserMgmt/SampleHRData.csv.

The data in the HR database file may be encrypted (by Remedy Interactive, or by your organization using a tool provided by us) before being placed on your server to provide additional privacy/security. This is generally not necessary because the HR data file is generally only available to administrators. However, all administrators must have read access to the HR database file, and if this is a security concern, encryption may be appropriate. The encryption tool, HRDBEncoder.exe can be used either as a Windows application or as a command line application. To use as a command line application, the usage is:

HRDBEncoder [/q] INFILE OUTFILE

where INFILE is the clear text CSV file, and OUTFILE is the encoded DAT file. The /q option disables any error messages about a missing INFILE or a non-writeable OUTFILE.

As stated above, the first column generally must be defined as PKEY=login. However, in the rare situation that an organization does not have unique logins for each user (or recycles logins when an employee leaves) you have options. Usually the PKEY is a Network Login ID (NLI or username). The reason for this is that RSIGuard will save data in files whose names are based on this value (e.g., if your NLI/username is "jsmith", your RSIGuard data file would be "jsmith.tid"). Furthermore, RSIGuard knows the NLI/username because it can query Windows for it. Thus, RSIGuard automatically knows the PKEY value for any logged in user. In the HR database, the PKEY must match (i.e. jsmith). If NLI's are recycled, then, unless data/config files are deleted before the NLI is reused, the old data/config would be inherited by the new user of the NLI (e.g. current employee Jan Smith (jsmith) would inherit from former employee John Smith (jsmith)).

If your organization is in this rare situation, RSIGuard allows you to define an alternate mechanism for naming data/config files (and thus the value of the PKEY for each user). For example, you could use "Employee ID" (EID). But, since RSIGuard can't simply query Windows for an EID, it would typically need to get it via another mechanism. One possible mechanism is that when RSIGuard first starts, it could ask the user for their EID, and then, that would be their PKEY – which would then also need to be the PKEY in the HR database. The downside of this method is that the user has to manually enter their EID, and inevitably, mistakes will be made. A user could enter an EID that was someone else's (in which case two employees would be set up with the same PKEY) or could enter an invalid EID. In either case, it would be difficult to track down such errors. Ideally, whatever PKEY you use,

RSIGuard should be able to get the value without asking the user. For example, RSIGuard can use registry values, environment variables, or query URLs. For example, if HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Acme\EmployeeID is available, or if the Environment Variable EmployeeID is set, or if there were a URL that converts current NLI's to EID's (e.g. http://www.acme.com/hrquery?nli=jsmith returns the EID "12345678") RSIGuard can use such a mechanism to automatically get EIDs (or whatever field you wish to use in place of NLI).

G A C C E E R 7 N P R E V EN 1 ON

b) Administrator Console Configuration

Because the Administrator Console is part of RSIGuard, a manager using the Administrator Console normally does not need to perform any specific configuration. It automatically looks for data and network profiles in their default network locations. It automatically looks for the HR database in the specified location and builds the user interface accordingly. The only aspect of Administrator Console configuration that requires explicit configuration is the creation of Access Controls.

Access Controls define which users a particular administrator is allowed to view, and also defines which users have access to the Administrator Console. RSIGuard can be configured to turn Access Controls off (in which case any user who enters the administrative password can access the data and settings of all users) or on (in which case administrators can only access those users they are explicitly given permission to view).

Access controls can also limit what an administrator can do, e.g. view user data, change user settings, configure where HR data is located, view the "overall user report."

To define Access Controls, you must create a UMAccess.txt file in the same folder as the HR database is located. This file should be read only to all users except to the administrator who defines access rights. Each line of the UMAccess.txt file grants access to one administrator.

Each line is in the format:

```
NETWORKLOGIN,+/-,+/-FIELD=VALUE,+/-FIELD=VALUE,+/-FIELD=VALUE...,+/-ACCESSTYPE
```

The first value is the network login of the administrator (e.g. jsmith). The next value (the "base access value") is either a + or - symbol. If it is the + symbol, it means start by granting access to all users (subsequent values on the line can then be used to selectively remove access to groups of users). If it is the – symbol, it means start granting access to no users (subsequent values on the line can then be used to selectively add access to groups of users). For example:

jsmith,+,-Location=Chicago

bsanchez,-,+Location=Chicago

tchan,-,+Building=B25,+Building=B27,-Department=IT,+Supervisor=Doug Jones

means that administrator jsmith has access to all users except those in Chicago, bsanchez has access only to users in Chicago, and tchan has access to all users in building B25 and B27, unless they are in the IT department, and all users who report to Doug Jones. In this last example, because the +Supervisor value comes after –Department=IT, IT staff who report to Doug Jones *would* be included. If the –Department=IT came after the +Supervisor value, then no IT staff would be included.

In addition, you can add or remove access types by using +/- followed by:

- Unknown to give access to users who are not in the HR database. By default, this is enabled if the "base access value" is + or disabled if it is -. In the above examples, jsmith could access users who aren't in the HR database, but bsanchez and tchan could not.
- ViewUserData to control access to the UserInsight data (enabled by default).

CCE IN L E R T G D R F F N T 0 N

- ViewGroupData to control access to the GroupInsight data (enabled by default).
- Settings to control access to remotely changing other users's settings (enabled by default).
- UserReport to control access to the Overall RSIGuard Usage Report (enabled by default).
- Config to control access to the settings that change where HRData and UMAccess data is stored (disabled by default unless access string is limited to +).

Some examples:

abaker,+ (give abaker access to all users and controls except Advanced Config settings)

tmeyer,+,-ViewGroupData (don't let tmeyer view GroupInsight reports)

phansen,+,-Settings (don't let phansen adjust the values of user settings)

jsmith,+,+Config (give jsmith full access including ability to change location of HR & UMAccess database)

When Access Controls are enabled, a user who does not appear in the UMAccess.txt database will not have any administrative access.

c) Configuring GroupInsight for viewing Health Status Reports (HSRs)

RSIGuard can be set to periodically request that users complete discomfort surveys (HSRs) that are submitted to a central single database on either a network, intranet, or the internet. HSRs allow an organization to find connections between what groups of users "have been doing" with "how they feel". These reports also give EH&S staff objective insight into what risk mitigation actions would be most beneficial to pursue.

