

## The Weekly Bottom Line

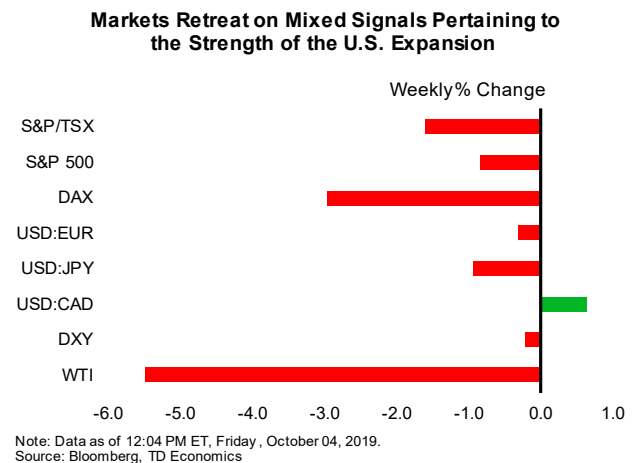
October 4, 2019

### Highlights of the Week

- October began on a sour note. A deepening contraction in the manufacturing ISM confirmed that the global manufacturing slump has washed up on American shores, and the sectoral weakness may be spreading into other industries.
- The jobs report offered some encouragement, even as the details were not entirely positive. Payrolls rose a decent 136k and the unemployment rate fell to a 50-year low at 3.5%. Still, wage growth cooled, dipping below 3% y/y.
- Trade developments remained top of mind. After getting the okay from the WTO, the U.S. plans to apply tariffs on \$7.5 bn of EU goods in mid-October. This is around the same time it plans to increase the tariff rate on \$250 bn of Chinese goods. This increases the chances of tit-for-tat measures, which would expedite the slowdown in global growth

This Week in the Markets				
	Current*	Week Ago	52-Week High	52-Week Low
<b>Stock Market Indexes</b>				
S&P 500	2937	2962	3026	2351
S&P/TSX Comp.	16426	16694	16900	13780
DAX	12013	12381	12630	10382
FTSE 100	7155	7426	7687	6585
Nikkei	21410	21879	23976	19156
<b>Fixed Income Yields</b>				
U.S. 10-yr Treasury	1.52	1.68	3.24	1.46
Canada 10-yr Bond	1.24	1.36	2.60	1.09
Germany 10-yr Bund	-0.59	-0.57	0.57	-0.71
UK 10-yr Gilt	0.44	0.50	1.73	0.41
Japan 10-yr Bond	-0.21	-0.24	0.16	-0.29
<b>Foreign Exchange Cross Rates</b>				
C\$ (USD per CAD)	0.75	0.75	0.77	0.73
Euro (USD per EUR)	1.10	1.09	1.16	1.09
Pound (USD per GBP)	1.23	1.23	1.33	1.20
Yen (JPY per USD)	106.9	107.9	114.1	105.3
<b>Commodity Spot Prices**</b>				
Crude Oil (\$US/bbl)	52.9	55.9	75.0	42.3
Natural Gas (\$US/MMBtu)	2.31	2.41	4.80	2.02
Copper (\$US/met. tonne)	5628.3	5736.3	6555.5	5584.5
Gold (\$US/troy oz.)	1503.2	1497.1	1552.4	1188.2

\*As of 12:02 PM on Friday. \*\*Oil-WTI, Cushing, Nat. Gas-Henry Hub, LA (Thursday close price). Copper-LME Grade A. Gold-London Gold Bullion. Source: Bloomberg.



Global Official Policy Rate Targets	
	Current Target
Federal Reserve (Fed Funds Rate)	1.75 - 2.00%
Bank of Canada (Overnight Rate)	1.75%
European Central Bank (Refi Rate)	0.00%
Bank of England (Repo Rate)	0.75%
Bank of Japan (Overnight Rate)	-0.10%

Source: Central Banks.

TD Economics Key Financial Forecasts													
	Current Rate	2019				2020				2021			
	10/4/19	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4F	Q1F	Q2F	Q3F	Q4F	Q1F	Q2F	Q3F	Q4F
Fed Funds Target Rate	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.00	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.75
2-yr Govt. Bond Yield	1.41	2.27	1.75	1.63	1.60	1.60	1.65	1.70	1.80	1.90	2.00	2.10	2.20
10-yr Govt. Bond Yield	1.52	2.27	2.00	1.68	1.70	1.70	1.80	1.90	2.00	2.10	2.20	2.30	2.40
30-yr Govt. Bond Yield	2.02	2.81	2.52	2.12	2.25	2.25	2.30	2.40	2.50	2.60	2.65	2.70	2.75

Forecast by TD Economics as of September 2019; all forecasts are end-of-period. Source: Bloomberg, Federal Reserve Board, TD Economics.

