## Sadlier. School

## Sadlier Math"

Correlation to the Archdiocese of Newark Catholic Schools Curriculum Map for Mathematics

## Grade 6



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## Sadlier School

## FIRST TRIMESTER: SEPTEMBER - NOVEMBER

| Place Value |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.Ns.s2 Demonstrate an understanding of <br> positive integer exponents, in particular, when <br> used in powers of ten (e.g., 102, $\left.10^{5}\right)$. | Chapter 4: 4-1 |
| 6.NS.S3 Demonstrate an understanding of place <br> value to billions and thousandths. | Chapter 3: 3-2 <br> See also Grade 5 <br> Chapter 1: 1-1 <br> Chapter 2: 2-1 |


| Mathematical and Algebraic Expressions |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.EE.2 Write, read, and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers. |  |
| a. Write expressions that record operations <br> with numbers and with letters standing for <br> numbers. | Chapter 1: 1-4 <br> Chapter 2: 2-4 <br> Chapter 3: 3-8 <br> Chapter 4: 4-2 through 4-9 <br> Chapter 7: 7-5 <br> Chapter 8: 8-10 |
| b. Identify parts of an expression using <br> mathematical terms (sum, term, product, <br> factor, quotient, coefficient); view one or <br> more parts of an expression as a single <br> entity. | Chapter 1: 1-4 <br> Chapter 2: 2-1 \& 2-4 <br> Chapter 3: 3-8 <br> Chapter 4: 4-3 |
| 6.EE.6 Use variables to represent numbers and <br> write expressions when solving a real-world <br> or mathematical problem; understand that a <br> variable can represent an unknown number, or, <br> depending on the purpose at hand, any number <br> in a specified set. | Chapter 4: 4-4 <br> Chapter 5: 5-2 through 5-4, 5-7 through 5-9 |

## Whole Numbers and Decimals

6.NS. 2 Fluently divide multi-digit numbers using the standard algorithm.

Chapter 3: 3-1

## Sadlier School

## FIRST TRIMESTER: SEPTEMBER - NOVEMBER

## Grade 6 Content Standards

| 6.NS.3 Fluently add, subtract, multiply, and <br> divide multi-digit decimals using the standard <br> algorithm for each operation. | Chapter 1: 1-1 through 1-3 <br> Chapter 2: 2-1 through 2-3 <br> Chapter 3: 3-2 through 3-7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.EE. 1 Write and evaluate numerical expressions <br> involving whole-number exponents. | Chapter 4: 4-1 \& 4-2 |
| 6.EE.2 Write, read, and evaluate expressions in <br> which letters stand for numbers. | Chapter 1: 1-4 \& 1-5 <br> Chapter 2: 2-1, 2-4 \& 2-5 <br> Chapter 3: 3-8 \& 3-9 <br> Chapter 4: 4-2 through 4-9 <br> Chapter 7: 7-5 <br> Chapter 8: 8-10 |

## Scientific Notation

6.NS.S2 Demonstrate an understanding of positive integer exponents, in particular, when used in powers of ten (e.g., $10^{2}, 10^{5}$ ).

Chapter 4: 4-1

## Algebraic Expressions

6.EE. 2 Write, read, and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers.
c. Evaluate expressions at specific values of their variables. Include expressions that arise from formulas used in real-world problems. Perform arithmetic operations, including those involving whole- number exponents, in the conventional order when there are no parentheses to specify a particular order (Order of Operations).

Chapter 1: 1-5
Chapter 2: 2-5
Chapter 3: 3-9
Chapter 4: 4-2, 4-6, 4-8 \& 4-9
Chapter 7: 7-5
Chapter 8: 8-10

## Sadlier School

## FIRST TRIMESTER: SEPTEMBER - NOVEMBER

| Properties |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.EE.3 Apply the properties of operations <br> to generate equivalent expressions. For <br> example, apply the distributive property to the <br> expression $3(2+x)$ to produce the equivalent <br> expression $6+3 x$; apply the distributive <br> property to the expression $24 x+18 y$ to produce <br> the equivalent expression $6(4 x+3 y)$; apply <br> properties of operations to $y+y+y$ to produce <br> the equivalent expression $3 y$ |  |
| 6.Ns.4 Find the greatest common factor of | Chapter 4: 4-7 |
| two whole numbers less than or equal to 100 | Chapter 6: 6-1 through 6-4 |
| and the least common multiple of two whole |  |
| numbers less than or equal to 12. Use the |  |
| distributive property to express a sum of two |  |
| whole numbers 1-100 with a common factor as |  |
| a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with |  |
| no common factor. For example, express $36+8$ |  |
| as 4 ( $9+2$ ). |  |