The central database is viewed using the reporting application GroupInsight, which is part of the RSIGuard Admin Installation package.

To help understand the steps required to set up GroupInsight, let's first look at the basic idea of how HSR submission works.

We will look at HSRs through the analogy of an email, because HSRs are conceptually very similar to emails. When RSIGuard transmits an HSR (analogous to sending an email), the HSR is stored temporarily on either a web server or a network file server (just as an email would be stored on an email server). When you "Synchronize" the database in the GroupInsight, you are downloading the HSRs from the server (analogous to checking for and downloading new email). When you download HSRs, they are removed from the server after being downloaded, and stored in a Master HSR Database (just like POP3 email is stored in an email database).

Unlike with email where a user both sends and receives emails, with HSRs, users only "send " and administrators only "receive ". Users use the RSIGuard client to send HSRs and

administrators use GroupInsight to receive, view, and analyze them.

Configuring RSIGuard to send HSRs and GroupInsight to receive them is similar to setting up an email account. You need to tell RSIGuard where to send HSRs (i.e. where the web or file server is), and you need to tell GroupInsight the web or file server location so it knows where to find them to download them. (See **Network Folder Setup** (section 1.7) for information on setting up permissions for the network folder if you choose to submit reports to a file server).

Selecting an appropriate HSR/DSR server model

HSR/DSR submission can be configured to use one of the following 3 server models:

- Network file server If all your users can be given access to a common network drive location (e.g. S:\RSIGuard or \\acemnet\RSIGuard), or different network drives that are mapped to the same name (e.g. P:\MyFiles) then this method is ideal. If necessary, different groups of users can use different servers, but this is more cumbersome.
- RSIGuard web server If your users have internet access and the network file server option is not ideal, the RSIGuard web server is a good option. Advantages include: very simple configuration process; ideal for organizations with multiple locations; data is securely stored on our server.
- Intranet server If the web server option is preferable, but internet access or security concerns prevent use of our server, you can host the server. Additional support fees apply with this configuration.

With POP style email, if you download emails from the server to your local hard drive, you can't read downloaded emails while on a different computer. But if you store your downloaded emails on a network file server, you can read them from any computer with access to the file server. Similarly, with HSRs, if you select a download location on your local un-networked hard drive, only people with access to your computer can view HSRs. If

you select a network location, you can give multiple administrators access to the Status Report data.

Below is the step-by-step process for configuring RSIGuard and GroupInsight. For assistance, please contact RSIGuard technical support.

Follow the steps below to configure and view reports.

- 1. Each installation of RSIGuard must be configured to send HSRs. Since this configuration is generally built into your custom MSI based on your Config Setings Spreadsheet, each new installation of RSIGuard will already be pre-configured to send HSRs and requires no specific action on your part.
- 2. Install the RSIGuard Admin Tools package on the administrator's computer. (Available at http://www.rsiguard.com/admintools or on your RSIGuard CD). This package installs GroupInsight and UserInsight reporting tools.
- 3. Click the Windows Start button, select Programs, RSIGuard, "GroupInsight Reports".
- 4. GroupInsight will auto-configure itself based on RSIGuard settings. Verify the settings (see Setup menu, Settings).

1.9 Call Center Integration

RSIGuard Call Center Edition is designed for the call center environment in the following ways:

- 1. The setup wizard asks questions that are more appropriate to the call center environment than to the office environment and is much shorter than the Stretch Edition wizard.
- 2. Default settings are geared towards the time-sensitivity demands of the call center environment (e.g. shorter break durations).
- 3. Default settings are geared towards non-intrusiveness based on the requirement in call centers that agents never be interrupted during calls. Warnings are provided if settings are modified in ways that might be incompatible with call center work.
- 4. RSIGuard Call Center Edition breaks can be globally controlled to reduce the frequency of agent breaks as a function of call load (e.g. so that during heavy call periods, breaks are reduced or eliminated). This is typically controlled manually (e.g. by a call center manager) using a separate tool called RSICallVol (see item 6 for automated alternative).
- 5. Breaks can be balanced to insure that there are never large percentages of agents taking breaks at any particular time.
- 6. RSIGuard Call Center Edition can optionally be integrated with call center software if your call center software provides the necessary APIs. If integrated, RSIGuard can:
 - a. Automatically adjust break levels based on call volumes as described in item 4 above.
 - b. Automatically take agents offline after a call completes when a break is needed, and automatically return them online when the break completes.

If your organization wishes to pursue integration with your call center software, your call center IT department should do the following:

- 1. Provide Remedy Interactive with a list of call center software technologies used at your organization's call centers.
- 2. Provide Remedy Interactive with support contacts for your call center software. This means either:
 - a. Someone at your organization who is familiar with the APIs to the call center software, or
 - b. Contacts to appropriate call center software vendor support.

The call center software API's/services that RSIGuard needs to access include those accessible to desktop software (either via the desktop or via web protocols) to:

- Identify call load levels
- Identify agent status (e.g. on a call, waiting for a call, offline)
- Modify agent status (e.g. switch to offline, switch to online)



1.10 Software Package Delivery

RSIGuard is delivered via download from the www.RSIGuard.com web server via a custom link (for custom installations) or a standard link (for non-custom installations). You can provide the download URL to end users, or your IT staff can download the MSI and make it available to users (e.g. via advertised software or by using a software distribution tool to push RSIGuard onto the desktops of new RSIGuard users). For an additional fee, you may request software delivery by CD.

Customize MSI packages are preset with your organization's chosen configuration (specified via <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/documents/program/ConfigurationSettings.xls</u>). Customizations might include configuration for your network, default settings for features, settings restrictions, custom questions to ask users on setup, and software registration.

Our MSI packages are created to not require any keyboard/mouse interaction. Upon launching the installation package, RSIGuard is installed to the installation folder (by default, "C:\Program Files\RSIGuard" on 32-bit Windows, or "C:\Program Files\RSIGuard (x86)" on 64-bit Windows). The software is optionally launched when installation completes (per specification in Configuration Settings. The MSI package contains a visible user interface that shows the installation progress. If you want to hide this, use the /qn MSI option (e.g., msiexec RSIGuard-Acme-v5SB.msi /qn) and the installation will be performed silently in the background.