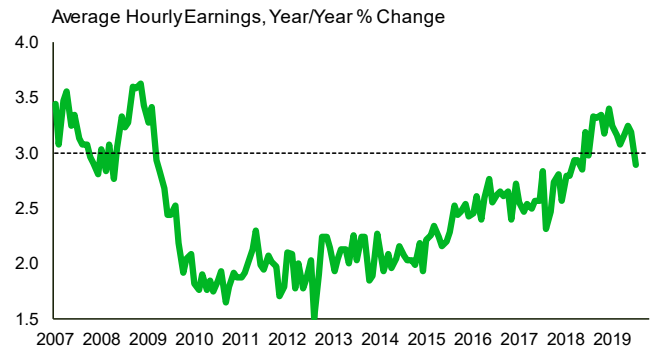
## Mixed Signals on Strength of Expansion

The mood at the start of October was predominantly downbeat, with a weak manufacturing report setting the tone early on. The ISM manufacturing index fell again in September, diving deeper into contractionary territory (Chart 1). The details of the report were equally disappointing, with weakness broad-based across the sub-components. Strikingly, new export orders fell to the lowest level since early 2009. The recent deterioration is a clear sign that the global manufacturing slump has now firmly washed up on American shores. The other, larger side of the U.S. economy also showed signs of fatigue. The ISM non-manufacturing index, disappointed expectations, retreating by nearly 4 points to 52.6 in September. While the index remains in expansionary territory, its downward trajectory is an indication that the manufacturing slump is seeping into other sectors.

The consumer remains the main bright spot for the American economy. Keeping with that theme, U.S. vehicle sales continued their momentum with yet another strong reading in September (+1.1% to 17.2 million). On the surface, this bodes well for consumer spending in the third quarter. That said, given that the monthly gain was driven by fleet volume, we caution against reading too much into it.

The jobs report however, offered additional encouragement on the consumption narrative. Payrolls rose by 136k in September – a decent print, but one that highlights an expected slowing trajectory in hiring at this point in the cycle. In addition, the tally for payrolls in the two months prior was bumped up by 45k. Meanwhile, the unemploy-

**Chart 2: Wage Growth Dipped Below 3% y/y in September for the First Time since Mid-2018**



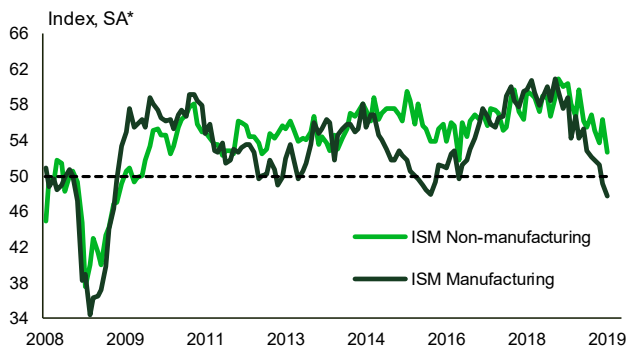
Source: BLS, TD Economics

ment rate fell to a 50-year low of 3.5%. Given that the participation rate held steady, the drop in the jobless rate appears to be organically-driven, as workers moved out of unemployment and into jobs. One thorn in the side of this report, however, was a cooling of wage growth to 2.9% y/y – a factor that does not bode well for income growth (Chart 2).

Aside from data, there were plenty of other salient developments this week, with trade remaining top of mind. The WTO gave the U.S. the green light to impose tariffs on \$7.5 bn worth of EU goods, with the ruling pertaining to a long-running dispute over illegal subsidies provided to Airbus (the EU is pursuing a similar case against Boeing). The U.S. is wasting no time, announcing plans to apply tariffs between 10% and 25% on October 18th (see [list of products](#)). This would come at a particularly bad time for the EU, which is on the brink of recession (see [here](#)). The issue is not so much the \$7.5 bn of goods impacted, but rather what might come after.

