

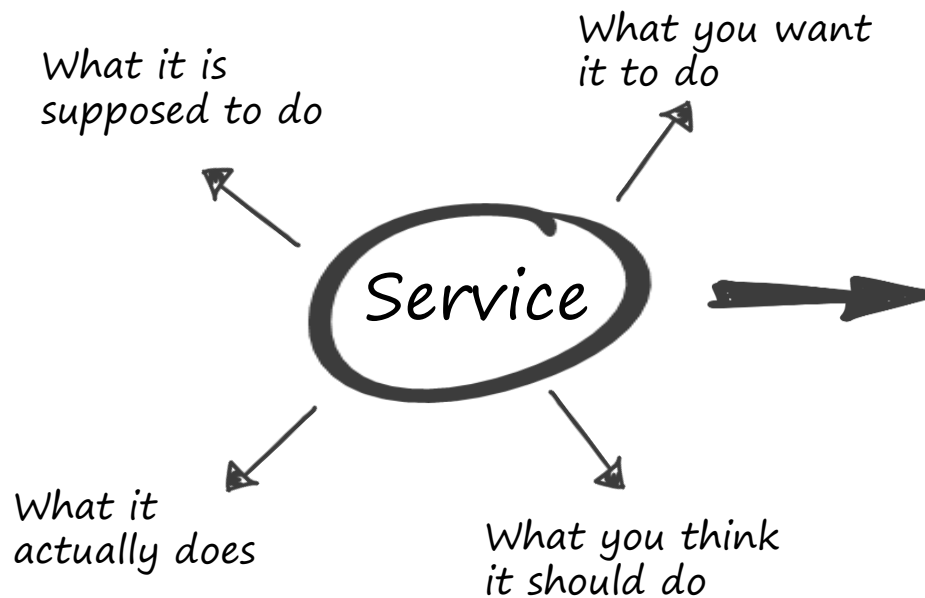
Key Management Tasks

SIGS Event February 9th, 2017
About & Beyond PKI

marcel.suter@libC.ch

Agenda

- Security Services
- Key Management
 - Planning
 - Specifications
- Use Cases
 - Out of the box PKI
 - Standard PKI deployments involving HSMs
 - PKI deployments involving HSMs and Smartcards
- Key Generation
- Keys in the Cloud
- Conclusion
- Q&A



Security?

- Confidentiality
- Data Integrity
- Integrity authentication
- Source authentication
- Authorization
- Non-repudiation
- Support services (RNG)
- Combined services

Planning

- Security Services
- Cryptographic Algorithms
- Key Types
- Key Usages (one usage == one key)
- Cryptoperiods
- Assurances
- Key Compromise
- Key Sizes
- Protection Requirements
- Protection Mechanisms
- Key States/Transitions
- Key Management Phases
- Accountability, Audit
- Contingency

Specification

- Aspects of the Cryptographic Application
- Communication Environment
- Key Management
- Key Generation
- Key Distribution
- Key Storage
- Access Control
- Key Material Accounting
- Key Recovery
- Key Compromise

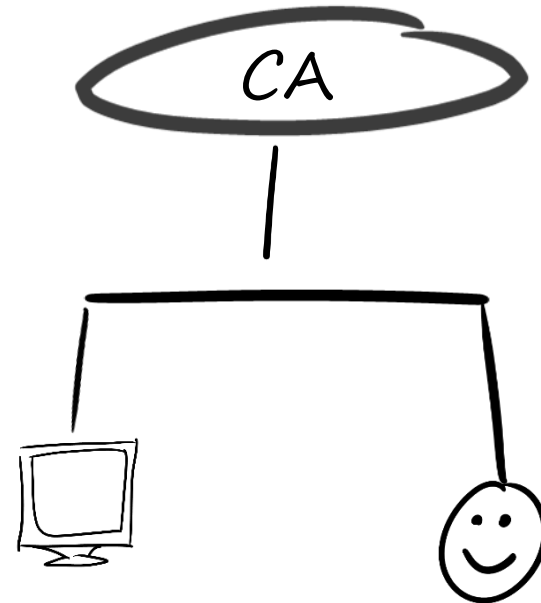
An illusion of security



out-of-the-box PKI

Software Keys for CA and End Users/Systems

- Mechanisms
- Protocols
- Afforded key protection
- Protection against key modification
- Protection against unauthorized disclosure
- Secure key generation
- Secure key storage
- Secure key distribution
- Secure key usage
- Secure key destruction

