



## **GSPHERE PRODUCT TOUR**

## Contents

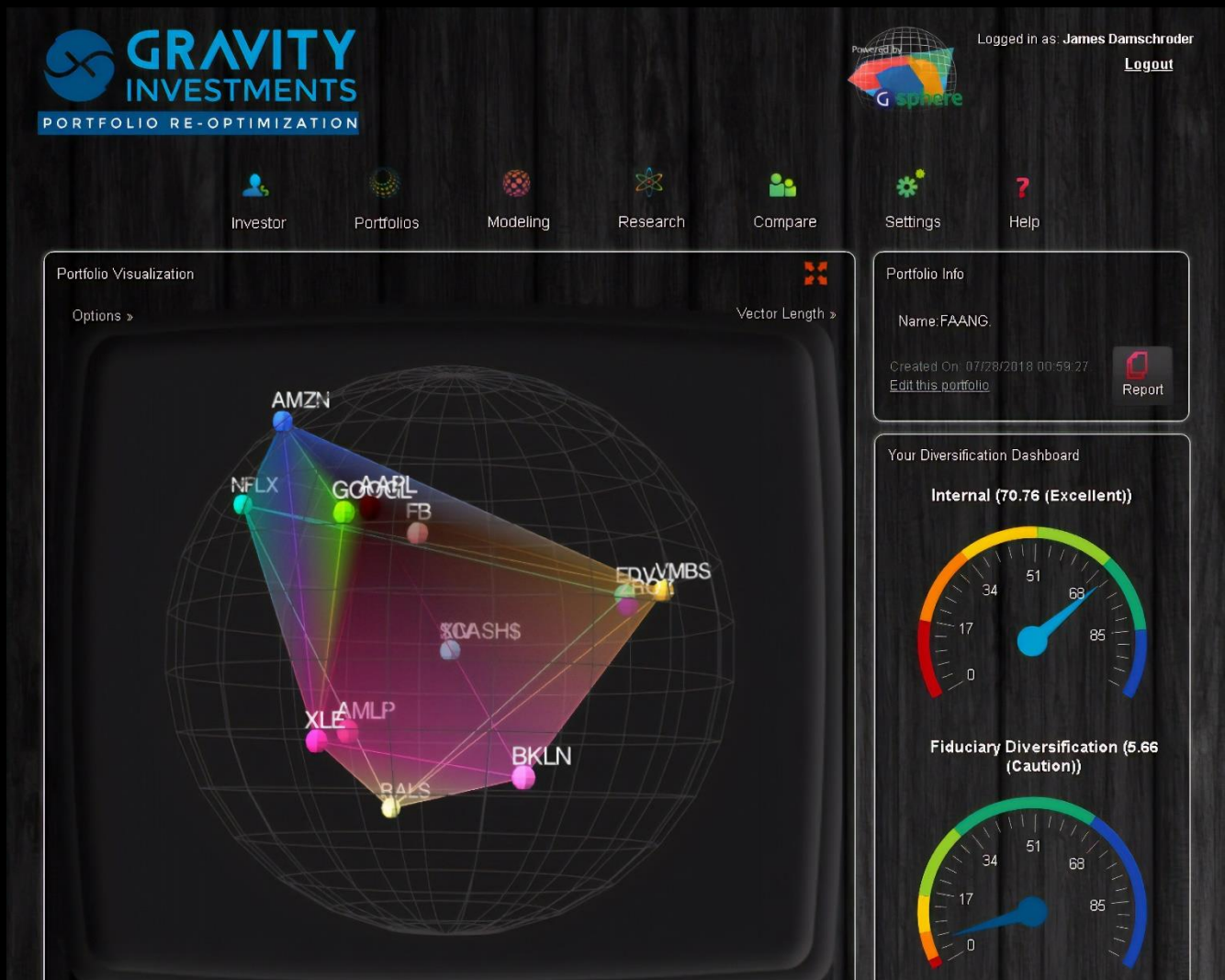
VIEW PAGE .....	3
DIVERSIFICATION DASHBOARD .....	4
DETAILED P&L .....	5
ROLLING ALLOCATION CHART .....	6
HISTORICAL ALLOCATIONS .....	7
PORTFOLIO MONITOR .....	8
BENCHMARKS .....	9
DIVERSIFICATION SOURCE CHART .....	10
POSITION PERFORMANCE .....	11
RETURNS AND CMATRIX .....	12
ADVISOR PAGE .....	13
GUEST EDIT .....	14
VIEW CONTROLS .....	15
VECTORS .....	16
FRAME .....	17
SPHERE .....	18
ALLOCATIONS .....	19
BOXES .....	20
COMPARE .....	21
COMPARISON PROFIT AND LOSS CHART .....	22
COMPARISON DIVERSIFICATION GAUGES .....	23
COMPARISON DIVERSIFICATION SOURCES .....	24
COMPARE RISK & RETURN .....	25
CONTACT .....	26
OBJECTIVES .....	27
EXCEL IMPORT .....	28
VERSIONS .....	29
REPORT CONFIG .....	30
HELP .....	31

# VIEW PAGE

Welcome to the Gsphere Product  
Tour

Gsphere is a Portfolio Re-  
Optimization system featuring  
visualizations and patented  
diversification measurements

In this guide we will show many of  
the system features. Note that not  
all user types have access to all the  
features described in this guide



# DIVERSIFICATION DASHBOARD

## Internal Diversification (59.65 (Good))

The Internal Diversification is the Gini Co-Efficient of the KL expansion (AKA energy spectrum or Eigenvalues) of a weighted correlation matrix



It gives a percentage values from 0 to 100 which may be interpreted such as: this 8-asset portfolio is 70% diversified. A score of 100% means that there is no observable systemic commonalities inside the portfolio.

## Fiduciary Diversification (7.75 (Caution))

Fiduciary Diversification is measured by the portfolios intrinsic dimension multiplied by the Gini-Co-efficient



Because the Fiduciary diversification fully accounts for both the quantity and commonality of investments it is the best singular measure for diversification and thus the best evaluator for the fiduciary obligations to diversify for U.S investors.

Systemic Diversification is measured as the Intra Portfolio Correlation or IPC. This is a weighted average intra portfolio correlation which then scales the range of the correlation spectrum to a percentage scale. Note that good values start around 40%. Seldom do any portfolio achieve a value greater than 70% since all values greater than 50% provide that the average correlation is negative.

## Systematic Diversification (49.02 (Good))



## Idiosyncratic Diversification (11.94 (Adequate))



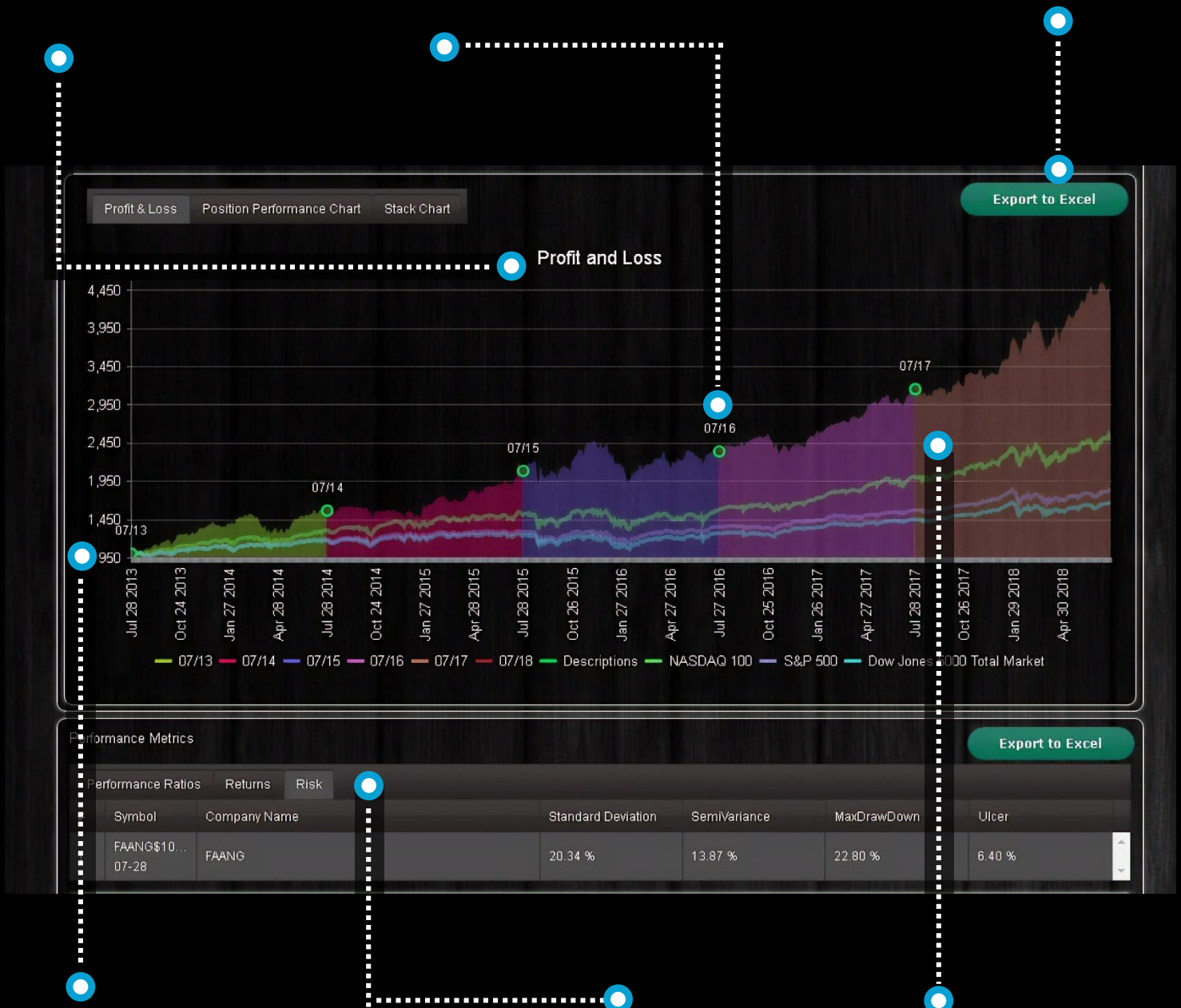
The Idiosyncratic diversification is the portfolio's intrinsic dimensionality. This value is like the portfolios Concentration Co-efficient (CC), but further subtracts any perfect redundancy. More Simply it is the number of asset in the portfolio adapted for the weighting scheme. This value is generally equivalent to the holding quantity for equally weighted portfolios.