By default, RSIGuard installs a shortcut in the "All Users" Startup folder (or the personal Startup folder if rights to the "All User" folder are not available at installation), so after RSIGuard is installed, it will run automatically every time a user logs in. If you want RSIGuard to be installed only in a particular user's Startup folder, you can use the MSI command argument ALLUSERS="" (e.g., msiexec RSIGuard-Acme-v5SB.msi ALLUSERS="").

1.11 Operating System Support

RSIGuard is currently available for Microsoft Windows, Apple OSX, and RedHat Linux.

1.12 Software Installation

a) Standard Installation

In most environments, it is desirable to install RSIGuard on each user's computer. You can standard software distribution tools to push RSIGuard onto desktops, or put RSIGuard on your standard desktop image. You can also install RSIGuard manually on each computer, or have users install it themselves (see *Self-Installation Assistance* (section 2.2)).

b) Server Installation for Citrix/Thin Clients

If your users use thin clients (e.g., Citrix), you can install RSIGuard on the thin client itself (uncommon) or on the Citrix server(s) (common).

If installing on the server, the issues to consider are:

• Where will the RSIGuard application be, and how will it be launched?

RSIGuard can be installed on a file server that is read-accessible to users. You can install by simply copying the contents of a standard installation (e.g. c:\Program Files\RSIGuard) to a network folder. Then, RSIGuard can be launched during startup (either with a login script, or by placing a shortcut in the Startup folder).

• Where will RSIGuard store user data?

If %appdata% is on the network, then data will, by default, be stored in a networked location, as this is RSIGuard's default data location. If you want data stored in another location, it can be specified (see section 1.7).

• Where will RSIGuard store user settings?

If HKEY_CURRENT_USER is on the network, then settings will, by default, be stored in a networked location, as this is RSIGuard's default settings location. If you want data stored in another location, it can be specified (see section 1.7)

• Is RSIGuard in a same or superior context to other applications?

In order to track activity (or for features like AutoClick or KeyControl to work), RSIGuard must be at the same level or higher than the applications in use. For example, if computer A runs RSIGuard, and you remote desktop to B, A can track activity on B. However, if RSIGuard is only installed on B, that instance of RSIGuard can't track activity on computer A. In some cases, you may want to install RSIGuard at multiple levels and use the Virtual Computing feature of RSIGuard to automatically enable/disable RSIGuard as appropriate.

There are various combinations of server installations, virtual machines, virtualized applications, remote desktop connections, etc. that can complicate RSIGuard deployment – but are typically all possible. These may require additional support from Remedy Interactive. But, generally speaking, the 4 issues described above are the key issues to consider.

c) Server Installation for Linux

When installing RSIGuard in a Linux environment, you can also install RSIGuard on a server. This makes updating RSIGuard for all users simpler as the executable, libraries, and resources only need be updated once. To accomplish this:

- 1. Install RSIGuard on an IT computer. You'll use this base installation to grab the files you need to put on the server.
- 2. Create a folder on the server, e.g. /acme-server/RSIGuard. You'll need to set the environment variable RSIGUARD_HOME to this folder for each client machine.
- 3. Then, within RSIGUARD_HOME, create a bin subfolder, and copy /usr/bin/RSIGuard to \$RSIGUARD_HOME/bin.
- 4. Copy the /usr/share/rsiguard/Resources folder (and subfolders) to \$RSIGUARD_HOME
- 5. Copy the libraries from /usr/local/lib/libwx* to your preferred location on your server (it can be in a location like \$RSIGUARD_HOME/lib, but it doesn't have to be). Use ldconfig (/sbin/ldconfig \$RSIGUARD_HOME/lib) or another mechanism to add this folder to your users's dynamically linkable libraries.
- 6. In your users startup process, make sure that \$RSIGUARD_HOME/bin/RSIGuard is launched. For example, in a bash script, you could use "RSIGuard &" or "\$RSIGUARD_HOME/bin/RSIGuard &" to launch RSIGuard in a separate process to the executing script.

1.13 English-Only vs International Edition

Microsoft Windows users can utilize either RSIGuard English-Only or International Edition.

RSIGuard English-Only is the best choice for an English-speaking population. Because this edition is not designed to be internationalized or work on multiple platforms, it offers an optimized RSIGuard experience for English speakers using Windows. New features for RSIGuard generally are first available in this edition. RSIGuard International Edition is, however, the best choice for a population that speaks other languages.

If you have a mix of English-speaking and non-English-speaking populations, you can use both editions. In that case you have two deployment options:

- 1) We can provide 2 MSI's (one for each edition). You need to push the correct MSI out to the correct users. This has the advantage that pushed packages are smaller and installation is faster. It's a good choice if you have a clear delineation of who gets what (e.g. in US, use English only, and outside US use International Edition).
- 2) We can build a single MSI with both editions. You push the MSI to all users. This MSI is roughly twice as large and takes about 2-3 times longer to install. But, it's simple in that you can push the same package to all users. All users must select their preferred language. When English is selected, English-Only edition runs. Otherwise, International edition runs. The language can be changed by the user at any time.

All Apple OSX and RedHat installations use RSIGuard International Edition.

2 Introducing Users To RSIGuard

2.1 Welcome Email & Introductory Tutorial

We encourage you to help your employees get familiar with RSIGuard before it is installed on their computer by sending them an invitation letter. The letter should describe:

- Why employees should use RSIGuard
- What RSIGuard is
- A link to an introductory tutorial

A sample introductory letter is shown below (and is available online at <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/SampleOrientationLetter.doc</u> as an editable Microsoft Word document).

Dear Employee,

As part of our continuing effort to keep our workplace safe, we will be adopting the use of a software application called RSIGuard from Remedy Interactive, Inc., which is designed to help prevent discomfort associated with computer use.

RSIGuard will be installed on your computer in the near future, and we encourage you to use it to help you maintain healthy work habits at your computer.