## Problem Solving

6.EE. 6 Use variables to represent numbers and write expressions when solving a real-world or mathematical problem; understand that a variable can represent an unknown number, or, depending on the purpose at hand, any number in a specified set.
6.EE. 7 Solve real-world and mathematical problems by writing and solving equations of the form $x+p=q$ and $p x=q$ for cases in which $p, q$ and $x$ are all nonnegative rational numbers.

Chapter 4: 4-4
Chapter 5: 5-2 through 5-4, 5-7 through 5-9

Chapter 5: 5-2 \& 5-3
Chapter 7: 7-6
Chapter 8: 8-11

## Sadlier School

## FIRST TRIMESTER: SEPTEMBER - NOVEMBER

## Grade 6 Content Standards

| Divisibility Rules |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.Ns.S1 Apply number theory concepts | Chapter 3: 3-1 |
| (including prime and composite numbers, | Chapter 6: 6-1 through 6-4 |
| prime factorization, greatest common factor, | See also Grade 5 |
| Chapter 4: 4-5 |  |
| least common multiple, and divisibility rules |  |
| for 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, and 10) to the solution of | See also Grade 4 |
| problems. | Chapter 8: 8-2 |

## SECOND TRIMESTER: DECEMBER - FEBRUARY

Grade 6 Content Standards
Sadlier Math, Grade 6

| Number Theory |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { 6.NS.S1 Apply number theory concepts } \\ \text { (including prime and composite numbers, } \\ \text { prime factorization, greatest common factor, } \\ \text { least common multiple, and divisibility rules } \\ \text { for 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, and 10) to the solution of } \\ \text { problems. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Chapter 3: 3-1 } \\ \text { Chapter 6: 6-1 through 6-4 } \\ \text { See also Grade 5 } \\ \text { Chapter 4: 4-5 }\end{array}$ |
| See also Grade 4 |  |
| Chapter 8: 8-2 |  |$]$| 6.Ns.4 Find the greatest common factor of |
| :--- | :--- |
| two whole numbers less than or equal to 100 |
| and the least common multiple of two whole |
| numbers less than or equal to 12. Use the |
| distributive property to express a sum of two |
| whole numbers 1-100 with a common factor as |
| a multiple of a sum of two whole numbers with |
| no common factor. Example: Express $36+8$ as |
| 4 (9 + 2). |

## Fraction Operations

6.NS. 1 Interpret and compute quotients of fractions, and solve word problems involving division of fractions by fractions (e.g., by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem).

Chapter 8: 8-3 through 8-11

## Sadlier School

## SECOND TRIMESTER: DECEMBER - FEBRUARY

| Ratio / Proportion |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6.RP. 1 Understand the concept of a ratio and use ratio language to describe a ratio relationship between two quantities. | Chapter 10: 10-1 |
| 6.RP. 2 Understand the concept of a unit rate $a / b$ associated with a ratio $a: b$ with $b \neq 0$, and use rate language in the context of a ratio relationship. | Chapter 10: 10-6 through 10-9 |
| 6.RP. 3 Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations. |  |
| a. Make tables of equivalent ratios relating quantities with whole- number measurements, find missing values in the tables, and plot the pairs of values on the coordinate plane. Use tables to compare ratios. | Chapter 10: 10-2, 10-5, 10-7, 10-9 \& 10-10 |
| b. Solve unit rate problems including those involving unit pricing and constant speed. | Chapter 10: 10-6 through 10-9 |
| c. Find a percent of a quantity as a rate per 100 (e.g., $30 \%$ of a quantity means 30/100 times the quantity); solve problems involving finding the whole, given a part and the percent. | Chapter 11: 11-1 through 11-10 |

## Measurement

6.RP. 3 Use ratio and rate reasoning to solve real-world and mathematical problems, e.g., by reasoning about tables of equivalent ratios, tape diagrams, double number line diagrams, or equations.
d. Use ratio reasoning to convert measurement
units; manipulate and transform units appropriately when multiplying or dividing quantities; solve problems involving