# DETAILED P&L

P&L history chart is created anytime a strategy includes multiperiod Re-Optimizations in the backtest.

Can display when rebalancing actions and stop loss protection

Export the P&L chart data to Excel for other projects



Always based on a \$1000 invested, dividends are reinvested

Portfolio metrics for your designated period appear here in the three tabs

Profit and Loss details shows historical events, each color segment is a different Re-Optimization segment

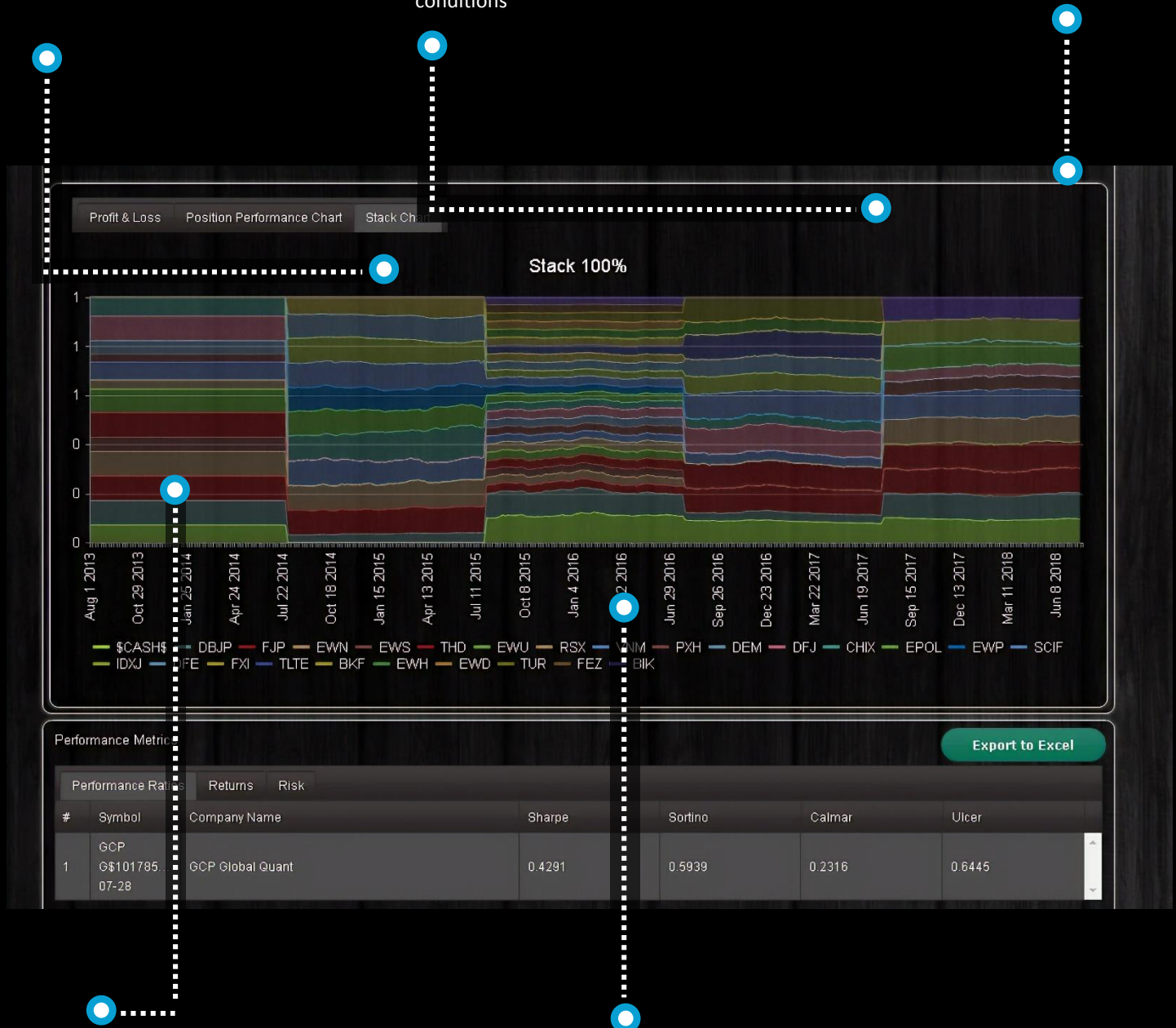


# ROLLING ALLOCATION CHART

The Rolling allocation chart (stack chart) shows how allocations vary over time

This is especially interesting to see how the optimization and rules engine combine to produce different portfolio allocations across market conditions

This chart is produced automatically for optimized backtests



A nice way to illustrate added value to investors

Often you can see how in Diversification Optimization disfavored investments grow in allocation

# HISTORICAL ALLOCATIONS

Control to activate display options  
for portfolio history when available

Navigate the date tabs to see the  
corresponding allocation and risk  
return chart



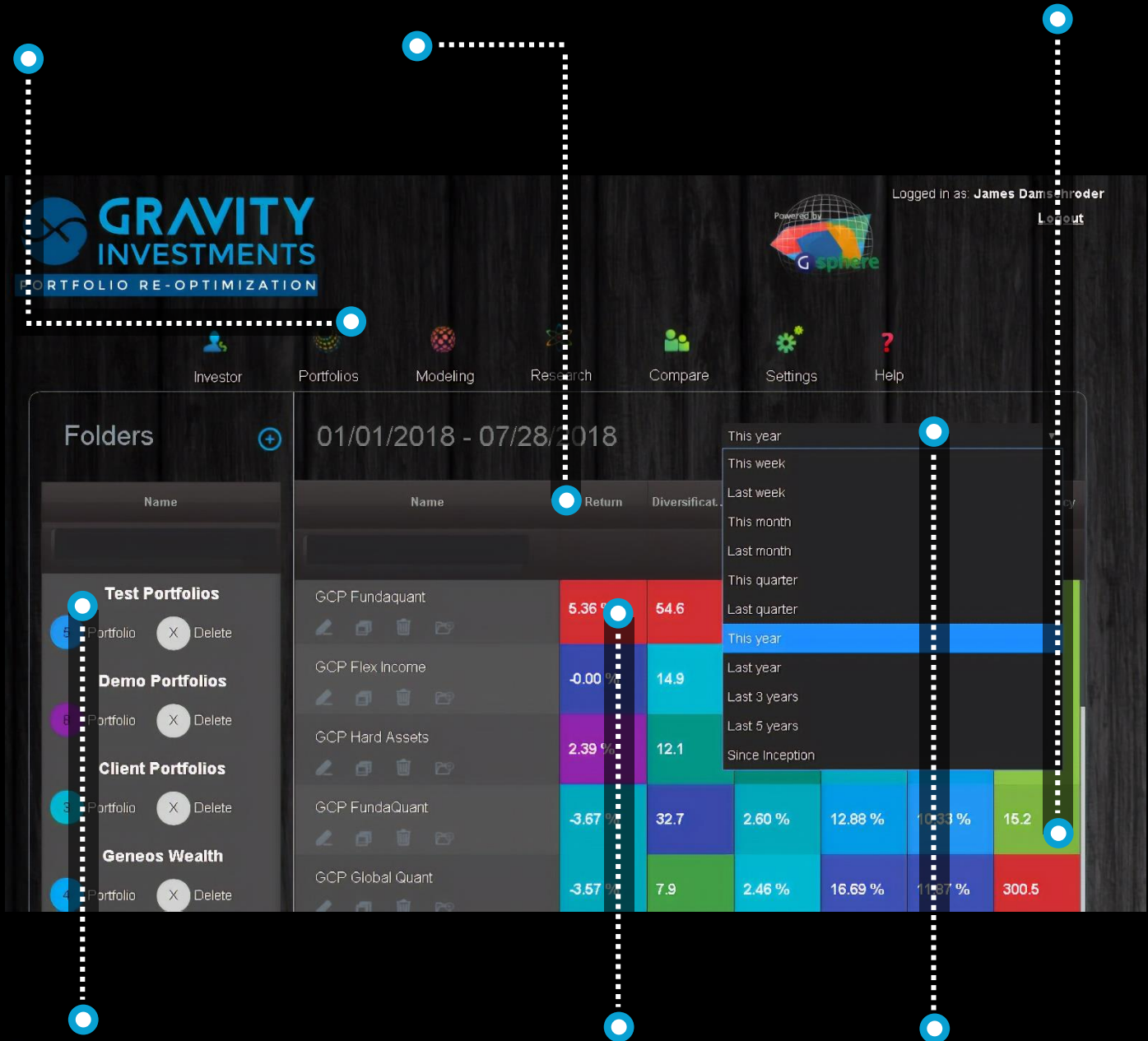
Light, interactive HTML5 charts  
render great on any screen or device

# PORTFOLIO MONITOR

This page lives here on the portfolio page

Measures for Return, Diversification, Income, Risk, Capital, Preservation and Consistency

