



The Latest in Funding for Early Stage Start-ups:

Investment Strategies and Vehicles

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Beginner-Friendly Financing

- I. Introduction to basic financing deals
 - Differences between stock and non-stock investment deals
- II. Different types of investors
 - Investor preferences for different deal types



You Must be a C-Corporation

What else might the company be?

LLC:

- Owners are responsible for company's tax
- Big investors reject this responsibility

S Corporation:

- Investment funds prohibited from investing
- Investors will make these switch to Delaware C Corporation
- Do this before getting too big



FINANCING MECHANISMS



SBIR Grants

- Government funding for small technology companies
- Can obtain \$Millions
- Does not affect stock ownership
- Must manufacture product in US





Convertible Notes

- Also called <u>Bridge</u> or <u>Convertible Debt</u>
- Investor loans money to the company
- Good for raising up to \$500,000
- Mechanically simple and inexpensive
- Offers few protections to the investor
- Investor does not gain control in company



Convertible Notes

 Repay the loan in stock at the next stock sale



- Always repaid with a bonus
- Typical bonus is 20%
- Industry term is "20% discount"
- Loan often pays interest in the form of extra stock
 - 2-15% interest is common



SAFE

- SAFE: Simple Agreement for Future Equity
- Simpler than a convertible note
- Layperson friendly
- Accessibility is prioritized over comprehensiveness



SAFE

- Used only for small investments
- Provides essentially zero protection to investor
- Professional investors may refuse this vehicle
- Does not provide a 20% discount
- Does not pay interest



Stock



- Vehicle for large investments
- Investor usually gains influence over company management
- Provides strong protections to investor
- Deals usually preceded by thorough diligence
- Often obtain a convertible note to raise the money to pay for this process



Seed Round

- An early round of stock
- Usually up to \$1M
- Enough capital for 12-18 months
- Lower cost, lesser legal complexity than later stock deals
- Fewer protections for investors than later stock deals





Series A Round, and Beyond

- Usually \$2-10M
- Investors require extensive protections
- Investor often gets a Board seat
- Investor may replace management, or fill gaps
- Companies commonly go as far as Series D before IPO or merger





Tranches

- Sometimes a stock deal does not happen in a lump sum
- More common for multi-million dollar investments



- Investment is paid by installments
- Payment of next installment is often contingent upon hitting a milestone



Valuations

- Stock deals require a valuation of the company prior to investment
- Convertible notes and SAFE do not
- Often based on value of comparable companies
- Three possible scenarios:
 - Up Round
 - Down Round
 - Flat Round



Example Valuation

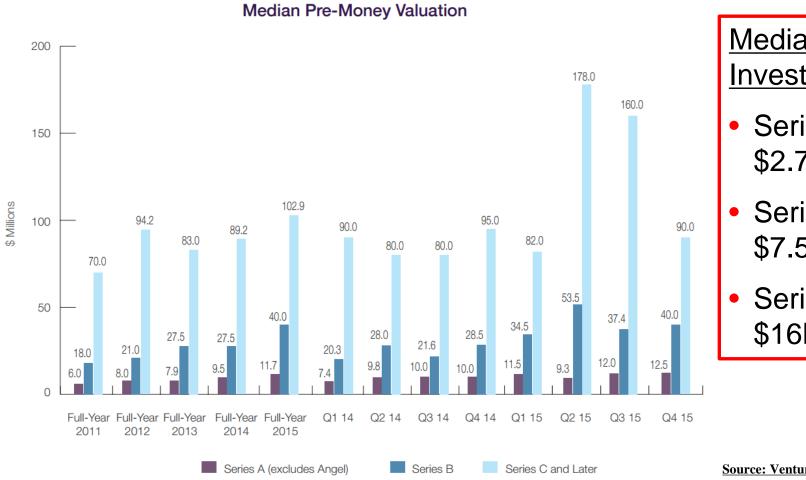
VC thinks:

- We want to own 40% of this company
- We want to invest \$8M

<u>Company</u>		<u>Investor</u>		<u>Post-investment</u>
All existing equity will be		Wants the investment to be		
60% of post- investment value	+	40% of post-investment value	=	100% of post- investment value
Pre-Money Valuation		<u>Investment</u> <u>Value</u>		Post-Money Valuation
\$12M	+	\$8M	=	\$20M



Valuation Trends for 2015



Median <u>Investment</u>

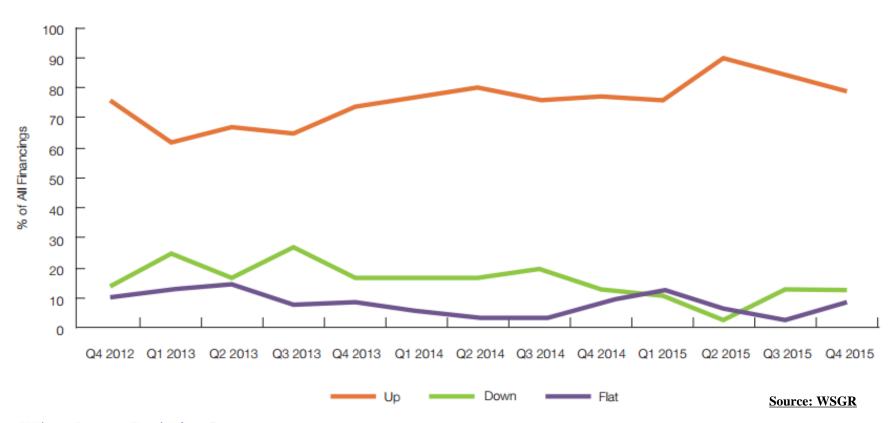
- Series A: \$2.7M
- Series B: \$7.5M
- Series C: \$16M