Chapter 12: 12-1 through 12-4

## Sadlier School

## SECOND TRIMESTER: DECEMBER - FEBRUARY

## Grade 6 Content Standards

| proportional relationships (e.g. scale <br> models, maps, speed). |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Data Analysis  <br> 6.SP.1 Recognize a statistical question as one that <br> anticipates variability in the data related to the <br> question and accounts for it in the answers. Chapter 16: 16-1 <br> 6.SP.2 Understand that a set of data collected to <br> answer a statistical question has a distribution <br> which can be described by its center, spread, <br> and overall shape. Chapter 16: 16-2 through 16-5 <br> Chapter 17: 17-2 \& 17-4 |  |


| Mean, Median, Range, and Mode |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.SP.3 Recognize that a measure of center for <br> a numerical data set summarizes all of its <br> values with a single number, while a measure of <br> variation describes how its values vary with a <br> single number. | Chapter 16: 16-2 through 16-4 |
| 6.SP.4 Display numerical data in plots on a <br> number line, including dot plots, histograms, <br> and box-and-whisker plots. | Chapter 17: 17-1 through 17-3 |
| 6.SP.5 Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context, such as by: |  |
| a. Reporting the number of observations. | Chapter 16: 16-2 through 16-5 <br> Chapter 17: 17-1 through 17-4 |
| b. Describing the nature of the attribute <br> under investigation, including how it was <br> measured and its units of measurement. |  |
| Chapter 16: 16-2 through 16-5 <br> Chapter 17: 17-1 through 17-4 |  |

## SECOND TRIMESTER: DECEMBER - FEBRUARY

## Grade 6 Content Standards

| c. Giving quantitative measures of center |
| :--- | :--- |
| (median and/or mean) and variability |
| (interquartile range and/or mean absolute |
| deviation), as well as describing any overall |
| pattern and any striking deviations from the |
| overall pattern with reference to the context |
| in which the data were gathered. |$\quad$| Chapter 16: 16-2 through 16-5 |
| :--- |
| Chapter 17: 17-1 through 17-4 |
| d. Relating the choice of measures of center |
| and variability to the shape of the data |
| distribution and the context in which the |
| data were gathered. |


| Problem Solving |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.EE.6 Use variables to represent numbers and <br> write expressions when solving a real-world <br> or mathematical problem; understand that a <br> variable can represent an unknown number, or, <br> depending on the purpose at hand, any number <br> in a specified set. | Chapter 4: 4-4 <br> Chapter 5: 5-2 through 5-4, 5-7 through 5-9 |
| 6.EE.7 Solve real-world and mathematical <br> problems by writing and solving equations of <br> the form $x+p=q$ and $p x=q$ for cases in which <br> $p, q$ and $x$ are all nonnegative rational numbers. | Chapter 5: 5-2 \& 5-3 <br> Chapter 7: 7-6 <br> Chapter 8: 8-11 |

## Sadlier School

## THIRD TRIMESTER: MARCH - JUNE

Grade 6 Content Standards

## Geometry

6.EE. 2 Write, read, and evaluate expressions in which letters stand for numbers.

| c. Evaluate expressions at specific values of |
| :--- | :--- |
| their variables. Include expressions that |
| arise from formulas used in real-world |
| problems. Perform arithmetic operations, |
| including those involving whole number |
| exponents, in the conventional order when |
| there are no parentheses to specify a |
| particular order (Order of Operations). |$\quad$| Chapter 1: 1-5 |
| :--- |
| Chapter 2: 2-5 |
| Chapter 3: 3-9 |
| Chapter 4: 4-2, 4-6, 4-8 \& 4-9 |
| Chapter 7: 7-5 |
| Chapter 8: 8-10 |


| Probability |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.SP.S1 Use tree diagrams and other models (e.g., <br> lists and tables) to represent possible or actual <br> outcomes of trials. Analyze the outcomes. | N/A |
| 6.SP.S2 Predict the probability of outcomes of <br> simple experiments (e.g., tossing a coin, rolling <br> a die) and test the predictions. Use appropriate <br> ratios between 0 and 1 to represent the | N/A |
| probability of the outcome and associate the |  |
| probability with the likelihood of the event. |  |