Color coded for issue spotting



Organize portfolios into folder

See portfolio performance

Update to any desired period



# BENCHMARKS

Add any benchmarks you would like to see with the portfolio

Set as many as would like



Graph the portfolio vs benchmark

Mark a benchmark as default for it to always show with the portfolio

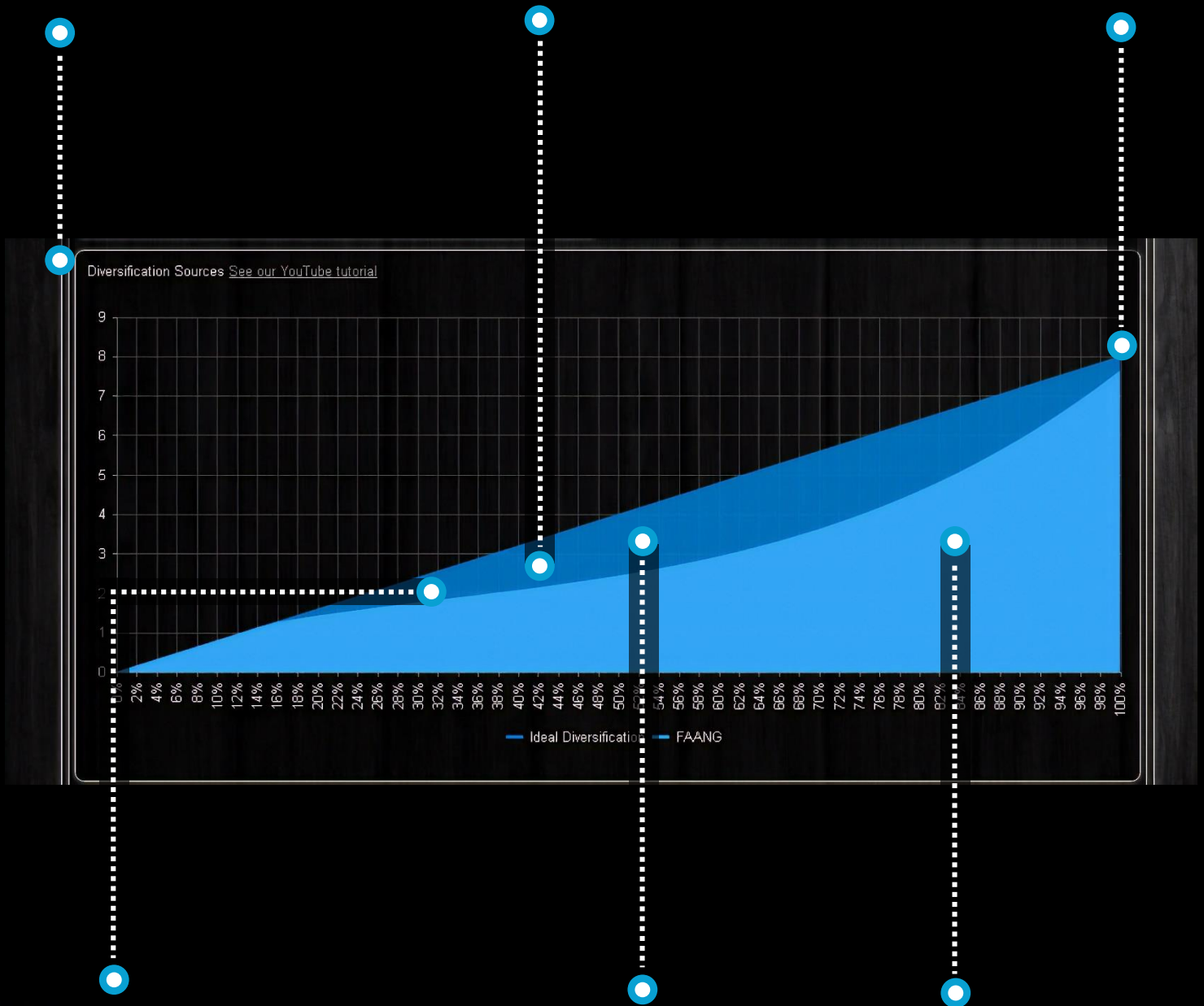
Analyze MPT and relative performance stats

# DIVERSIFICATION SOURCE CHART

This chart shows how much diversification may be in any portfolio.

The extent to which the portfolio fills the space under the diagonal line provides for how much diversification the portfolio has for a given number of investments.

The peak value shows how many dimensions it takes to span the portfolio with 100% of the information included. More dimension = more diversification. If the top value is less than the diagonal, then there is some amount of complete redundancy in the portfolio. This is often greater in larger portfolio especially index strategies



The graph would fill the diagonal exactly if all of the assets were uncorrelated and equally weighted. As systemic and weighting concentrations pervade the strategy the graph will dip

The extent which the graphs fills the diagonal is called the Gini Co-efficient. This is the % used in the internal diversification gauge.

The chart integrates idiosyncratic (asset specific) diversification (AKA holding quantity) with the systemic commonality of the positions (the Gini Co-efficient)

# POSITION PERFORMANCE

See the individual performance of each asset



All assets are normalized for an initial 1000\$ invested

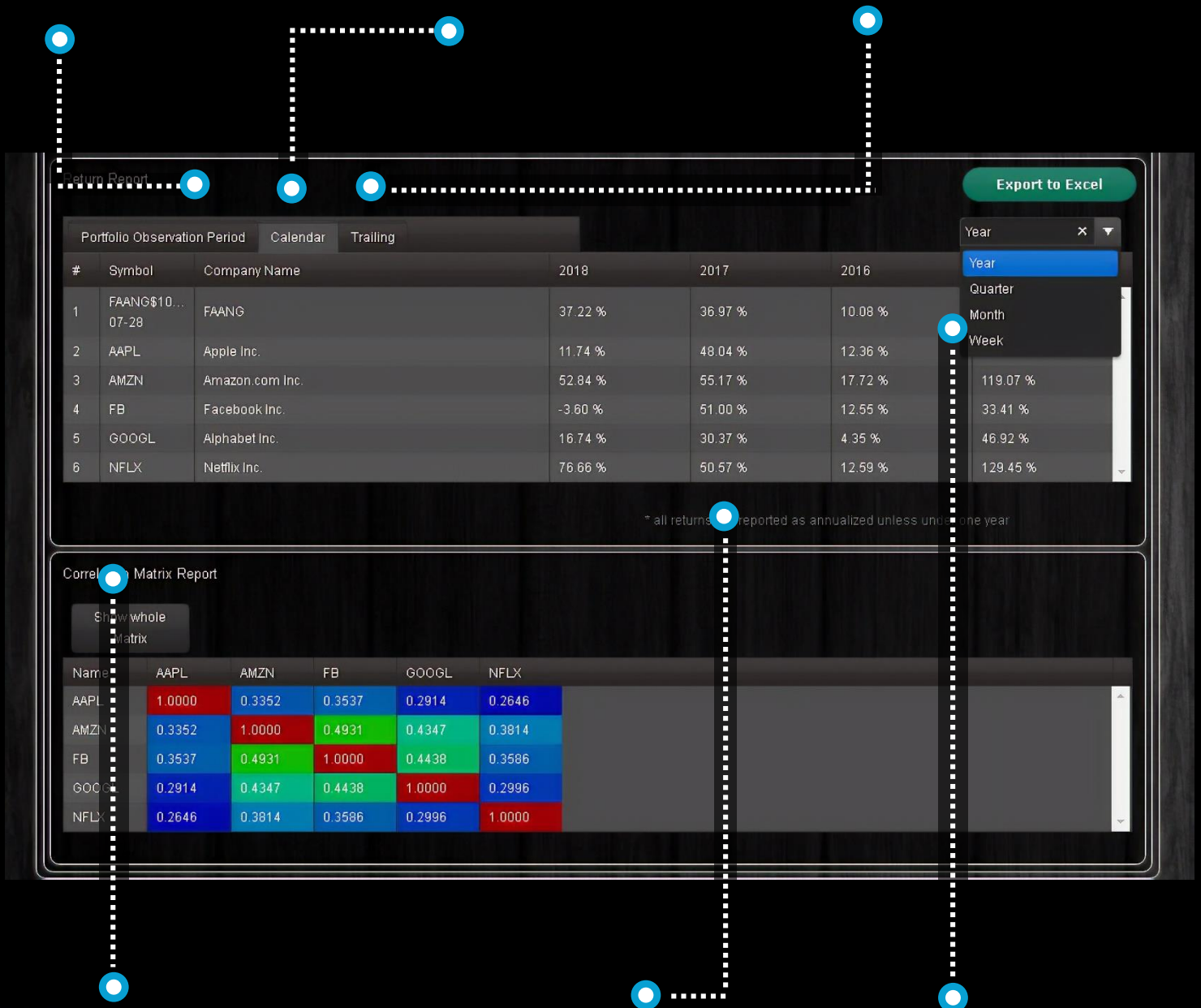
Mouseover the graph to see dates and prices

# RETURNS AND CMATRIX

The return report gives portfolio and position returns including in cell charts

Calendar returns available here on this tab

Trailing returns available here on this tab



See the correlation matrix color coded to spot opportunities and risks

Sort any of the rows to spot issues

Set your own timescale





# ADVISOR PAGE







The portfolio edit page for the advisor user type offers a streamline interface



users workflow is to enter portfolio into the system to get portfolio analysis and create the basis for a recommendation







Portfolio Info

Portfolio Name:  Amount to Invest:

Positions

Enter Your Stock or Fund Ticker Symbols:




Or Search by Company name:


Or Upload an Excel file (XLS or XLSX) containing the symbols:

(use comma separator to enter many at once)

#	Symbol	Company Name	Price	Allocation	Shares	Value
1	\$CASH\$	Cash and Equivalents	1	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
				<input type="text" value="0"/> %		
				of	<input type="text" value="\$0"/>	
				1,000,000.00		

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Protected by United States Patents 9,156,030 & 7,472,084







# GUEST EDIT

The guest user edit is designed to be custom branded and embedded, usually as part of a free portfolio analysis

Prompt web visitors with a strong call to action that sends them here

Most investors are less diversified than they think they are so this will expose the investors true diversification and can inspire corrective action

The screenshot shows the 'GRAVITY INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO RE-OPTIMIZATION' interface. At the top right, it says 'Log in as: Guest www.gravityinvestments.com' and 'Logout'. Below this is a 'Please enter your portfolio' section with three input methods: 'Enter Your Stock or Fund Ticker Symbols:' with an 'Add Symbol/s' button, 'Or Search by Company name:' with a search bar, and 'Or Upload an Excel file (XLS or XLSX) containing the symbols:' with a 'Select' button. A table below shows a single entry: '# 1', 'Symbol \$CASH\$', 'Company Name Cash and Equivalents', 'Price 1', 'Allocation', 'Shares', and 'Value'. Below the table is a 'Get My Portfolio Analytics' button and a 'Get help with my portfolio' button. Callout points are marked with blue dots and dashed lines: one at the top left logo, one at the top right login area, one at the top center search bar, one at the bottom center 'Get help with my portfolio' button, one at the bottom right 'Get My Portfolio Analytics' button, and one at the bottom right of the table area.

