



#### CORIAL 210D

## High quality films deposition at low temperature



 $SiO_2$ ,  $Si_3N_4$ , SiOF, SiOCH, aSi-H, SiC deposition at low temperature (20°C to 150°C)



Reactor flexibility to accommodate a wide range of customer applications in RIE, ICP-RIE, and ICP-CVD modes



Adaptable to a wide range of substrate sizes: wafer pieces, 1x2" to 7x2"; 1x3" to 3x3"; 1x4"; 1x6"





# SYSTEM DESCRIPTION CORIAL 210D



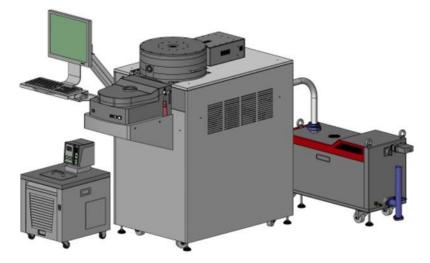


#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

**General View** 960 30 % 750 **SMALLER FOOTPRINT** 1570 360 490

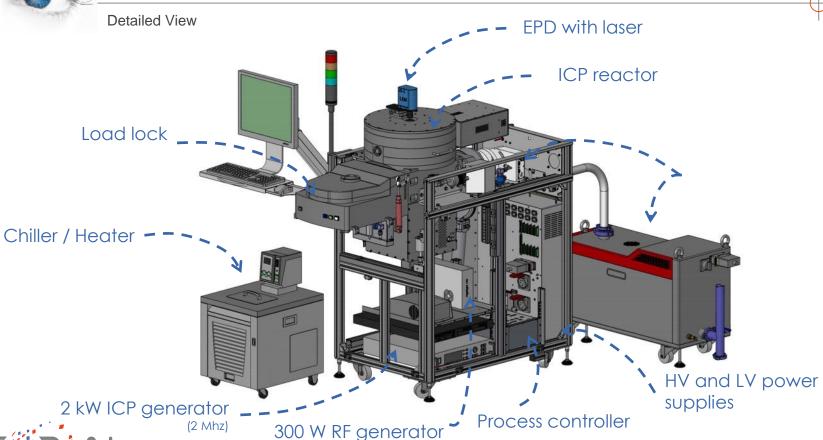
420

# THE MOST COMPACT MACHINE ON THE MARKET





#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



(13.56 Mhz)

Corial 210D



#### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Loading





< 180 s

#### Vacuum robot

FAST AND REPEATABLE LOAD AND UNLOAD

### Shuttle EASY EXCHANGE BETWEEN SUBSTRATE SHAPE AND SIZE



# REACTOR CORIAL 210D





#### A WIDE RANGE OF **APPLICATIONS**



- Low temperature ICP-CVD capabilities and RIE, ICP etching in the same tool
- Optimized delivery of precursors for uniform film deposition (up to 6'') and etching (up to 8'')
- High process flexibility with wide RF power operating range from 100 W to 2000 W
- Reactor's hot walls enhance plasma cleaning efficiency and reduce particle load
- Load lock for short pump-down times, stable and reproducible process conditions
- Load lock to run fluorinated and chlorinated chemistries in the same machine
- Retractable liner and shuttle holding to minimize process cross-contamination
- Uniform wafer temperature ranging from 5°C up to 150°C (optionally from -50°C to 150°C)





**Deposition Processes** 

Precursors (SiH4, C2H4, dopants) and Ar are injected through the gas injector located close to the substrate holder

O2, N2 for deposition and process gasses for plasma cleaning are injected through the top gas shower







**Etching Processes** 

Process gases are delivered using the top gas shower

No gases are injected on the bottom of the reactor







Conversion etching to deposition mode





Etch liner removal after reactor venting and chamber opening



Deposition liner installation



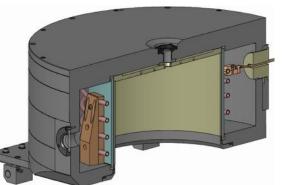
Installation of the 24 quartz tubes in liner's holes