Source: VentureSource



Valuation Trends

Up and Down Rounds by Quarter





FUNDING SOURCES





WTR Types of Professional Investors

<u>Investor</u> <u>Preferences</u>	<u>Angels</u>	<u>Venture</u> <u>Capital Funds</u>	Investment Banks	Major Industry Partners
<u>Amounts</u>	Up to \$2M	Many \$Million	Many \$Million	Varies
Invest Early Stage?	YES	MAYBE	NO	NO
Invest in small market tech?	YES	NO	NO	NO
Invest in mega market tech?	MAYBE	YES	YES	YES
Tolerate gaps in management?	YES	YES	NO	NO
Deep Pre- Financing Diligence?	NO	YES	YES	N/A



Friends and Family



- Very small investments
- Personal relationships can interfere with the business deal
- Usually have no ability to help run the company
- Poor documentation is a major problem



Angels

- Often your first investor
- Individual persons investing their own money
- Not a fund
- Sometimes invest as a group





Angels

- Experienced industry professionals or health care providers
- Want products that can be advanced for a few \$Million
- Look for short-term cash-out





Angels

- Normally not involved in company management
- Negotiations are usually fast and inexpensive
- Legal demand is usually light
- Sometimes dabble in non-life science sectors



Venture Capital Funds

- Investment professionals, managing a pool of money from others:
- Insurance companies
- Universities

Retirement funds

- Super-rich individuals
- Hold long term for merger or IPO
- Seek huge, expanding markets
- Avoid low-margin products





Venture Capital Funds

- Often require a seat on the Board of Directors
- Will fill gaps in company leadership
- Look for a VC who wants to help run the company
- Negotiations are usually long and expensive
- Legal demands are heavy



Investment Banks

- Not a fund
- Manages / brokers investments for other big investors
- Finance IPOs for mature companies
- For young companies:
 - Might introduce a small investor
 - May charge the company a success fee





Industry Partnership

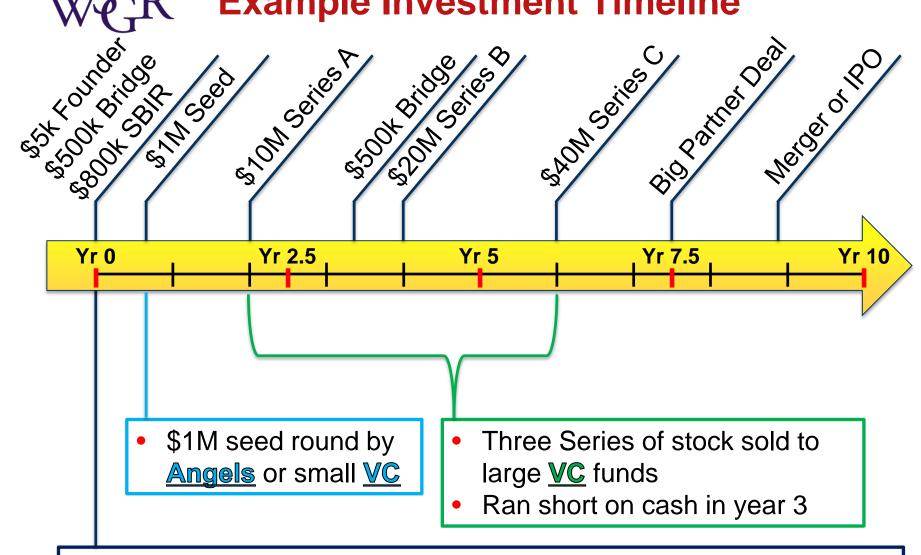
- Big Pharma helps develop a product
- Product must already show potential
- Big Pharma is paid from future product revenue
- Does not purchase stock
- Often a good strategy for a twoproduct company



Investor Preferences

<u>Investor</u> <u>Preferences</u>	Friends and Family	<u>Angels</u>	<u>Venture</u> <u>Capital Funds</u>
<u>Amounts</u>	Small	Up to \$2M	Many \$Million
Undocumented Deals (trouble)	YES	NO	NO
<u>SAFE</u>	YES	MAYBE	NO
<u>Convertible</u> <u>Notes</u>	YES	YES	MAYBE
Seed Round	MAYBE	YES	YES
Series A and Later	NO	NO	YES

Example Investment Timeline



Founder spent \$5k to get started, and an **Angel** put up \$500k



Thank you

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