GRAVITY INVESTMENTS  
PORTFOLIO RE-OPTIMIZATION

Log in as: Guest www.gravityinvestments.com  
Logout

Positions

Please enter your portfolio

Enter Your Stock or Fund Ticker Symbols:  Add Symbol/s  
(use comma separator to enter many at once)

Or Search by Company name:

Or Upload an Excel file (XLS or XLSX) containing the symbols:  Select

#	Symbol	Company Name	Price	Allocation	Shares	Value
1	\$CASH\$	Cash and Equivalents	1	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Get My Portfolio Analytics

Get help with my portfolio

the investor enters their portfolio

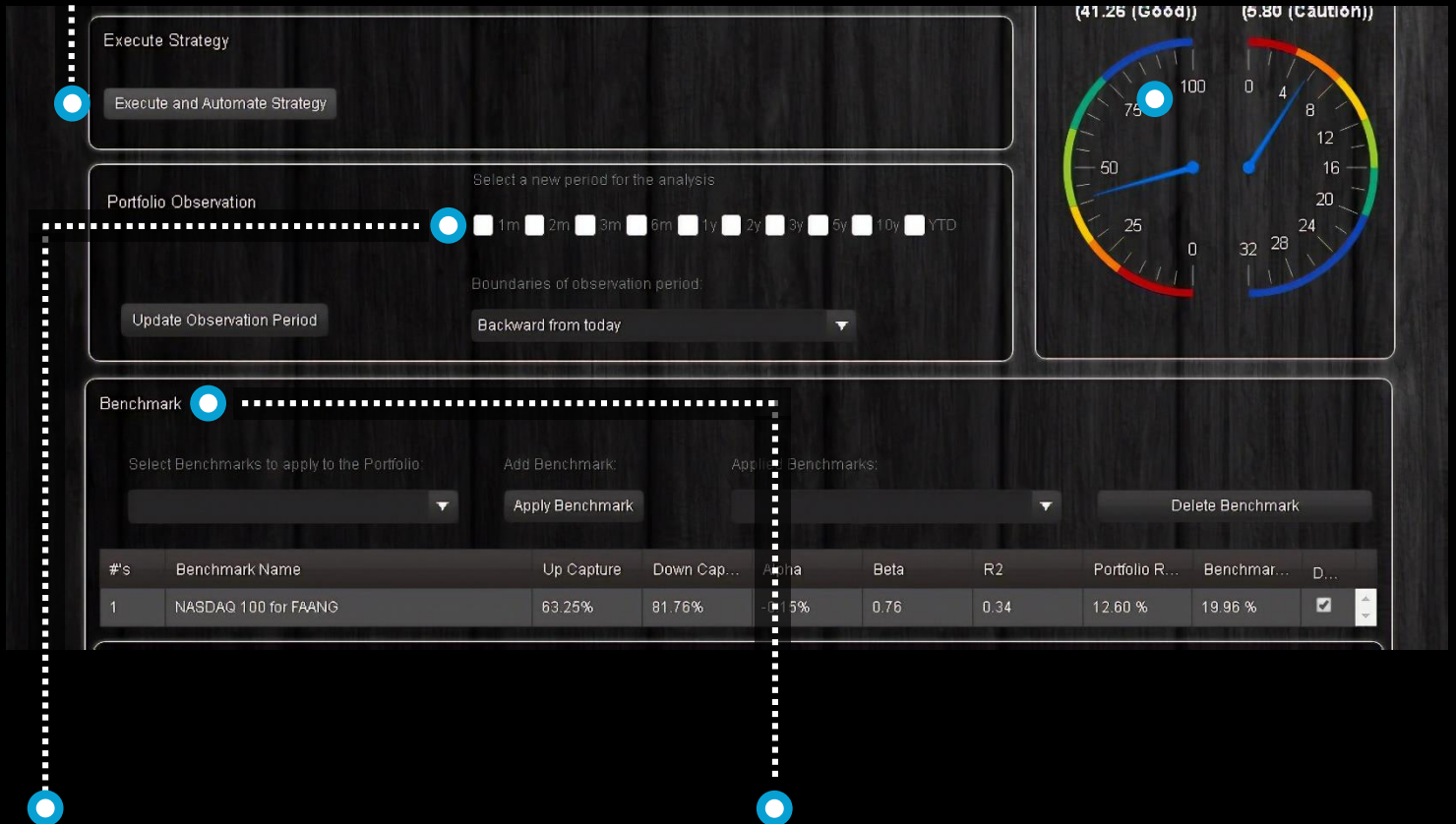
the users is taken to the portfolio view page

# VIEW CONTROLS

When the portfolio manager is ready to execute and automate the strategy the portfolio is sent to the trading system with our API

The portfolio is tagged with Automated tag which turns on the portfolio monitor and triggers activated investment policies as they become executable

Updates to the portfolio are pushed to the trading system



User can select any time period to view the portfolio for, and all charts, graphs and analytics update to the reset period.

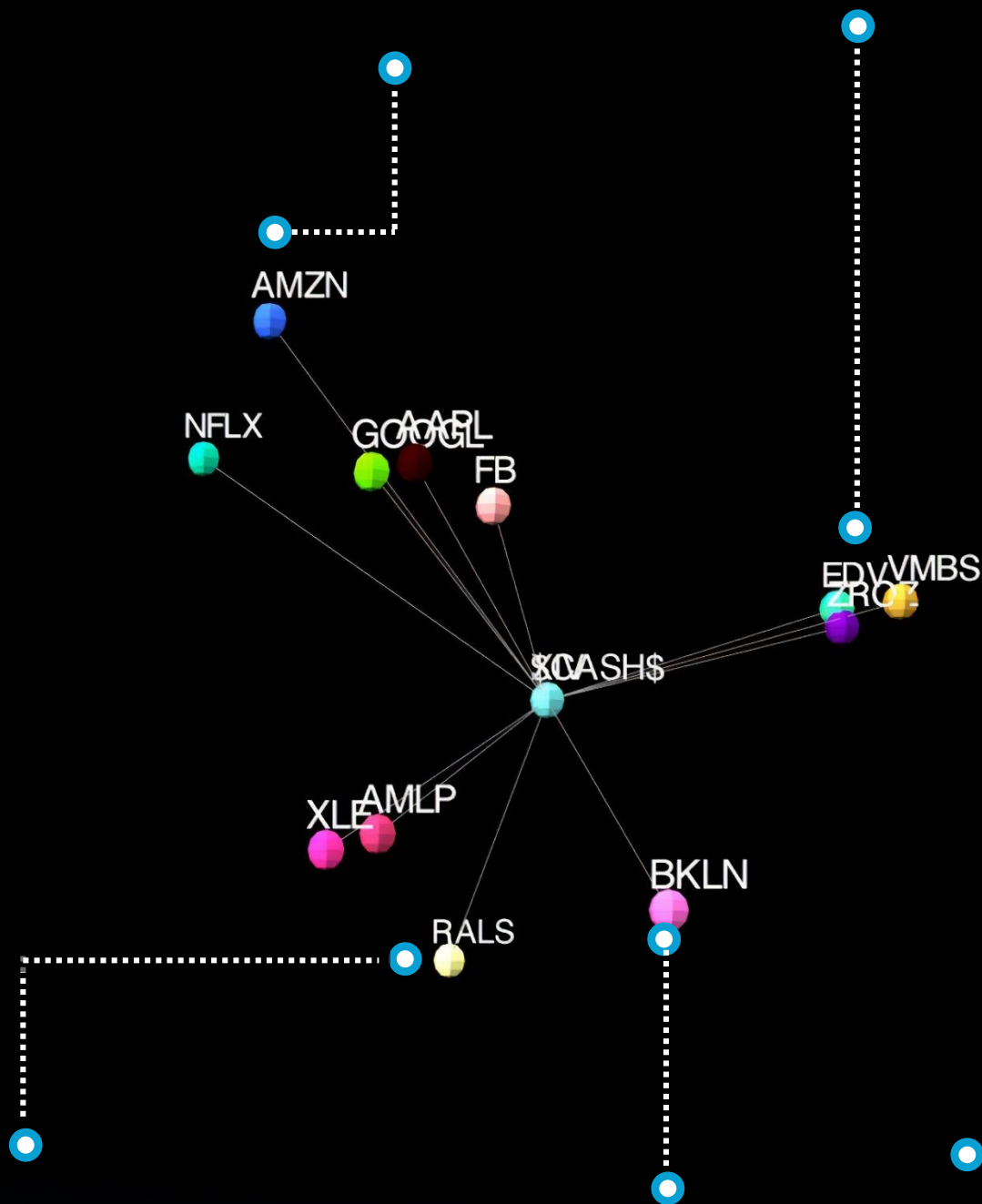
User can set multiple benchmarks for stats and charting

# VECTORS

Gsphere maps correlations of assets to angles of separation in the 3D polar chart

Assets with more attractive metrics (greater utility) have longer vectors

Highly correlation assets cluster together



Uncorrelated assets are graphed 90 degrees apart

Opposite correlations are graphed opposite one another

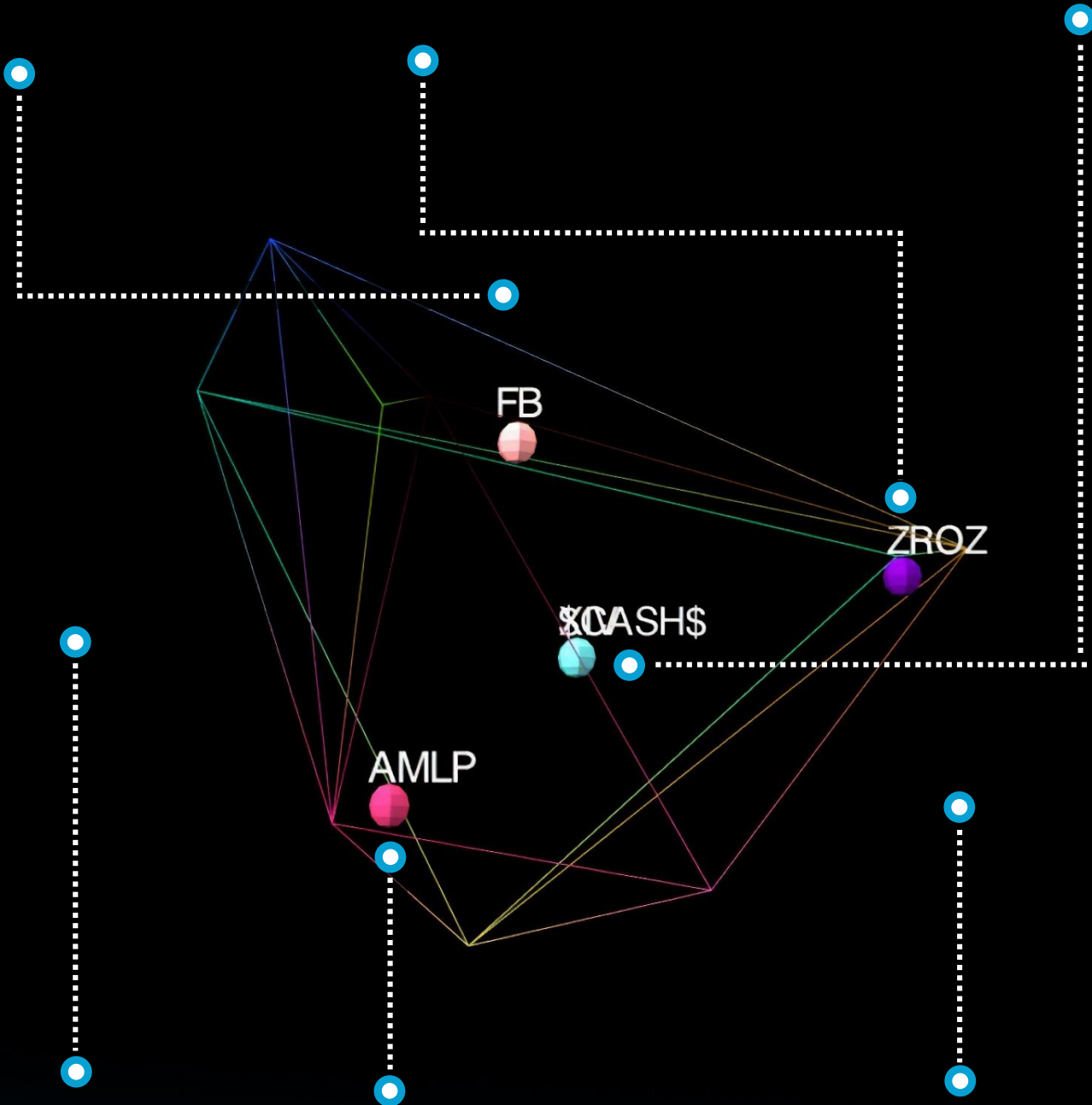
In this way, we translate economic balance to physical balance