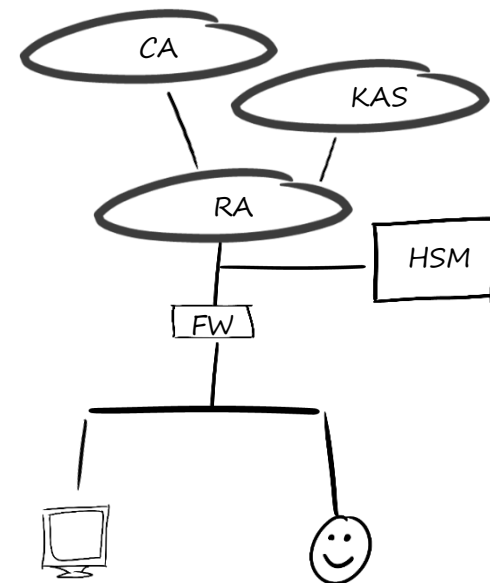


Standard PKI

Hardware Keys for PKI and Software Keys for End Users/Systems

HW SW

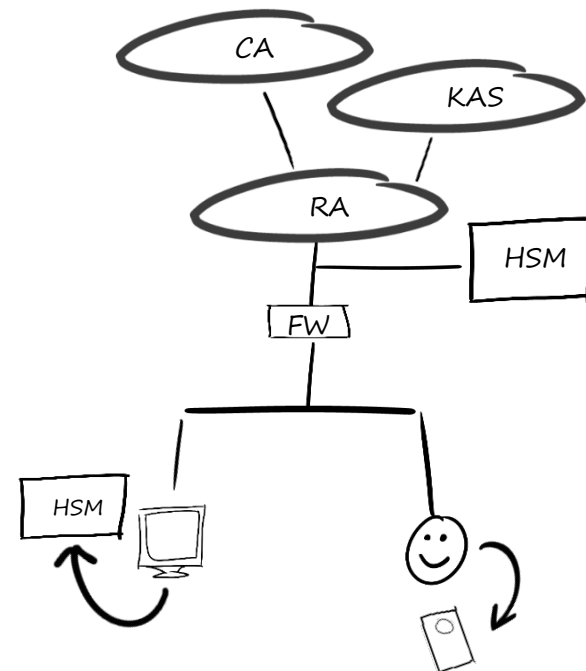
- Mechanisms
- Protocols
- Afforded key protection
- Protection against key modification
- Protection against unauthorized disclosure
- Secure key generation
- Secure key storage
- Secure key distribution
- Secure key usage
- Secure key destruction