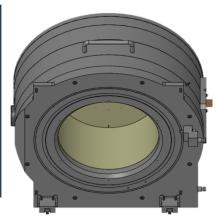
Retractable Quartz Liner



# THE LINER FOR HARSH ICP-RIE PROCESSES

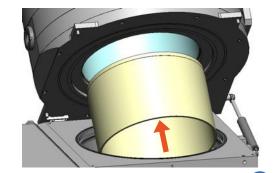




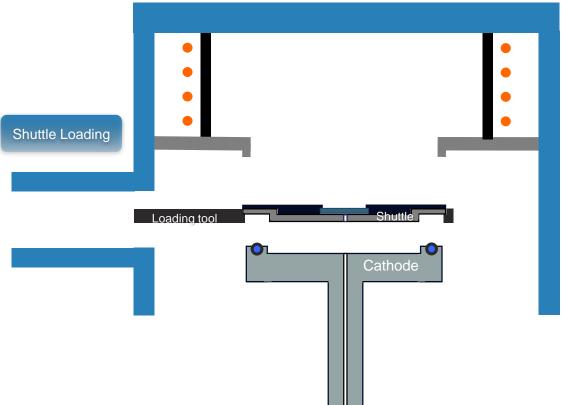








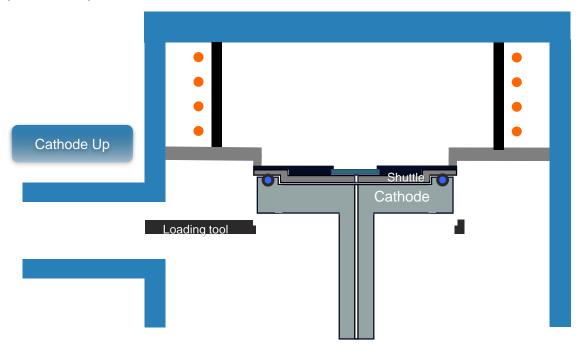
**Operation Sequence** 





#### REACTOR

#### Operation Sequence



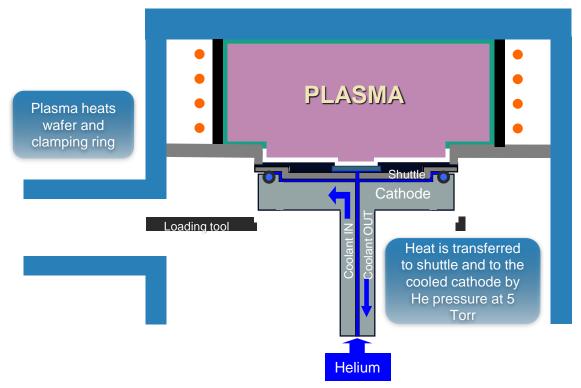
2





#### **REACTOR**

#### **Operation Sequence**







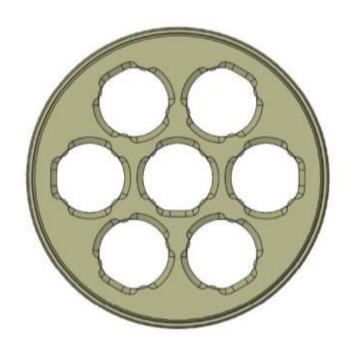
# SHUTTLE HOLDING APPROACH CORIAL 210D





#### SHUTTLE HOLDING APPROACH

**Benefits** 



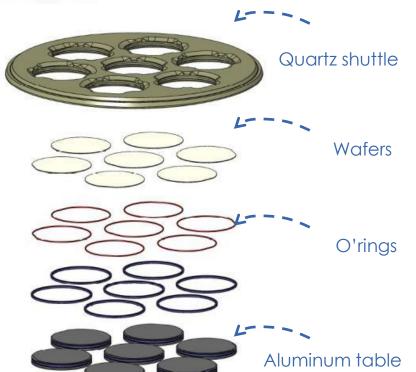
- 1. Quick adaptation to sample shape and size
- Optimum process conditions with NO modification of process chamber
- 3. Limited cross contamination between processes by using dedicated shuttles
- 4. Shuttles for single wafer treatment: 1 x 2", 1 x 3", 1 x 4", 1 x 6", 1 x 8"
- 5. Shuttles for batch processing: 7 x 2", 3 x 3"
- Customized shuttles are available (4" x 4", 5" x 5", etc)