# FRAME

The frame is the portfolios 3D, holistic efficient frontier

The best investments combine to create the frame

Inefficient assets are trapped inside



Inefficient assets will be outperformed by some combination of other assets for any market direction

We can visualize nearly efficient vs. deeply inefficient assets and be more forgiving for nearly efficient assets with a simulation induced superposition

The frame and graphics are always displayed in 3 dimensions, but the mathematics can be set in higher dimensions. The lower the calculation dimension the more discriminating the algorithm

# SPHERE

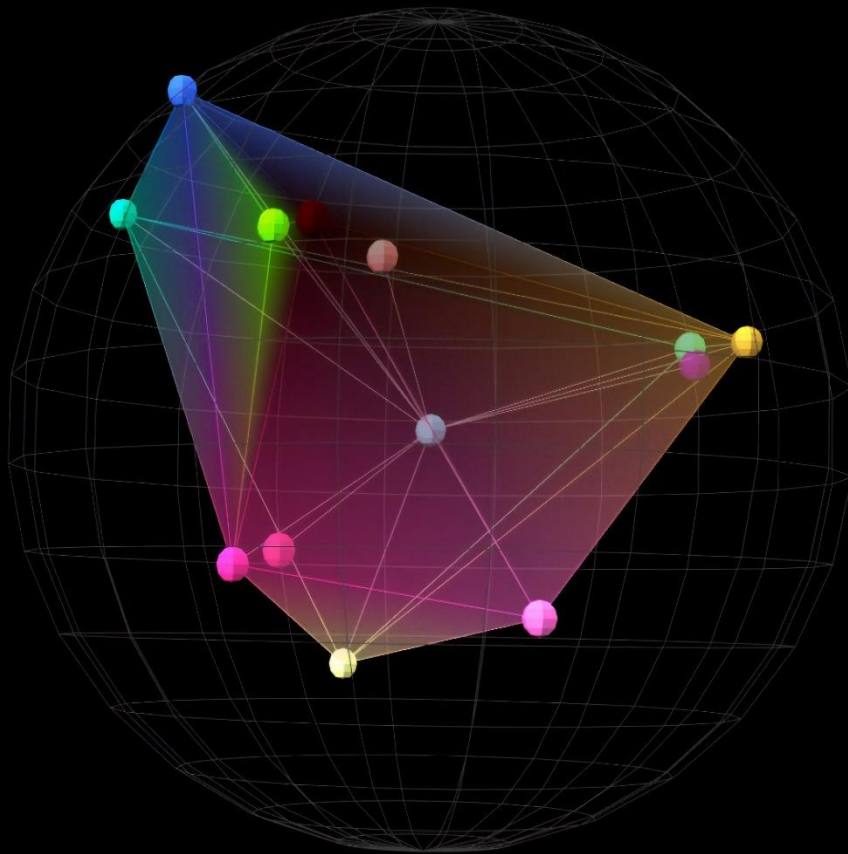
The symmetry of the volume this process induces is the portfolios diversification visualization



this visualization is great to objectively educate clients about diversification



This is the source of many investors "aha moment"



the 3d graphics are interactive: both on the webpage and inside the pdf reports



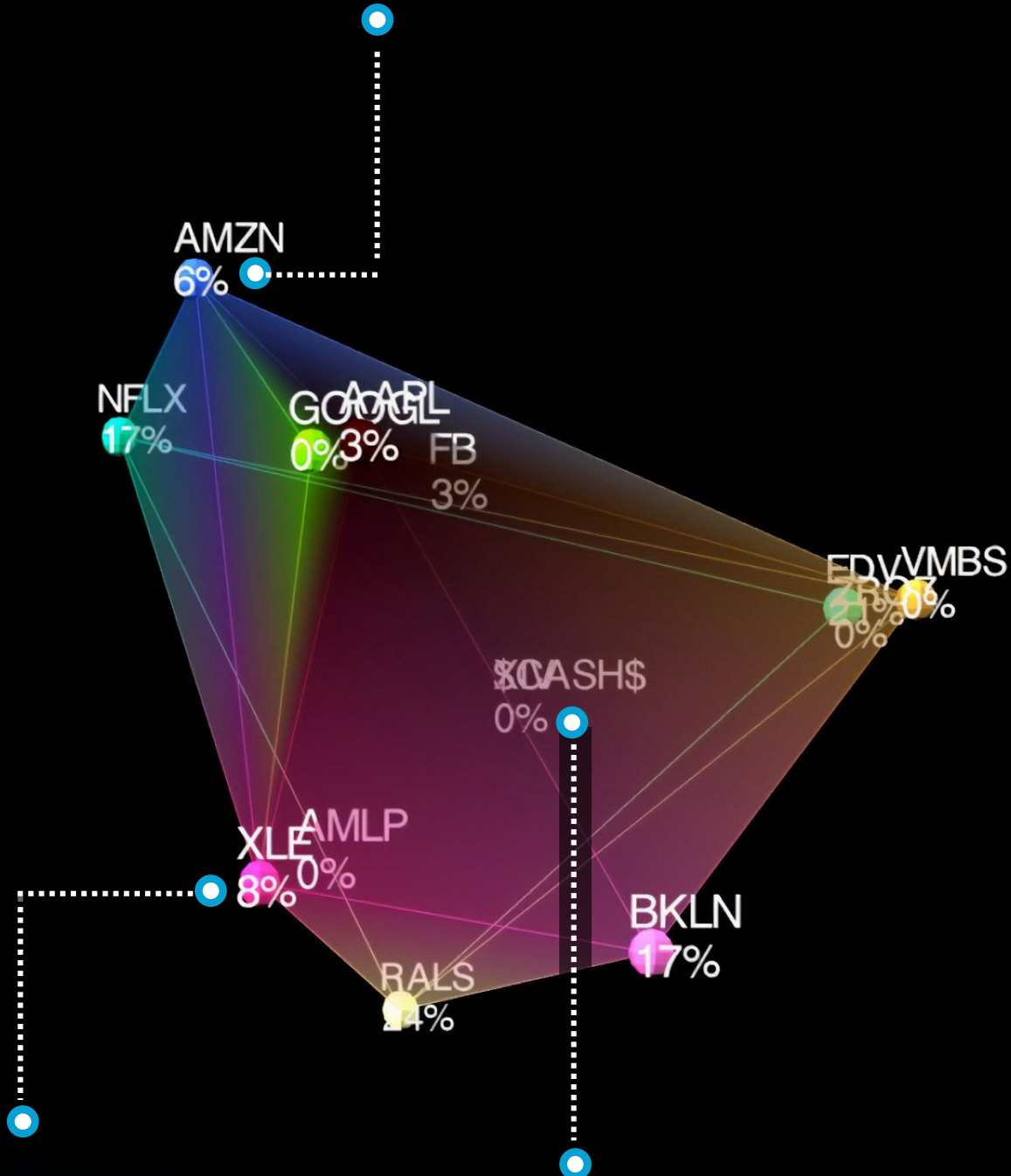
The sphere is just a visual reference model to depict what perfect symmetry looks like against the portfolio. Portfolios do not need perfect sphericity to have great diversification, but huge risk reduction align with major improvement to symmetry.