PKI with Smartcards

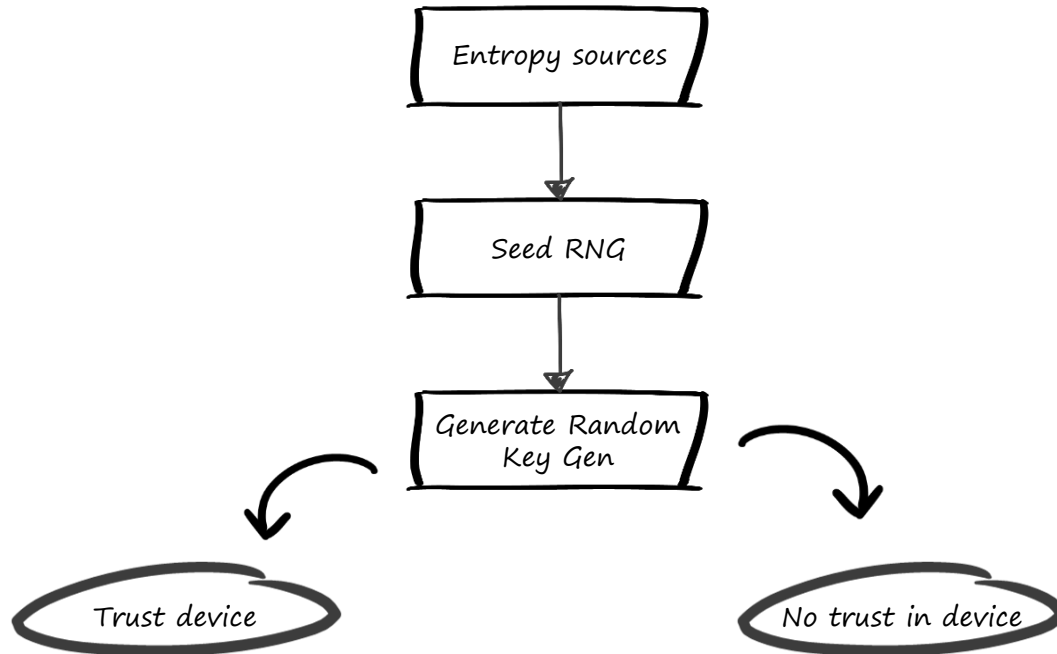
Hardware Keys for PKI and End Users/Systems

- Mechanisms
- Protocols (network vs USB)
- Afforded key protection
- Protection against key modification
- Protection against unauthorized disclosure
- Secure key generation
- Secure key storage
- Secure key distribution (key recovery)
- Secure key usage
- Secure key destruction



Key Generation

To trust or not to trust

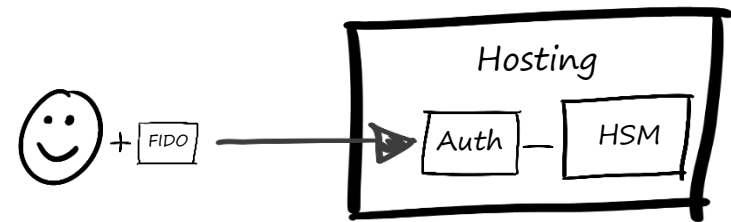
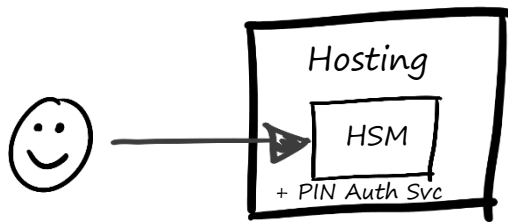


- Validate entropy sources
- Verify manufacturer's Seed RNG implementation
- Verify manufacturer's Generate Random implementation
- Verify manufacturer's Key Generation implementation

- Manufacturer dependency
- Key extraction usually impossible from HW device

- SW key generation procedure
 - Control over entropy sources
 - Control over RNG Seed
 - Control over Generate Random and Key Generation
- SW key injection into device
- Disposal and wipeout of SW key generation device
- Generated SW key secure archiving
- No manufacturer dependency

Keys in the Cloud



- Solves your renewal, recovery, dependency on smart cards, key protection, key modification, key distribution, key usage, key destruction
- Secured client/partition communication implemented via ECDH, AES-GCM
- Customer master keys represent the top level key hierarchy. Everything underneath it is ciphered with this master key

- Choose hosting with care, think twice: 5th Availability + EU
- You loose 2FA
- Partition PIN access provides insufficient protection
- Cloud services offer FIPS 140-2 Level 2 (Azure), not yet FIPS validated for Amazon
- No control over RNG

- Solves your renewal, recovery, dependency on smart cards, key protection, key modification, key distribution, key usage, key destruction
- Secured client/partition communication implemented via ECDH, AES-GCM
- FIDO token provides the integrity and the second factor (+PIN)
- Uses a second PIN to access the master encryption key

- Choose hosting with care, think twice: 5th Availability + EU
- No control over RNG
- DDOS

Conclusion