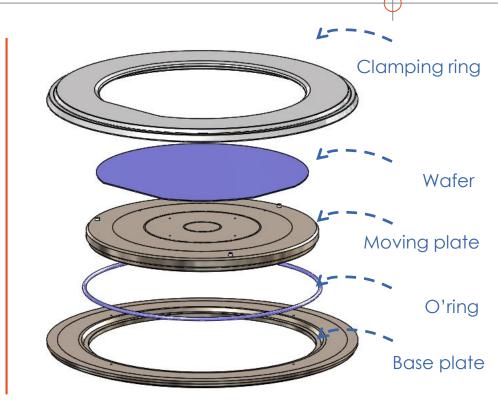




#### SHUTTLE HOLDING APPROACH

Portfolio







# PERFORMANCES DEPOSITION PROCESSES CORIAL 210D





#### ICP-CVD APPLICATIONS

### Deposition of high quality SiO2, Si3N4, SiOCH, SiOF, SiC and aSi-H films at low temperature (from 20°C to 150°C)

	ICPCVD	PECVD
Film quality	High quality at temp < 150°C	High quality at temp > 250°C
Defects in the film	-	No pinholes
Maximum thickness	1.5 μm	100 μm
Reactor cleaning	In situ + manual cleaning (after deposition of > 50 μm)	In situ (automated plasma cleaning)
Applications	R&D	Low to medium volume fabrication and R&D

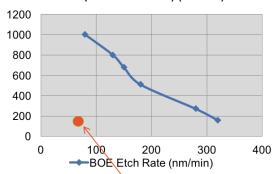




#### ICP-CVD APPLICATIONS

### SiO<sub>2</sub> Wet etch rates

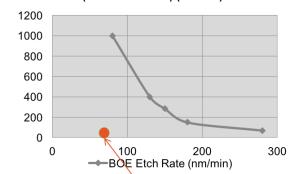
#### ICP-CVD versus PECVD Wet Etch Rates (7:1 BHF at 21°C) (nm/min)



Temperature (°C)	ICP-CVD (nm/min)	PECVD (nm/min)
70	190	1
80		1000
130	1	800
150	/	680
180	1	510
280	/	270

#### SiN<sub>x</sub> Wet etch rates

#### ICP-CVD vs PECVD Wet Etch Rates (7:1 BHF at 21°C) (nm/min)



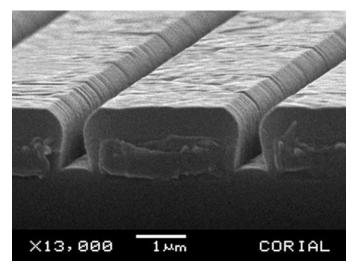
Temperature (°C)	ICP-CVD (nm/min)	PECVD (nm/min)
70	40	1
80		1000
130	1	400
150	1	285
180	1	150
280	1	70



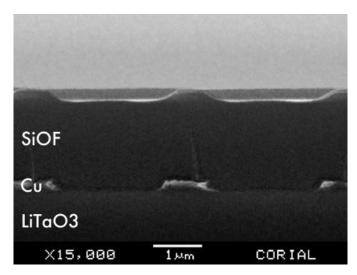


#### ICP-CVD STEP COVERAGE

#### SiH<sub>4</sub> Chemistry



Coverage of ICP-CVD SiO<sub>2</sub> on Al step



Self-planarized deposition of SiOF on Cu





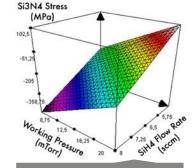
High Quality Films

Material	Wafer size	Process Temp (°C)	Dep.Rate (nm/min)	Uniformity (%)	Refractive index	Stress (MPa)
SiO <sub>2</sub>	6"	70	115	2.17	1.47	-71
Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	3"	70	135	0.9	1.83	-175
Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	6"	70	97	2.81	1.86	-220
SiO <sub>x</sub> N <sub>y</sub>	6"	70	116	±2.73	1.60	-133
a-SiH	3"	70	49	-	3.8	-198
SiON	4"	70	125	-	1.59	-150
SiO <sub>2</sub>	3"	no wafer clamping (wafer at 230°C)	110	0.6	1.47	-227