# ALLOCATIONS

With the portfolio modeled geometrically, we can calculate the optimal allocations for each asset

The weights are equal to the assets' relative volume contribution



It is like a smart pie chart, containing the assets relative information and the sum of the whole; the very definition of holistic

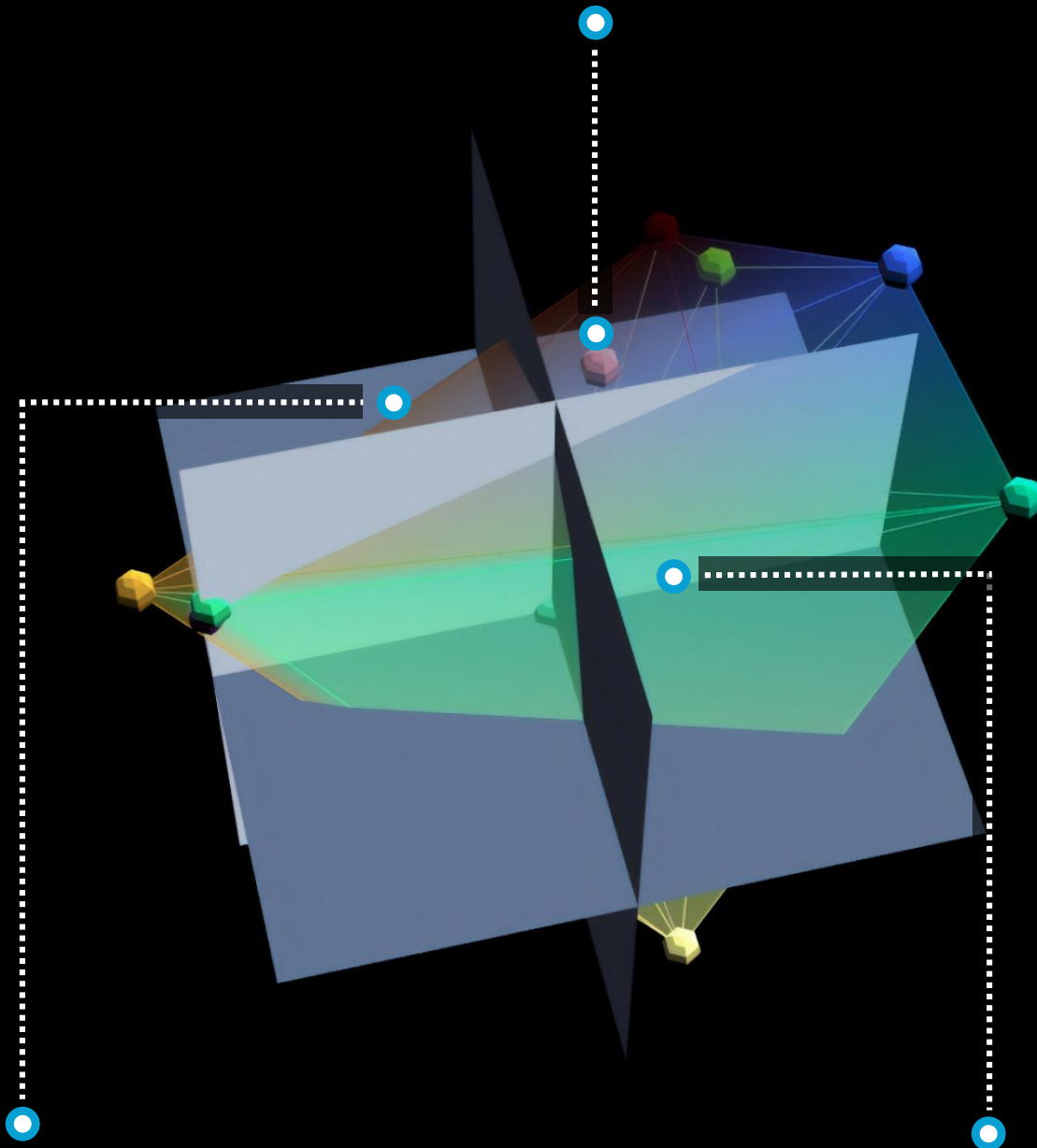
Inefficient assets have zero weight

# BOXES

The diversification boxes cut the 3D space into 8 boxes

Each box represents diversification potential

Box exposure or lack of it is very tangible and easy to understand



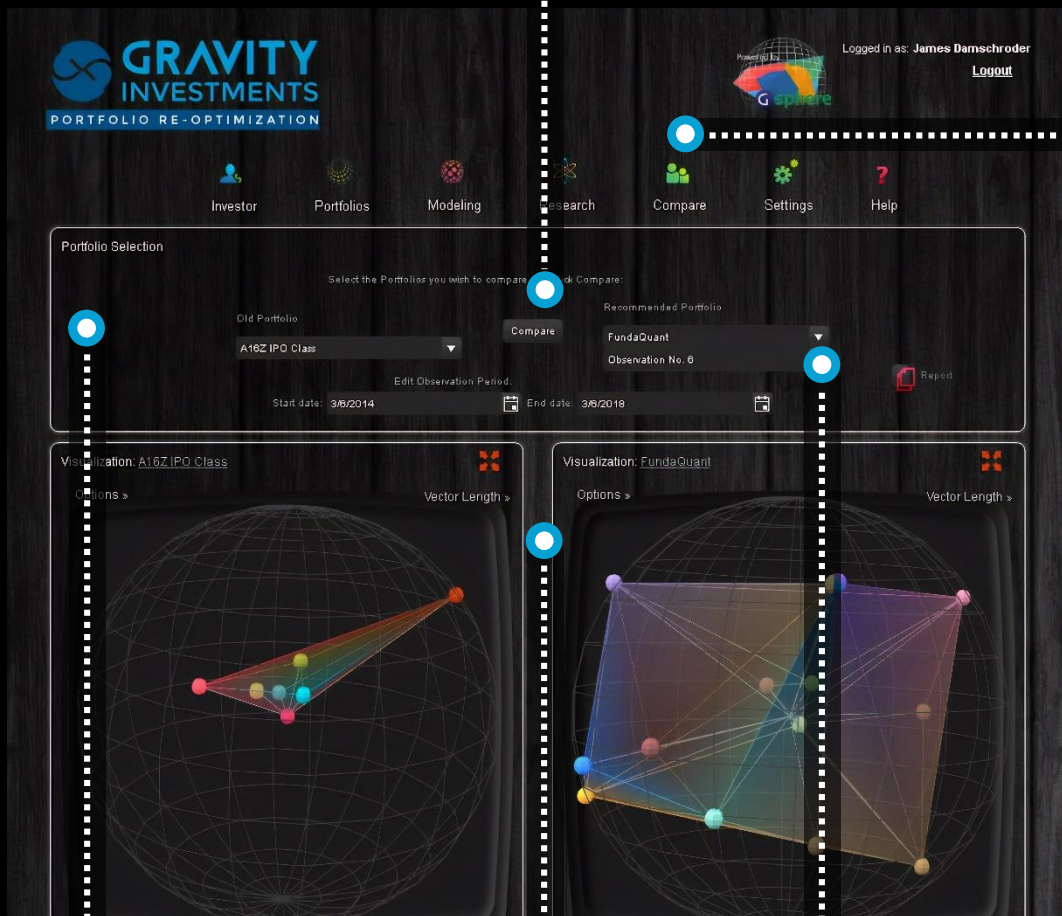
An empty box is an opportunity to obtain better diversification for the investor.

The boxes are another visual reference like the globe

# COMPARE

Gsphere offers a full comparison of any two portfolio

The comparison is available in the compare link



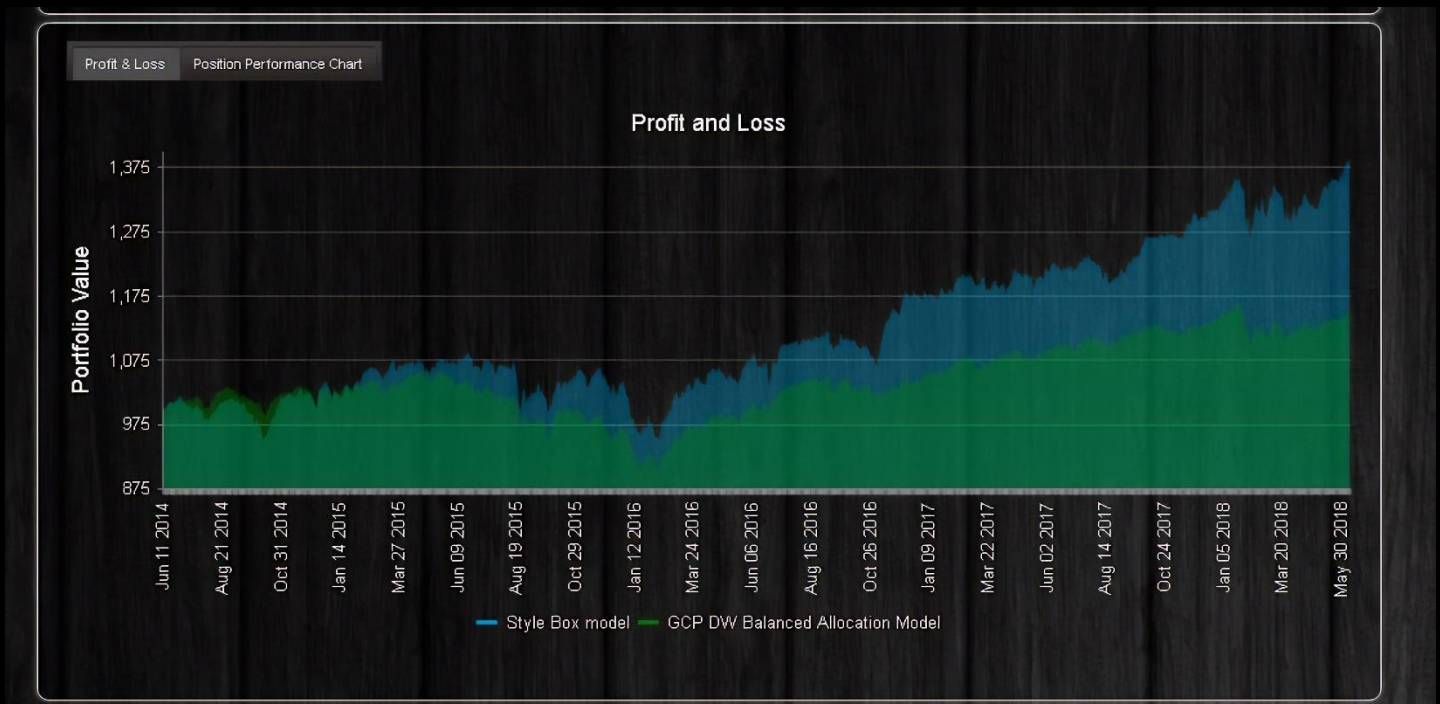
Select the portfolio to compare and adjust the data range if desired

The differences in the 3D views can be striking when investors have poor diversification

Advanced users can compare multiple versions of the same portfolio

# COMPARISON PROFIT AND LOSS CHART

The relative profit and loss of the two portfolios is often an important influence in investor acceptance





# COMPARISON DIVERSIFICATION GAUGES

Comparative diversification gauges remove any shred of subjectivity in the comparison

Each color code and scale is unique to that measure; red is danger, orange is caution, yellow is adequate, green is good, dark green is excellent and blue is abundant



Fiduciary Diversification is the standard for evaluating fiduciary appropriateness of diversification

While there is no limit to some diversification values, further increases in values do little to help, but also do not hurt unless it causes other values to retract