RSIGuard has many exciting features:

- BreakTimer will remind you to give your body enough time to rest between prolonged periods of computer use. It will also show you video demonstrations of stretches you can do while resting.
- ForgetMeNots will help keep you aware of how you are physically working at the computer by prompting you with ergonomic tips during brief rests.
- ErgoAnswers will help teach you healthy ways to work at your computer.
- DataLogger helps our safety staff understand the best ways to focus future ergonomic efforts based on how people are using their computers.
- Health Status Reports gives you an easy way to keep us informed about how you're doing at your computer from a health perspective.
- AutoClick and KeyControl are features some of you may wish to use to reduce the strain of using a computer by reducing the number of keystrokes and mouse actions necessary to perform many actions.

We encourage you to view a brief RSIGuard introduction at http://www.rsiguard.com/intro.

RSIGuard is designed to work with your needs in mind. We selected this particular package because it is very user friendly, very customizable to individual needs, and because it sensitively balances ergonomic principles with the reality of how you work on your computer.

If you wish to know more about RSIGuard, please ask your supervisor.

Sincerely,

Your Health & Safety Team

2.2 Self-Installation Assistance

In most organizations, IT staff will install RSIGuard for users. However, if your users will be installing RSIGuard themselves, you can help them by giving them some simple installation instructions.

A sample letter that guides them through the process is provided below (and is available online in editable form at <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/InstallationInstructions.doc</u>):

Dear Employee,

Thank you for choosing to use RSIGuard. RSIGuard will help to keep you more comfortable at your computer.

This email provides instructions on how to download, install, register, and setup RSIGuard on your computer.

- 1. It is a good idea to first close any applications you currently have open.
- 2. Visit the RSIGuard download page at http://www.rsiguard.com/install and follow the instructions there for downloading and installing RSIGuard.
- 3. After installation completes, RSIGuard will automatically launch (and will launch automatically every time you restart your computer).
- 4. When RSIGuard begins, it will give you the option of Registering RSIGuard or starting a 45-day trial. Choose "Register RSIGuard", click "I have my registration code for this copy of RSIGuard", and carefully enter the following registration code: xabc123 <replace with your organization's registration code>
- 5. RSIGuard will begin the setup wizard to help you configure your RSIGuard preferences. The setup wizard is self-explanatory, but if you'd like additional help, see http://www.rsiguard.com/documents/help/GettingStarted.pdf

At this point RSIGuard is running! Enjoy RSIGuard. Remember, it is there to help you work with less discomfort and avoid becoming injured. If you have questions or feedback, please contact your help desk support or email support@rsiguard.com.

Thank you for using RSIGuard!

2.3 Resources for New Users

Although RSIGuard is designed to be self-teaching, several resources are available for users.

- <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/intro</u> Web-based tutorial that introduces RSIGuard concept and features.
- <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/help</u> Online version of the help system that is accessible directly from RSIGuard's Help menu.
- <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/usefaq.htm</u> FAQ about RSIGuard.
- <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/visuals.htm</u> Several videos, brochures, and PowerPoint presentations for end-users and RSIGuard presenters.

3 Ongoing Management of RSIGuard

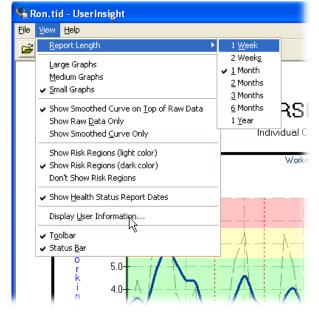
3.1 Viewing DataLogger Data

RSIGuard Standalone:

RSIGuard records statistics about how a user is working on the computer, such as time spent on the keyboard vs. mouse, strain exposures, break-taking patterns, etc. This data, which is called "DataLogger Data", is recorded daily. DataLogger data is the high-resolution datasource for the summaries provided by HSRs/DSRs, and each DataLogger data file contains data about only 1 user. For example, whereas HSRs might tell you that over a 90 day period, a user (or group of users) averaged 6 hours per day at the computer, DataLogger data will tell statistics such as how many hours one particular user was at the computer for any particular day since RSIGuard was initially installed.

To view a user's data, you can use the RSIGuard companion application UserInsight. This application is provided both in the RSIGuard installation package as well as the Administrator Tools installation package (available at http://www.rsiguard.com/admintools).

The main view shows graphs of each statistic and offers you several ways to view the data.



From the view menu, you can select the period of time for which data is shown, and the graph size (zoom).

You can also specify if each day's data is shown (raw data) or if a smoothed curve fit of the data is shown (smoothed). You can also view both at once.

If the user has submitted Health Status Reports, then you can also opt to show the dates that reports were submitted on the DataLogger graphs.

UserInsight allows each user to view their own data. However, a password is required to open up the data file of another user. By default, this password is "hsr", but this password can be changed. In general, data files should be stored in a way that users don't have read access to other users' data (and at a minimum they should not have write access).

To interpret the meaning of each graph, you can click on the context Help. A window will popup with a description of how the data can be used, and how particular values/patterns should be interpreted.

OES Desktop:

In the OES desktop, you can view summary data for individual employees by clicking on the RSIGuard Summary link:

08/20

o	-4		Home	Jobs	Peop
Summary Repo	π				
	PRINT IS SUES, REC	OMMENDATIONS & RISK			
Employee Summary HR Profile Issues & Facts Activity Log Email Log	Smith, John:	Summary			
Email Employee	RISK SUMMARY				HR
Notes Log					
Current Recs	Overall Risk		low		D
User Debug		Risk Breakdown	Office	low	

This will give you the opportunity to view either 2-week, monthly, or annual average summaries, as well as graphs covering those same periods.

3.2 Viewing Aggregate Data with GroupInsight Reports

(RSIGuard Standalone only)

This is a sample screenshot from

report generated.

GroupInsight. The left side shows all the reports found in the most recent search query. The right side shows a portion of the

GroupInsight allows you to look at groups of employees: usage levels; work patterns; compliance; and, if your organization employs Health Status Reports (discomfort surveys), discomfort information.