A flare up in tensions may get the ball rolling for more tit-for-tat measures. The EU's retaliation could push the U.S. to levy auto tariffs. A decision on the latter is already pending for mid-November. What's more, in mid-October, the U.S. is set to raise tariffs on \$250 bn of Chinese goods. Increased protectionist measures with any or both of its two most important goods trading partners, will expedite the slowdown in global growth. In this vein, we expect the Fed to continue with its cautionary stance by cutting rates once more this year.

**Chart 1: Manufacturing & Non-Manufacturing Activity Deteriorate in September**



\*An index above 50 indicates an increase in activity.  
Source: ISM, TD Economics

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## Upcoming Key Economic Releases

### U.S. Consumer Price Index –September\*

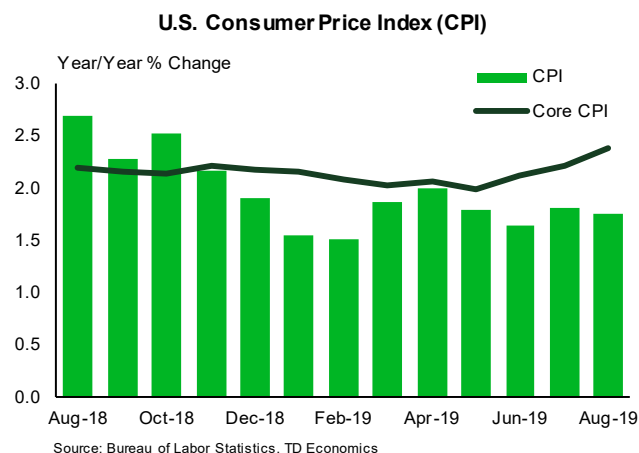
Release Date: October 10, 2019

Previous: 0.1% m/m, 1.7% y/y; core 0.3% m/m

TD Forecast: 0.1% m/m, 1.8% y/y; core 0.2% m/m

Consensus: 0.1% m/m, 1.8% y/y; core 0.2% m/m

We look for headline CPI to tick up a tenth to 1.8% y/y in September (0.1% m/m) despite another monthly decline in energy prices. Conversely, core inflation should stay unchanged at 2.4% y/y, reflecting a firm 0.2% m/m advance — though slightly softer than in Jun-Aug reflecting more subdued core goods inflation. That said, a steady 0.2% m/m gain in services should support core prices in September. We anticipate owners' equivalent rent to advance at 0.3% m/m, up from two consecutive 0.2% monthly gains, and for the ex-shelter segment to slow modestly on a monthly basis.



\*Forecast by Rates and FX Strategy Group. For further information, contact [TDRates&FXCommoditiesResearch@tdsecurities.com](mailto:TDRates&FXCommoditiesResearch@tdsecurities.com)

Recent Key Economic Indicators: Sep 30 - Oct 04, 2019					
Release Date	Economic Indicator/Event	Data for Period	Units	Current	Prior
<b>United States</b>					
Oct 01	Wards Total Vehicle Sales	Sep	Mlns	17.2	17.0
Oct 01	ISM Employment	Sep	Index	46.3	47.4
Oct 01	ISM Manufacturing	Sep	Index	47.8	49.1
Oct 01	Markit US Manufacturing PMI	Sep	Index	51.1	51.0
Oct 02	ADP Employment Change	Sep	Thsd	135.0	157.0
Oct 03	ISM Non-Manufacturing Index	Sep	Index	52.6	56.4
Oct 03	Initial Jobless Claims	Sep 28	Thsd	219.0	215.0
Oct 03	Markit US Services PMI	Sep	Index	50.9	50.9
Oct 03	Factory Orders	Aug	M/M % Chg.	-0.1	1.4
Oct 03	Factory Orders Ex Trans	Aug	M/M % Chg.	0.0	0.2
Oct 04	Change in Nonfarm Payrolls	Sep	Thsd	136.0	168.0
Oct 04	Trade Balance	Aug	Blns	-54.9	-54.0
Oct 04	Unemployment Rate	Sep	%	3.5	3.7
Oct 04	Average Hourly Earnings	Sep	M/M % Chg.	0.0	0.4
<b>Canada</b>					
Sep 30	Industrial Product Price	Aug	M/M % Chg.	0.2	-0.3
Oct 01	Gross Domestic Product	Jul	M/M % Chg.	0.0	0.2
Oct 01	Markit Canada Manufacturing PMI	Sep	Index	51.0	49.1
Oct 04	Int'l Merchandise Trade	Aug	CAD, Blns	-0.96	-1.38
<b>International</b>					
Sep 30	EZ Unemployment Rate	Aug	%	7.4	7.5
Sep 30	JN Jobless Rate	Aug	%	2.2	2.2
Sep 30	UK Gross Domestic Product	2Q	Y/Y % Chg.	1.3	1.2
Oct 01	EZ Consumer Price Index Estimate	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	0.9	1.0
Oct 03	EZ Retail Sales	Aug	Y/Y % Chg.	2.1	2.2