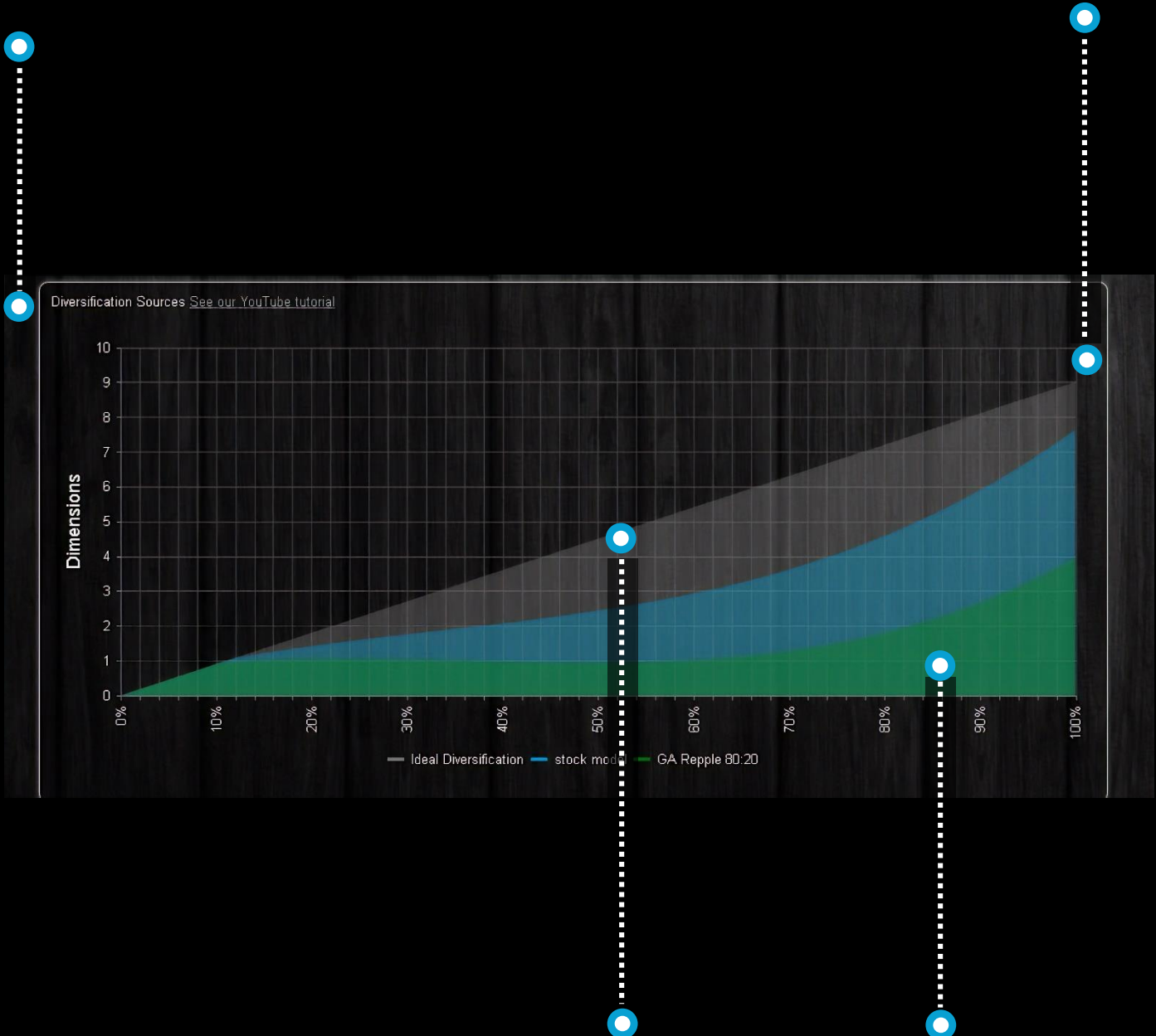
Often, we see a trade off in idiosyncratic diversification and systematic diversification. To have strong total fiduciary diversification one needs both.



# COMPARISON DIVERSIFICATION SOURCES

This chart illustrates the totals dimensionality for each portfolio

More important that the total dimensionality (the right most value for each graph) is the path it takes to get there. This is the diversification of your diversification

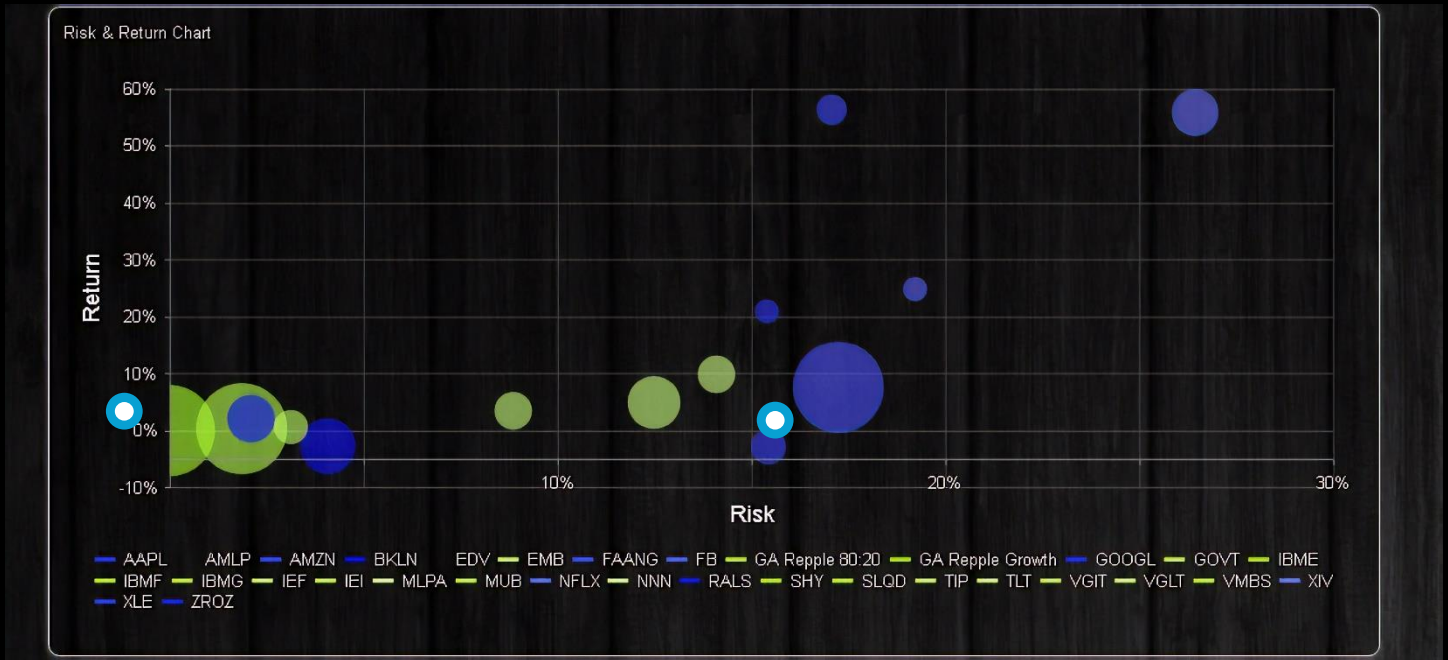


A linear increase is vastly superior to hyperbolic increase

This green graph shows that despite all of the holdings, statistically this portfolio has 70% of its variation governed by one single thing. This is the insidious systemic risk that many investors bare without awareness.

# COMPARE RISK & RETURN

Comparative risk and returns  
illustrates both the portfolios and  
their components



# CONTACT

Enter investor details and KYC /  
profile data here

The screenshot shows the Gravity Investments web application interface. At the top left is the Gravity Investments logo with the tagline "PORTFOLIO RE-OPTIMIZATION". At the top right, it says "Powered by Gsphere" and "Logged in as: James Damschroder" with a "Logout" link. Below the header is a navigation bar with icons and labels for "Investor", "Portfolios", "Modeling", "Research", "Compare", "Settings", and "Help". The main content area is titled "Investors and Portfolios" and contains a form for adding a new investor. The form has two columns of input fields: the left column includes "Email:", "First Name:", "Telephone:", "Address Line 2:", "State:", "Age:", and "Net Worth:"; the right column includes "Last Name:", "Address:", "City:", "Zip:", "Marginal Tax Rate:", and a checkbox for "Promote to Advisor". Below the form are "Insert" and "Cancel" buttons. At the bottom left is an "Add New Investor" button. At the bottom right, there is a tabbed interface with tabs for "Profile", "Proposals", "Actions", and "Contact Information".

Investors and their portfolios are  
kept separate from your models for  
privacy

keep investor objective, proposals,  
contact data and analytics here

# OBJECTIVES

These portfolio objectives may be set by the advisor or sent to the investors

The investor must prioritize what is important to her

Each objective is competing with the others for her preference

The image shows a screenshot of a software interface titled "Investor Objectives". The interface is a dark-themed dialog box with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a section titled "Set the Objectives you want to apply" with a subtext: "Please prioritize what portfolio attributes are important to you. These portfolio objectives compete with each other for your preference. Portfolios can't be great at everything. Tell Gsphere what you want your portfolio to be great at." Below this text are eight sliders, each representing a different portfolio objective. Each slider has a blue bar indicating the selected value and a grey bar indicating the full range. The objectives and their sliders are: 1. Total Return: Slider from "Not Important" to "Essential", with the blue bar positioned towards "Essential". 2. Capital Preservation: Slider from "Not Important" to "Essential", with the blue bar positioned towards "Essential". 3. Current Income: Slider from "Not Important" to "Essential", with the blue bar positioned towards "Essential". 4. Stability: Slider from "Not Important" to "Essential", with the blue bar positioned towards "Essential". 5. Minimizing Tax: Slider from "Not Important" to "Essential", with the blue bar positioned towards "Not Important". 6. Minimizing Market Exposure: Slider from "Not Important" to "Essential", with the blue bar positioned towards "Not Important". 7. Diversification: Slider from "Not Important" to "Essential", with the blue bar positioned towards "Not Important". 8. Time Horizon: Slider from "Short term" to "Long term", with the blue bar positioned towards "Short term". At the bottom right of the dialog is a green "Save" button. The dialog is surrounded by a network of dotted lines and blue circular nodes, suggesting a flow or relationship between the objectives and the surrounding text.

