

AgriPhage™

BACTERIOPHAGE BACTERIACIDE



Storing and Mixing Instructions

The following instructions and guidelines are designed to help you achieve the highest level of bacterial control with AgriPhage.

Use With Other Treatments

AgriPhage may be combined with most fungicides, fertilizers, insecticides, etc. **Do not** mix AgriPhage with any copper-based products. Please visit certisusa.com or contact your sales representative for our most current list of compatible products, or if you have additional chemicals that you would like to have tested for compatibility.

Tank Mixing

AgriPhage should be added to your tank only after you have filled the tank with water and after adding any other compatible chemicals or treatments.

Citric acid or other pH balancing chemicals should be added before adding AgriPhage.

Do not add AgriPhage to any pre-mixing tank or conical mixer. Only add AgriPhage to the final, large spray tank after chemicals are fully diluted. Mixing high concentrations of

- compatible products could possibly decrease the optimization of AgriPhage.
- Chlorine in your water should not exceed .05 ppm. If chlorine concentration exceeds this level, adding a very small amount of thiosulfate-containing fertilizer, such as Thio-Sul® (ammonium thiosulphate) will neutralize the chlorine to a safe level.
- Optimal water pH level is 6.5, but may safely range from 5.5 to 9.0.

Storage

- AgriPhage should be stored in areas where the product temperature does not exceed 100 degrees Fahrenheit or 37 degrees Celsius. Recap unused product as soon as possible to decrease possibility of airborne contamination being introduced into bottle and use within 24 hours.