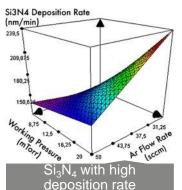


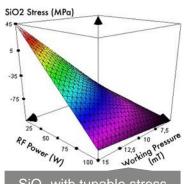


#### High Quality Films

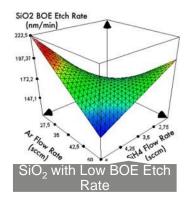


Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> with tunable stress





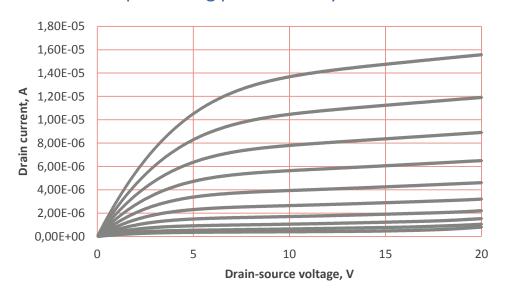






High Quality Films

TFT transistors can be made with a single Corial 210D ICPCVD tool
Deposition of active layers (a-Si doped by PH3 and B2H6) and dielectrics followed by
patterning performed by Corial 210D



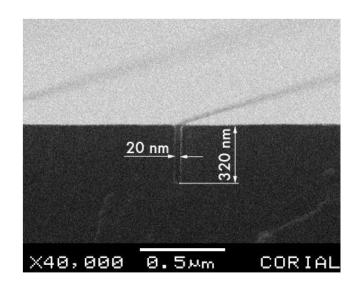


Example of a TFT transistor performances for various gate voltage

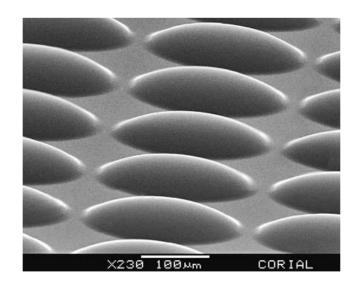
# PERFORMANCES ICP-RIE PROCESSES CORIAL 210D