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port₽	Date/Time	Name	Status	pepartment .	Reports submitted by <various> from 02-01-2004 09:01 thru 02-01-2004 14:57</various>	B
Dt.	02-01-2004 09:01	Sean Morris		Call Center		
32	02-01-2004 11:14		✓ Date/Time	Engineering	Location: «Farious» Department: «Farious» EmployeeID: «Farious» Deemane: «Farious» Email:	
33	02-01-2004 12:45	Kelvin Sulliva	🖌 Nore	Call Center	<verious> RSIGueniID: <verious> Version: v3.0.46a5B</verious></verious>	
н	02-01-2004 14:57	Carol Snith	Employee ID	Hunian Resources	Reason for Report: «Various»	
95	02-01-2004 17:35		Usemaree	Administration	Current Disconfort: «Verious» Usual Disconfort: «Various» Disconfort Frequency: Never	
16	02-01-2004 19:43		RSEGuard ID	Sales	Medical Case No issues requiring medical treatment	
07	02-01-2004 21:52		✓ Location	Call Center	Disconfort aids used: Anti-Inflammatoriza(0%) Pain-Eillers(0%) Wrist-Braces(0%)	
18	02-01-2004 23:28	WEDG HOOD		Administration		- 8
19	02-01-2004 23144			Finance	0.100%	
0	03-01-2004 02:25		New York	Finance	6 50% (
11	03-01-2004 04:02			Customer Support	l a. sos \ 3₩/ \ /	
2	03-01-2004 04:24			Customer Support	Right Cafe Lift Right	
a	03-01-2004 06:23		San Jose	Human Resources	6 KON6 (
4	03-01-2004 08:44		San Jose	Finance	• 50% (
6	03-01-2004 10:44 03-01-2004 11:12		Chicago San Jose	Engineering Sales	•.40% * ' / \ / \\ []	
7	03-01-2004 13:37			Finance		
8	03-01-2004 14:27			Administration		
9	03-01-2004 16(2)		New York	Marketing		
10	03-01-2004 16:35			Marketing		
21	03-01-2004 18:59		New York	Engineering	front SP 49 back	
12	03-01-2004 19:19			Finance	Work-time statistics:	
3	03-01-2004 21132		New York	Other	Overall evg# of deys of computer use in last 30 deys: 19	
24	03-01-2004 23:24			Finance	Overall avg start of day: 02:29AM; end of day: 03:48PM	
35	04-01-2004 00:50			Finance	Overall avg hours/day at mouse: 3.75, http://oard: 3.50	
36	04-01-2004 03134		Chicago	Customer Support	Overall ave hours/day of computer use: 4.5%, hours/day of rest: 2.65	
27	04-01-2004 05:41		Los Angeles	ITMIS		
19	04-01-2004 08:11		Los Angeles	Engineering	Break-related statistics:	
19	04-01-2004 09:04	Paul Matthew		Administration	Overall.ovg# beedss taken/day: 6.82; breaks slappe#i/day: 0.45	
ii ii	04-01-2004 09:14			Sales	Overall weg/winnetse of breaks/day: 21; minutes breaks postponed/day: 2	
t.	04-01-2004 11:19	Sean Steinber		Engineering	Overall avg# natural rests of 15 seconds: 131; rests of 1 minute: 36	
2	04-01-2004 14:02	Bill Hansen	Chicago	Call Center	Overall avg# natural rests of 15 seconds: 151, rests of 16 minutes: 20 Overall avg# natural rests of 4 minutes: 10; rests of 16 minutes: 2	
13	04-01-2004 14(2)	Chris Hansen	Chicago	Oustomer Support	Overall BreakTimer usage: 107%	
14	04-01-2004 15:01	Gary Reyes	San Jose	Finance		
15	04-01-2004 15:53			Finance	Overall BreakTimer is set to on avg give 413 minute breaks every 70.93 minutes	
6	04-01-2004 18:35			Sales	Overall BreakTimer stretch usage: 100%; stretches shown/day:6.72; willpower level 0.00	
17	04-01-2004 19:32			Marketing	Overall avg Work Restriction length: 9.97 hours/day	
9	04-01-2004 20:54			Human Resources		
19	04-01-2004 21:06			Engineering	ForgetMeNets usage statistics:	
0	04-01-2004 23:47		New York	Engineering	Overal PorgetMeNots usage: 100%; Prequency set to every: 13 minutes	
1L	05-01-2004 00:10		Los Angeles	Marketing	Overall Microbreak usage: 25%; 511-second microbreaks taken, 4 skipped	
2	05-01-2004 00:39	Greg Torres	Chicago	Finance		
9	05-01-2004 02147			Marketing	Keybeard & Mease sampe statistics:	
11	05-01-2004 05:17	Patricia Morris	s San Jose	Finance	Overall avg strain/ilay from mouse: 13006, 3xyboard: 15904	- 1
10000	the rest of the sto	COLOR DO COL	debelok interaction	and a second second second		ામાં

The GroupInsight utility has a powerful database search tool to locate employees who fit certain patterns, and to identify patterns.

You can search by fields such as:

- Employee HR identification (e.g., location, department, ID#)
- Computer usage
- Break and ForgetMeNots patterns/compliance
- Work restriction compliance
- Report details (e.g., date submitted, report status)
- Discomfort statistics and other user survey feedback (HSR only)

To access the find screen, click Reports, "Find Reports" or press Ctrl-F. The window below appears.

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Custom Health Status Repor	Database Search		X			
Find by Identity	🔎 Find by Identity					
 Hours At Comput Mouse Usage Keyboard Usage Find by Breaks 	Find by Location Los Angele	\$	N			
BreakTimer ForgetMeNots Find by Discomfort	Find by Windows Username	~	4			
- Intensity/Freque - Location - Find by Report Detai	Find by Employee ID#	~				
- Find by Other Criter - Load & Save Presets		v				
Current Find Settings: If location is "Los Angeles" & If mousing over 5 hours/day & If filed within 30 days						
<u> </u>	ind Now	🔊 Find <u>A</u> dvanced	Cancel			

You can select as many criteria as you wish. The blue "Current Find Settings" box at the bottom shows in plain English what the current search is as you construct it.

You can use the "Find Advanced" button to search within a current found set, or to add the results of the find to the previously found set of records.

