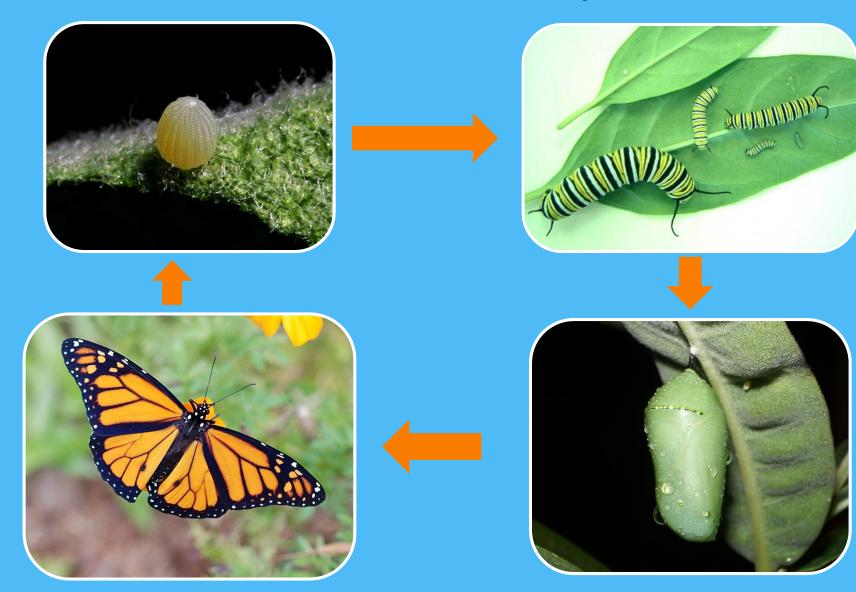
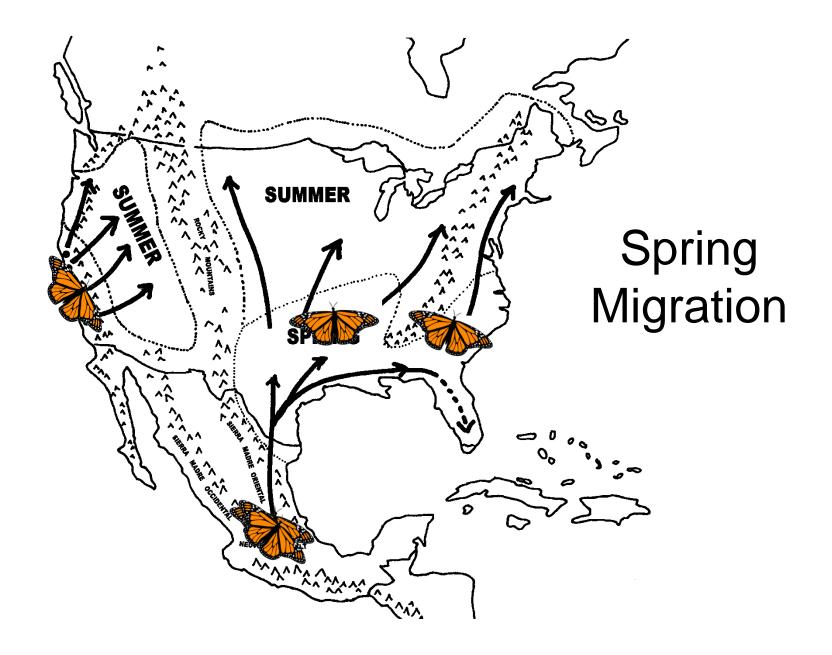
Monarch and Pollinator Conservation

