## Sadlier School

## Sadlier Math"

Correlation to the Mathematics Florida Standards (MAFS)

## Grade 2



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## Sadlier: School

## Domain: OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Cluster 1: Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.

| MAFS.2.OA.1.1 Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. <br> Cognitive Complexity: Level 2: Basic Application of Skills \& Concepts | Chapter 1: 1-1 \& 1-2, 1-7 \& 1-9 <br> Chapter 2: 2-1 through 2-3, 2-10 \& 2-12 <br> Chapter 4: 4-8 \& 4-9 |
| :---: | :---: |
| MAFS.2.OA.1.1 Determine the unknown whole number in an equation relating four or more whole numbers. For example, determine the unknown number that makes the equation true in the equations $37+10+10=$ $\qquad$ +18 , ? $-6=$ $13-4$, and $15-9=6+\square$. | Chapter 1: 1-9 <br> Chapter 2: 2-10 |

Cluster 2: Add and subtract within 20.

MAFS.2.OA.2.2 Fluently add and subtract within 20 using mental strategies. By end of Grade 2, know from memory all sums of two one-digit numbers.

Cognitive Complexity: Level 1: Recall

Chapter 1: 1-3 through 1-10
Chapter 2: 2-2, 2-4 through 2-12

Cluster 3: Work with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication.

MAFS.2.OA.3.3 Determine whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of members, e.g., by pairing objects or counting them by 2 s ; write an equation to express an even number as a sum of two equal addends.

Cognitive Complexity: Level 2: Basic Application of Skills \& Concepts

Chapter 10: 10-1 \& 10-2

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## Domain: OPERATIONS AND ALGEBRAIC THINKING

Grade 2 Content Standards

MAFS.2.OA.3.4 Use addition to find the total number of objects arranged in rectangular arrays with up to 5 rows and up to 5 columns; write an equation to express the total as a sum of equal addends.

Cognitive Complexity: Level 1: Recall

Chapter 10: 10-3 through 10-5
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## Domain: NUMBER AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

Grade 2 Content Standards

| Cluster 1: Understand place value. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| MAFS.2.NBT.1.1 Understand that the three digits hundreds, tens, and ones; e.g., 706 equals 7 hun as special cases: <br> Cognitive Complexity: Level 2: Basic Application of Skills \& Co | three-digit number represent amounts of eds, 0 tens, and 6 ones. Understand the following <br> epts |
| a. 100 can be thought of as a bundle of ten tens - called a "hundred." | Chapter 7: 7-1 |
| a. The numbers $100,200,300,400,500,600$, 700, 800, 900 refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine hundreds (and O tens and O ones). | Chapter 7: 7-1 |
| MAFS.2.NBT.1.2 Count within 1000; skip-count by $5 \mathrm{~s}, 10 \mathrm{~s}$, and 100s. <br> Cognitive Complexity: Level 1: Recall | Chapter 3: 3-5 <br> Chapter 7: 7-5 |
| MAFS.2.NBT.1.2 Read and write numbers to 1000 using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form. <br> Cognitive Complexity: Level 1: Recall | Chapter 3: 3-1 \& 3-2 <br> Chapter 7: 7-2 through 7-4 |

## Sadlier School

## Domain: NUMBER AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

## Grade 2 Content Standards

Sadlier Math, Grade 2

MAFS.2.NBT.1.4 Compare two three-digit numbers based on meanings of the hundreds, tens, and ones digits, using >, =, and < symbols to record the results of comparisons.

Cognitive Complexity: Level 2: Basic Application of Skills \& Concepts

Chapter 7: 7-6 \& 7-7

Cluster 2: Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.

| MAFS.2.NBT.2.5 Fluently add and subtract |
| :--- | :--- |
| within 100 using strategies based on place |
| value, properties of operations, and/or the |
| relationship between addition and subtraction. |
| Cognitive Complexity: Level 1: Recall |$\quad$| Chapter 1: 1-1 through 1-10 |
| :--- |
| Chapter 2: 2-1 through 2-12 |
| Chapter 4: 4-1 through 4-10 |
| Chapter 5: 5-1 through 5-9 |

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## Domain: NUMBER AND OPERATIONS IN BASE TEN

Grade 2 Content Standards

MAFS.2.NBT.2.9 Explain why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and the properties of operations.