## THIRD TRIMESTER: MARCH - JUNE

Grade 6 Content Standards

## Integers

6.NS. 5 Understand that positive and negative

Chapter 9: 9-2 numbers are used together to describe quantities having opposite directions or values (e.g., temperature above/below zero, elevation above/below sea level, credits/debits, positive/ negative electric charge); use positive and negative numbers to represent quantities in real-world contexts, explaining the meaning of 0 in each situation.
6.NS. 6 Understand a rational number as a point on the number line. Extend number line diagrams and coordinate axes familiar from previous grades to represent points on the line and in the plane with negative number coordinates.
a. Recognize opposite signs of numbers as indicating locations on opposite sides of 0 on the number line; recognize that the opposite of the opposite of a number is the number itself, e.g., $-(-3)=3$, and that 0 is its own opposite.
b. Understand signs of numbers in ordered pairs as indicating locations in quadrants of the coordinate plane; recognize that when two ordered pairs differ only by signs, the locations of the points are related by reflections across one or both axes.
c. Find and position integers and other rational numbers on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram; find and position pairs of integers and other rational numbers on a coordinate plane.

Chapter 9: 9-1

Chapter 9: 9-8

Chapter 9: 9-1 through 9-3, 9-5 through 9-11

## Sadlier School

## THIRD TRIMESTER: MARCH - JUNE

Grade 6 Content Standards
6.NS. 7 Understand ordering and absolute value of rational numbers.

| a. Interpret statements of inequality as statements about the relative position of two numbers on a number line diagram. | Chapter 9: 9-3 \& 9-6 |
| :---: | :---: |
| b. Write, interpret, and explain statements of order for rational numbers in real-world contexts. Example: Write $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}>-7{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to express the fact that $-3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is warmer than $-7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. | Chapter 9: 9-3 \& 9-6 |
| c. Understand the absolute value of a rational number as its distance from 0 on the number line; interpret absolute value as magnitude for a positive or negative quantity in a real-world situation. | Chapter 9: 9-3 \& 9-4 |
| d. Distinguish comparisons of absolute value from statements about order. Example: Recognize that an account balance less than -30 dollars represents a debt greater than 30 dollars. | Chapter 9: 9-4 |
| 6.NS. 8 Solve real-world and mathematical problems by graphing points in all four quadrants of the coordinate plane. Include use of coordinates and absolute value to find distances between points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate. | Chapter 9: 9-7 through 9-11 |
| 6.G. 3 Draw polygons in the coordinate plane given coordinates for the vertices; use coordinates to find the length of a side joining points with the same first coordinate or the same second coordinate. Apply these techniques in the context of solving real-world and mathematical problems. | Chapter 9: 9-10 \& 9-11 |

## Sadlier School

## THIRD TRIMESTER: MARCH - JUNE

Grade 6 Content Standards

| Solving Equations |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.EE.4 Identify when two expressions are <br> equivalent (i.e., when the two expressions name <br> the same number regardless of which value is <br> substituted into them). | Chapter 4: 4-8 |
| 6.EE.5 Understand solving an equation or <br> inequality as a process of answering a question: <br> which values from a specified set, if any, <br> make the equation or inequality true? Use <br> substitution to determine whether a given <br> number in a specified set makes an equation or <br> inequality true. | Chapter 5: 5-1 \& 5-6 |
| 6.EE.6 Use variables to represent numbers and |  |
| write expressions when solving a real-world |  |
| or mathematical problem; understand that a |  |
| variable can represent an unknown number, or, |  |
| depending on the purpose at hand, any number |  |
| in a specified set. |  |

## Inequalities

6.EE. 8 Write an inequality of the form $x>c$ or

Chapter 5: 5-5 through 5-8 $x<c$ to represent a constraint or condition in a real-world or mathematical problem. Recognize that inequalities of the form $x>c$ or $x<c$ have infinitely many solutions; represent solutions of such inequalities on number line diagrams.

## THIRD TRIMESTER: MARCH - JUNE

Grade 6 Content Standards

| Problem Solving |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6.NS.8 Solve real-world and mathematical <br> problems by graphing points in all four <br> quadrants of the coordinate plane. Include <br> use of coordinates and absolute value to find <br> distances between points with the same first <br> coordinate or the same second coordinate. |  |
| 6.EE.9 Use variables to represent two quantities |  |
| in a real-world problem that change in | Chapter 9: 9-7 through 9-11 13-1 through 13-4 |
| relationship to one another; write an equation |  |
| to express one quantity, thought of as the |  |
| dependent variable, in terms of the other |  |
| quantity, thought of as the independent |  |
| variable. Analyze the relationship between the |  |
| dependent and independent variables using |  |
| graphs and tables, and relate these to the |  |
| equation. |  |