Source: Bloomberg, TD Economics.

Upcoming Economic Releases and Events: Oct 07 - 11, 2019						
Release Date	Time*	Economic Indicator/Event	Data for Period	Units	Consensus Forecast	Last Period
<b>United States</b>						
Oct 7	10:20	<i>Fed's Neel Kashkari Speaks in Prior Lake, MN</i>				
Oct 7	13:00	<i>Fed's Jerome Powell Speaks in Salt Lake City, UT</i>				
Oct 8	6:00	NFIB Small Business Optimism	Sep	Index	102.5	103.1
Oct 8	8:30	Producer Price Index Ex Food and Energy	Sep	M/M % Chg.	0.2	0.3
Oct 8	8:30	Producer Price Index Final Demand	Sep	M/M % Chg.	0.1	0.1
Oct 8	13:35	<i>Fed's Charles Evans Speaks at the Rotary Club in Chicago, IL</i>				
Oct 8	13:50	<i>Fed's Jerome Powell Speaks at NABE in Denver, CO</i>				
Oct 8	17:00	<i>Fed's Neel Kashkari Speaks at St. Cloud State University in St. Cloud, MN</i>				
Oct 9	10:00	Wholesale Trade Sales	Aug	M/M % Chg.	-	0.3
Oct 9	11:00	<i>Fed's Jerome Powell and Esther George Speak in Kansas City, MO</i>				
Oct 9	14:00	FOMC Meeting Minutes	Sep 18		-	-
Oct 10	8:30	Consumer Price Index	Sep	M/M % Chg.	0.1	0.1
Oct 10	8:30	Consumer Price Index Ex Food and Energy	Sep	M/M % Chg.	0.2	0.3
Oct 10	8:30	Consumer Price Index	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	1.9	1.7
Oct 10	8:30	Consumer Price Index Ex Food and Energy	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	2.4	2.4
Oct 10	8:30	Real Avg Hourly Earning	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	-	1.5
Oct 10	8:30	Initial Jobless Claims	Oct 5	Thsd	-	-
Oct 10	12:15	<i>Fed's Neel Kashkari Speaks in New York, NY</i>				
Oct 10	17:30	<i>Fed's Loretta Mester Speaks at John Carroll University in University Heights, OH</i>				
Oct 11	8:00	<i>Fed's Neel Kashkari Speaks at the Council on Foreign Relations in New York, NY</i>				
Oct 11	8:30	Export Price Index	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	-	-1.4
Oct 11	8:30	Export Price Index	Sep	M/M % Chg.	-	-0.6
Oct 11	8:30	Import Price Index ex Petroleum	Sep	M/M % Chg.	-0.1	0.0
Oct 11	13:15	<i>Fed's Eric Rosengren Speaks at the American Economic Challenges Symposium in Madison, WI</i>				
Oct 11	15:00	<i>Fed's Robert Kaplan Speaks at the Commonwealth Club in San Francisco, CA</i>				
<b>Canada</b>						
Oct 8	8:15	Housing Starts	Sep	Thsd	-	226.6
Oct 11	8:30	Hourly Wage Rate Permanent Employees	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	-	3.8
Oct 11	8:30	Unemployment Rate	Sep	%	-	5.7
Oct 11	8:30	Net Change in Employment	Sep	Thsd	-	81.1
<b>International</b>						
Oct 7	21:45	CH Caixin China PMI Composite	Sep	Index	-	51.6
Oct 9	19:50	JN Producer Price Index	Sep	Y/Y % Chg.	-	-0.9
Oct 10	4:30	UK Industrial Production	Aug	Y/Y % Chg.	-	-0.9

\* Eastern Standard Time. Source: Bloomberg, TD Economics.

## Disclaimer

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