#### Fluorinated chemistry



High Resolution ICP-RIE of Si



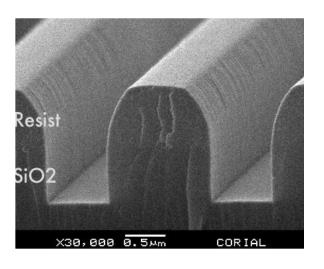
ICP-RIE of Si microlenses 40 μm high

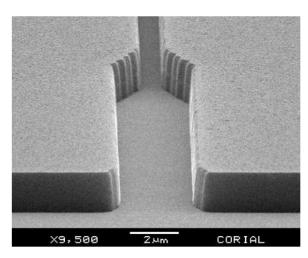


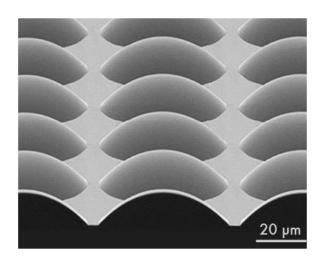


#### ICP-RIE OF OXIDES AND NITRIDES

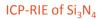
#### Fluorinated chemistry







ICP-RIE of SiO<sub>2</sub>



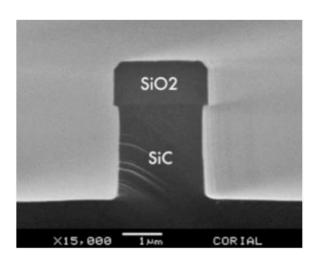
ICP-RIE of SiO<sub>2</sub> Microlenses

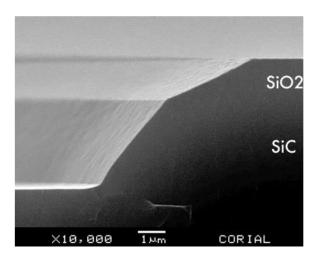


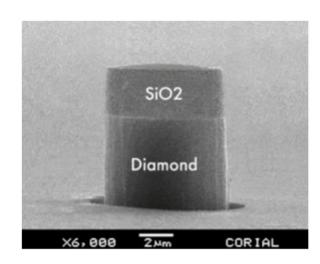


#### ICP-RIE OF HARD MATERIALS

#### Fluorinated chemistry







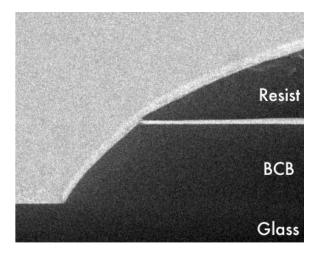
Tapered ICP-RIE of SiC

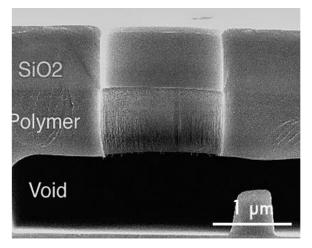


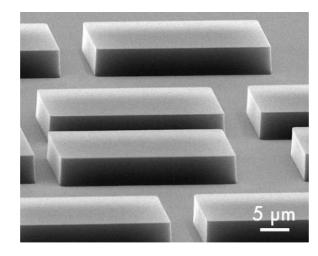




#### ICP-RIE OF POLYMERS







BCB etching with PR mask



Anisotropic etching of Polyimide with SiO2 mask

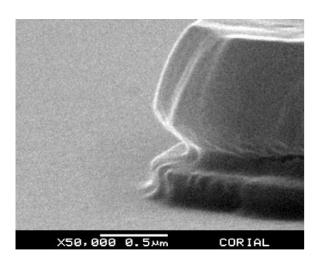




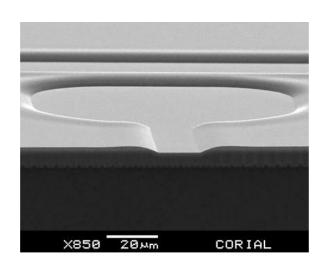


#### ICP-RIE OF III-V COMPOUNDS

#### Chlorinated chemistry







Low damage ICP-RIE of GaN

**VCSEL** 

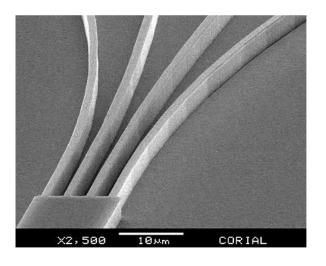
ICP-RIE of GaN (Mesa)

