SADLIER

Progress Mathematics

Standards-Based Instruction & Practice



Aligned to the

South Carolina College- and Career-Ready Standards for Mathematics

Kindergarten

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Number Sense

Standar	RDS		
The stude	ent will:		
K.NS.1	Count forward by ones and tens to 100.		
K.NS.2	Count forward by ones beginning from any number less than 100.		
K.NS.3	Read numbers from 0 – 20 and represent a number of objects 0 – 20 with a written numeral.		
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K.NS.4	Understand the relationship between number and		
	demonstrating an understanding that:		
	a. the last number said tells the number of objects in the set (cardinality);		
	 the number of objects is the same regardless of their arrangement or the order in which they are counted (conservation of number): 		
	c. each successive number name refers to a –		
	quantity that is one more and each previous 		
	iess.		

SADLIER PROGRESS MATHEMATICS, KINDERGARTEN

Lesson 38	Count by Ones and Tens to 100—pp. 175– 178
Lesson 38	Count by Ones and Tens to 100—pp. 175– 178
Lesson 2	Count and Write 1 and 2—pp. 15–18
Lesson 4	Count and Write 3 and 4—pp. 23–26
Lesson 6	Count and Write 0 and 5—pp. 31–34
Lesson 9	Count and Write 6 and 7—pp. 43–46
Lesson 11	Count and Write 8, 9, and 10—pp. 51–54
Lesson 13	Count to Tell How Many—pp. 59–62
Lesson 28	Count and Write 11 and 12—pp. 135–138
Lesson 30	Count and Write 13 and 14—pp. 143–146
Lesson 32	Count and Write 15 and 16—pp. 151–154
Lesson 34	Count and Write 17 and 18—pp. 159–162
Lesson 36	Count and Write 19 and 20—pp. 167–170
Lesson 1	Count and Model 1 and 2—pp. 11–14
Lesson 3	Count and Model 3 and 4—pp. 19–22
Lesson 5	Count and Model 0 and 5—pp. 27–30
Lesson 8	Count and Model 6 and 7—pp. 39–42
Lesson 10	Count and Model 8, 9 and 10—pp. 47–50
Lesson 27	Count and Model 11 and 12—pp. 131–134
Lesson 29	Count and Model 13 and 14—pp. 139–142
Lesson 31	Count and Model 15 and 16—pp. 147–150
Lesson 33	Count and Model 17 and 18—pp. 155–158
Lesson 35	Count and Model 19 and 20—pp. 163–166

Number Sense

STANDARDS

K.NS.5 Count a given number of objects from 1–20 and connect this sequence in a one-to-one manner.

SADLIER PROGRESS MATHEMATICS, KINDERGARTEN			
Lesson 1	Count and Model 1 and 2—pp. 11–14		
Lesson 2	Count and Write 1 and 2—pp. 15–18		
Lesson 3	Count and Model 3 and 4—pp. 19–22		
Lesson 4	Count and Write 3 and 4—pp. 23–26		
Lesson 5	Count and Model 0 and 5—pp. 27–30		
Lesson 6	Count and Write 0 and 5—pp. 31–34		
Lesson 8	Count and Model 6 and 7—pp. 39–42		
Lesson 9	Count and Write 6 and 7—pp. 43–46		
Lesson 10	Count and Model 8, 9 and 10—pp. 47–50		
Lesson 11	Count and Write 8, 9, and 10—pp. 51–54		
Lesson 12	Count to Compare—pp. 55–58		
Lesson 13	Count to Tell How Many—pp. 59-62		
Lesson 27	Count and Model 11 and 12—pp. 131–134		
Lesson 28	Count and Write 11 and 12—pp. 135–138		
Lesson 29	Count and Model 13 and 14—pp. 139–142		
Lesson 30	Count and Write 13 and 14—pp. 143–146		
Lesson 31	Count and Model 15 and 16—pp. 147–150		
Lesson 32	Count and Write 15 and 16—pp. 151–154		
Lesson 33	Count and Model 17 and 18—pp. 155-158		
Lesson 34	Count and Write 17 and 18—pp. 159–162		
Lesson 35	Count and Model 19 and 20 —pp. 163–166		
Lesson 36	Count and Write 19 and 20—pp. 167–170		
Lesson 37	Make and Break Apart 11 to 19—pp. 171– 174		

Number Sense

Standa	RDS	SADLIER PR	ogress Mathematics, Kindergarten
K.NS.6	Recognize a quantity of up to ten objects in an	Lesson 22	Break Apart Numbers to 5—pp. 103–106
	organized analigement (subitizing).	Lesson 25	Break Apart Numbers to 10—pp. 115–118
		Lesson 26	Make Ten—pp. 119–122
K.NS.7 Determine whether the number of up to ten objects in one group is more than, less than, or equal to the number of up to ten objects in another group using matching and counting strategies.	Determine whether the number of up to ten	Lesson 7	Match to Compare—pp. 35–38
	Lesson 12	Count to Compare—pp. 55–58	
K.NS.8	Compare two written numerals up to 10 using <i>more than, less than</i> or <i>equal to</i> .	Lesson 14	Compare Numbers—pp. 63–66
K.NS.9	Identify first through fifth and last positions in a line of objects.	Lesson 15	Ordinal Numbers—pp. 67–70

Number Sense and Base Ten

STANDARDS
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The student will:

K.NSBT.1 Compose and decompose numbers from 11–19 separating ten ones from the remaining ones using objects and drawings.