You can also save a useful search for later use.

The most interesting search results will relate usage statistics for a particular population with discomfort to locate causal relations.

When you identify a group of employees with a particular issue, you can use the Bulk Email option in GroupInsight to send an email to each employee with ergonomic tips, product suggestions, needed workstation or work habits changes, or other relevant information.

To access this feature, click Reports, "Send Bulk Email".

First you'll select the users to send this email to.

You can either send the email to all of the users who were found in the most recent find (i.e. the "current found set") or you can select a subset of the "current found set" and send just to the "currently selected recipients".

You can also specify additional recipients (e.g., yourself, program administrators, etc.)

D

ecting Recipients				
-Who do you want to :	send this email to:			
C All the users represented in the current found set				
	esented by the currently selected reports			
Based on your selection, your email will be addressed to these 28 users:	acatter@ErgoWiseCompany.com adavis@ErgoWiseCompany.com afulton@ErgoWiseCompany.com afunson@ErgoWiseCompany.com amoris@ErgoWiseCompany.com aread@ErgoWiseCompany.com csmith@ErgoWiseCompany.com cthompson@ErgoWiseCompany.com cthompson@ErgoWiseCompany.com exhith@ErgoWiseCompany.com kdavis@ErgoWiseCompany.com kdavis@ErgoWiseCompany.com			
	acipients separated by spaces (e.g. 'jan@xyz.com bob@xyz.com'):			
ehs@ErogWiseComp	pany.com			
	< Back Next > Cancel			

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Next, you will compose the email you wish to send.

You'll need to specify:

- who the email is from (email address). Replies to this message will also go to this email address.
- A subject for the email
- The body of the email

When you finish, click the Next button.

In the next screen you can click the Finish button to send the email, or the Back button to make changes.

Co	mposing the	e Email	×				
	- Static						
	From:	JoeSmith@ErgoWiseCompany.com (your email address)					
	Subject:	Ergonomic keyboard available					
	Message	(type your message below or copy and paste in a pre-written message)					
	Dear RSI	IGuard User	-				
	You have been identified as having significant typing responsibilities in your job.						
	As a result, you may request an ergonomic keyboard.						
	If you would like to request a keyboard, please visit:						
	http://ErgoWiseCompany.com/ehs/ergokbd.htm						
	or contact your supervisor.						
	Sincerely, Ergonomics Staff						
		< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Can	cel				

A more detailed review of GroupInsight reporting is available online at http://www.rsiguard.com/reports.

N G A C C E L E R Δ T P R E T 1 ON V E N

3.3 OES Integration

The OES is a comprehensive suite of tools for managing enterprise injury prevention programs. The OES automates ergonomic self-assessments, training, risk analysis, and program management. In large organizations, RSIGuard is usually deployed as an integrated component of the OES (and is often referred to as OES Desktop). In small and mid-size organizations, RSIGuard is usually deployed as a standalone solution.

RSIGuard Standalone OES Desktop With RSIGuard standalone, you OES Desktop's reporting tools **Administrators** are integrated with other OES use our suite of desktop-based tools, and so they are tools to do reporting (GroupInsight and UserInsight). seamlessly available to administrators with all the benefits of role-based-access. and web-based ease of use. OES Desktop's data can optionally be used within the OES system to provide a more complete risk picture (e.g. to consider a mouse-related issue resolved because this person rarely uses the mouse, or to identify them as high-risk because of excessive mouse use). **IT Staff** Because OES Desktop data If data or profiles are to be storage is generally web-based, networked, some configuration there is generally no need to work is required (e.g. creating identify any local network network folders, setting resources, and thus there is appropriate access also no need to do any local permissions). configuration. OES Desktop communicates with the OES, so an additional configuration step is required to define how the user initially establishes a link to the OES (see discussion below). Employee experience is **Employees** customized based on their assessment-identified risk factors (e.g. ForgetMeNot messages, default settings).

This table describes the differences in experience between RSIGuard Standalone and OES Desktop:

If your organization uses the OES, OES Desktop will communicate with the Remedy Interactive server automatically. Depending on your organization's preferences, OES

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Desktop will establish a link with the user's OES profile by sending their Windows login name, their email address, or some other identifying piece of information. If the HR data your organization provides to Remedy Interactive contains a piece of information that OES Desktop can determine programmatically (e.g. login name) then the synchronization is automatic. If not, then users must be queried for some piece of information that the OES can use to initially identify who the user is within the OES (e.g. email address, employee ID).

Once a link has been established, RSIGuard will communicate with the OES server daily (or on a different schedule if requested) to transmit usage data, and to receive any server instructions (e.g., new ForgetMeNots, settings adjustments, informational messages to users).

The OES replaces the GroupInsight reporting tool for most organizations, so, if your organization uses the RSIGuard-integrated OES, you should disregard sections of this document referring to Health Status Reports and Data Status Reports. Additionally, the OES offers tools for global and group modification of settings that replace those described in this document.

For additional documentation about the OES, please contact Remedy Interactive support at (415)332-6433 or <u>support@remedyint.com</u>.

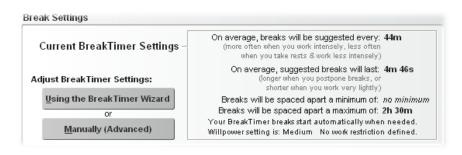
3.4 Managing the BreakTimer

BreakTimer is a tool in RSIGuard that reminds users to take breaks when they have worked for too long without resting naturally on their own. The BreakTimer uses a sophisticated algorithm based on short and long-term typing and mousing patterns as well as natural resting patterns to determine when to suggest breaks.

Although the Setup Wizard will help your users set up an appropriate reminder schedule, if users need to fine tune the schedule, the Settings screen allows you much finer control.

The Settings screen shows what the current schedule is, and offers two ways to adjust the schedule – a wizard, and manually adjusting settings.





Encourage users to try the wizard if they simply want more or less frequent breaks, or want to make breaks more or less intrusive. If users want finer control, however, they will need to use the manual control. See <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/help/helpbt.htm</u> for details on adjusting BreakTimer settings (or visit the Help menu in RSIGuard).