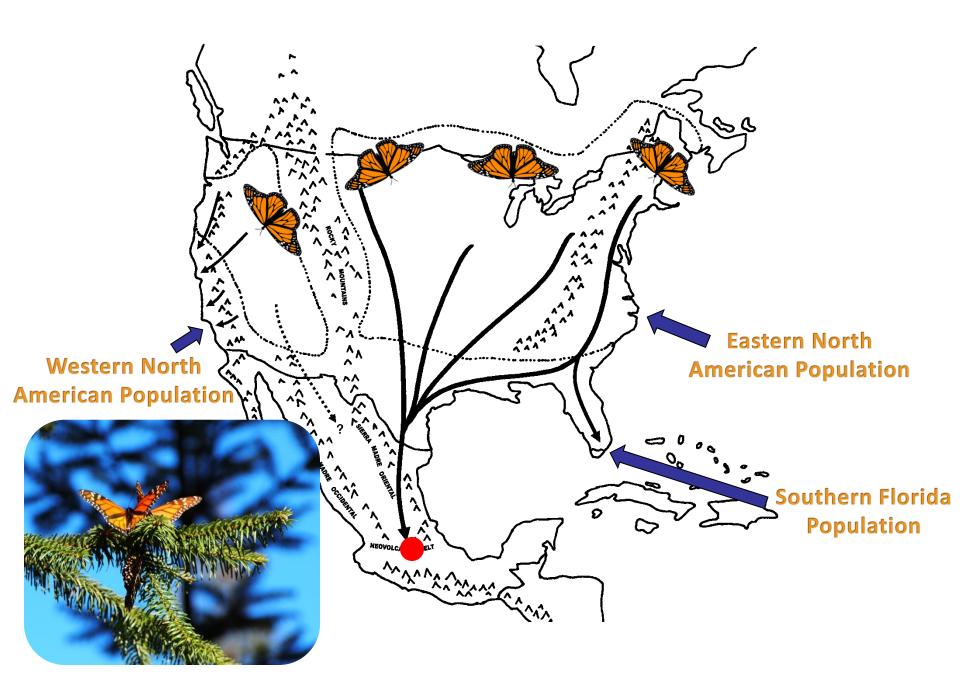
Wildlife & Energy Interaction Symposium



Monarch Life Cycle







Mexican Overwintering Sites

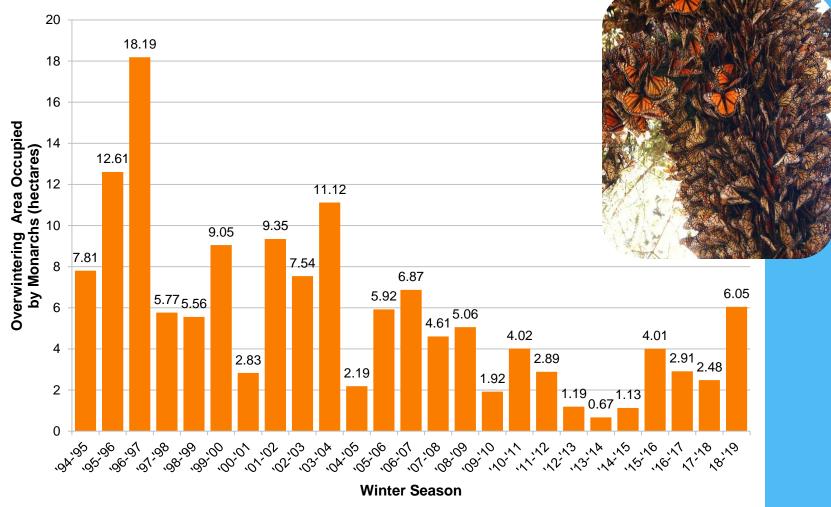






Eastern Population Trends

Eastern Monarch Numbers



Garcia-Serrano et al. 2004, Rendón-Salinas et al. 2015, World Wildlife Fund 2016

Western Population Trends

The Xerces Society Western Monarch Thanksgiving Count

Total Abundance Estimates w/Number of Sites Monitored from 1997-2018

© The Xerces Society for Invertebrate Conservation 2019 1,400,000 300 Total Monarch Abundance Total monarchs reported 1,200,000 250 Number of Sites Monitored # of Sites monitored 1,000,000 200 800,000 150 600,000 100 400,000 50 200,000 0 0 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2013 2013 1998 1999 2000 2003 2004 2005 2006 2014 2015 2016 2018 2002 2017 1997 2001

Year

Milkweed (Asclepias spp.)











Flickr users brettwhaley (A. tuberosa and A. verticillata), CameliaTWU (A. asperula), usfwsmidwest (A. incarnata),

Nectaring







Monarchs as a Flagship

- Engage everyone in science and conservation
- Conservation of monarchs helps other pollinators







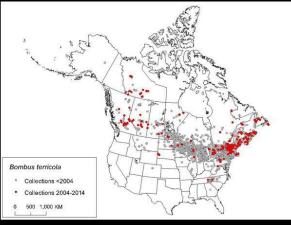
Pollinators of Interest

- FWS Listing-Workplan:
- <u>https://www.fws.gov/endangered/what-we-do/listing-workplan.html</u>



Frosted Elfin

Yellow Banded Bumblebee



Regal Fritillary



The Insect Apocalypse Is Here

What does it mean for the rest of life on Earth?

The New York Times Magazine

| | Candidate Conservation Agreements with Assurances (CCAA) | Candidate Conservation Agreements (CCA) | Policy Regarding Voluntary Prelisting Conservation | Safe Harbor Agreement s (SHA) | Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) | Conservation Banks |
|---------------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|--|
| Purpose | Preclude listing by addressing key threats | Preclude listing by addressing key threats | Preclude listing and prevent future decline by proactive conservation | Recover species by addressing key threats | Conserve species by offsetting impacts and supporting partner activities | Conserve species by permanently protecting important habitat and supporting mitigation for partner activities |
| Participants | Non-federal | Anyone | Anyone | Non-federal | Non-federal | Anyone |
| Species | Species at-risk | Species at- risk | Species at-risk | ESA-listed | ESA-listed and species at-risk | ESA-listed and species at-risk |
| Assurances to signatories | Would not be asked to do more than agreed to in the CCAA, even if covered species is listed | None | Credit-buyer receives documented credit for their investment if species becomes listed | Would not be required to implement additional actions beyond SHA | Would not be required to implement additional actions beyond HCP | Credit-buyer receives documented credit for their investment |

What is a CCAA?

- > Candidate Conservation Agreement with Assurances (CCAA) are:
 - voluntary agreements that provide conservation for a species that in the future may be listed,
 - provide net conservation benefit to covered species and address all key threats under property owners' control (manageable threats), and
 - Assurances that USFWS will not require additional conservation measures or restrictions (beyond those described in the CCAA) if the species becomes listed



Monarch Listing Determination

• New Deadline: December 15, 2020

- Possible determinations:
 - Not warranted;
 - Warranted, and threatened, or endangered
 - Warranted, but precluded (candidate)

Conservation efforts matter more than ever!



CCAAs and the Nationwide Monarch Agreement



What can you do?

- Plant milkweed and native nectar plants
- Different species of milkweed grow in various areas
- Have nectar available through the entire season



Our efforts will be worthwhile!

- Monarchs exist in both disturbed and pristine habitats that are shared with many pollinators
- Monarchs are interesting organisms from which we still have a lot to learn
- Monarch migration is unparalleled!