SADLIER PROGRESS MATHEMATICS, KINDERGARTEN

Lesson 37 Make and Break Apart 11 to 19—pp. 171– 174

Algebraic Thinking and Operations

Standar	RDS	SADLIER PR	ROGRESS MATHEMATICS, KINDERGARTEN
The stude	ent will:		
K.ATO.1 Model situations that involve addition and subtraction within 10 using objects, fingers, mental images, drawings, acting out situations, verbal explanations, expressions, and equations.	Lesson 16	Put Together to Add—pp. 79–82	
	Lesson 17	Add to Find How Many—pp. 83–86	
	· · · F · · · · · · F · · · · · · · · ·	Lesson 19	Take Away to Subtract—pp. 91–94
		Lesson 20	Subtract to Find How Many Left—pp. 95–98
K.ATO.2 Solve real-world/story problems using objects and drawings to find sums up to 10 and differences within 10.	Solve real-world/story problems using objects and drawings to find sums up to 10, and differences	Lesson 18	Problem Solving: Addition—pp. 87–90
	Lesson 21	Problem Solving: Subtraction—pp. 99–102	

Algebraic Thinking and Operations

Standar	Standards Sadlier Progress Mathematics, Kindergarten		ogress Mathematics, Kindergarten
K.ATO.3	Compose and decompose numbers up to 10 using objects, drawings, and equations.	Lesson 16	Put Together to Add—pp. 79–82
		Lesson 22	Break Apart Numbers to 5—pp. 103–106
		Lesson 25	Break Apart Numbers to 10—pp. 115–118
K.ATO.4	Create a sum of 10 using objects and drawings when given one of two addends 1 – 9.	Lesson 26	Make Ten—pp. 119–122
K.ATO.5	Add and subtract fluently within 5.	Lesson 23	Addition: Sums to 5 (Fluency)—pp. 107–110
		Lesson 24	Subtract: From 5 or Less (Fluency)—pp. 111– 114
K.ATO.6	Describe simple repeating patterns using AB, AAB, ABB, and ABC type patterns.		

Geometry

STAND	ARDS	SADLIER PR	ogress Mathematics, Kindergarten
The stud	dent will:		
K.G.1 D u b	Describe positions of objects by appropriately	Lesson 48	Above, Below, Beside, Next To—pp. 231–234
	between, inside, outside, in front of, or behind.	Lesson 49	In Front of, Behind—pp. 235–238
K.G.2 Identify and describe a given shape and shapes of objects in everyday situations to include two- dimensional shapes (i.e., triangle, square, rectangle, hexagon, and circle) and three-dimensional shapes (i.e., cope, cube, cylinder, and sphere).	Lesson 42	Circles and Triangles—pp. 207–210	
	Lesson 43	Squares, Rectangles, and Hexagons—pp. 211–214	
		Lesson 47	Identify Flat and Solid Shapes—pp. 227–230
K.G.3	Classify shapes as two-dimensional/flat or three- dimensional/solid and explain the reasoning used.	Lesson 42	Circles and Triangles—pp. 207–210
		Lesson 43	Squares, Rectangles, and Hexagons—pp. 211–214
		Lesson 47	Identify Flat and Solid Shapes—pp. 227–230
K.G.4	K.G.4 Analyze and compare two- and three-dimensional	Lesson 44	Compare Flat Shapes—pp. 215–218
informal lar	informal language.	Lesson 46	Compare Solid Shapes—pp. 223–226
K.G.5 Draw two-dimensional shapes (i.e., square, rectangle, triangle, hexagon, and circle) and create models of three-dimensional shapes (i.e., cone, cube, cylinder, and sphere).	Draw two-dimensional shapes (i.e., square,	Lesson 50	Building Shapes—pp. 239–242
	models of three-dimensional shapes (i.e., cone, cube, cylinder, and sphere).	Lesson 51	Building Larger Shapes—pp. 243–246

Measurement and Data Analysis

Standards Sadlier Progress Mathematics, Kindergarten		ogress Mathematics, Kindergarten	
The stude	ent will:		
K.MDA.1	Identify measurable attributes (length, weight) of an object.	Lesson 39	Describe Measurements—pp. 187–190
K.MDA.2	Compare objects using words such as shorter/ longer, shorter/taller, and lighter/heavier.	Lesson 40	Compare Measurements—pp. 191–194
K.MDA.3	Sort and classify data into 2 or 3 categories with data not to exceed 20 items in each category.	Lesson 41	Sort and Count—pp. 195–198
K.MDA.4	Represent data using object and picture graphs and draw conclusions from the graphs.		