Remember that some users will resist the idea of being forced to take breaks. They can be helped by changing the Break Interruption Style. It is also important to remind users that taking breaks is proven to be an important component of preventing permanent debilitating injuries. While they may not have symptoms presently, the nature of repetitive strain injuries is that they may not present symptoms until a great deal of scar tissue damage has developed.

If RSIGuard sees a user having trouble taking breaks (e.g., skipping breaks repeatedly), RSIGuard will present the user with a wizard that will help users resolve their issues.

3.5 Managing ForgetMeNots

ForgetMeNots is a tool in RSIGuard that reminds users to notice how they are working (by displaying reminder messages). There are two ways that your organization can use ForgetMeNots.

MicroBreak - Pause for 12 seconds
Increase circulation by changing your position at least once every hour.

- 1. As an awareness reminder only when ForgotMeNots appear, they stay on the screen until the user continues working (i.e. the user need not explicitly close the ForgetMeNot window).
- 2. As an awareness reminder and a microbreak tool when ForgetMeNots appear, they stay on the screen until the user stops working and rests for the specified time (by default, 12 seconds).

These "micro" breaks are given in addition to the BreakTimer breaks because research has shown increased benefit from having frequent short breaks in addition to longer, less frequent ones.

The messages ForgetMeNots shows, how it shows them, whether or not it imposes microbreaks, and various other options are configurable in the ForgetMeNots tab of the Settings screen. See <u>http://www.rsiguard.net/help/helpfmn.htm</u> for details on ForgetMeNots settings (or visit the Help menu in RSIGuard).

For OES Desktop, ForgetMeNots messages will include messages that specifically address OES-identified risk issues.

3.6 Managing AutoClick

AutoClick is a tool in RSIGuard that provides users a way to eliminate single clicks (and in conjunction with the KeyControl feature, to eliminate the need to click a pointing device at all). The feature works by automatically clicking when the mouse cursor is moved to a new location.

Often IT staff are resistant to provide AutoClick to users because they are concerned that users will have problems with automatic clicking. While some users will initially have trouble, there are good reasons to not only offer the feature to users, but to strongly encourage its use:

- Mouse clicking is, in many organizations, the leading cause of discomfort from computer use.
- AutoClick contains several features that make it easy to use (e.g., smart avoidance of false clicks, audio & video cues for clicks, filters that allow you to customize when AutoClick clicks and when it doesn't).
- Most users will get used to AutoClick fairly quickly if they give it a chance.
- Users can view an AutoClick tutorial during the setup wizard (or access it from the help pages at any time) to help them learn to use AutoClick.

AutoClick generally needs no additional configuration, but AutoClick filters that define when and how AutoClick works can easily be created when desired.

lse	er-Defined AutoClick Filters
	When cursor is over button named 'Delete', don't autoclick, keep hotkeys active

A filter in the AutoClick Filters setup page that tells RSIGuard not to click on "Delete" buttons is built into the default RSIGuard configuration.

See <u>http://www.rsiguard.net/help/helpac.htm</u> for details on configuring AutoClick (or visit the Help menu in RSIGuard).

3.7 Managing KeyControl

KeyControl is a tool in RSIGuard that allows users to create powerful hotkeys that significantly reduce their use of the keyboard and mouse, while simultaneously increasing productivity. Hotkeys can perform simple functions like:

- opening a frequently accessed file
- launching a frequently visited website
- launching a commonly used application
- typing frequently typed text
- mouse-free double-clicking, right-clicking, and drag & drop operations

In addition, KeyControl hotkeys can be used to launch RSIScript macros than can perform complex functions (e.g., launching an application, then tabbing to a field, copying text from that field, switching to a different application, and pasting into that application). In general, non-technical users will require IT staff support to configure RSIScript macros. Your maintenance agreement also provides your IT staff support from Remedy Interactive to help identify need for macros, and develop macros that your organization may wish to make available to groups of employees.

The KeyControl feature also allows
you to remap the location of non- system keys. This is
useful for users who wish to move often-used keys to
easier-to-reach locations.



KeyControl also has an option to allow users to move the mouse cursor with keyboard keys.

See <u>http://www.rsiguard.net/help/helpkc.htm</u> for details on configuring KeyControl (or visit the Help menu in RSIGuard).

3.8 Restricted Settings/Features/Menu Items & Administrator Access

RSIGuard allows you to restrict a user's ability to modify settings. Any individual setting can be locked at a particular value. Furthermore, any individual setting can be restricted to meet any criteria that can be described using RSIScript (see section 3.10 for more information about RSIScript). Thus the value of a setting can be limited to a range, can be dependent on the value of other setting(s), can be dependent on HR data, or other logic. Defining restricted settings is typically accomplished as part of the specification of your custom MSI installation package. For assistance defining these restrictions during specification, or after deployment, please contact your RSIGuard support representative.

RSIGuard also allows you to restrict access to groups of settings (e.g. the ForgetMeNots tab), menu items, and other features, as described in the custom MSI specification spreadsheet.

If you are at a user's computer and need to access restricted functionality (e.g. to enable a feature that by default is not available to employees), you can do so by entering "Administrator Access" mode.

The typical way to authenticate for administrator access is to hold the CTRL key and click on the Tools menu. Then, select "Administrator's Access". Depending on how you have configured access to administrator functionality (as specified in the custom MSI spreadsheet specification), you will either be prompted for an Administrator's Access Code (for all RSIGuard Standalone and some OES Desktop configurations), or prompted to enter your OES credentials (for some OES Desktop configurations). The default access code is 'adminx' but this can be changed before or after RSIGuard is deployed.

Having administrator access to RSIGuard (which is not related to operating system administrator privileges) does not give you any additional security access to any other computer functionality. And while it allows you to adjust the settings of the RSIGuard instance on the computer on which you are working, it does not increase your security privileges. In general, Remedy Interactive does not suggest taking precautions to prevent users from accessing this mode. However, if your organization is concerned about users having full ability to adjust RSIGuard settings, then: for RSIGuard Standalone configurations, you can change the access code periodically; for OES Desktop configurations, you can select to have administrator access controlled via OES roles and OES authentication.