The objectives will be used to either select the model that is the best fit from the firms designated model lineup or are used to reparametrize the utility functions of the investment candidates used in the custom recommendation

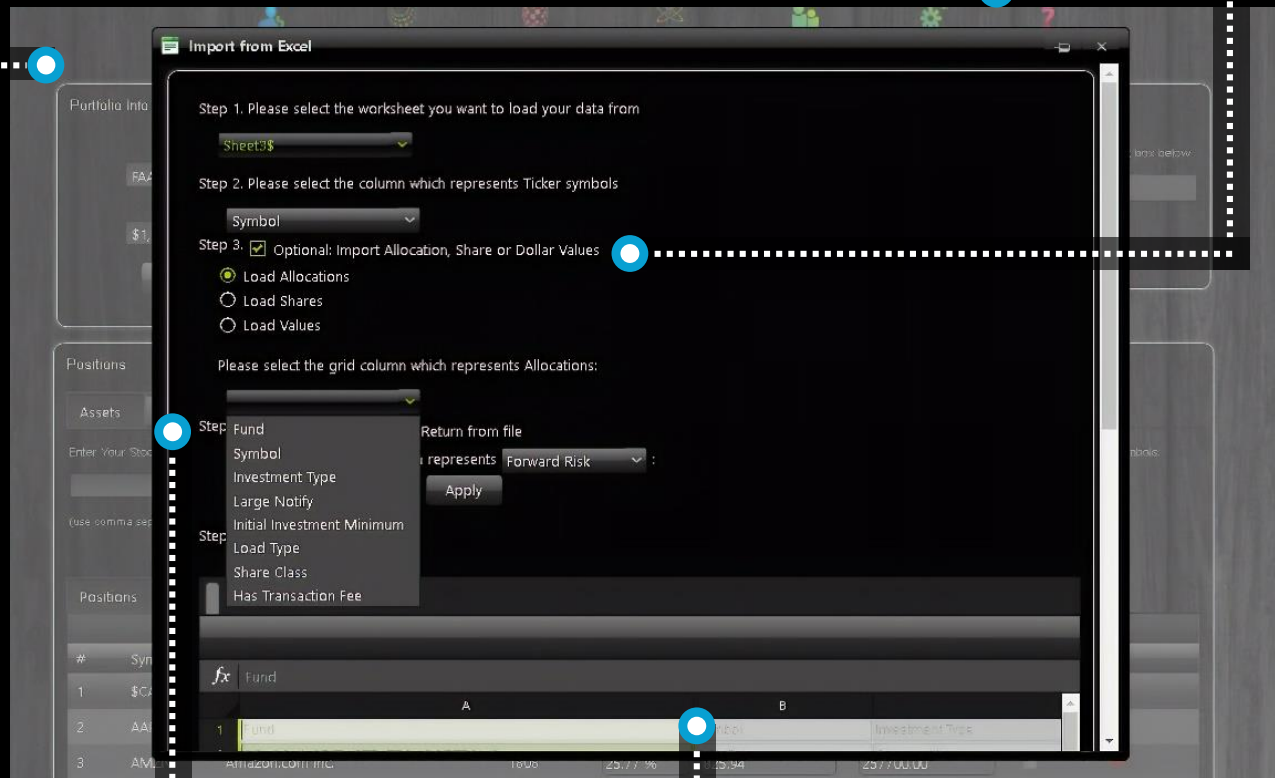
Each position is evaluated against each objective and multiplied by the investors preference

# EXCEL IMPORT

Import positions for a quick analysis

Flexible formats to minimize excel manipulations

Import allocation, shares or values depending on your workflow and data availability, or just import the positions to optimize



Import risk and / or return assumptions

Preview the import data

Support for importing outside time series allows inclusion of private assets, hedge funds etc. into model



# VERSIONS

Use this to compare returns across various iterations of the strategy

For any strategy you can keep track of the version history

Track the history of the live strategy

The screenshot displays the 'Positions' tab in a trading software interface. The 'Version History' sub-tab is active, showing a table of strategy instances. The table has columns for Version Name, Created On, Start Date, End Date, Return, and a 'Set as Active Observation' link. The first instance is 'First Instance' with a return of 10.43%. The second instance is 'Instance No. 2' with a return of 10.79%. The third instance is 'Instance No. 3' with a return of 2.91% and is marked as 'Active'. A 'Show Returns' button is located in the top right of the table area. The interface also includes input fields for stock symbols, a search bar, and an Excel upload option.

Version Name	Created On	Start Date	End Date	Return	
First Instance	6/11/2015 6:12:37 PM	6/11/2014	6/11/2015	10.43 %	<a href="#">Set as Active Observation</a> ✖
Instance No. 2	6/11/2015 6:17:00 PM	6/11/2014	6/11/2015	10.79 %	<a href="#">Set as Active Observation</a> ✖
Instance No. 3	8/3/2017 9:53:33 AM	6/11/2014	6/11/2015	2.91 %	<a href="#">Set as Active Observation</a> Active ✖

Comply with DOL standards to document and manage uncompensated risk

Rollback to any previous version to set that version as the active instance

# REPORT CONFIG

Select the report format: detailed report or factsheet. A comparison report is also offered from the comparison page and generally follows the format of the detailed report

Select the individual elements desired to include in the report. If benchmarks are set on your portfolio view page they will be included in the report.

All reports formats feature interactive 3D content inside the pdf (must be opened by Adobe Acrobat)

The screenshot shows the 'Report Config' interface with a dark theme. At the top is a navigation bar with icons and labels: Investor, Portfolios, Modeling, Research, Compare, Settings, and Help. Below this is a section for report format selection with three radio buttons: 'Back', 'Detailed Report' (selected), and 'Fact Sheet Report'. The main area is divided into several sections: 'Items in the Report' with a list of checkboxes for various report elements; 'Narrative' with a text input field; 'Disclosure Statements' with a list of disclosure items and a text editor; and a 'Generate Report' button. Callout lines with blue circles point to the 'Detailed Report' radio button, the 'Items in the Report' section, the 'Narrative' section, the 'Disclosure Statements' section, and the 'Generate Report' button.

Investor Portfolios Modeling Research Compare Settings Help

Back Detailed Report Fact Sheet Report

**Items in the Report**  
Please select the desired report elements:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portfolio Visualization	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Diversification Dashboard	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Profit and Loss chart	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Risk and Return Chart	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allocation Chart	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Diversification Sources
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Position Performance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Positions	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Return Report	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Risk Measures		

**Narrative**  
Please enter any text you want to appear on the first page of the report:  
This portfolio is...

☐ Save Portfolio Descriptions ☐ Default Disclosure

**Generate Report**

**Disclosure Statements**  
Please drag and drop statements to the editor field.

- Risk disclosure
- Past Performance
- Portfolio data
- Data used to build model
- Solely for informational purposes
- CI shall not be responsible
- Supplemental sales literature
- The fund is not FDIC-insured
- Asset performance statistics
- This portfolio is hypothetical
- Results not guaranteed

Format (inherited font) (inherited size)

This portfolio is hypothetical. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. The suitability of this portfolio recommendation must come from a Registered Investment Advisor. Investing involves risk; including loss of principal and failure to attain expected results.

Checking these boxes will save the reports elements to the report in the future

Select standard disclosure items or create your own

Include a narrative or for the factsheets, include a strategy description and objective and a firm profile and manager profile.

# HELP

Contact information for direct support or support tickets

Look up worldwide exchange codes as ticker suffix for global exchange strategies

Glossary with definitions and formulas

The screenshot shows the GRAVITY INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO REOPTIMIZER interface. At the top, the logo and navigation bar are visible. The main content area displays the 'G-Sphere Policy Guide' with sections for Constraints, Diversification Management, and Simulation. Callouts point to various features: 'Support' (bottom left), 'Exchange Code Page' (top left), 'Glossary' (top right), 'Policies Description' (bottom left), 'Gravity Walk Forward Guide' (bottom right), 'Investor' (top left), 'Portfolios' (top left), 'Modeling' (top left), 'Research' (top left), 'Compare' (top left), 'Settings' (top left), 'Help' (top left), 'Threshold Constraint' (bottom left), 'Constraint Policy' (bottom left), 'Computation Dimension' (bottom left), 'Simulation' (bottom left), 'Simulation Count' (bottom left), 'Simulation ND' (bottom left), and 'Allow existing assets to vary' (bottom left).

GRAVITY INVESTMENTS

PORTFOLIO REOPTIMIZER

Logged in as: **James Damschroder** [Logout](#)

Support Exchange Code Page Glossary Policies Description Gravity Walk Forward Guide

### G-Sphere Policy Guide

#### Constraints

Threshold Constraint	The Threshold Policy is applied to both a portfolio and any recommendation report built including that portfolio. The purpose of the threshold is to remove very small allocation weights that are so small as to be a nuisance due to the transaction costs. In weighing the portfolio benefit given the value of a portfolio. The value is expressed as a percentage and any allocation given to any assets less than the designated percentage will be reset to zero and the capital reallocated to the remaining assets.
Constraint Policy	This policy when activated incorporates the global minimum and maximum constraints as part of the policy tree.

#### Diversification Management

Computation Dimension	The Computational Dimension relates to the number of assets being optimized. Generally the more assets being optimized the higher the computational dimension. A rule of thumb is to set the Computational Dimension as the square root of the number of assets. Three is the minimum value, while there is no formal maximum, the computational demands grows exponentially with every added dimension so we generally cap the values at 10. The computational dimension is also used as a concentration control function, the smaller the computational dimension the more gsphere will "cherry pick" a smaller subset of the most efficient and optimal assets.
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#### Simulation

Simulation	The Simulation is used to generate a "Superposition" which represents the average allocation produced by each simulated iteration. The simulation works effectively as a blender and generally normalizes the allocations in the direction of equal-weighting, while maintaining the principal tenants of Diversification Optimization. The simulation policy is preferred to using constraints to ensure a pragmatic, diversified portfolio that balances both systematic and non-systematic risks. The simulation is a Monte Carlo method which means simulated values are drawn from a probability distribution. This helps the simulation maintain a realistic posture.
Simulation Count	The greater the simulation count, the greater the blending. Values should generally be set in the range 0-100. Simulations counts greater than 100 will have only a marginal effect and will take more time to compute.
Simulation ND	ND simulations combine the Monte Carlo simulation method with Gsphere's own genetic algorithm. The resulting combination produces the same superposition allocation but one that is a little less randomly fluctuated and more in tune with the realistic, non-random structure of the optimization inputs. Generally speaking it is the preferred simulation option.
Allow existing assets to vary	An existing position refers to an allocation, share of value that has been defined to the system. These positions will not vary in its portfolio weight unless checked.

Detailed descriptions of investment policies

Guide to walk forward out of sample multiperiod backtesting