Cognitive Complexity: Level 3: Strategic Thinking \& Complex Reasoning

Chapter 5: 5-7
Chapter 8: 8-2 through 8-8
Chapter 9: 9-2 through 9-9

## Domain: MEASUREMENT AND DATA

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Grade 2 Content Standards
Sadlier Math, Grade 2

| Cluster 1: Measure and estimate lengths in standard units |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| MAFS.2.MD.1.1 Measure the length of an object by <br> selecting and using appropriate tools such as <br> rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks, and measuring <br> tapes. | Chapter 6: 6-1, 6-2, 6-4 \& 6-5 |
|  |  |
| Concepts |  |$\quad$.

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| Cluster 2: Relate addition and subtraction to length. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| MAFS.2.MD.2.5 Use addition and subtraction <br> within 100 to solve word problems involving <br> lengths that are given in the same units, e.g., <br> by using drawings (such as drawings of rulers) <br> and equations with a symbol for the unknown <br> number to represent the problem. |  |
|  <br> Concepts |  |
| MAFS.2.MD.2.6 Represent whole numbers as <br> lengths from O on a number line diagram with <br> equally spaced points corresponding to the | Chapter 6: 6-11 and 6-12 |
| numbers 0, 1, 2, ..., and represent whole-number |  |
| sums and differences within 100 on a number |  |
| line diagram. |  |
|  <br> Concepts |  |

## Cluster 3: Work with time and money.

MAFS.2.MD.3.7 Tell and write time from analog

## Chapter 12: 12-9 through 12-12

using a.m. and p.m.

Cognitive Complexity: Level 1: Recall
MAFS.2.MD.3.8 Solve one- and two-step word problems involving dollar bills (singles, fives, tens, twenties, and hundreds) or coins (quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies) using \$ and $\Varangle$ symbols appropriately. Word problems may involve addition, subtraction, and equal groups situations.

Cognitive Complexity: Level 2: Basic Application of Skills \& Concepts

| a. <br> Identify the value of coins and paper <br> currency. | Chapter 12: 12-1 through 12-8 |
| :--- | :--- |
| b.Compute the value of any combination of <br> coins within one dollar. | Chapter 12: 12-1 through 12-6 |

Grade 2 Content Standards

| c.Compute the value of any combinations <br> of dollars (e.g., If you have three ten-dollar <br> bills, one five-dollar bill, and two one-dollar <br> bills, how much money do you have?). |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| d. Relate the value of pennies, nickels, dimes, | Chapter 12: 12-8 |
| and quarters to other coins and to the dollar 12-1 through 12-6 |  |
| (e.g., There are five nickels in one quarter. |  |
| There are two nickels in one dime. There are |  |
| two and a half dimes in one quarter. There |  |
| are twenty nickels in one dollar). |  |


| Cluster 4: Represent and interpret data. (Major Cluster) |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| MAFS.2.MD.4.10 Draw a picture graph and a | Chapter 11: 11-3 through 11-7 |
| bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent |  |
| a data set with up to four categories. Solve |  |
| simple put- together, take-apart, and compare |  |
| problems using information presented in a bar |  |
| graph. |  |
| Cognitive Complexity: Level 2: Basic Application of Skills \& |  |
| Concepts |  |
| MAFS.2.MD.4.11 Generate measurement data | Chapter 11: 11-1 \& 11-2 |
| by measuring lengths of several objects to |  |
| the nearest whole unit, or by making repeated |  |
| measurements of the same object. Show the |  |
| measurements by making a line plot, where the |  |
| horizontal scale is marked off in whole-number |  |
| units. |  |
| Cognitive complexity: Level 2: Basic Application of Skills \& |  |
| Concepts |  |

Grade 2 Content Standards

| Cluster 1: Reason with shapes and their attributes. (Supporting Cluster) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| MAFS.2.G.1.1 Recognize and draw shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces. Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes. <br> Cognitive Complexity: Level 1: Recall | Chapter 13: 13-1 through 13-4 |
| MAFS.2.G.1.2 Partition a rectangle into rows and columns of same-size squares and count to find the total number of them. <br> Cognitive Complexity: Level 1: Recall | Chapter 14: 14-1 |
| MAFS.2.G.1.3 Partition circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, thirds, half of, a third of, etc., and describe the whole as two halves, three thirds, four fourths. Recognize that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape. <br> Cognitive Complexity: Level 1: Recall | Chapter 14: 14-2 through 14-4 |