3.9 Modifiying an Individual's Settings Locally & Remotely

A user can modify their own settings for BreakTimer, Stretching Options, ForgetMeNots, AutoClick, KeyControl and Personalization Options by clicking on RSIGuard's Setup menu and selecting "Settings..."

RSIGuard-Lisa Smith 🛛 🔀				
Tools	ols <u>S</u> etup <u>H</u> elp			
🔵 BreakTii	<u>S</u> ettir	ngs		
Mousing Typing		5etup <u>W</u> izard 9 <u>H</u> otkey Assignments		
Last Breal Display Opti		ay Options		

As described in *Choosing Adminstrative Configuration Settings* (section 1.6), you can restrict access to some or all of these settings. Although you generally want to let your users customize RSIGuard to maximize its benefit to them, there are times when you will want to force certain settings (e.g., in a call-center, in a high-risk group that needs a certain break schedule, etc.)

There are two ways IT staff can modify an individual's RSIGuard settings.

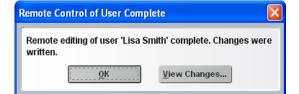
- 1. Change the setting at the computer (e.g., by having IT staff visit the computer or guide the user over the phone).
- 2. Use RSIGuard's Administrator Console.

The second option requires that your organization has configured user profiles be stored on a network (see *Choosing Adminstrative Configuration Settings* (section 1.6)). To modify a user's settings remotely from your own copy of RSIGuard:

- 1. Click the Start menu, go to the RSIGuard program group, and select Administrator's Console. Enter your admin password 'adminx' by default). The administrator must have read access in the profiles folder.
- 2. Select the user to modify and click "View/Edit Settings for Selected User".
- 3. You will be placed in the settings screen with that users current settings. Modify the settings you wish to change.



4. Click OK (or cancel) when done. You will see a confirmation that changes to settings were written (if any were made).



Visit the Administrator Console help (<u>www.rsiguard.com/help/UserMgmt</u>) for more information about using the Administrator Console.

3.10 RSIScript Scripting Language

In order to provide high flexibility, RSIGuard incorporates a scripting language called RSIScript. RSIScripts can be written to interact with the user, adjust RSIGuard settings, launch applications, open files and websites, perform logic and math operations, adjust the user interface, and more.

To insure security, RSIScript is carefully designed to not provide functions that allow general read or write access to the user's hard drive or memory.

When we create an MSI installation package, the RSIGuard executable is always the standard executable. What customizes RSIGuard is a set of RSIScripts that are packaged with your installation. Therefore, you can view exactly what customizations you have in any text editor.

When the KeyControl feature is used to create macros, the macros are written in RSIScript.

When RSIGuard uses web registration codes for customization (for smaller licenses), the server responds by returning an RSIScript to customize RSIGuard.

When RSIGuard automatically runs scripts (like various startup and newuser scripts), these are all written in RSIScript.

When RSIGuard automatically runs scripts (like various startup and newuser scripts), these are all written in RSIScript.

You can launch an RSIScript manually from the Tools menu, by selecting "Run an RSIScript". In administrator mode, this option will also give you the option of viewing a command line interface to directly issue commands to RSIGuard in RSIScript.

	Run RSIScript	3
	Look jn: 🦳 Scripts 📃 🗲 🖻 🖽 -	
	File name: Bun Script	
	Files of type: RSIScript File (".rxs,".txt) Cancel	
	Run Registration <u>C</u> ode Script RSIScripts on the <u>Web</u> Show CLI <u>H</u> elp	
RSIScript Command Line		✓ <u>S</u> ubmit
△ >\$do(msg text Hello RSIGuard)	d User, msg send)	<u>Submit</u>
	RSIGuard System Me X	
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Although most clients will not learn (or need to learn) RSIScript, documentation for the language is available online at <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/RSIScript</u>.

3.11 Global and Group Modification of Settings

There are two mechanisms for changing settings on a group-wide or global basis.

For most common changes, you would use the Administrator Console. To modify settings for a group of users, follow these steps:

- 1. Click the Start menu, go to the RSIGuard program group, and select Administrator's Console. Enter your admin password 'adminx' by default). The administrator must have read access in the profiles folder.
- 2. Select the group of users to modify, and click the "Group Settings Change..." button.
- 3. Select the setting to adjust, the value to adjust it to, and whether or not you want to lock the value you are changing. Verify the users you are about to change (and uncheck any you don't wish to change). Click OK.

For more information on the Administrator Console, see http://www.rsiguard.com/help/UserMgmt.

More complex group/global settings changes can also be done that include user interaction, other extensive UI, or more complex algorithmic changes (e.g. changing a value based on an environment variable, or changing a value to be relative to the current value of a setting), can be done using an RSIScript.

When you initially configured RSIGuard, one of the settings you specified was a location for a startup script. This script is generally located on a network file server or on an internet or intranet site. Each time RSIGuard launches, it tests for the existence of this file, and if it exists, executes it.

RSIScript has a facility to specify that certain actions occur to groups of employees by username, department, location, environment variables, and various other mechanisms. Or, an action can be specified to occur to all RSIGuard users. Actions can be specified to occur once or every time RSIGuard starts.

RSIScript can change RSIGuard settings, ask users questions and perform various actions based on answers, and much more. See **RSIScript Scripting Language** (section 3.10).

OES Desktop users have additional methods of performing group settings changes and default settings changes. Please contact your support representative for more details.

3.12 Software Updates

If your organization has a maintenance agreement, you will receive significant software updates via an updated MSI package (about once or twice a year). The updated package will contain any customizations that are standard for your organization as well as software release notes (which are also available online at <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/support</u>).

In addition, you have the option of letting your users download updated executables from our website. If the "Check for RSIGuard Update" menuitem is enabled, users clicking on that option will be told if an update exists. If so, they can automatically download and install it (no user-interaction is required once the user chooses to perform the update).

3.13 Additional Support

RSIGuard is a powerful tool with many intuitive standard features, and a rich availability of more sophisticated tools. If your EH&S or IT staff needs assistance, we are here to help.

For support information, please visit <u>http://www.rsiguard.com/support</u> or call Remedy Interactive at (415)332-6433.