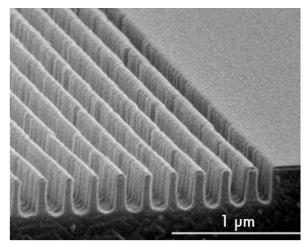


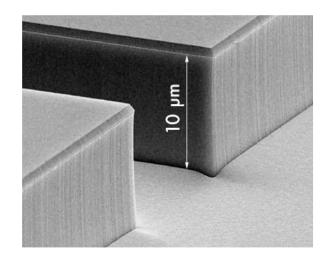


#### ICP-RIE OF III-V COMPOUNDS

#### Chlorinated and hydrocarbon chemistry







**ICP-RIE of InP** 

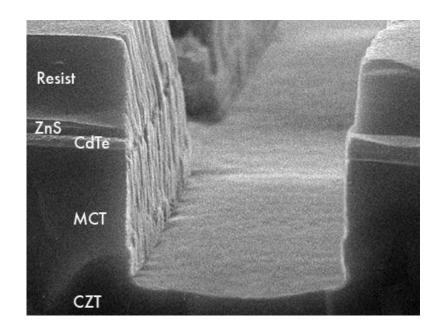
RIE of InP 0.1 µm lines and spaces

Deep RIE etching of InP





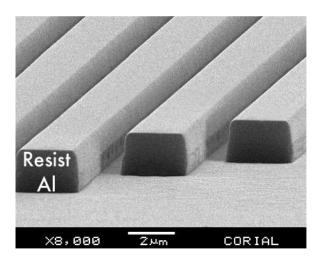
#### ICP-RIE OF II-VI COMPOUNDS

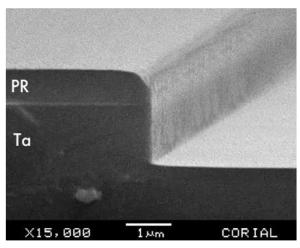


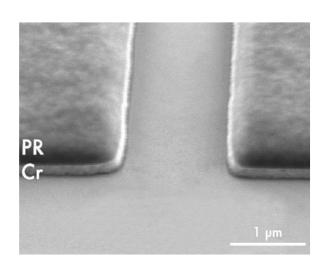




#### **ICP-RIE OF METALS**







ICP-RIE of Al ICP-RIE of Ta ICP-RIE of Cr





High Etch Rates & Excellent Uniformities

Process	Mask	Etch rate (nm/min)	<b>Selectivity</b> (vs mask)	Uniformity (across wafer)
Polymers	PR	800	1	±5%
SiO <sub>2</sub>	PR	400	> 3	±3%
Si <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	PR	350	> 4	±3%
Diamond	SiO2	500	> 25	±3%
Cr	PR	60	0.8	±3%
InP	SiO2	1200	> 25	±3%
InSb	SiO2	250	> 6	±3%
GaN (Mesa)	PR	600	1	±3%
GaN (Iso)	PR	1200	> 1	±3%
ZnS	PR	100	> 1	±3%
CdTe	PR	300	> 2	±3%
MCT	PR	500	> 4	±3%



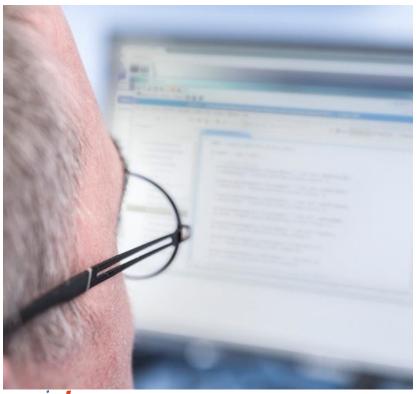
### USABILITY CORIAL 210D





#### PROCESS CONTROL SOFTWARE

COSMA





The simplest, most efficient software to develop processes, operate, and maintain CORIAL systems







#### REPROCESSING SOFTWARE

**COSMARS** 



DISPLAY UP TO

4

PARAMETERS FROM A RUN Simple and efficient software to analyze process runs and accelerate process development

REMOTE ANALYSIS OF RUNS

#### DRAG AND DROP

CURVES TO CHECK PROCESS
REPEATABILITY

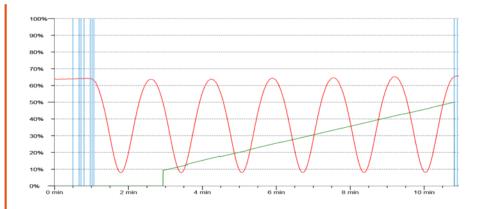






#### **END POINT DETECTION**





A CCD camera and laser diode, in the same measuring head, enables simultaneous visualization of the wafer surface and the laser beam impact on it. A 20  $\mu$ m diameter laser spot facilitates the record of interference signals.

Real-Time etch rate measurement Real-Time etched depth measurement





#### CORIAL 210D

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